AIR UNIVERSITY CATALOG

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KEY AIR UNIVERSITY EDUCATIONAL STAFF, COMMANDANTS, AND COMMANDERS

AIR UNIVERSITY HEADQUARTERS

Commander
Mobilization Asst to Commander
Chief Academic Officer
Information Technology
Director of Staff
Plans and Programs
Ct Gen Donald A. Lamontagne
Maj Gen A. Bowen Ballard
Dr. Robert E. Kribel
Col Terry L. Williams
Col Mark D. Shultz
Col Mark H. Richardson III
Col Michael E. Outten

COMMANDANTS

Air War College
Air Command and Staff College
School of Advanced Airpower Studies
Air Force Institute of Technology

Maj Gen Bentley B. Rayburn
Col (BG select) Ronald R. Ladnier
Col Thomas E. Griffith
Col Michael L. Heil

COMMANDERS

Air Force Officer Accession and Training Schools Brig Gen Paul M. Hankins Squadron Officer College Col Johnny A. Weida College for Enlisted Professional Military Education Col Michael Gegg College of Aerospace Doctrine, Research and Education Col Bobby J. Wilkes Col Eric A. Ash Community College of the Air Force Ira C. Eaker College for Professional Development Col Aaron B. "Buck" Rogers Air Force Institute for Advanced Distributed Learning Col William H. Wright Headquarters Civil Air Patrol-US Air Force Col George Vogt 42d Air Base Wing Col Frances C. Martin

DIRECTORS

Air University Library

Dr. Shirley B. Laseter

TENANT UNITS*

Headquarters Air Force Doctrine Center Air Force Historical Research Agency Maj Gen David F. MacGhee Jr. Col Dieter Barnes

^{*} Tenant units not part of the Air University system

AIR UNIVERSITY COMMAND BOARD OF ADVISORS

PURPOSE: The purpose of the Air University Command Board of Advisors is to provide the commander of Air University feedback from the customer perspective of the major commands. Board members inform the Air University commander about the educational needs of their respective commands and their degree of satisfaction with Air University's products and programs.

MEETINGS: The board is advisory in nature and meets at least once a year at Maxwell Air Force Base (AFB).

MEMBERSHIP: The membership is comprised of all the vice commanders of the major commands, as well as the Air National Guard deputy director. They are advised by the Air Force deputy chief of staff, personnel, and the United States Air Force Academy vice commander.

MEMBERS

Vice Commander, Air Education and Training Command, Chair

Vice Commander, Air Combat Command

Vice Commander, Air Force Space Command

Vice Commander, Air Force Materiel Command

Vice Commander, Air Mobility Command

Vice Commander, United States Air Forces Europe

Vice Commander, Pacific Air Forces

Vice Commander, Air Force Special Operations Command

Vice Commander, Air Force Reserves

Deputy Director, Air National Guard

ADVISORS

Air Force Deputy Chief of Staff, Personnel Vice Commander, United States Air Force Academy

AIR UNIVERSITY BOARD OF VISITORS

PURPOSE: The Board of Visitors is chartered to provide advice, views, and recommendations on the educational, doctrinal, and research policies and activities of Air University. The board meets with and advises the secretary of the Air Force on matters of policy regarding the mission of Air University.

MEMBERSHIP: The membership is selected from the fields of education, business, industry, the professions, and public service. Members normally serve annual renewable terms up to a maximum of nine years. Members are invited by the Air University commander in the name of the chief of staff, United States Air Force (USAF).

MEETINGS: The board meets at least twice a year—in April and November at Maxwell AFB, Alabama. The board presents a written report with its views and recommendations to the Air University commander. This report is then presented to the chief of staff, United States Air Force, and to the Secretary of the Air Force.

MEMBERS*

Dr. Robert A. Hoover, Chair President, University of Idaho Moscow, Idaho

Gen Jimmie V. Adams, USAF, Retired Vice President, Washington Operation L-3 Communication Corporation Arlington, Virginia

Mr. Charles B. Alling Jr. Kennebunk. Maine

CMSAF James C. Binnicker, USAF, Retired President and CEO, AF Enlisted Widows Home Foundation, Inc. Shalimar, Florida

*As of 15 July 2002

Dr. Michael Bragg University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign Department of Aeronautical Engineering Urbana, Illinois

Gen Michael P. C. Carns, USAF, Retired Pebble Beach. California

Dr. Thomas E. Cooper Vice President, General Electric Company Washington, D.C. (AFIT Committee) Dr. Ann Die Vice President, A.T. Kearney Executive Search Education Practice Alexandria, Virginia

Dr. Earl H. Dowell
Dean, School of Engineering
Duke University
Durham, North Carolina
(AFIT Committee)

Dr. George Emert, Past Chair President Emeritus, Utah State University Logan, Utah

Lt Gen Thomas R. Ferguson Jr., USAF, Retired Senior Partner, Dayton Aerospace, Inc. Kiawah Island, South Carolina (AFIT Committee)

Dr. Horace Fleming Bethesda, Maryland

Dr. Tito Guerrero III President, Stephen F. Austin State University Nocagdoches, Texas

Dr. William H. Harris Hilton Head Island, South Carolina (SAAS Committee)

Lt Gen Bradley Hosmer, USAF, Retired Cedar Crest, New Mexico Dr. E. Jan Kehoe Superintendent/President Long Beach Community College Long Beach, California (SAAS Committee)

Dr. Diane Oblinger Professor of the Practice, Kenan-Flagler Business School UNC Chapel Hill Apex, North Carolina

Ms. Ann C. Petersen, Chair Elect Attorney-at-Law Chicago, Illinois

Ms. Elizabeth R. Rindskopf-Parker General Counsel, University of Wisconsin System Madison, Wisconsin

Mr. Charles W. Ritter Jr.
President and Chief Executive
Officer
Attala Company
Kosciusko, Mississippi

Dr. Alex Roland
Professor of History, Duke
University
Durham, North Carolina
(SAAS Committee)

Dr. Arthur Smith President, University of Houston Houston, Texas (SAAS Committee)

Mr. Gordon P. Street Chattanooga, Tennessee Dr. Norman E. Thagard Professor and Director of College Relations Florida State University Tallahassee, Florida (AFIT Committee)

Maj Gen Lucius Theus, USAF, Retired President, US Associates Southfield, Michigan (CCAF Liaison)

Dr. Kathryn C. Thornton Professor in Technology Communications, and Culture University of Virginia Charlottesville, Virginia (SAAS Committee) Lt Gen Bernard Trainor, USMC, Retired Lexington, Massachusetts

Dr. William Troutt President, Rhodes College Memphis, Tennessee

Rev. Dave T. Tyson, C.S.C. President, University of Portland Portland, Oregon

COMMUNITY COLLEGE OF THE AIR FORCE BOARD OF VISITORS

PURPOSE: The purpose of the Community College of the Air Force (CCAF) Board of Visitors is to serve as the CCAF governing board. The board reviews and endorses CCAF's policy decisions and provides guidance on all aspects of college operations. An annual report on the activities of the board is submitted to the secretary of the Air Force and the secretary of defense.

MEETINGS: The board meets twice a year.

MEMBERSHIP: The board consists of civilian leaders from business, industry, and education. These members are appointed by the secretary of defense and serve jointly with the commander of Air Education and Training Command.

MEMBERS

Mr. William Cato Cramer Jr., Chair President, Tommy Thomas Chevrolet, Inc. Panama City, Florida

Dr. James R. Anderson Chancellor, Central Texas College Killeen, Texas

Dr. Marilyn C. Beck President, Lord Fairfax Community College Middletown, Virginia

Dr. Jacquelyn M. Belcher President, Georgia Perimeter College Decatur, Georgia Dr. Deborah M. DiCroce President, Tidewater Community College Norfolk, Virginia

Lt Col John R. Fergus, USAF, Retired Dean, Instruction Affairs, Wallace Community College Dothan, Alabama

Dr. Susan Graham President, Aiken Technical College Aiken, South Carolina CMSAF James M. McCoy, USAF, Retired Chairman, Air Force Retiree Council Bellevue, Nebraska

Dr. David Sink Jr.
President, Blue Ridge
Community College
Flat Rock, North Carolina

Maj Gen Lucius Theus, USAF, Retired President, US Associates Southfield, Michigan

Dr. Paul A. Whelan Associate, Aviation Associates, Inc. Springfield, Illoinois

Mr. Robert K. Wood, Vice President Logistics Management Institute McLean, Virginia

EX OFFICIO MEMBERS

Gen Donald G. Cook Commander, Air Education and Training Command

Lt Gen Donald A. Lamontagne Commander, Air University

Col Eric A. Ash Commander, Community College of the Air Force

CMSAF Frederick J. Finch Chief Master Sergeant of the Air Force

CMSgt William A. Milligan Command Chief, Air Education and Training Command

Dr. Robert A. Hoover President, University of Idaho Moscow, Idaho

Preface

The *Air University Catalog* is the official Air University publication for disseminating information on Air University educational programs, including professional military education. Other publications including information on Air University are the *Air Force Institute of Technology Catalog*, the *Community College of the Air Force (CCAF) Catalog*, the *School of Advanced Airpower Studies Catalog*, and the *Air Force Institute for Advanced Distributed Learning Catalog*.

The *Air University Catalog* serves as both a source document and a planning document for Air University schools and staff personnel. It serves as a public relations medium for Air Force, Department of Defense, and civilian audiences. The catalog also provides a brief description of the schools and professional organizations that make up Air University. Finally, it sets forth the educational opportunities available in each school, the work performed by each related organization in carrying out the educational objectives of Air University, and a brief treatment of all Air University educational support organizations. The *Air University Catalog* and other information about Air University organizations are available over the World Wide Web on the Air University Home Page (http://www.maxwell.af.mil/).

INTRODUCTION TO AIR UNIVERSITY

Air University plays a vital role in fulfilling the mission of the United States Air Force. To uphold the national purpose and to achieve the nation's objectives, the Air Force must maintain a corps of officers, enlisted personnel, and civilians dedicated to the nation's defense. They must have an in-depth knowledge of war and the military sciences to meet the challenges of today and tomorrow's world. Air University contributes to the development of this knowledge through its professional and specialized education programs, research and doctrinal studies, and degree programs at civilian educational institutions.

Before World War II, the only school in the armed services that emphasized the organization and employment of airpower was the Army Air Corps Tactical School (ACTS), located initially at Langley Field, Virginia, and later at Maxwell Field, Alabama. Although other military schools taught aerial warfare, it was only an incidental part of their curricula. The doctrine for the use of airpower—generally accepted by the Army Air Forces during World War II—grew out of the Air Corps Tactical School. At the end of the war, the graduates of this school were instrumental in convincing the nation's defense leaders of the need to create Air University.

Air University, in all of its endeavors, serves Air Force personnel—officers, enlisted members, and civilians—to ensure the nation continues its leadership during another crucial period of history. Air University also contributes to the defense of the free world by offering educational opportunities to foreign students. Its alumni are prepared to serve in Air Force assignments, in comparable foreign air forces, and in other governmental positions.

Vision

Air University will be the world's premier military educational institution offering comprehensive programs and preparing its graduates to develop, employ, command, and support aerospace power's contributions to our national military strategy.

Mission

Air University provides the full spectrum of Air Force education, from precommissioning to the highest levels of professional military education (PME), including degree granting and professional continuing education

(PCE) for officers, enlisted, and civilian personnel throughout their careers. The University's PME programs educate airmen on the capabilities of aerospace power and its role in national security. The programs also develop the knowledge and abilities needed to employ, command, and support aerospace power at the highest levels. Specialized PCE programs provide scientific, technological, managerial, and other professional expertise to meet the needs of the Air Force. Air University conducts research in aerospace power, education, leadership, and management. The University also provides citizenship programs and contributes to the development and testing of Air Force doctrine, concepts, and strategy.

Scope

Air University educates Air Force people to develop and lead the world's best aerospace force—inspiring commitment to a war-winning profession of arms.

As part of Air Education and Training Command, Air University's educational programs range from precommissioning education through professional education. Its schools encompass enlisted and officer professional education, including professional military education, professional continuing education, and degree-granting education. Through the Civil Air Patrol and Air Force Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps, Air University plays a vital role in promoting citizenship awareness among today's youth.

Air University's schools include the College for Enlisted Professional Military Education, Squadron Officer College (comprised of the Squadron Officer School and Aerospace Basic Course), Air Command and Staff College, School of Advanced Airpower Studies, Air War College, Air Force Officer Accession and Training Schools (comprised of the Officer Training School and the Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps), the Air Force Institute of Technology, the College of Aerospace Doctrine, Research and Education, the Ira C. Eaker College for Professional Development, the Community College of the Air Force, the Air Force Institute for Advanced Distributed Learning (AFIADL), and the Academic Instructor School. The 42d Air Base Wing provides support for all Air University operations, as well as for the Maxwell Air Force Base–Gunter Annex complex.

