

Suggested activities for teachers to undertake using the anti-corruption video: sheet 4

Cognitive	Socio-emotional	Behavioural	Teacher
The knowledge and thinking skills necessary to better understand the world and its complexities	The values, attitudes and social skills that enable learners to develop psychosocially and physically, and to live with others respectfully and peacefully	Conduct, performance, practical application and engagement	Consider which activities you might undertake using the anti-corruption video. Reflect on why you selected the activity and how you plan to implement and integrate it
Human rights and the corruption puzzle	Role playing: the sound of corruption	Conflict of interest circles	
Learning outcomes: students should be able to: Identify the human rights that are affected by corruption using the illustrated edition of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights Identify what Sustainable Development Goals are impacted by corruption Description: after viewing the video, discuss how the animal represents corruption and how it deprives people of access to goods and	 Learning outcomes: students should be able to: Compose a script for the video Incorporate basic screenwriting techniques to guide dialogue and action Description: after viewing and discussing the video, invite students work in groups of 4-6 to write a script for the video. Then invite them to perform the role play for the class. They should begin by describing the 	 Learning outcomes: students will be able to: Identify which incidents or scenes in the video may have portrayed a conflict of interest Share ways in which conflicts of interest may have affected their lives Description: after viewing the video, review the definition of a conflict of interest using the glossary. Ask the students to identify which incidents or scenes in the video may 	



services, and their human rights.	video's high concept or main idea.	have represented a conflict of	
	When composing a dialogue, every	interest (e.g., if the hunter was an	
1. Identify the human rights that are	character should be given a voice,	employee of the park, she put	
affected by corruption using the	even the corruption animal.	herself in a situation where she was	
illustrated edition of the Universal	Students should share their scripts	confronted with a choice between	
Declaration of Human Rights.	with the class.	the duties of her job (to protect the	
		animals) and her own interests).	
2. Alternately, identify which	Debriefing questions for after the		
Sustainable Development Goals are	role play:	2. Invite the students to share ways	
impacted by corruption. For		in which conflicts of interest may	
example, women are	1. What sound or voice did you give	have or will affect their lives.	
disproportionately impacted due to	the corruption animal and why?		
their minority status in many			
societies (gender equality in	2. How might the sound or voice of		
Sustainable Development Goal 5).	the animal change as it ate away at		
	the fabric of the hunter's corrupt		
	world?		
	3. Did the introduction of language		
	take away or add to the power of		
	the story?		
Debate: rich versus poor	Ethical dilemmas	Project-based learning: Saying No	
Debate. Hell versus poor	Etilical dilellillas	to Corruption video project	
		to corruption video project	
Learning outcome: students should	Learning outcome: students should	Learning outcome : students should	
be able to:	be able to:	be able to:	
 Develop supported arguments 	 Discuss ethical challenges that 	Create video content	
about how corruption affects	they face in their homes,	documenting ways to prevent	
the rich and the poor	schools and communities	corruption	
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Description: use the video as a catalyst to discuss whether corruption is worse in rich or poor countries.

- 1. Begin by discussing the context of the video with students.
- 2. Ask whether the scenario in the video takes place in a rich or a poor country. Ask students how they arrived at their answer (e.g., consider the cars, buildings and paved roads in the video). This encourages the students to reflect on their own thinking and encourages critical thinking.
- 3. Ask how the events in the video or the plot might have been different if they had taken place in a poor country? For example, the animal may not have been taken for sport or leisure, but to eat or sell, or to serve some other essential function.
- 4. Debate whether corruption is worse (or more or less acceptable) in rich or poor countries.

Description: use the video to get the students to identify the embedded ethical dilemmas, such as parking in a prohibited area and stealing of cable television services.

- 1. Ask students what these scenes represent (ethical challenges).
- 2. Define ethics and ethical behaviour using the glossary.
- 3. Invite students to reflect on ethical challenges that they may have faced in their homes, schools and communities (e.g., buying grades or illegally obtaining money or goods).

Description: ask the students to create their own video that documents ways to prevent corruption from taking root in their homes, schools and communities.

Seek the support of parents, other teachers and community organizations in creating the video.

Key messages from the video might include:

- Learn what corruption is and is not
- Report incidents of corruption
- Following rules helps to create respect for the rule of law
- Know your rights and responsibilities
- Accept the responsibility that corruption affects everyone and everyone has a responsibility to prevent it
- There is no point at which corruption cannot or should not be countered or prevented
- Prevention is critical to curtailing the spread of corruption



Key messages: Corruption affects the rich and the poor, but in different ways. Corruption affects the daily lives of the poor by making them pay more for or do without basic needs and services. Corruption makes the rich richer due to their power and privilege.	Everyone is responsible for acting with integrity and for making ethical decisions	
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