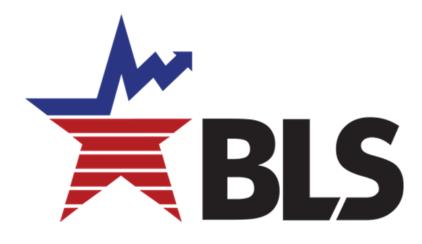
Current Employment Statistics Highlights

Detailed Industry Employment Analysis

Contents Summary Mining & Logging Construction Manufacturing Wholesale Trade **Retail Trade** Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities Information **Financial Activities Professional & Business Services Private Education & Health Services** Leisure & Hospitality **Other Services** Government

Current Employment Statistics Highlights



October 2022

Release Date: November 4, 2022

Prepared by Analysts of the National Estimates Branch Current Employment Statistics Survey U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

> 202-691-6555 Email CES



Total nonfarm:

261*

Current Employment Statistics Summary, October 2022

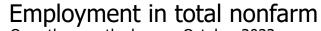
Nonfarm payroll employment rose by 261,000 in October. Monthly job growth has averaged 407,000 thus far in 2022, compared with 562,000 per month in 2021. Over the month, employment rose in health care, professional and technical services, and manufacturing.

The employment change for August revised down from +315,000 to +292,000, and the change for September revised up from +263,000 to +315,000. Employment over these months is 29,000 higher than previously reported.

Average hourly earnings of all employees on private-sector payrolls rose by 12 cents, or 0.4 percent, in October. Over the year, hourly earnings have increased by 4.7 percent. Average weekly hours, at 34.5 hours, were unchanged in October.

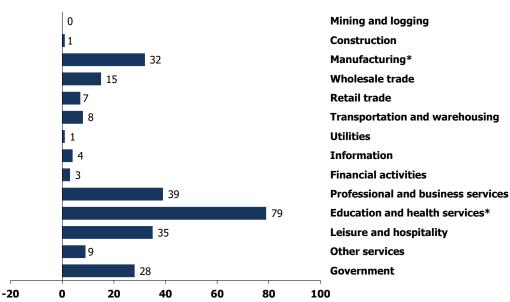
+79,000 Education and Health Services

Health care added 53,000 jobs in October. Within the industry, employment increased in ambulatory health care services (+31,000), nursing and residential care facilities (+11,000), and hospitals (+11,000). Employment in health care has grown by 473,000 so far this year.



Over-the-month change, October 2022

Seasonally adjusted, in thousands



Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics survey, November 04, 2022. Data are preliminary. * denotes significance

Employment in social assistance rose by 19,000 in October and by 169,000 so far this year.

+39,000 Professional and Business Services

In October, employment rose in professional and technical services (+43,000). Within the industry, employment continued to trend up in management and technical

Summarv

Mining & Construction Logging

Manufacturing

Transp., Wholesale Warehousing & Utilities

Trade:

Retail

Information

Professional & Business Services

Financial

Activities

Private Education & Health

Services

Leisure & Hospitality

Other Government Services





consulting services (+7,000), architectural and engineering services (+7,000), scientific research and development services (+5,000), and other professional and technical services (+4,000). So far this year, professional and technical services has added an average 41,000 jobs per month, compared with 53,000 per month in 2021.

+35,000 Leisure and Hospitality

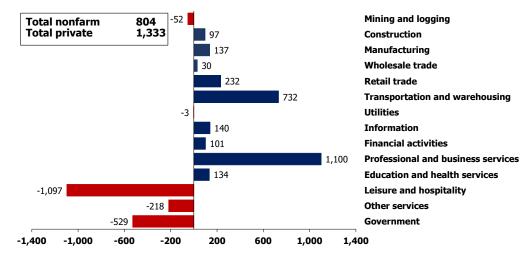
Employment in leisure and hospitality continued to trend up in October (+35,000). Within the industry, accommodation added 20,000 jobs. Employment in food services and drinking places changed little over the month (+6,000). Job growth in leisure and hospitality has averaged 78,000 per month so far this year, down from an average 196,000 per month in 2021. Despite the growth, employment in the industry is 1.1 million lower than in February 2020.