Air University students are primarily Air Force officers, enlisted personnel, and professional civilians. A relatively small number of personnel from other services in the Department of Defense and from other government agencies attend Air University. International officers from more than 100 countries have studied in Air University schools. Air University includes all Air Force education programs except the United

States Air Force Academy, which is a separate agency under Headquarters United States Air Force.

The precommissioning education and training organizations of Air University—the Air Force Officer Accession and Training Schools, including Officer Training School and Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps—educate and commission highly qualified officer candidates for the United States Air Force.

The professional military education schools of Air University—Squadron Officer College (including the Aerospace Basic Course and the Squadron Officer School), Air Command and Staff College, Air War College, and the College for Enlisted Professional Military Education—prepare junior, midcareer, and senior commissioned and non-commissioned officers and civilians for progressively more responsible positions throughout the Air Force. Practically all commissioned officers who attend the professional schools of Air University possess academic degrees from civilian institutions. Their postgraduate studies in the Air University system emphasize the profession of arms.

Specialized organizations of Air University meet educational requirements of the Air Force. The School of Advanced Airpower Studies is designed to produce tomorrow's aerospace power strategists. Upon successful completion of 11 months of course work; production of a formal thesis that meets accepted standards of research, analysis, and expression; and successful completion of comprehensive examinations, graduates receive a Master of Airpower Art and Science degree. The College of Aerospace Doctrine, Research and Education assists Air University and Headquarters USAF in developing concepts, doctrine, and strategy; teaches the Joint Flag Officer Warfighting Course, the Joint Force Air Component Commander Course, the Joint Doctrine Air Campaign Course, and the Contingency Wartime Planning Course; and includes the Air Force Wargaming Institute. The Ira C. Eaker College for Professional Development provides professional continuing education for chaplains, judge advocates, comptrollers, personnel specialists, commanders, historians, first sergeants, and communication-computer systems managers. Schools operating within the college include the USAF Chaplain Service Institute, USAF First Sergeant Academy, Air Force Human Resource Management School, International Officers School, Air Force Judge Advocate General School, Commanders Professional Development School, Professional Military Comptroller School, and the USAF Historian Development School.

The Air Force Institute of Technology, located at Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio, provides education to meet Air Force requirements in scientific, technological, logistical, managerial, and other designated professional areas as directed by Headquarters USAF. The institute consists of the Graduate School of Engineering and Management, the School of Systems and Logistics, the Civil Engineer and Services School, and the Civilian Institution Programs. Besides graduate degree programs,

the institute also offers numerous professional continuing education courses in residence at Wright-Patterson AFB and at selected locations within the continental United States. The Civilian Institution Programs are responsible for managing graduate, undergraduate, and continuing education programs at various civilian educational facilities and is responsible for Air Force health care education programs, education with industry, and numerous other programs.

Accreditation and Degree-Granting Authority

The Air Force Institute of Technology (AFIT) is accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools (30 North LaSalle Street, Suite 2400, Chicago, Illinois 60602-2504: Telephone number 800-621-7400) and, in appropriate engineering curricula, by the Engineering Accreditation Commission, Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology, Inc.

The Community College of the Air Force is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools (1866 Southern Lane, Decatur, Georgia 30033-4097: Telephone number 404-679-4501) to award associate degrees.

The School of Advanced Airpower Studies is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools (1866 Southern Lane, Decatur, Georgia 30033-4097: Telephone number 404-679-4501) to award the master's degree.

Air University is a Candidate for Accreditation with the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools (1866 Southern Lane, Decatur, Georgia 30033-4097: Telephone number 404-679-4501) to award associate and master's degrees.

In October 1994, the Air University commander received congressional authority to confer the master of airpower art and science degree upon graduates of the School of Advanced Airpower Studies. In October 1999, the Air University commander received congressional authority to confer the master of strategic studies degree upon graduates of the Air War College and to confer the master of military operational art and science degree upon graduates of the Air Command and Staff College.

The Air Force Institute for Advanced Distributed Learning (AFIADL) (previously known as the Extension Course Institute or ECI) is accredited by the Accrediting Commission of the Distance Education and Training Council (1601 18th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C.: telephone number 202-234-5100).

The Center for Adult Learning and Educational Credentials of the American Council on Education (ACE) has evaluated several Air University programs and recommends some graduate credit as well as some undergraduate credit for various programs.

Enrollment and Admission

Air University schools and educational programs are designed to enhance the professional knowledge of members of the US armed forces (primarily Air Force personnel) including the Reserves and National Guard and selected civilian employees of the Department of Defense and other government agencies. Air University programs and schools are not open to the general public except through special programs. As part of the United States' military assistance programs, officers from other countries are eligible to attend several Air University schools and courses. Selection for the Air University schools and educational programs is made according to Air Force and other relevant government standards.

SECTION I

AIR UNIVERSITY DEGREE PROGRAMS

This section includes the degree programs offered by Air War College (AWC), the School of Advanced Airpower Studies (SAAS), Air Command and Staff College (ACSC), Air Force Institute of Technology (AFIT), and the Community College of the Air Force (CCAF). It also addresses the nonresident programs of AWC and ACSC and other education programs conducted by AFIT.

AIR WAR COLLEGE

Maj Gen Bentley B. Rayburn, Commandant Col Michael E. Slinkard, Vice Commandant

Internet address

http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/awc/awchome.htm

Mission: To educate senior officers to lead at the strategic level in the development and employment of air and space forces, including joint, combined, and coalition operations, in support of national security.

The War Department established the Air War College (AWC) in 1946 at Maxwell Field, Alabama, and the college has operated continuously since that time except for a period of six months during the Korean conflict. The student body consists of a select group of senior military officers and civilians with diverse backgrounds who are brought together for 10 months of graduate-level study.

Goals: Conduct a rigorous educational program that emphasizes air and space forces and the application of these forces in joint, combined, and coalition military environments. Consequently, the program contributes to the professional development and motivation of senior officers. The AWC course of study broadens the graduates' understanding of and refines their ability to analyze and articulate

- current and future threats to the United States and its allies, and then develop alternative military employment concepts and capabilities appropriate to counter those threats;
- national and military strategies through the study of history, and then formulate and evaluate military strategies appropriate for current and anticipated situations;
- the roles and unique characteristics of airpower—speed, range, flexibility, precision, and lethality—in supporting US national security objectives across the full spectrum of conflict;
- the role of national space power as derived from synergy among the four components of the US space program (civil, commercial, national security, and military);
- the evolutionary development and utility of the military doctrines of the United States and other major world powers;
- US national security policy and the process of formulating and implementing that policy;

- contemporary international and national security environments and their influence on US security interests and on the formulation of national security policy;
- the values, attitudes, and ethical factors essential to the professional officer; and
- the functions, special requirements, and challenges of command, leadership, and management of large, complex organizations specific to senior leaders.

Fulfillment of the mission of AWC presents a dual challenge—academic and professional. To meet these challenges, the school develops the knowledge, skills, and attitudes significant to the profession of arms with emphasis on air and space power and its application in joint, combined, and coalition operations. The senior AF professional school, AWC annually educates approximately 265 resident and 3,800 nonresident students from all US military services, from federal agencies, and from 45 other nations.

AWC is comprised of a command section, two academic directorates (academic affairs and nonresident studies), and two support directorates (students operations and operational support). Within the academic affairs directorate, the resident program curriculum is developed and delivered through three academic departments—Leadership and Ethics, Warfighting, and Strategy and International Security. Additional support comes from two research centers, the USAF Counterproliferation Center and the Air University Center for Strategy and Technology, that are separate from but integral to AWC; they offer elective courses and provide enhanced research opportunities to resident students.

The college is authorized 75 faculty positions: 45 military and 30 civilian positions. Of the 45 military faculty positions, seven are full-time representatives of the other US military departments. In addition, seven Air University advisors assigned to AU are available to teach the core curriculum and advise at AWC. These advisors represent the US Army, US Navy, US Marine Corps, German Air Force, Royal Air Force, Central Intelligence Agency, and Department of State.

Resident Program

The AWC resident program consists of one class for each 10-month academic year. The class membership includes persons from each US military service, employees of selected civilian agencies of the federal government, and officers from the international community of nations.

Prerequisites and Selection

The Central Senior Service School Selection Board, Headquarters USAF, chooses AF officers who have demonstrated an outstanding potential for senior command and staff positions to attend AWC. Lieutenant colonels and colonels—or the equivalent in Navy rank or civil service grades—are eligible to attend AWC. Additionally, officers from the US Air Force Reserves (AFRes), Air National Guard (ANG), and other US military services, select international officers, and US federal civilians may attend. The *Air Force Education and Training Course Announcements (ETCA)*, formerly Air Force Catalog 36-2223, *USAF Formal Schools*, provides additional information.

Master's Degree Admission Requirements and Procedures

In 1999 Congress granted the AU commander the authority to confer the master of strategic studies degree upon graduates of AWC who fulfill the requirements for that degree. To be admitted to the master's degree program, an individual must be selected to attend the AWC resident program and hold a qualifying undergraduate degree. The undergraduate degree requirement is for the degree program and is in addition to admission to the college. Students not having a baccalaureate degree will be allowed to attend AWC and may, upon completion, receive the AWC diploma but will not be awarded the master's degree.

The AU Registrar verifies degree status for all AF officers to include Guard and Reserve officers. *US applicants other than USAF officers must submit, to the AU Registrar, official undergraduate transcripts of credit earned from all previously attended institutions of higher education.*

International officers (IO) interested in pursuing the master's degree must submit the following information to the AU Registrar to assess eligibility:

1. Official score sheet of the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL). The TOEFL is not required for international officers from countries where the official language is English. The TOEFL is also not required for international officers who have completed a degree in the United States during the past three years. The minimum acceptable score for *unconditional* admission to the master's degree program is 540 for the paper-based test (207 for computer-based test). The minimum acceptable score for *conditional* admission is 500 for the paper-based test (173 computer-based test). When taking the TOEFL, enter *9069* for AU as the institution code. Students admitted

conditionally must retake the TOEFL after beginning AWC classes. A faculty committee must evaluate the academic progress of any students who do not achieve the minimum acceptable score for *unconditional* admission on the retest to determine whether or not they will be allowed to continue in the degree program.

- 2. Official transcripts (academic records) of previous degrees with certified English translations. Diplomas are not sufficient but should be included with academic records.
- 3. A document-by-document evaluation of the academic records by an independent foreign credentials evaluation service that is a member of the National Association of Credentials Evaluation Services (NACES) or the National Association of Foreign Student Affairs: Association of International Educators (NAFSA:AIE) to determine if the records are equivalent to a US four-year bachelor's degree. Applications for this evaluation will be available from the AU Registrar during in-processing at the International Officers School (IOS). When requesting the document-by-document evaluation, the purpose for the evaluation should be stated as: "further education" or "admissions requirement for master's degree program." A copy of the evaluation must be mailed to the AU Registrar.

It is the responsibility of each individual to pay costs associated with the TOEFL and credential evaluation requirement. Both the bachelor's-level equivalency and minimum score on the TOEFL must be met to be eligible for entry into the master's program. The undergraduate degree and English proficiency requirements are for the degree program and are in addition to the requirements for admission to the college. Students not having a baccalaureate degree or making the minimum TOEFL score will be allowed to attend AWC and will, upon graduation, receive the AWC diploma but will not be awarded the master's degree.

Graduation Requirements

- 1. In order to receive the AWC Master in Strategic Studies degree, a student must
 - a. meet admission requirements to the degree program by the latest acceptable date;
 - b. complete the following with a cumulative GPA of at least 3.0: (1) The core curriculum.

- (2) three 6,000 series electives, and
- (3) the Professional Studies Paper; and
- c. receive a "Pass" on a pass/fail scale for participation in the culminating wargame and National Security Forum.
- 2. In order to receive the AWC Senior Service School credit and the Joint Professional Military Education (JPME) Phase 1 certification (the latter applicable to US military students only), a student must complete the following with a cumulative GPA of at least 3.0:
 - a. The AWC Master of Strategic Studies degree as described above, and the Regional Studies Program (US) or Field Studies Program (International Officers), and
 - b. Participate in other scheduled AWC programs such as Executive Wellness and the Distinguished Lecture Program.
- 3. Students not meeting the requirements stated above but meeting attendance standards for program attendance may receive a certificate of attendance that does not include a master's degree, senior service school credit, or JPME Phase I certification.

