Adopted by voice

AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION

SECTION OF INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES CRIMINAL JUSTICE SECTION COMMISSION ON MENTAL AND PHYSICAL DISABILITY LAW ABA DEATH PENALTY MORATORIUM IMPLEMENTATION PROJECT ABA DEATH PENALTY REPRESENTATION PROJECT BEVERLY HILLS BAR ASSOCIATION

RECOMMENDATION

1 RESOLVED, That the American Bar Association, without taking a position supporting or 2 opposing the death penalty, urges each jurisdiction that imposes capital punishment to implement 3 the following policies and procedures:

- Lefendants should not be executed or sentenced to death if, at the time of the offense,
 they had significant limitations in both their intellectual functioning and adaptive
 behavior, as expressed in conceptual, social, and practical adaptive skills, resulting from
 mental retardation, dementia, or a traumatic brain injury.
- 8 2. Defendants should not be executed or sentenced to death if, at the time of the offense, 9 they had a severe mental disorder or disability that significantly impaired their capacity 10 (a) to appreciate the nature, consequences or wrongfulness of their conduct, (b) to exercise rational judgment in relation to conduct, or (c) to conform their conduct to the 11 requirements of the law. A disorder manifested primarily by repeated criminal conduct 12 13 or attributable solely to the acute effects of voluntary use of alcohol or other drugs does 14 not, standing alone, constitute a mental disorder or disability for purposes of this provision. 15
- 16 3. Mental Disorder or Disability after Sentencing
- (a) Grounds for Precluding Execution. A sentence of death should not be carried out if 17 18 the prisoner has a mental disorder or disability that significantly impairs his or her 19 capacity (i) to make a rational decision to forgo or terminate post-conviction proceedings available to challenge the validity of the conviction or sentence; (ii) to understand or 20 21 communicate pertinent information, or otherwise assist counsel, in relation to specific claims bearing on the validity of the conviction or sentence that cannot be fairly resolved 22 23 without the prisoner's participation; or (iii) to understand the nature and purpose of the 24 punishment, or to appreciate the reason for its imposition in the prisoner's own case. Procedures to be followed in each of these categories of cases are specified in (b) through 25 (d) below. 26

122A

(b) Procedure in Cases Involving Prisoners Seeking to Forgo or Terminate Post Conviction Proceedings. If a court finds that a prisoner under sentence of death who

29 wishes to forgo or terminate post-conviction proceedings has a mental disorder or 30 disability that significantly impairs his or her capacity to make a rational decision, the 31 court should permit a next friend acting on the prisoner's behalf to initiate or pursue 32 available remedies to set aside the conviction or death sentence.

- (c) Procedure in Cases Involving Prisoners Unable to Assist Counsel in Post-Conviction 33 34 Proceedings. If a court finds at any time that a prisoner under sentence of death has a mental disorder or disability that significantly impairs his or her capacity to understand or 35 36 communicate pertinent information, or otherwise to assist counsel, in connection with 37 post-conviction proceedings, and that the prisoner's participation is necessary for a fair resolution of specific claims bearing on the validity of the conviction or death sentence, 38 39 the court should suspend the proceedings. If the court finds that there is no significant 40 likelihood of restoring the prisoner's capacity to participate in post-conviction proceedings in the foreseeable future, it should reduce the prisoner's sentence to the 41 42 sentence imposed in capital cases when execution is not an option.
- (d) Procedure in Cases Involving Prisoners Unable to Understand the Punishment or its
 Purpose. If, after challenges to the validity of the conviction and death sentence have
 been exhausted and execution has been scheduled, a court finds that a prisoner has a
 mental disorder or disability that significantly impairs his or her capacity to understand
 the nature and purpose of the punishment, or to appreciate the reason for its imposition in
 the prisoner's own case, the sentence of death should be reduced to the sentence imposed
 in capital cases when execution is not an option.

122A