+32,000 Manufacturing

Employment in manufacturing grew by 32,000 in October, with growth concentrated in durable goods (+23,000). So far this year, employment in manufacturing has risen by an average 37,000 per month, compared with 30,000 per month in 2021.

Employment in total nonfarm

Change since February 2020 Seasonally adjusted, in thousands



Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics, November 04, 2022. Most recent 2 months of data are preliminary.

+28,000 Government

Employment in government changed little in October and is 529,000 lower than in February 2020.

+15,000 Wholesale Trade

In October, employment continued to trend up in wholesale trade (+15,000). So far this year, employment in the industry has grown by an average 17,000 per month, compared with 13,000 per month in 2021.

Summary

Mining &

Logging

Construction Manufacturing

Trade: acturing Wholesale Retail Transp., Warehousing & Utilities

Information Financial Activities

Professional & Business Services Private Education & Health Services

Leisure & Hospitality Other

Services



Current Employment Statistics Survey Summary, October 2022

+8,000 Transportation and Warehousing

Employment in transportation and warehousing changed little in October (+8,000). Within the industry, job gains in truck transportation (+13,000), in couriers and messengers (+7,000) and in air transportation (+4,000) more than offset a job loss in warehousing and storage (-20,000). So far this year, employment in transportation and warehousing has risen by an average 25,000 per month, down from an average 36,000 per month in 2021.

+3,000 Financial Activities

Employment in financial activities changed little in October (+3,000). Within the industry, job gains in insurance carriers and related activities (+9,000) and in securities, commodity contracts, investments and funds and trusts (+5,000) more than offset a job loss in rental and leasing services (-8,000). Over the past 6 months, employment in financial activities has changed little (+35,000).

Summary

Mining & Construction

ı Manufacturing Wh

Trade: Transp., Wholesale Warehousing Retail & Utilities

Information

Financial

Activities

Professional & Business Services Private Education & Health

Services

Leisure & Hospitality

Other

Services

CES Highlights



Mining and Logging



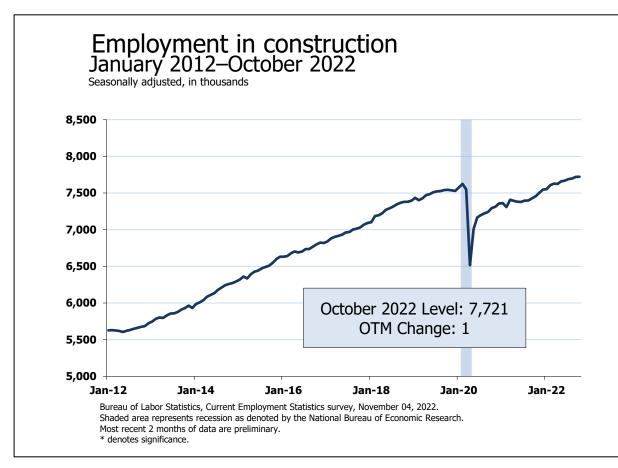
Employment in mining changed little in October (+1,000) and has shown little net change over the past 4 months.

Recent flatness in mining employment has coincided with a moderate increase in <u>North</u> <u>American rotary rigs</u> and with a downward trend in the average weekly price of <u>West</u> <u>Texas Intermediate crude oil</u> in recent months.

Private Trade: Professional Transp., Mining & Financial Education Leisure & Other Summary Construction Manufacturing Wholesale Warehousing Information & Business Government Logging Activities & Health Hospitality Services Retail & Utilities Services Services



Construction



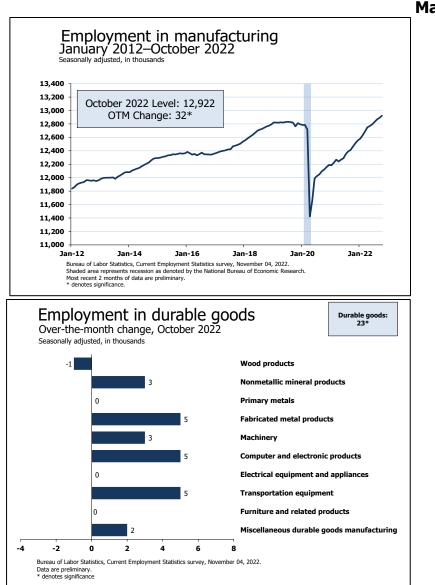
Employment in construction was essentially unchanged (+1,000) in October, after increasing by 22,000 in September. So far this year, construction has added 175,000 jobs.