AWC Resident Curriculum Summary

		for	Required for AWC diploma
Course			
Executive Wellness			X
Leadership and Ethics	4	X	X
International Security Studies	4	X	X
Strategy, Doctrine, and Airpower	5	X	X
Warfighting	9	X	X
Professional Studies Paper	2	X	X
Regional Studies Program or Academics and Field Study/Field			
Studies			X
Core Electives Program	6	X	X
Solo Challenge Wargame	2	X	X
National Security Forum (NSF)	1	X	X
Distinguished Lecture Program			X
TOTAL	33		

Grades. For designated courses or programs, students receive letter grades in each evaluated area. Grade point values are assigned to each letter grade for grade point average (GPA) determination based on the following scale:

Α	4.0	В	3.0	C	2.0	F	0
A-	3.7	B-	2.7	C-	1.7	Pass	0
B+	3.3	C+	2.3	D	1.0	Fail	0

Pass/Fail. Requirements not designated for letter grade assignment will receive a "Pass" or "Fail" designation upon completion of the evaluated requirement. Pass is considered fully satisfactory performance. Grades of Pass/Fail will not be used in computing the GPA.

Remediation. When feasible, Air War College offers students an opportunity to remediate grades below "B." Some graded events are not subject to remediation, such as class participation. Remediation is a one-time chance to raise the grade. As a general rule, remediation will involve reaccomplishing an assignment that is similar in nature to the task (exam, paper) for which the request has been made. The maximum grade that can be received through remediation is "B." requesting remediation should first contact their professor who, together with the student, will construct a remediation plan. The plan will include a provision for additional instruction appropriate to the remediation process. The Department Chair must approve the remediation The approved remediation plan, a memo of record for all counseling, and the outcome of the process, will be recorded in the student's academic folder (see Student Handbook for further information on student academic folders).

Grade Appeal Process. Students may appeal any grade they receive. Appeals must be in writing and include a rationale for a grade review. The appeal will be submitted first to the professor who graded the item. The student may subsequently appeal the grade to the department chair and then the Dean of Academic Affairs. Appeals must be initiated within five (5) duty days of the grade notification for any level of appeal. The results of the appeal will be returned to the student within five (5) duty days of the request. The appeal process may result in raising, lowering, or sustaining the original grade.

Probation. Students who are experiencing academic or personal problems or whose professional performance falls below established standards may also be placed on probation. Students on probation are eligible for graduation at the discretion of the AWC Commandant.

Anytime a student is placed on probation, counseling documentation will be accomplished and maintained in the student's grade folder. The DO and DF will ensure that the student is provided appropriate assistance from the AWC faculty, staff, and outside agencies for whatever the situation calls as is required. Students will be removed from probation upon demonstration that the reasons for placement on probation no longer exist.

Core Curriculum

The core curriculum consists of four major areas: leadership and ethics; international security studies; strategy, doctrine, and airpower; and war fighting. AWC redesigned the curriculum to better educate officers to lead and fight tomorrow's wars and to embrace accelerating change as the norm. The curriculum represents a fundamental refocusing of senior-level professional military education brought about by the end of the Cold War (which caused changes in national priorities), declining force size, a less stable world, and an accelerating rate of change. These factors require US military forces to alter the way they think about deterring and conducting war. The concepts of jointness pervade the course of study with an emphasis on joint, combined, and coalition warfare.

Resident Program Course Descriptions

The AWC resident curriculum consists of the following course offerings by the Departments of Leadership and Ethics (DFL); Strategy and International Security (DFS); and Warfighting (DFW).

DFL 6200, Leadership and Ethics 4 semester hours

The Department of Leadership and Ethics educates students in the skills needed to move from tactical levels of leadership to strategic levels of leadership. The course is based on two key assumptions: first, students are already successful leaders, but the challenges they will face in the future will be significantly different from those they faced in the past; and second, students can significantly improve their development in areas vital to success as strategic leaders. The focus is on helping students develop the vision, conceptual capacity, critical thinking, creativity, communication skills, command, and moral values to meet the challenges of a rapidly changing environment. The program includes a detailed assessment of each student's personal leadership development to

help build a conceptual framework and plan for lifelong personal growth.

ISS 6300, International Security Studies 4 semester hours

International Security Studies analyzes the development and implementation of US national security. The purpose of the course is to educate senior officers on the development and implementation of national security strategy.

The first half of the course, *National Security and Decision Making*, analyzes alternative US strategies for achieving national security in today's world and the process by which such strategies are developed.

The second half of the course, *Global Security*, surveys the current international environment and examines the roles national, nonstate, and regional actors play in shaping the global environment.

This course prepares students to articulate the national, regional, and international security issues shaping the global environment. It also seeks to help them understand and be prepared to participate in the US government's policy process. Students should be able to develop strategies for coping with challenges in the international arena and to assess alternative approaches to national security considering all elements of state power, including political, economic, cultural, and military.

SDA 6400, Strategy, Doctrine, and Airpower 5 semester hours

The Strategy, Doctrine, and Airpower Course instills in students an understanding of the roles of strategy, doctrine, and the employment of aerospace power in national security. The course builds on the following assumptions. First, the writings of classical military thinkers provide a sound framework for the development of strategy. Second, strategy and doctrine are inextricably linked in the securing of national policy goals, and an understanding of both is critical for the senior leader. Finally, wars test the validity of specific strategies and doctrines with important lessons for the leaders of today and tomorrow. With these assumptions in mind, the course uses history—particularly the history of air and space power—as a vehicle for developing an understanding of air and space forces employment in support of national security today and in the future.

DFW 6500, Warfighting

9 semester hours

War fighting prepares senior officers to lead at the strategic level in the employment of air and space forces in joint, combined, or coalition operations in support of the National Military Strategy. Special emphasis is placed on theater-level operations; the strategic implications of emerging technologies and capabilities, and future oriented threats, especially those likely to be asymmetric to US experience and expectations. Wherever possible, DFW examines the US National Military Strategy and future operations from the "Red Team" perspective to permit agile, provocative, and future-focused USAF strategic planning for Air, Information superiority. Specifically, **DFW** and accomplishes the following objectives:

- Analyze the development of joint and multinational warfighting strategies throughout the continuum of conflict
- Comprehend the current and emerging capabilities of the joint force
- Comprehend the application of the National Military Strategy in attaining national security objectives
- Comprehend a "think Red" perspective and potential asymmetric challenges to US capabilities
- Analyze the emerging Title-X wargame (and like) concepts of joint war fighting

Core Electives Program

The Core Electives Program (CEP) offers a variety of courses to support the core curriculum. It complements the core offerings required by the Departments of Leadership and Ethics, Strategy and International Security, and Warfighting. It also supports the various other components of the AWC curriculum. The CEP offers opportunities for structured in-depth learning as well as for broadening horizons essential for strategic leaders. CEP has three major objectives:

- 1. Enhance and complement the core curriculum by providing students with opportunities to achieve greater depth and breadth of understanding in issues of special interest
- 2. Provide the AWC curriculum with the flexibility to adapt quickly and proactively to dramatic changes sweeping the international and domestic security environments
- 3. Inspire and enable students to pursue specialized research

Core Electives Requirements: All students must complete three electives (in addition to other requirements) in order to graduate. The three teaching departments of Leadership (6200-series), Strategy and International Security (6400-series), and Warfighting (6500-series) sponsor all electives.

"English as a Second Language" (EL 1710), taught by the International Officers Schools for selected international officers only, provides intensive work in the English language. Because EL 1710 is not a graduate-level course, it does not count as one of the three electives required for a master's degree.

EL6121, 6122, 6123 Directed Study

2 semester hours

Students interested in intensive work on a particular topic can develop, with a faculty member, a research proposal and reading list designed to give them an in-depth understanding of the subject. Enrollment is limited and requires approval of the associate dean for Research and Electives.

AY03 Leadership Electives

EL 6210 Art of Command

2 semester hours

Many AWC students have served as squadron commanders. After graduation, command at the group level and higher will promise even greater challenges than those encountered at the unit level. What skills and attitudes are required to command at group level and above? How do personality, unit mission, situation, and other variables affect command? What can we learn from the lives and careers of previous great commanders? Are the qualities and skills required to be an effective air commander different from those required to be an effective ground or sea commander? What staff agencies are available to assist the commander? This course will address these questions.

EL 6211 Command and Conscience

2 semester hours

The late S. L. A. Marshall contended that "respect for the reign of law, as that term is understood in the U.S., is expected to follow the flag wherever it goes." The main safeguard against lawlessness and hooliganism in any armed body is the integrity of its officers. In a prudent and practical manner, this course will examine a variety of topics of immediate professional concern to the commander. How does today's leader resolve the tension inherent in the occasional clash of command responsibility and ethical imperative? To whom or to what does the leader owe the highest

loyalty—to his superior, the Constitution, or his religious and philosophical judgments? Which has priority—mission or men? If integrity is—as it must be—the heart of the officer corps, it must first be examined before it can be assimilated. This course, then, inquires into the nature of military integrity.

EL 6212 Core Values

2 semester hours

An examination of these fundamental values that have, over the centuries, been the answers to these questions: What is the best way to live? And, what is the best way to lead? The course will survey the permanent things or enduring concepts of righteousness, classical notions of virtue, and eminent ideas of value—to include emphasis on USAF concepts of integrity, service before self, and excellence in all we do. Particular attention will be paid to ethical dilemmas and clashes of ideas about what is good.

EL 6213 Critical and Creative Thinking 2 semester hours

Two of the most important strategic leader competencies are creative thinking and critical thinking. Both these skills are essential and each has a unique place in decision making. Critical thinking will help the strategic leader analyze and deal with the complexity of strategic issues. Creative thinking allows the strategic leader to devise new solutions to problems or create breakthrough ideas. This course will explore each of these concepts in depth, helping the students become better critical and creative thinkers. The course will include extensive reading and case studies in creativity and critical thinking. Additionally, there will be practical exercises and guest speakers.

EL 6215 Leadership Case Studies

2 semester hours

Students will examine actual leadership situations that have confronted senior leaders in today's military. Taken from real life, the case studies review ethical, legal, managerial, organizational, and general leadership dilemmas that may challenge the modern military leader. The course is intended to help prepare students to command large organizations and to address the types of problems they may encounter as senior officers on a joint or service staff. Reading will consist of case studies and appropriate background material. Each student will be required to prepare a one-page introspective paper and a comprehensive case study.

EL 6216 Leadership in the 21st Century 2 semester hours

What is different about the future that leaders must prepare for? This course examines a wide variety of topics to help leaders develop the skills they need to succeed in the future. Lessons cover demographics of followers, trends in society, technology,

innovation, leadership practices in industry, public affairs, leading change, and future organizations. Students will meet face-to-face with leaders serving at the group, wing, and general officer levels.

EL 6227 War for Public Opinion

2 semester hours

This course treats public opinion as a strategic center of gravity. The historical case study approach is used to provide students a foundation of knowledge with which they may evaluate the relationships between the military, the media, propaganda, and national will. Military-media relations from the Revolutionary War through World War I, World War II, and today are examined. Students critically examine the public affairs doctrine, and strategies of today's US military and explore the complications of employing PA as a vital weapon in effects-based operations.

EL 6228 Inside the Heads of Friends and Foes: Cross-Cultural Competencies for Strategic Leaders 2 semester hours

This course is about human behavior. It is anchored in the behavioral sciences, particularly cultural anthropology, and is designed to allow students to see behavior—and the ideas that underlie that behavior—through the filters of other cultures. More specifically, this course is about cross-cultural leadership—about the competencies required to motivate (or compel) others in a peculiar kind of leadership—the kind that generally is required of senior leaders in large, relatively diverse organizations. The basic approach of the course emphasizes in-class discussion of presentations and assigned reading materials. The faculty and other subject matter experts presentations, including panel discussions. The course also requires students to conduct primary social science research and share their findings with the class.

EL 6229 Negotiations

2 semester hours

In addition to team building and consensus decision making, strategic leaders must be skilled in negotiating. This course will teach the basics of negotiations and applicability to strategic leaders. Special emphasis will be placed on treaty negotiations, conflict termination, and arms control. The course will include practical exercises, case studies, and negotiation strategies.

EL 6230 Commander and the Law

2 semester hours

Today's AF commanders and senior supervisors face a plethora of problems in trying to ensure mission success. These include such difficulties as finding money for operational matters, selecting the right quality force management tools to maintain discipline and morale, ensuring that installation operations comply with environ-

mental restrictions, and applying international rules—during peace and war, on land, sea, air, and in space. In order to solve these dilemmas, commanders must be aware of the galaxy of laws, regulations, criminal procedures, and administrative rules that deal with substantive matters, as well as any limitations on the exercise of their command and supervisory authority. This course provides a broad overview of the major legal areas commanders should be aware of and addresses a variety of specific issues in military criminal law, civil law, and international operations law. While this course will cover the entire spectrum of military legal practice, it will focus on legal issues that arise at the group and wing commander level.

EL 6231 Commander and the Media

2 semester hours

Because the mass media continues to have an ever-increasing influence in American society, you, as a senior military or civilian government leader, must have a grasp of today's news business and the interview process. The underlying premise of this course is that DOD stands to benefit from effective communication with its many audiences via the news media. We have two principal goals to achieve: (1) to assist you in better understanding the sometimes difficult relationship between the military and the news media and (2) to develop specific tools and techniques to effectively engage the news media. We will strive to better understand today's news business and break down some of the mystique that often surrounds the news media. At AU Television you will learn a variety of practical methods to control interview situations and get your messages across to the public. Guest media representatives and visits to media outlets, to include CNN in Atlanta, are included in this course.

EL 6232 Executive Speaking

2 semester hours

This elective will be limited to 10 participants who want to become better speakers. It will focus on strategies, techniques, and hints professionals use to speak effectively. Emphasis will be given to (1) building the speech; (2) weaving stories, illustrations, and humor throughout the speech; and (3) both presenting the speech and handling questions from the audience. For the final assignment, the instructor will schedule each participant to present a speech to a local civic club (Rotary, Kiwanis, Lions, etc.). The instructor will accompany the participant to the speaking engagement.

AY03 Strategy and International Security Electives

EL 6412 Air War in the Pacific

2 semester hours

This course covers the development of the air war within the framework of the joint war-fighting effort across the vast expanse of the Pacific Ocean Areas. It begins with Japan's full-scale war of aggression in China in 1937 and continues through the attack on Pearl Harbor to the Trans-Pacific War. The focus of the course will be on the relationship between strategy and airpower in a series of joint theaters of war—the South Pacific, the Southwest Pacific, the Central Pacific, and the North Pacific—with some examination of the China and India–Burma theaters in the war against the Japanese Empire. We will examine the joint command structures, the relationship between carrier and naval land-based air assets, the Army Air Forces' role in this war, and the Japanese side of war to the extent possible. There is a requirement for the student to look at original records in the Air Force Historical Research Agency (AFHRA).

EL 6415 Airpower Theory, Doctrine, and Strategy, 1910–1945

2 semester hours

This course will examine the development of the theories, doctrines, and associated strategies of the employment of airpower in war from the beginning of flight through the formative era and into the nuclear age. We will start with the advent of the airplane, but the focus will be upon the men and ideas that gave rise to the earliest theories about the use of aircraft in warfare. The course thus examines the development of the earliest strategic uses of airpower and moves into the origins and sources of doctrines for the employment of airpower.

EL 6416 Airpower Theory, Doctrine, and Strategy,

1945-Present

2 semester hours

This course studies changes in theory and doctrine from 1945 to the present. It stresses the complex nature of strategic requirements and the strengths and limitations of doctrinal and technological adaptations to change.

EL 6417 American Civil War

2 semester hours

Using the experience of the American Civil War, this course analyzes the relationship between national objectives and the implementation of national and theater military strategy. It highlights the causes of the war; the dynamics of crisis periods; escalation of national objectives; the level, scope, and intensity of violence from limited conflict to total war; and war termination.

EL 6418 Coalition Warfare

2 semester hours

This course examines the history of coalitions and the evolution of coalition warfare during the past three centuries. The course starts with an overview of the importance of coalitions in modern warfare and proceeds to scrutinize several specific coalitions from different eras. These include the Triple Alliance of 1756 (formed to defeat Frederick the Great's Prussia), the numerous coalitions created between 1796 and 1815 to fight Napoléon's France, the Allied and Central Powers' coalitions of the First World War, the Axis Powers' coalition of the Second World War, and the American-led coalition during Operations Desert Shield/Desert Storm. The course concludes with a discussion of effective coalition building for the security of the United States in the twenty-first century.

EL 6424 Billy Mitchell's Air War: Practice, Promise, and Controversy in Military Aviation 2 semester hours

This course broadens students' understanding of the relationship among airmen, technology, and airmindedness in early military aviation. The course also pays particular attention to the formative influence of the Great War in the air on the development of airpower thought in the 1920s. As a result, the course uses aviator memoirs and public writings to examine this period.

EL 6426 Causes of War

2 semester hours

Why do countries wage wars? Does the end of the Cold War end the major power wars? If not, is a major war between China and the United States possible? Why? The purpose of this course is to help you gain a systematic understanding of the causes of war so that you can address these issues in a more informed way.

EL 6428 Intelligence (Classified, US Personnel) 2 semester hours

Intelligence—accurate and timely information about unfolding world events and international concerns or threats—is crucial to the successful conduct of US foreign policy. In the post–Cold War period, the United States may exercise even greater influence in international affairs than it did previously. Yet the dynamics of international relations are more complex and the perception of threats to US interests may be less obvious. While US policy makers will continue to rely on intelligence to make judgments and decisions, the role of intelligence—with its need for secrecy and occasionally extra-legal activities—presents many dilemmas for a democratic society.

EL 6431 Security in the Americas

2 semester hours

This course focuses upon the post–Cold War security environment in the Americas and will explore the security challenges with which regional authorities are now grappling. Regional and subregional concerns and perspectives will be addressed. Specific issues to be examined include regional and subregional security architecture and proposals for change, narco-terrorism and narco-trafficking, insurgency, border tensions, crime, combined operations, confidence-building measures, peacekeeping, methods of conflict resolution, and mil-to-mil relations.

EL 6436 International Organizations and

Peacekeeping Operations 2 semester hours NATO, spearheaded by USAF, stopped Serbian forces from ethnically cleansing 1.8 million Kosovo Albanians. Could international organizations (IO), such as NATO or the UN, have stopped the genocidal killing of 800,000 Rwandans in 1994? In this course, you will examine the role of IOs, particularly as guarantors of peace and security, and come to understand what they can and cannot do. US armed forces have acted often within the framework of IOs (within NATO in Kosovo and Bosnia and the UN in Macedonia and Haiti), or with the endorsement of IOs (the UN in Operation Desert Storm). Thus, a strategic military thinker must be cognizant of IOs and their functions. The course starts with the UN and recent cases of peacekeeping. It moves to regional organizations, including NATO and the European Union. Finally, we deal with international nongovernmental organizations (NGO) and their role in the prevention and resolution of conflict and relations with military peacekeepers.

EL 6437 Sun Tzu: Unconventional Strategic Thought

2 semester hours

This seminar will examine strategic thinking primarily through the examination of several major works of classical Chinese strategy known collectively as "The Seven Military Classics of Ancient China." Special attention will be given to the one of these works best known in the West, Sun Tzu's *Art of War*. We are neither experts on China nor should we expect to become experts on traditional Chinese strategic thought through one elective. The purpose of the seminar is to examine an approach to strategic thinking primarily through reading and discussing classical Chinese writings that is unfamiliar, difficult, and—ultimately, evocative of new, creative, and distinctive strategic thinking.

EL 6447 Strategy and Technology EL 6448 Strategy and Technology II

2 semester hours

Enrollment in this course is by instructor permission. This is a two-term seminar with the first part focusing broadly on readings and discussions of strategy, technology, and national policy. The second term consists of a research seminar devoted to research. writing, and defense of the student papers. Designed to support research and publication on strategy, technology, and national policy, this seminar is supported by the Center for Strategy and Technology (CSAT) at AWC. The intent of this seminar is to fit between strategy and technology in national policy decisions. In Term I, we will employ a variety of methodologies in investigating strategy and technology: guest lecturers, field trips, individual study, research, and seminar discussions, all of which are designed to generate topics for further study. The deliverables for Term I are a research proposal to include a problem statement, research design, bibliography, and a draft paper. Individual TDYs may be arranged as a part of your research. Some papers will be published by CSAT, while others will be published in other venues.

EL 6453 Technology and the History of Warfare 2 semester hours

Since technological breakthroughs affect war fighting in both operational and doctrinal ways, understanding and coping with those effects is a daunting task and has often confounded warriors. This course examines, in an analytic framework, the approaches championed by I. B. Holley and Eugene Emme that have emerged from the study of these effects. Holley argues that every technological change affects either offense or defense and that an analysis of those effects can lead to a viable synthesis. Emme, however, argues that the multifaceted technology of the postindustrial age has befuddled the line between peace and war, thus making tasks of peacekeeping and war so difficult to discern that any synthesis is nearly impossible.

EL 6454 Technology in World War I

2 semester hours

World War I illustrates how weapons improvements overwhelmed military intellectual comprehension and seriously retarded doctrinal acceptance. We rely on Michael Howard and Martin van Creveld to invigorate our analyses into a viable synthesis. Howard described war as mass, firepower, and shock, and said we must determine which of those three was most affected by technology in World War I. Van Creveld described warfare as being composed of initiation, escalation, and termination. He said the effects of technology in World War I have to be analyzed in that light.

EL 6461 Vietnam War 1945-1975

2 semester hours

This course addresses the causes, character, and consequences of the Vietnam War. It focuses on both the foreign policy context of US intervention in Vietnam and the conduct of US military and other operations during the war. The course is organized into three sections: (1) an overview of the war and its associated issues; (2) a study of the foundations of post–World War II US foreign policy—and domestic political considerations—that propelled the United States into the Vietnam War; and (3) an assessment of America's conduct of the war and the reasons for its defeat.

EL 6472 International Security and

Nuclear Issues

2 semester hours

This elective is a policy-level course addressing a broad spectrum of related issues. Is traditional arms control dead? Is nuclear deterrence irrelevant? The course reexamines the nuclear threat in three phases: (1) a brief historical foundation—process of arriving at our current nuclear policy; (2) technologies of nuclear proliferation and programs the United States is undertaking to prevent it; and (3) future plans and how to achieve them. Discussions focus on current issues and challenges facing policy makers today: how low to go, how to pursue future reductions, the impact of policy decisions like national missile defense, and the implications of these issues on our strategy, force structure, and allies. Many of the guest discussion leaders currently participate in the US government decision process.

EL 6474 Korean War

2 semester hours

This course assesses the Korean War at the strategic level, focusing on the major political and military decisions made by the United States. USSR. and China-most of which were miscalculations based on cultural incomprehension and failure to appreciate the others' strategic and domestic political imperatives. The Korean War is approached as a case study in the instability of war aims, the difficulties in crafting exit strategies, cultural strategic and operational effectiveness. barriers to inseparability of domestic politics and use-of-force decision making, and the inherent tension between regional and global perspectives on strategy.

EL 6475 Gulf War

2 semester hours

This course examines the 1990–91 Persian Gulf crisis in its political, diplomatic, and military whole. It emphasizes evolution of US security interests in the Gulf, the character of Saddam Hussein's Iraq, the international and domestic considerations surrounding the decision to forcibly overturn Iraq's invasion of

Kuwait, conduct of coalition military operations, and problems of war termination.

EL 6476 Visual Media: Propaganda and Strategic Image

2 semester hours

This course will provide the students an overview of military image trends in American cinema and television from the early twentieth century to the present. Students will acquire a keen understanding of how image perceptions and realities influence public opinion, both for and against the military. They will learn how changes in political and social climates are reflected—or not reflected—by cinema and television and how those same reflections can foster changes in how the American military conducts itself. Finally, they will understand how cinema and television shape the public image of the US military and influence military strategy and doctrine.

EL 6477 Causes of Catastrophic Military Failure 2 semester hours

This course examines the many factors that may produce catastrophic failure directly or indirectly. It identifies several kinds of major failures on the part of military institutions that may produce defeat, and the process by which a potentially minor defeat becomes a major catastrophe. It also examines the role of surprise in victory and defeat. Students look at eight case studies from the First World War to the Gulf War, write a paper examining a failed campaign, and critique another student's paper.

EL 6478 Survey of the Caucasus and Central Asia

2 semester hours

This course provides an opportunity to evaluate the background and current situation in a region straddling the area of operations for two unified commands where a variety of national security policies come into play. History, culture, and economics define the context in which current issues and the war on terrorism are debated. The course introduces you to the history of this region from the Mongol period to today and highlights current issues that have direct implications for American security strategies.

EL 6479 Introduction to Islamic Thought 2 semester hours

This course is comprised of three distinct areas designed to introduce Islamic thought to nonspecialists. First, an overview of the fundamental aspects of Islamic culture—Mohammed, the Koran, Hadith, and Islamic civilization—will be provided. Second, the challenges to Islamic cultures and thought posed by the rise of the West and the emergence of modern states will be addressed. Finally, the course will examine the response to those challenges in the form of political Islam and Islamic extremism.

EL 6480 U.S. Grand Strategy

2 semester hours

As the United States enters the twenty-first century, how should it use the resources at its disposal to preserve and enhance its long-term interests? What should America's grand strategy be and how should that strategy translate into concrete decisions? This course looks at the different ways the United States has conceived of and implemented its grand strategic designs since it emerged as a world power at the start of the twentieth century. The purpose of this course is not to analyze the process by which American foreign policy is formed but to instead critically examine the fundamental ideas that have underpinned America's attempts to make itself more secure in order to better understand what the United States' grand strategy should be today and how it should be implemented.