The weakness in October construction employment follows little change in <u>housing starts, residential building</u> <u>permits, and new home sales</u> in September.

Private Trade: Transp., Professional Education Leisure & Mining & Financial Other Manufacturing & Business Summarv Construction Wholesale Warehousing Information Government Activities & Health Hospitality Logging Services Retail & Utilities Services Services

CES Highlights





Manufacturing

Manufacturing added 32,000 jobs in October and 456,000 jobs over the past 12 months.

Durable goods added 23,000 jobs in October. Employment in durable goods is 23,000 below its most recent peak in February 2019.

The manufacturing 1-month diffusion index decreased 0.6 point to 56.8 in October. Despite the decline, a number above 50 indicates that more manufacturing industries are adding jobs, than are losing jobs.

Weakness in the diffusion index coincides with decreases in the <u>ISM Manufacturing Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI)</u> and <u>S&P</u> <u>Global US Manufacturing PMI.</u>

Over the past 12 months, average hourly earnings of all employees in manufacturing increased by 3.6 percent to \$31.23. Production workers' average hourly earnings increased by 4.9 percent to \$25.35 over the year.

In October, average weekly hours of all employees in manufacturing, at 40.4 hours, were little changed (+ 0.1 hour). The average workweek of production employees was unchanged at 41.1 hours. Average weekly overtime hours for all employees fell 0.1 hour to 3.1 hours in October. Overtime hours for production workers remained unchanged at 3.9 hours.

Summary

Mining & Construction

Manufacturing

Trade: Transp., Wholesale Warehousing Retail & Utilities

Information Financial Activities

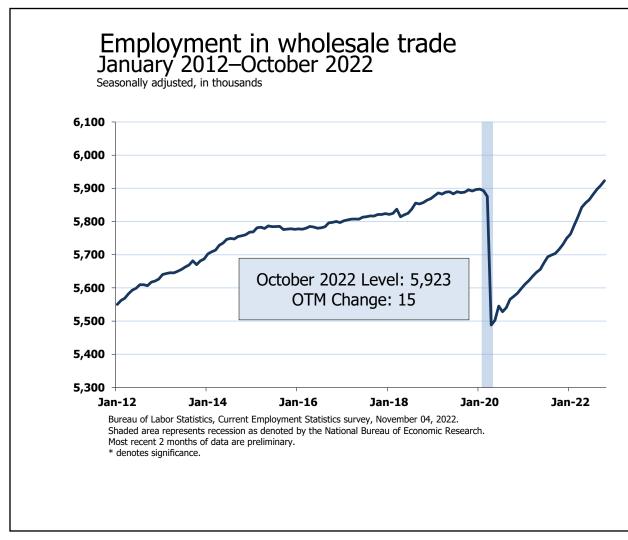
Professional & Business Services Private Education & Health

Services

Leisure & Other Hospitality Services



Wholesale Trade



Employment in wholesale trade rose in October (+15,000) and has increased by 173,000 so far this year.

Employment in durable goods is 46,000 higher than in February 2020; however, employment is 10,000 lower in nondurable goods and 6,000 lower in electronic markets and agents and brokers.