EL 6481 European Security

2 semester hours

This course analyzes US security interests and policy in regard to Europe from the Atlantic to the Urals and how those are affected by political, economic, social, and military trends across the Continent. Specific topics include: the role of European countries and institutions in the War on Terrorism, the evolution and enlargement of NATO, the enlargement and deepening of integration within the European Union, the impacts of a common currency and efforts to construct a European Security and Defense Policy, violence and intervention in the former Yugoslavia, and problems and potential for partnership with Russia.

EL 6482 Emerging Southeast Asia

2 semester hours

This course examines the evolving relationship between the United States and Southeast Asia, considers the area's contemporary political, social, security, and economic issues and surveys past US military involvement in the region.

EL 6483 Leadership in World War I

2 semester hours

Few conflicts offer as much apparent leadership failure as does World War I. To analyze this failure from the biographies and autobiographies of the participants is most useful to the current senior leader. Because much rich material is available, we have limited our study to the most relevant pieces of work.

EL 6484 Senior Leadership: A Historical Approach to USAF Commanders 2 semester hours

This class introduces students to a representative sample of USAF leaders through military biography. Students will read small biographies of four, five, or six air-arm leaders from the 1920s to the 1960s. Applying different theories of leadership to each biography, students will discuss how and why different leaders were successful. A goal of this course is to help students examine their own leadership skills and apply them in today's environment.

AY03 Warfighting Electives

EL 6510 Cultures of Violence

2 semester hours

This elective will address the issues relating to societies in which violence appears to be endemic. Using examples from such diverse environments as El Salvador, Jamaica, Yemen, East Africa, and West Africa, we will study how groups such as the cattle raiders of Karimojong and the "gangsta warriors" of Liberia and Sierra Leone turn into chronically violent entities. We will also analyze the impact that weaponization had upon these groups, with particular emphasis on how light weapons proliferation helped to encourage the creation of "Kalashnikov cultures."

EL 6513 Air Mobility

2 semester hours

This elective provides students a better understanding of the current and evolving capabilities of air mobility and the critical role it plays and will continue to play during peace, war, and operations other than war. During the course, class members will draw from historical references, student presentations, classroom discussion, and guest speakers to gain a better understanding of how mobility resources and capabilities evolved, future directions in air mobility, and the resultant impact on our current and future national security and military strategies.

EL 6516 History of Joint Warfare

2 semester hours

The employment of joint warfare has been a challenge to US armed forces throughout the military history of this country. This course examines historical examples of joint operations in an effort to provide an understanding of the advantages and disadvantages of employing more than one service in a military operation. An evaluation of joint operations conducted throughout the military history of this country will be used as the method of inquiry.

EL 6517 Command & Control of Aerospace Power: Warfighter's Perspective

(Classified, US Personnel) 2 semester hours

Enrollment in this course is by instructor permission. This is an advanced course specifically targeted towards those who may be given the opportunity to command in an air operations center (AOC), its sister-service equivalent, or to integrate their units' efforts in the application of aerospace power. Its content will, by its nature, complement the JLASS electives. Initially, the student will be challenged with analyzing the requirements for the proper development of future aerospace leaders. The bulk of the course will then analyze and synthesize the critical elements in the command and control of aerospace power, planning, execution, assessment, and identification as well as surmounting obstacles while preparing for future challenges. The course will include a field trip to observe either a Blue Flag or Fleetex, or both, from the perspective of the command and control of aerospace power. A blue ribbon panel of retired general officers whose expertise is in command and control and the application of aerospace power will mentor students in this course. Nominations of students for this elective will be taken from the seminar directors.

EL 6518 JFACC Introduction

2 semester hours

This course is designed as a base-level introduction of past, current, and future issues concerning the JFACC. It is specifically intended for operators who may be assigned to a JFACC or Joint Air Operations Center (JAOC) staff. This course addresses the roles, operations, command relationships, and responsibilities of the JFACC in support of a joint force commander (JFC). It is not intended for experienced JFACC or JAOC staff officers.

EL 6519 JLASS-I (Classified, US Personnel) EL 6520 JLASS-II (Classified, US Personnel)

2 semester hours

JLASS is a wargame that focuses on the strategic and operational levels. Selected students play the wargame from all of the Senior Service Schools (SSS). AWC plays as the JFACC. In JLASS-I students develop options in response to multiple regional crises and prepare air campaign plans (in coordination with the other SSSs) to support commander in chief (CINC) objectives in the event of a major theater war. JLASS-II is a six-day war-fighting exercise that brings the SSS students together here at Maxwell and allows them to execute their plans in a dynamic environment at the AFWI. JLASS-I, the distributed planning phase, is played in the window of 5 January 2002 through 20 April 2002. JLASS-II, the execution phase, is played in the window of 21–29 April 2002. Scheduling of

instructional periods in the third quarter will be on an ad hoc basis to align with the other SSSs. JLASS-I consists of 30 contact hours over 15 instructional periods. JLASS-II involves 30 hours during the six-day exercise. Enrollment in this course is through seminar director or service chairs only. To get the maximum benefit from this course, the student should enroll in the Air Campaign elective and the JFACC elective.

EL 6523 America's Army

2 semester hours

This course is specifically designed for non-Army students who want to gain greater understanding about the Army. The Army is thoroughly explored, with a strong emphasis on how history and heritage influence current force and doctrine. Students will gain a comprehensive awareness of Army culture and develop an appreciation for what the Army can provide to a regional CINC or joint task force commander. This course will build a solid foundation of knowledge about the Army, including the US Army's force structure and capabilities, doctrine, terminologies, and idiosyncrasies. Students will analyze and evaluate Army doctrine relative to their own service and the joint community. The goal is to ensure students understand what it looks, feels, and smells like to be a soldier. Class culminates with a three-day practical exercise (MAPEX) to validate course classroom instruction.

EL 6524 Space Fundamentals

(Classified, US Personnel)

2 semester hours

This course focuses on the elements of space power, military applications of space systems, distribution of space-based information, and availability of commercial systems. It is primarily oriented toward current systems and those that will be available in the next few years. This course is intended for US students with little or no space background. Background information on space characteristics; limits imposed on use of space; and space organizations, missions, and functions will be provided in readings and in the first few lessons. The remaining lessons will focus on specific types of space systems and how they contribute to war fighting. Each lesson comprises a briefing and a discussion, with guest speakers supplementing the faculty. Students lacking a practical background in space operations should take this course before attempting the Term 2 "Space Issues" elective.

EL 6525 Space Issues

(Classified, US Personnel)

2 semester hours

This elective will explore topical and timely concerns that affect the US military, commercial, civil, and national space systems, including doctrine, laws and treaties, planetary defense, technology transfer, and NMD. Subject matter experts from outside agencies will be used to enhance lessons. Previous experience in space and missiles or successful completion of the "Space Fundamentals" elective is a prerequisite.

EL 6528 Special Operations—Deep & Wide (Classified, US Personnel)

2 semester hours

This course is a follow-on to the SOF basic elective course and is primarily designed for those students with assignments to USSOCOM, its components, or other SOF-related assignments. The course focuses on emerging mission areas such as CP and re IW and recent operations in which SOF have played key roles.

EL 6529 Special Operations—Then & Now (Classified, US Personnel)

2 semester hours

This course provides an understanding of the organization, capabilities, and missions of US Special Operations Forces (SOF) with particular focus on their support to the combatant commanders. It will provide an awareness of the roles of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low-Intensity Conflict and the Joint Staff J-3 Special Operations Division (J-3 SOD). The course analyzes the integration of joint SOF capabilities with conventional forces and takes a brief look at SOF equipment, training, and support. Considerations for mission employment and insights into civil affairs and psychological operations will also be covered.

EL 6532 World Space Issues (IOs Only) 2 semester hours

As a result of Operation Desert Storm, the importance of space force to the war fighters has grown significantly. To ensure the continued success of space forces, the United States must continue to educate our future leaders as well as those international officers who will lead the coalition forces in future conflicts. The main theme of this course will be to examine the basics of space operations: policies, law, and doctrine—and the capabilities and limitations of current space forces. Existing issues associated with the use of space forces will be identified throughout the course.

EL 6533 International Rivals: Leaders & Strategic Cultures in Potential Adversary States (Classified, US Personnel)

2 semester hours

This course will look at the leaders and strategic cultures of countries and groups of concern to US national security. Addressed will be the political-psychological profiles of the leaders of Iran, Iraq, Libya, Syria, China, Russia, North Korea, and various terrorist or revolutionary organizations like the PKK, Islamic Jihad, Hezbollah, and Osama bin Laden's organization. Who are these leaders and what formed their worldview? What values and ideas do they espouse and how can they be influenced? Who in their regime or group makes what kinds of national security decisions and why? How can they be deterred from war or escalation? What is their military doctrine and what are their military capabilities? How have they used force in the past and what is their relationship to other states in their region and to the United States? What are the internal power divisions within their country, group, or region?

EL 6534 Intelligence Operations

(Classified, US Personnel)

2 semester hours

JV 2020 calls for decision superiority—making and implementing better decisions faster than the adversary can react. Decision superiority is only achieved through the full integration of intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance (ISR) operations into the military campaign. This course addresses ISR as a weapon system for strategic and operational campaign planning and execution: the intelligence mission, organization, activities, and processes; how ISR operations are integrated into aerospace operations; capabilities and limitations of the seven intelligence disciplines; and challenges of meeting the increasing information needs of military commanders, planners, and operators.

EL 6536 International Crime and National

Security

2 semester hours

The National Security Strategy states that transnational threats, such as the illegal drug trade, illicit arms trafficking, and organized crime, threaten US interests and citizens directly and indirectly. The USAF Strategic Plan argues that weakened societies and global interdependence provide fertile ground for expanding international criminal activities. Advanced light weapons and information technologies provide new tools to augment the threats and extend the reach of criminal groups. Criminal activities affect the global security environment through their baneful impact on societies, economic distortions with global repercussions, and increasing potential to destabilize countries.

EL 6537 Navy and Marine Corps Expeditionary Forces

2 semester hours

This course is designed to provide students a comprehensive introduction into Naval Expeditionary Warfare. It will cover current Navy and Marine Corps strategy and doctrine, emphasizing Navy/Marine Corps force planning, forces and capabilities, and military operations. Students will be given comprehensive briefings on US Navy and Marine Corps operations in support of joint strategy, will participate in panel discussions and case studies, and will travel on field trips for hands-on reinforcement of lessons.

EL 6538 NBC Threats & Counter Proliferation Issues (Classified, US Personnel) 2

2 semester hours

This course examines the various nuclear, biological, chemical, and missile (NBC/M) threats to the United States and its allies, as well as the counterproliferation (CP) policies and programs established to prevent or cope with those threats. Taught by the director and associate director of the USAF Counterproliferation Center, this course examines NBC/M capabilities of such states as Iraq, North Korea, Iran, Libya, China, and Russia. It also takes a hard look at the adequacy of policies and programs to prevent, slow down, roll back, or defeat adversaries with NBC/M-armed forces. The course covers a plethora of CP issues, including nonproliferation treaties, verification programs, demilitarization efforts, export controls, deterrence, US grand and theater strategies in a CBW environment, unconventional threats, counterforce issues. active defenses. passive defenses. decontamination. The course features field trips to CP sites, renowned guest speakers, and specialized CP databases/research tools.

EL 6540 Ottoman Strategy and Modern Turkey 2 semester hours

Following a brief survey of the foundation of the Ottoman state, the course looks at the Ottoman grand strategy and the use of military force in trying to solve strategic problems. It then examines the transition of the Ottoman state into the modern Turkish Republic and finishes with a comparison of the role Turkey plays today in managing regional strategic challenges. The readings are aimed at two objectives: (1) to understand strategic thinking from an Ottoman perspective as it relates to a critical geopolitical nexus and (2) to examine the current part Turkey plays at the crossroads of the Balkans, Caucasus, and Middle East. This course provides a strong introduction to any of the Regional Studies trips going to these areas but does not duplicate those in other courses.

EL 6542 Terrorism

2 semester hours

Terrorism is one of the oldest of military tactics and forms of warfare, historical evidence dating it at least to 5000 B.C. The root word for terrorism appears in ancient Greek, Roman, and Sanskrit languages. In more modern times, however, terrorism has become the most frequent form of conflict. In only 30 years, for example, recall the carnage at the 1972 Munich Olympics; the 1983 Beirut truck bomb attack that killed 241 Americans; the 1988 bombing of Pan Am Flight 103 that killed 259 passengers; the 1993 New York World Trade Center bombing that had 1,000 casualties; the 1995 attack on the federal building in Oklahoma City that killed 168 people; the 1996 Saudi Khobar Towers that took the lives of 19 US airmen; the use of chemical weapons in a Tokyo subway that resulted in 12 deaths and 5,500 injured; the 1998 bombing of two US embassies in East Africa, which killed 214 people; the 2000 attack on the USS Cole which killed 17 US sailors; the September 2001 attacks on the World Trade Center and the Pentagon, which killed more than 5,000; and the subsequent Anthrax attacks via the US postal system. This course will examine why terrorism has reerupted; the implications for political, economic, military, cultural, and religious institutions; the increasing lethality of terrorist acts; and the prospects for resort to nuclear, biological, radiological, and chemical weapons. Capabilities and limitations of governmental authorities will be addressed and also what the future may hold for deterring and countering terrorism.

EL 6543 Theaters of Future Conflict

2 semester hours

This unique elective wholeheartedly embraces the process of "thinking outside the box." Throughout the course, students explore the creation, development, and writing of future war scenarios in order to better analyze twenty-first century warfare. Once developed and written, future war scenarios enable military and civilian leaders, planners, analysts, and tacticians the opportunity to examine a broad variety of "what ifs" in future war concepts, strategies, doctrines, tactics, and technologies. Because Air Force and other DOD combat planners describe elements of scenario development in terms of actors, theaters of conflict, and the classic beginning, middle, and end, this innovative course examines scenario creation, development and writing from a professional screenwriter's point of view.

EL 6544 Counterforce Attack Issues: Negating the NBC Threat (Classified, US Personnel) 2 semester hours

This course looks at the counterforce attack issues involving the United States and its allies when confronting adversaries with weapons of mass destruction (WMD) programs. The course will cover current NBC threats, principles of targeting and the target cycle, legal-ethical-political limits in targeting, deeply buried hardened targets, the Scud hunt and mobile TELs, newly emerging agent defeat weapons and earth penetrators, nuclear arms in counterforce targeting, CF tools available to compute outcomes and assess bomb damage, fused intelligence on WMD assets available through the Counterproliferation Analysis and Planning System (CAPS), the pros and cons of preemption in possible future scenarios, and discussion of past counterforce operations (in World War II. several Middle East wars, and Desert Storm). This course is restricted to US citizens with a security clearance. Numerous outstanding speakers from the defense community will be involved. The student will be challenged to think critically and strategically in weighing the application of CF technology in a world where major collateral damage from CF weapons is considered unacceptable and where enemy WMDs pose a horrific threat. Balancing the need to avoid unnecessary civilian casualties while forcibly disarming an NBC-armed enemy is the challenge of the strategic leader.

EL 6545 From Saigon to Ho Chi Minh City:

The Second Indochina War 2 semester hours

This course will survey the Second Indochina War, with a specific emphasis on America's involvement. The review will include US activities in Laos and Cambodia, the so-called secret and shadow conflicts. While a 15-IP course can only begin to trace the outlines of America's Southeast Asian war, we will endeavor to answer some basic and important questions. How did the United States become involved? What were the initial objectives and how and why did these objectives change? Who were some of the major personalities and how did they affect the conduct of the war? What were some of the primary strategies and major battles/engagements? Why and how did the United States extricate itself from the war? What is/should be the US-Vietnam relationship? What are some of the principal lessons/consequences of the war? How does the Indochina War affect today's US decision makers and war fighters?

EL 6546 Future Total Force Issues 2 semester hours

From the initial vantage point of a historical review of the ANG and AFRes, students will engage the compelling issues affecting the Total Force today and beyond 2000. This is not a course on the

rudiments of the Air Reserve components; rather it is a forum for debating strategic issues facing aerospace leaders as the twenty-first century closes in on the Total Forces. Some suggest that we will transition to a militia nation once again. Do you agree? Just exactly what is the right force mix for the active and reserve components? The course will include a sprinkling of outside speakers, two field visits, video teleconferences, with the top leaders of the Air Reserve components, and more. Strategic leaders of tomorrow will influence the makeup of the Total Forces of the next millennium. The course will give you the opportunity to establish multidimensional views on the issues at hand and pave the way for you to influence the Total Force beyond 2000.

EL 6547 Logistics of Waging War: Issues and Answers

2 semester hours

Air and space power is based on high technology weapons and support systems developed and sustained by an industrial base. Today acquisitions and logistics products and services command approximately 70 percent of the annual Air Force Total Obligation Authority (TOA). Consequently, considerable attention is focused on making these processes as efficient as possible to secure adequate funding for force modernization. For future leaders this course creates an awareness of the logistics issues that impact military power. It examines the political, socio-economic, and military dimensions of acquisition and logistics processes from a strategic, macro perspective.

EL 6550 Homeland Security Issues

2 semester hours

The purpose of this course is to look at the threats to the United States homeland and the actors, organizational structures, plans, policies, programs, and resources required to defend the country against such threats. We are now in an era when mass casualty weapons make it possible for single individuals or small groups to inflict the kind of damage on societies that were within the capabilities of countries and governments. So, homeland security or homeland defense is necessary against the terrorist armed with mass casualty capabilities.

Additional Core Courses and Programs

EL 6100 Professional Studies Paper

2 semester hours

The Professional Studies Paper (PSP) is an opportunity for AWC students to engage in a substantial research project during the academic year. Completion of the PSP is a requirement for all AWC students. The PSP involves the conduct of in-depth research to further develop the students' intellectual skills. Students may choose to research and write on a topic of their own interest or they may select a topic from the lists of research interests provided by major commands and other military and civilian organizations. The minimum length of a PSP is 25 pages. With the author's permission, Air University places some papers on the Internet via the AU Web site and provides copies to the Defense Technical Information Center and the Air University and Air Force Academy libraries. The PSP provides students an opportunity to develop the skills of critical analysis and strategic thinking. To that end, the paper has the following objectives:

- 1. To provide students the opportunity to conduct research on a topic of their choice,
- 2. To assist students to conduct thoughtful, logical, and critical research and analysis,
- 3. To share the results of student research, writing, and analysis with key decision makers at the highest levels of command, and
- 4. To assist students, if they desire, in submitting papers for publication in Air Force, sister service, and other professional journals and periodicals.

WG 6550 Solo Challenge

2 semester hours

The culminating event of the year is an eight-day wargame in which students are expected to synthesize and apply the knowledge gained during the academic year in a complex global scenario. Students are confronted with international and US homeland security challenges which must be dealt with through diplomatic, economic and the full range of military operations from humanitarian to full scale war. Scenarios and issues are drawn from Global Engagement and other service Title X wargames. Students play the roles of key decision makers on the National Security Council, the Joint Staff, and regional Combatant Commanders. The game is directed and adjudicated by AWC faculty members and supported by the Air Force Wargaming Institute. Student participation is graded pass/fail.

NSF 6250 National Security Forum

1 semester hour

The National Security Forum (NSF) is an event sponsored by the Secretary of the Air Force and hosted by AWC during the week before graduation. It is the capstone event of AWC's academic year. NSF brings together approximately 130 civilian leaders with diverse backgrounds from locations around the United States to join with the AWC class.

The primary objective of the NSF is a frank and candid exchange of views on national security matters among our invited guests, AWC students, and senior military and civilian leaders. The week is devoted to exploring the many issues that affect the current and future security of our country, focusing heavily on the role of aerospace power as an instrument of national security. The forum's distinguished speakers, seminars, and social functions serve to broaden and solidify the participants' understanding of air and space power and national security issues.

RS 6600 Regional Studies

AWC diploma credit

Future AF leaders must truly understand and embrace the concepts of the Expeditionary Aerospace Force articulated in our current vision statement, America's Air Force: Global Vigilance, Reach, and *Power.* The Expeditionary Aerospace Force is a proactive move away from the cold-war USAF. To meet the challenges of the Expeditionary Aerospace Force, the Regional Studies Course provides each US student the opportunity to evaluate an area of the world where a regional commander in chief must implement the national military strategy in support of US security policy. Understanding this implementation process requires an appreciation of the complex international environment in which it takes place and familiarity with the nations affected by US policies. The Regional Studies Course provides the opportunity for US students to gain unique perspectives by studying and visiting one of 14 regions of the world. During the third term, each student completes 30 classroom hours of focused academic preparation and begins work on a research paper dealing with security in the region. The research paper is completed following a 12-day field study trip to the region. The field study portion allows students to discuss security policy issues with senior political, military, and academic leaders in other nations. Logistic and administrative preparation and travel planning for the field study seminars is accomplished throughout the academic year. A post-trip seminar provides a cross talk and the opportunity to wrap up the course. At the end of the course, students prepare a detailed analytical trip report and continuity book.

IO 6650 International Officer Field Studies AWC diploma credit

This course is structured to enhance the educational and cultural experience of IOs, and to support Department of Defense Informational Program (DODIP) objectives for international military students by assisting AWC international officers in gaining a balanced understanding of US society, institutions, and goals. The course builds on the AWC curriculum by exposing IOs to US military operations, training, organization, equipment, and facilities during six major field studies trips. Trip duration is typically four to 12 days. The Field Studies Program introduces IOs to leadership and management techniques and concepts used in military, government, and industrial environments. It provides the opportunity for IOs to interact with senior-level commanders, managers, and executives within and outside the government.

Distinguished Lecture Program

Commandant and Dean of Academic Affairs invite

AWC diploma credit

approximately 30 distinguished speakers to address the class throughout the academic year. The speakers lecture contemporary national security issues and may, immediately following their presentations, participate in a focus group composed of 18-20 students. The speakers integrate leadership themes or topics and issues with which senior leaders should be familiar. Student preparation is limited to critical listening, questioning the speaker, and active participation in the focus group that follows. The Department of Leadership and Ethics administers this program.

Spouses Program

The AWC Spouses Program is an inclusive term for numerous activities that provide opportunities for spouse participation throughout the resident program academic year. To the greatest extent possible, spouses are included in the academic program at AWC, other programs at AU, and programs provided through the base chapel and the Family Support Center.

Opportunities to participate in the AWC academic program include orientation, academic lectures, and core elective studies (on a spaceavailable basis). Also, a special health and fitness assessment program is offered for spouses—spouses can participate along with the class members to obtain a psychological and physiological health assessment. The goal of the program is to increase personal awareness, provide motivation to make necessary changes in personal lifestyle, and enhance quality of life. Numerous presentations on a wide variety of topics are

offered through the base chaplain's office and at the Family Support Center. AWC spouses are invited and encouraged to attend.

Nonresident Programs

The Air War College Nonresident Program combines our resident program's core curriculum with selected electives and a research paper to create a professional military experience for those senior officers and civilians unable to attend AWC in residence. The mission, objectives, and philosophy of the resident program apply equally to the nonresident program.

The nonresident program can be completed in various ways. Students may complete their requirements in a seminar study group, as independent learners, or some combination of these two. Examinations and writing requirements, as well as course materials, are identical regardless of the completion method. Students may transfer from one study mode to the other.

Seminar study groups are comprised of eight to 20 students who meet weekly beginning in August of each year through June of the following year, completing the course in approximately 10 months. About 900 students participate in a seminar study group at one of 55 locations worldwide.

Independent study is an excellent alternative for those students either not near a seminar study group, or who desire a great deal of flexibility due to a heavy TDY or work schedule. 75 percent of AWC nonresident are independent learners. The average student completes this self-paced program in 18 months.

For enrollment information, contact your base education services officer or visit our Web site at http://www.au.af.mil/au/awc/awc-ns.htm. Inquiries may be addressed to AWC Nonresident Studies Directorate, 325 Chennault Circle, Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6427; commercial phone number (334) 953-6093 or DSN 493-6093.

Air War College Faculty

- Michael E. Slinkard, Col, USAF, Vice Commandant; BA, Wake Forest University; MS, Auburn University.
- Suzanne Logan, Educational Advisor to the Commandant; BS, Midwestern State University; MEd, Texas Tech University; EdD, Texas Tech University.

Air University Advisors

William F. Filter, Col, Army Advisor; BS, United States Military Academy; MS, Florida Institute of Technology.

Earle St Aubin Scarlett, Department of State Advisor; MS, University of London.

Anthony B. Pais, Col, USMC Advisor; BA, Virginia Military Institute; MA, Naval War College.

Sylvia B. Gage, CIA Advisor; BA, Louisiana State University; MA, Northeast Louisiana University.

Kenneth P. Chatelain, Col, AFR Advisor; BA, University of Southwestern Louisiana; MSS, Air University; MS, Louisiana State University.

Craig K. Austad, Capt, USN Advisor; BS, University of Washington; MSS, Air University. David Fidler, Group Captain, Royal Air Force Advisor.

Willie Heinz Kamuf, Lt Col, German Air Force Advisor.