Summary Mining & Logging

Construction Manufacturing

Trade: Transp., Wholesale Warehousing Retail & Utilities

ng Information

Professional & Business Services

Financial

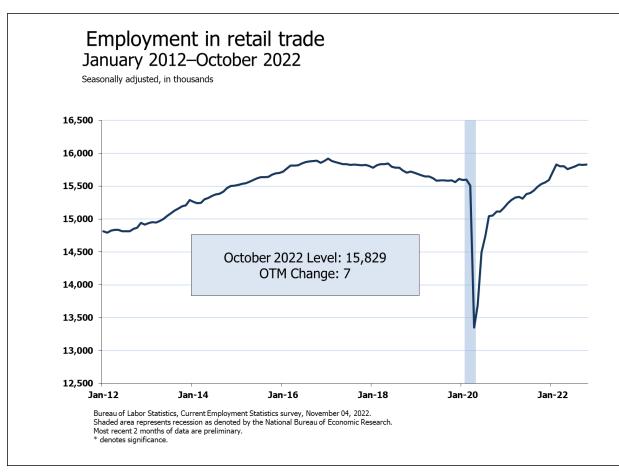
Activities

Private Education & Health Services

Leisure & Hospitality Other Services Government



Retail Trade



Employment in retail trade changed little in October (+7,000), although electronics and appliance stores (-6,000) and department stores (-5,000) lost jobs.

Retail trade has added an average 23,000 jobs per month in 2022, down from 35,000 per month in 2021.

Retail-related economic indicators are mixed. In October, the per-gallon price of regular gasoline increased, and the <u>Consumer Confidence Index</u> decreased. Conversely, in September, <u>Retail Sales</u> were flat, while <u>Real Personal</u> <u>Consumption Expenditures</u> for goods and <u>Auto Sales</u> increased.

Summary Mining & Logging

Construction Manufacturing

Trade: Transp., Wholesale Warehousing Retail & Utilities

Information

Financial

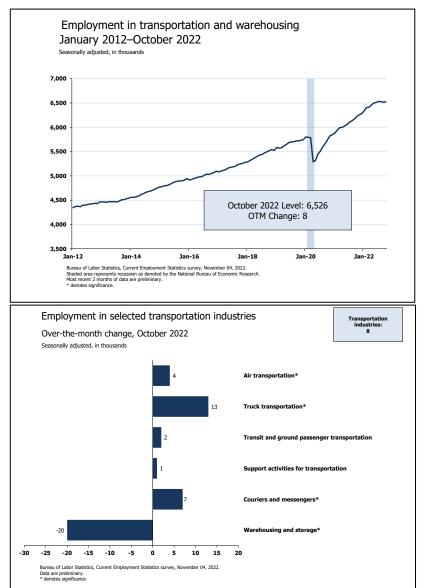
Activities

Professional & Business Services Private Education Leisure & & Health Hospitality

Services

Other Go Services Go





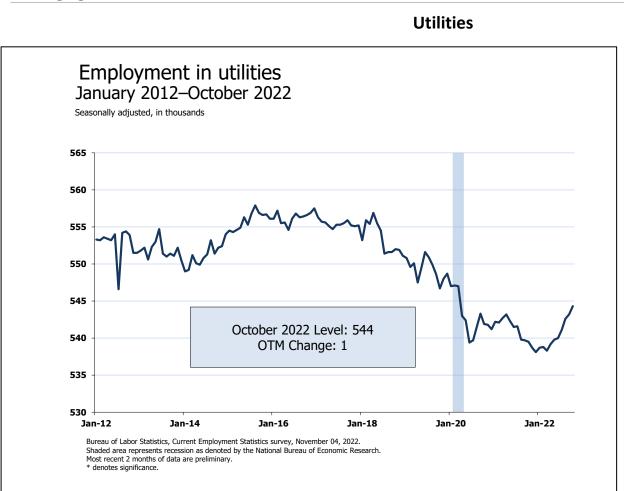
Transportation and Warehousing

Employment in transportation and warehousing changed little (+8,000) in October. So far this year, transportation and warehousing has added an average 25,000 jobs per month, compared with an average 36,000 per month in 2021.

In October, employment gains in truck transportation (+13,000), couriers and messengers (+7,000), and air transportation (+4,000) more than offset a job loss in warehousing and storage (-20,000). Job growth in warehousing and storage has averaged 3,000 per month in 2022, compared with 13,000 per month in 2021. Recent weakness in the industry follows news reports citing labor shortages and increased automation.