Dean of Academic Affairs

- Stephen O. Fought, Lt Col, USAF, retired, Dean; BS, Georgia Institute of Technology; MS, University of Southern California; PhD, Brown University.
- A.J. Torres, Col, Associate Dean; BS, Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University; MS, George Washington University.
- David S. Sorenson, Professor, Associate Dean of Electives and Research; BA, California State University at Long Beach; MA, California State University at Long Beach; PhD, University of Denver.
- Marsha J. Kwolek, Lt Col, Deputy Dean; BA, University of Iowa; MBA, Golden State University; PhD, University of Georgia.

Dean of Students

- Kent D. Williams, Col, Dean; BA, Angelo State University; MSS, Air University; MA, George Washington University; MA, Webster University.
- Leon Hoffesette, Col, Chief, International Officers Affairs; BA, University of Missouri; MA, California State University Sacramento.

Leadership and Ethics

- Thomas M. Hall, Col, Department Chair; BS, USAF Academy; MS, University of Southern California.
- Michael Gulliot, Col, Deputy Chair; BSBA, University of Louisiana; MBA, University of South Dakota; MA, National Defense University.
- Stefan Eisen, Col; BS, US Air Force Academy; MS, St. Mary's University, San Antonio, Texas; MA, Naval War College.

- Rex Forney Jr., Col; BS, Jacksonville State University; MA, Webster University; MSS, Air University.
- John G Gallagher, Capt; BA, University of North Texas; MS, Naval Postgraduate School. Dan Henk, Associate Professor; BA, The Citadel; MA, University of Florida; PhD, University of Florida.
- Edward Johnson, CAPT: BS, Virginia Military Institute; MSS, Air University.
- Harry LeBoeuf Jr., Col; BS, Louisiana State University; MS, University of Arkansas.
- Catherine Lee, Col; BS, Aeronautics and Astronautics, Purdue University; MS, Astronautical Engineering, AFIT.
- Larry G. Carter, Col (retired), Adjunct Professor; BS, University of Michigan; MBA, Auburn University.
- Andrew W. White, Lt Col (Sel), Adjunct Professor; BA, University of Tennessee; MS, Central Michigan University; EdD, University of Southern California.

Strategy and International Security Studies

- John G. Albert, Col, Department Chair; BS, USAF Academy; MA, Indiana University; D Phil, Oxford University.
- Stephen F. Burgess, Assistant Professor, Deputy Chair; BA, Duke University; MSS, The Hague; Ph D, Michigan State University.
- William Allison, Visiting Professor; BA, Texas A&M University; MA, Texas A&M University; PhD, Bowling Green University.
- Anthony Cain, Lt Col; BS, University of Wisconsin-Madison; MA, Ohio State University; PhD, Ohio State University.
- Ricky Cosby, Col; BS, USAF Academy; MA, National Defense University.
- John Geis, Lt Col; BS, University of Wisconsin-Madison; MSS, Air University.
- Judith Gentleman, Professor; AB, Trinity College; MA, State University of New York at Buffalo; PhD, State University of New York at Buffalo.
- Theodore M. Kluz, Professor; AB, Temple University; AM, Temple University.
- Grant T. Hammond, Professor, Director, CSAT; BA, Harvard University; MA, Johns Hopkins University; PhD, Johns Hopkins University.
- Theodore Hailes, Col (retired), Deputy Director, CSAT; BS, Troy State University; MS, Denison University.
- Christopher M. Hemmer, Assistant Professor; BA, State University of New York at Albany; PhD, Cornell University.
- Howard M. Hensel, Professor; BA, Texas A&M University; MA, University of Virginia; PhD, University of Virginia.
- Daniel J. Hughes, Professor; BA, Wichita State University; MA, University of North Carolina; PhD, University of North Carolina.
- Thomas A. Hughes, Assistant Professor; BA, St John's University; MA, University of Houston; PhD, University of Houston.
- David Lai, Assistant Professor; BA, Guangzhou Institute of Foreign Languages; MA, University of Colorado; PhD, University of Colorado.
- Glenn J. Lamar, Visiting Professor; BA, Auburn University; MA, Auburn University; PhD, Florida State University.
- James Mowbray, Professor; PhB, Montieth College, Wayne State University; MA, Wayne State University; PhD, Duke University.
- Jeffrey Record, Professor; BA, Occidental College; MA, Johns Hopkins University; PhD, Johns Hopkins University.
- Matthew A. Rhodes, Assistant Professor; BA, Lawrence University; MA, University of Wisconsin-Madison; PhD, University of Wisconsin-Madison.
- Thomas C. Skillman, Col; BS, USAF Academy; MS, Houston Baptist University.
- Rae A. Williams, Col; BA, Georgia State University; MA, Embry-Riddle University; MSS, Air University; PhD, Walden University.

James E. Winkates, Professor; BA, Beloit College; MA, University of Virginia; PhD, University of Virginia.

Warfighting

- Thomas J. Danielson, Col, Department Chair; BS, Houghton College; MA, Central Michigan University.
- Timothy N. Castle, Associate Professor, Deputy Chair; BA, Chaminade University; MA, San Diego State University; PhD, University of Hawaii.
- Michael Ainscough, Col; BS, St Louis College; MSS, Air University; MS, Troy State University; MA, Pepperdine University; MD, Southern Illinois University.
- James B. Campbell, Capt; BSS, US Naval Academy.
- Christopher D. Carr, Associate Professor; BA, University of Lancaster; PhD, London School of Economics.
- Karen Currie, Col; BA, Duquesne University; MA, University of Kentucky; MS, Air Force Institute of Technology; PhD, Texas A&M University.
- George Earnhart, Col; BS, USAF Academy; MA, National Defense University.
- Mark Greenwood, Col; MA, University of Northern Colorado.
- Lawrence E. Grinter, Professor; BS, University of Florida; MS, University of North Carolina; PhD, University of North Carolina.
- Michael R. Hickok, Assistant Professor; BA, University of Michigan; MA, University of Michigan; PhD, University of Michigan.
- John D. Jogerst, Col, SOF Chair; BS, USAF Academy; MS, University of Arkansas.
- Olen S. Key, Col; BBA, Memphis State University; MA, Naval War College; MA, Webster University.
- Kenneth P. Knapp, Col; BS, USAF Academy; MS, National Defense University; MS, Air Force Institute of Technology.
- John M. Lanicci, Col; BS, Penn State University; BS, Manhattan College; MS, Penn State University; PhD, Penn State University.
- James G. Lee, Col; BS, New Mexico State University; MA, US Army War College; MA, School of Advanced Air Power Studies; MA, Webster University.
- Donald C. McGraw, Col; BS, United States Military Academy; MSS, Air University; MMAS, US Army Command and General Staff College.
- Michael Ritz, Lt Col; BA, California State University; MA, University of Alabama.
- Barry R. Schneider, Professor, Director, CPC; BS, Purdue University; MA, Purdue University; PhD, Columbia University.
- Gary Servold, Lt Col; BS, Colorado State University; MSS, Air University.
- Roy Y. Sikes, Col; BS, USAF Academy; MS, Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University.
- George J. Stein, Professor; BA, Assumption College; MA, Penn State University; PhD, Indiana University.
- Ben F. Young Jr., Col, ÅMC Chair; BA, Valdosta State College; MA, Central Michigan University.

SCHOOL OF ADVANCED AIRPOWER STUDIES

Col Thomas E. Griffith, Commandant and Dean

Internet Address
http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/saas

Mission: To educate strategists in the art and science of aerospace warfare, thus enhancing the Air Force's capacity to defend the United States through the control and exploitation of air and space.

A revolution in AF PME began in the late 1970s. As it continued in the 1980s, the revolution led Air Force chief of staff Gen Larry D. Welch to charter a new graduate school, the School of Advanced Airpower Studies (SAAS), at AU in 1988. Beginning with the graduation of the first class, SAAS has produced many of USAF's most influential and innovative airpower strategists and leaders. The first class convened in the summer of 1991 and graduated in June 1992.

SAAS is an 11-month, follow-on school for selected graduates of intermediate-level DOD PME schools. SAAS creates warrior-scholars who have a superior ability to develop, evaluate, and employ airpower. Upon completion of all requirements and with faculty recommendation, graduates receive a master of airpower art and science degree.

SAAS faculty members hold a doctorate or equivalent in their fields of academic expertise. The breadth, depth, and diversity of their expertise are enhanced by the fact that the SAAS faculty is about equally split between field grade or higher officers and civilian scholars.

Resident Curriculum

The SAAS curriculum is designed to accomplish two major objectives:

- 1. Enhance the student's ability to *think critically* about airpower and warfare resulting from
 - a. a thorough evaluation of military and airpower theories, and
 - b. a thorough evaluation of the reality of the airpower experience, and resulting in
 - c. a reasoned synthesis of theory and experience the articulation of which informs the question of how modern airpower can best be applied across the spectrum of conflict.

- 2. Enhance the student's ability to *argue effectively and responsibly* about airpower using evidence and logic resulting from
 - a. experience introducing and defending propositions in a graduate colloquium environment,
 - b. experience composing interpretive arguments in prose that meets accepted publication standards, and
 - c. experience reducing complex formal arguments to comprehensible briefings.

The primary instructional forum is the graduate colloquium which facilitates maximum interaction between students and the expert faculty.

Graduation and Degree Requirements

To graduate, a student must

- 1. achieve a weighted grade point average for all letter-graded courses of 3.0 or higher;
- 2. achieve a "pass" grade for all courses graded "pass/fail";
- 3. prepare a thesis based on research in original source materials that meets generally accepted standards of research, analysis, and expression at the master's degree level; and
- 4. successfully complete an oral comprehensive examination conducted by a faculty board.

Duration and Quota

The SAAS curriculum is an intensive 48-week program. Class size is limited to 25 AF officers plus one Army officer and an officer representing the sea services.

Admission Requirements and Procedures

Admission to SAAS is highly competitive. Those wishing to be admitted must formally apply while attending an intermediate service school in residence. The application process includes a requirement to write an essay on a subject selected by the dean. Applicants must either already have a master's degree from an accredited institution or a bachelor's degree with an overall grade point average of 2.75 or higher on a 4.0 point scale. AFIT verifies all academic qualifications. A central selection board convened at the Air Force Personnel Center (AFPC) makes the final admission selections among qualified applicants.

Curriculum Summary

(Not listed in order of presentation)

	Quarter
Course Title	Hours
SAAS 600, Foundations of Military Theory	6
SAAS 601, Decision-Making: A Primer for Strategists	6
SAAS 626, The History of Aerospace Power	9
SAAS 631, The Evolution of Airpower Theory	3
SAAS 632, Strategic Airpower and National Security	6
SAAS 641, Small Wars: Airpower Against Insurgents	
and Terrorists	3
SAAS 643, Joint Wargame	1
SAAS 660, Technology and Military Innovation	3
SAAS 665, Space and Information Power	3
SAAS 670, Innovation, Policy, and Future Security	3
SAAS 680, Formulating Airpower Theory	3
SAAS 690, Thesis	10
SAAS 699, Comprehensive Examination	1
TOTAL	57

SAAS 600, Foundations of Military Theory

6 quarter hours

This course analyzes the writings of military theorists who significantly influenced thought about the art and science of war. Through this analysis, students gain a broad background in the development of military thought and develop critical thinking skills as they test theoretical propositions against the criteria of logic and evidence.

SAAS 601, Decision-Making: A Primer for Strategists

6 quarter hours

A foundation "tools" course that provides a background and understanding of decision-making theories. These tools allow the student to better analyze airpower theories, ideas, issues, and concepts. Defense planning issues are discussed to illustrate decision-making challenges and issues pertinent to future airpower strategists.

SAAS 626, The History of Aerospace Power

9 quarter hours

This extensive course examines the historical development of aerospace power in terms of organizations, technology, doctrine, and application. It provides the experiential database required for students to evaluate the theories presented in SAAS 631 and to develop their personal theory of aerospace power in SAAS 680.

SAAS 631, The Evolution of Airpower Theory 3 quarter hours

This course analyzes the development of airpower theory through the writings of the great theorists including Douhet, Trenchard, Mitchell, de Seversky, Slessor, the ACTS faculty, and Warden.

SAAS 632, Strategic Airpower and

National Security

6 quarter hours

This course analyzes modern theory and contemporary thought regarding strategic deterrence and coercion; crisis stability; strategic nuclear offense, defense, and proliferation; conventional strategic air attack; force projection; and the adaptation of US grand strategy to changes in the international distribution of power, focusing on the use of airpower to pursue and support these national security objectives.

SAAS 641, Small Wars: Airpower Against Insurgents and

Terrorists 3 quarter hours

This course, using a definition of small wars popular before World War II, examines the use of airpower in nonstate warfare with a particular emphasis on revolutionary and counterrevolutionary insurgent warfare.

SAAS 643, Joint Wargame

1 quarter hour

This wargame, conducted in conjunction with the Advanced Studies Group schools of the sister services, provides the opportunity for students to synthesize the curriculum and experiment with their ideas about the application of airpower.