Private Trade: Professional Transp., Mining & Financial Education Leisure & Other Warehousing Summary Construction Manufacturing Wholesale Information & Business Government Activities & Health Hospitality Logging Services Retail & Utilities Services Services



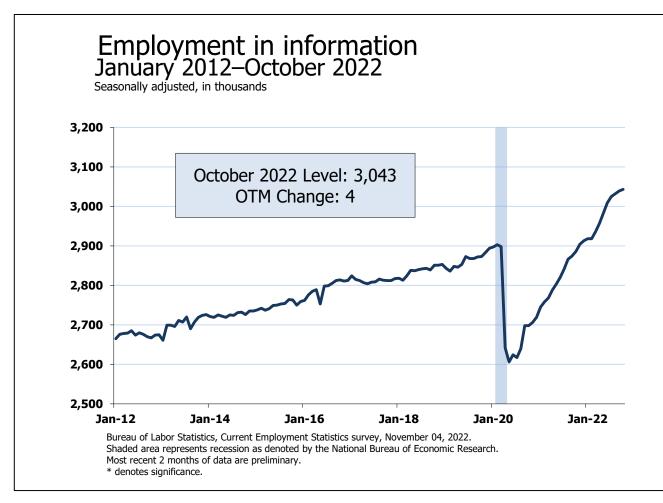


Employment in utilities was flat (+1,000) in October.

Private Trade: Professional Transp., Mining & Financial Education Leisure & Other Manufacturing Wholesale Warehousing Information & Business Summary Construction Government Logging Activities & Health Hospitality Services Retail & Utilities Services Services



Information



Employment in information changed little in October (+4,000) and has shown little net change over the past 3 months.

In October, other information services—which includes news syndicates, libraries, archives, exclusive internet publishing and/or broadcasting, and web search portals-added 7,000 jobs.

Mining & Summary Logging

Manufacturing

Construction

Transp., Warehousing Wholesale & Utilities

Trade:

Retail

Information

Professional & Business Services

Financial

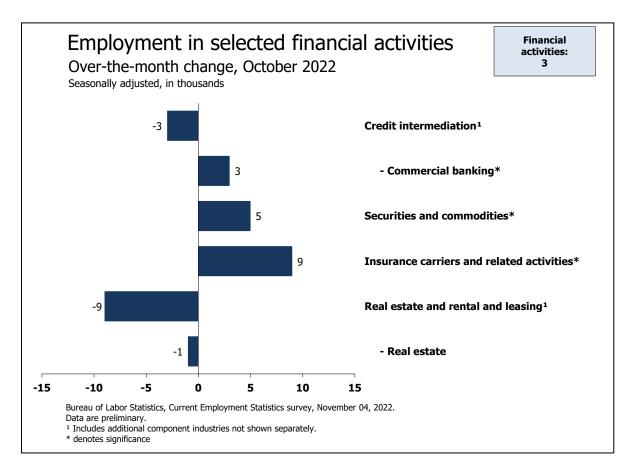
Activities

Private Education & Health Services

Leisure & Other Hospitality Services



Financial Activities

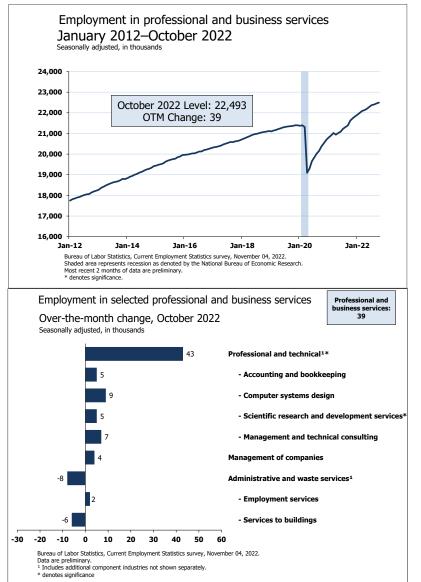


Employment in financial activities changed little in October (+3,000) and has shown little net change over the past 6 months.

In October, job gains were driven by insurance carriers and related activities (+9,000), securities and commodities (+5,000), and commercial banking (+3,000). These gains were partially offset by decreases in rental and leasing services (-8,000) and activities related to credit intermediation (-4,000).

Private Professional Trade: Transp., Financial Education Leisure & Other Mining & Summary Construction Manufacturing Wholesale Warehousing Information & Business Government Logging Activities & Health Hospitality Services Retail & Utilities Services Services





Professional and Business Services

Employment in professional and business services continued to trend up in October (+39,000). Job growth has averaged 67,000 per month in 2022, compared with 94,000 per month in 2021.

In October, employment in professional and technical services increased by 43,000. Employment continued to trend up in management and technical consulting services (+7,000), architectural and engineering services (+7,000), scientific research and development services (+5,000), and other professional and technical services (+4,000).

Employment in temporary help services changed little in October (+12,000). Employment in the industry has changed by an average 10,000 per month in 2022, down from an average 25,000 per month in 2021.

The recent trend in temporary help services coincides with weakness in the ASA Staffing Index report.

Mining & Summary Construction Logging

Manufacturing Wholesale

Transp., Warehousing & Utilities

Trade:

Retail

Information

Professional & Business Services

Financial

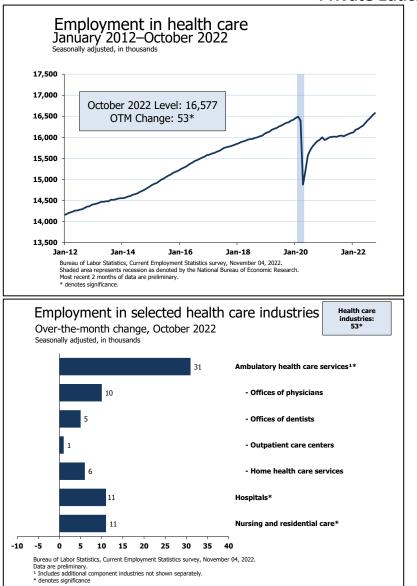
Activities

Private Education & Health

Services

Leisure & Other Hospitality Services





Private Education and Health Services

Employment in health care increased by 53,000 in October. Job growth has averaged 47,000 per month in 2022, compared with 9,000 per month in 2021.

In October, ambulatory health care services added 31,000 jobs. Elsewhere in health care, hospitals added 11,000 jobs and nursing and residential care facilities added 11,000 jobs.

Employment in social assistance increased by 19,000 over the month and is 9,000 below its February 2020 level.

Summary Mining & Logging

Construction Manufacturing

Trade: Transp., Wholesale Warehousing Retail & Utilities

Information

Financial

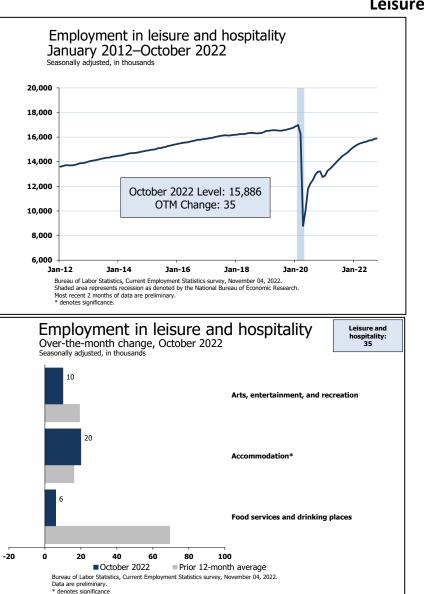
Activities

Professional & Business Services Private Education & Health

Services

Leisure & Other Hospitality Services





Leisure and Hospitality

In October, employment in leisure and hospitality changed little (+35,000). Job growth has slowed to an average 78,000 per month in 2022, down from an average 196,000 per month in 2021. Despite these gains, employment in the industry is 1.1 million below its February 2020 level.

Over the year, average hourly earnings for all employees in leisure and hospitality rose 6.5 percent to \$20.43.

Employment in accommodation increased by 20,000 in October. Job gains have averaged 13,000 per month in 2022, compared to 26,000 per month in 2021.

In October, employment in food services and drinking places was flat (+6,000). Job gains have averaged 51,000 per month this year, well below the average 196,000 per month in 2021. Employment in the industry is 565,000 below its February 2020 level.

Summary Mining & Logging

Manufacturing

Construction

Trade: Transp., Wholesale Warehousing Retail & Utilities

Information

Professional & Business Services

Financial

Activities

Private Education & Health

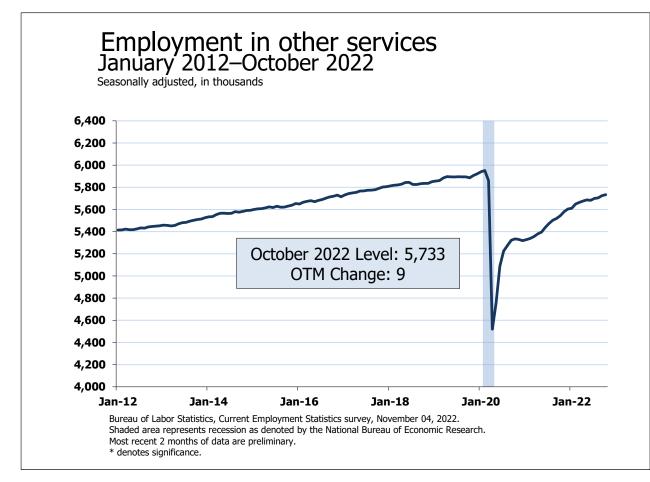
Services

Leisure & Hospitality Other

Services



Other Services



Employment in other services changed little in October (+9,000) and is 218,000 below its February 2020 level.

Private Trade: Transp., Professional Education Leisure & Other Mining & Financial & Business Summarv Construction Manufacturing Wholesale Warehousing Information Government Activities & Health Hospitality Services Logging Retail & Utilities Services Services

CES Highlights



Other

Services

Government

Employment in government January 2012–October 2022 Seasonally adjusted, in thousands 23,200 23,000 22,800 22,600 22,400 22,200 22,000 21,800 21,600 October 2022 Level: 22,350 21,400 OTM Change: 28 21,200 21,000 1an-20 1an-22 Jan-12 Jan-14 Jan-16 Jan-18 Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics survey, November 04, 2022. Shaded area represents recession as denoted by the National Bureau of Economic Research. Most recent 2 months of data are preliminary. * denotes significance. Employment in selected government Over-the-month change, October 2022 Government: 28 Seasonally adjusted, in thousands Federal, except U.S. Postal Service* U.S. Postal Service* State government education State government, excluding education Local government education 14 Local government, excluding education 16 -15 -10 0 5 10 15 20 25 -5 Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Employment Statistics survey, November 04, 2022. Data are preliminary. * denotes significance

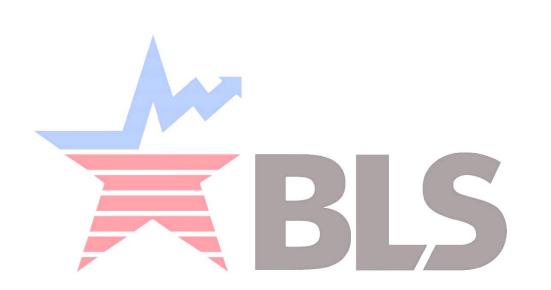
Government

Employment in government changed little in October (+28,000) and is 529,000 below its February 2020 level.

Private Trade: Transp., Professional Financial Education Leisure & Mining & Summary Construction Manufacturing Wholesale Warehousing Information & Business Logging Activities & Health Hospitality Retail & Utilities Services Services

Current Employment Statistics Highlights

Detailed Industry Employment Analysis



Prepared by Staff of the National Estimates Branch Current Employment Statistics Survey U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

202-691-6555 Email CES Ryan Ansell Hyun Choi Purva Desai Katelynn Harris Matthew Hong Kennedy Keller Mike McCall Patrycja Milewska Maria Ramos Rhiannon Sneeringer Carson Wilson

CES Analysts

Osman Alhassan