SAAS 660, Technology and Military Innovation 3 quarter hours

This course focuses on the history of technological development and its impact on innovation in military affairs.

SAAS 665, Space and Information Power 3 quarter hours

This course examines the development of military space and information operations, organizations, strategy, and the contentious issues surrounding space and information operations in modern warfare.

SAAS 670, Innovation, Policy, and Future Security 3 quarter hours This course focuses on the nexus of technological innovation and defense policy and then examines topical areas of current and potential US defense concerns.

SAAS 680, Formulating Airpower Theory

3 quarter hours

This course helps students comprehend the entire SAAS curriculum. Colloquia throughout the academic year summarize and synthesize the various courses. Late in the school year, instruction focuses on developing a personal theory of airpower. Students must defend their theory during their comprehensive examination (SAAS 699).

SAAS 690, Thesis

10 quarter hours

The students develop and present to the faculty a research proposal. Once their proposal is approved, the students, with the advice and assistance of a faculty research advisor, prepare a 40- to 60-page thesis based on primary sources. In writing their theses, the students must demonstrate sound scholarship and conform to generally accepted stylistic and methodological canons.

SAAS 699, Comprehensive Examination

1 quarter hour

A two-hour oral examination by a board of three SAAS faculty members designed to determine if the student has satisfactorily synthesized the entire SAAS curriculum. Inquiry into a student's personal theory of airpower developed in SAAS 680 is often a prominent feature of the examination.

Degree-Granting Authority and Accreditation

Public Law 103-337, passed by the Congress of the United States on 5 October 1994, authorized SAAS to confer the degree "Master of Airpower Art and Science" upon graduates who fulfill the requirements for the degree.

SAAS is accredited by the Commission of Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools (1866 Southern Lane, Decatur, GA 30033-4097, telephone number [404] 679-4501) to award a master's degree.

School of Advanced Aerospace Studies Faculty

- Thomas E. Griffith Jr., Col; Commandant and Dean; BS, USAFA; MA, University of Alabama; MAAS, SAAS; PhD, University of North Carolina.
- Dennis M. Drew, Professor; Vice Commandant, Associate Dean; Professor of Military Strategy, Theory and Doctrine; BA, Willamette University; MS, University of Wyoming; MA, University of Alabama.
- Richard Andres, Assistant Professor; Professor of Comparative Military Studies; BA, Fresno-Pacific University; MA and PhD, University of California, Davis.
- James S. Corum, Associate Professor; Professor of Comparative Military Studies; BA, Gonzaga University; MA, Brown University; MLITT, Oxford University; PhD, Queen's University (Canada).
- Everett C. Dolman, Assistant Professor; Professor of Comparative Military Studies; BA, Montana State University; MA and PhD, University of Pennsylvania.
- Thomas Ehrhard, Col; Assistant Professor; Professor of Strategy and Policy; BS, USAFA; MA, California State University; MAAS, SAAS; PhD, Johns Hopkins SAIS.
- David R. Mets, Professor; Professor of Technology and Innovation; BS, USNA; MA, Columbia University; MS, Troy State University; PhD, University of Denver.
- Forrest E. Morgan, Lt Col; Assistant Professor; Professor of Comparative Military Studies; BS, University of Maryland; MA, Webster University; MAAS, SAAS; PhD, University of Maryland.
- John G. Terino, Lt Col; Assistant Professor; Professor of the History of Technology; BA, MA, and PhD, University of Pennsylvania.
- Edward B Westermann, Assistant Professor; Professor of Military History and Theory; BS, USAFA; MA, Florida State University, MAAS, SAAS; PhD, University of North Carolina.
- Harold R. Winton, Professor; Professor of Military History and Theory; BS, USMA; MA and PhD, Stanford University.

AIR COMMAND AND STAFF COLLEGE

Col (BG select) Ronald R. Ladnier, Commandant Col Stephen C. German, Vice Commandant

Internet Address
http://www.acsc.maxwell.af.mil/

Mission: A world-class team educating midcareer officers to lead in developing, employing, commanding, and supporting air and space power across the spectrum of service, joint, and combined operations.

Air Command and Staff College, the Air Force's intermediate professional military education (PME) school, prepares field grade officers of all services (primarily majors and major selects), international officers, and US civilians to assume positions of higher responsibility within the military and other government arenas. Geared toward teaching the skills necessary to conduct air and space operations in support of a joint campaign, ACSC focuses on shaping and molding tomorrow's leaders and commanders. The college's academic environment stimulates and encourages free expression of ideas as well as independent, analytical, and creative thinking.

ACSC traces its roots to the Air Corps Tactical School (ACTS) located at Maxwell Field from 1931 to 1942. After World War II, as the independent Air Force was formed, grew, and developed, the requirements and expectations of the school evolved to fulfill the service's educational needs. The vision of pre–World War II leaders has withstood the test of time. Although six decades have passed since the founding of ACTS, the present 10-month curriculum still focuses on expanding understanding of air and space power and on the growth of midcareer officers. In 1962 the school became known by its current name, Air Command and Staff College.

During academic year (AY) 1994, ACSC undertook the most significant change to its educational program since the school's inception. The school transitioned from a traditional lecture-based program to a seminar-centered environment with an integrated curriculum geared to problem solving across the continuum from peace to war. In AY 1999, ACSC began efforts to align its curriculum under the AU commander's Strategic Guidance for the Continuum of Education. The ACSC program now functions as a portion of a comprehensive and integrated career-long PME program.

Goals: The ACSC curriculum challenges students to think critically and use many of the analytical and practical tools they will need to serve as

leaders charged with the nation's defense. ACSC graduates are educated in the profession of arms and are well prepared to articulate the air and space perspective to support joint campaigns. The ACSC curriculum

- facilitates the air and space minded thinking of students,
- develops and enhances abilities for higher-level command and staff responsibilities,
- enhances students' abilities to think critically about operational air and space concepts in a dynamic international environment,
- broadens students' understanding of the nature of conflict and current and future threats to the United States and its allies, and
- develops and enhances students' abilities to plan and execute the joint campaign planning process and air and space operations to support the joint force commander.

ACSC's three deans—education and curriculum, students and support, and distance learning-provide academic leadership to the school's faculty and student body. The dean of education and curriculum, assisted by the vice dean for academic affairs and vice dean for operations, coordinates the integration of the final curriculum content and directs the planning and implementation of the academic programs of four curriculum departments: International Security and Military Warfare Studies: Leadership, Command. Studies: Joint Communication Studies; and Joint Education. The dean of distance learning is responsible for planning, organizing, and delivering the nonresident program of instruction through the departments of curriculum and operations. The dean of students and support coordinates student activities and is responsible for student services. The dean and the commander and staff of the 21st Student Squadron are responsible for the health, morale, and welfare of 600 resident students and their families.

Resident Program

The primary form of instruction in the resident curriculum is seminars held in specially designed rooms featuring closed-circuit television, an array of multimedia equipment, and student access to a school-wide computer network and the Internet. Students are issued more than 80 books to expand their professional capabilities and a personal laptop computer to use to keep track of the academic schedules, on-line reading assignments, and for use in examinations throughout the academic year.

Duration and Quota

The resident program consists of 10 months of instruction. Approximately 500 officers from the USAF, Army, Navy, and Marine Corps; 80 international officers; and 20 civilian employees of selected agencies of the federal government attend this course.

Prerequisites and Selection

Air Force candidates to attend ACSC are selected in conjunction with O-4 promotion boards. A central PME selection board, with major command input, selects the actual ACSC class from these candidates based on their demonstrated potential for assignment to key field grade command and staff positions. Majors, major selects (or equivalent rank), GS-12, and GS-13 government civilians are eligible to attend ACSC. Reference AFI 36-2301, *Professional Military Education* and the ETCA Web site at (http://etca.keesler.af.mil/), for additional information.

Master's Degree Admission Requirements and Procedures

In 1999 Congress granted the AU commander the authority to confer the master of military operational art and science degree upon graduates of ACSC who fulfill the requirements for that degree. To be admitted to the master's degree program, an individual must be selected to attend the ACSC resident program and hold a qualifying undergraduate degree. The undergraduate degree requirement is for the degree program and is in addition to admission to the college. Students not having a baccalaureate degree will be allowed to attend ACSC and may, upon completion, receive the ACSC diploma but will not be awarded the master's degree.

The AU Registrar verifies degree status for all AF officers to include Guard and Reserve officers. *US applicants other than USAF officers must submit, to the AU Registrar, copies of their official undergraduate transcripts from all institutions of higher learning.*

International officers interested in pursuing the master's degree must submit the following information to the AU Registrar to assess eligibility:

1. Official score sheet of the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL). The TOEFL is not required for international officers from countries where the official language is English. The TOEFL is also not required for international officers who have completed a degree in the United States during the past three

years. The minimum acceptable score for *unconditional* admission to the master's degree program is 540 for the paper-based test (207 for computer-based test). The minimum acceptable score for *conditional* admission is 500 for the paper-based test (173 for computer-based test). When taking the TOEFL, enter *9069* for AU as the institution code. Students admitted conditionally must retake the TOEFL after beginning ACSC classes. A faculty committee must evaluate the academic progress of any students who do not achieve the minimum acceptable score for unconditional admission on the retest to determine whether or not they will be allowed to continue in the degree program.

- 2. Official transcripts (academic records) of previous degrees with certified English translations. Diplomas alone are not sufficient but should be included with academic records.
- 3. A document-by-document evaluation of the academic records by an independent foreign credentials evaluation service that is a member of the National Association of Credential Evaluation Services (NACES) or the National Association of Foreign Student Affairs: Association of International Educators (NAFSA:AIE) to determine if the records are equivalent to a US four-year bachelor's degree. Applications for this evaluation will be available from the AU Registrar during in-processing at the International Officer School (IOS). When requesting the document-by-document evaluation, the purpose for evaluation should be stated as: for "further education" or "admissions requirement for master's degree program." A copy of the evaluation must be mailed to the AU Registrar.

It is the responsibility of each individual to pay for costs associated with the TOEFL and credential evaluation requirement. Both the bachelor's-level equivalency and minimum score on the TOEFL must be met to be eligible for entry into the master's program. The undergraduate degree and English proficiency requirements are necessary for the degree program and are in addition to the requirements for admission to the college. Students not having a baccalaureate degree or making the minimum TOEFL score will be allowed to attend ACSC and will, upon graduation, receive the ACSC diploma but will not be awarded the master's degree.

Minimum Grade Point Average. Students must complete the 32-semester-hour ACSC resident program with an overall grade point average of 3.00 on a 4.00 scale to earn award of the master's degree.

Resident Curriculum

OC 5500, Orientation Program

noncredit

The orientation program provides an overview of the ACSC Program for Joint Education; USAF educational learning theory, policies, curriculum, and research; and the principles students will encounter throughout the academic year. The program includes an introduction to small group dynamics, communication skills, available technology, research requirements, student responsibilities, and available services to enhance learning.

LC 5500, The Military Leader: Foundations 2 semester hours

The Leadership, Command, and Communications Studies Program enhances students' understanding and application of leadership, critical thinking, and communication skills as they personalize their approach to leadership and command. This course establishes a solid foundation for leadership studies and introduces effective writing and critical thinking concepts and principles that will be used throughout the school.

LD 5500, The Military Leader: Continuity, Change, and Challenges 4

4 semester hours

The leadership, Command, and Communications Studies Program enhances students' understanding and application of leadership, critical thinking, and communication skills as they personalize their approach to leadership and command. This course addresses both historical and contemporary leadership challenges, and provides structured opportunities for students to exercise leadership and communication skills.

LE 5500, Leadership in the Military

Environment

2 semester hours

The Leadership, Command, and Communications Studies Program enhances students' understanding and application of leadership critical thinking, and communication skills as they personalize their approach to leadership and command. This course highlights responsibilities, opportunities, and resources available to all military leaders.

NS 5500, National and International Security Studies

3 semester hours

The National and International Security Studies course provides a foundation for understanding the complex and dynamic national and international security environment in which military operations take place. The course introduces students to the international system and identifies major structures, patterns, actors, and regions. Worldview perspectives are offered as tools to help analyze the strategic environment. The course explores US national security, focusing on key actors and their roles in the process of formulating US national security strategy and related military strategy. Students also consider how to effectively coordinate all the instruments of power to support US national security interests and are given the opportunity to assess current national and international security issues.

NW 5500, Nature of War

3 semester hours

The Nature of War course analyzes certain key aspects of the nature of war. The course explores the causes of war and the ethics of war—both the morality of war and its conduct. The course examines several types and theories of war, including total, limited, revolutionary, and wars of religion. The course also examines Western, American, and Chinese perspectives on war. Students explore the problems and challenges concerning war termination, conflict resolution, and the future face of war.

AP 5500, Airpower Studies

3 semester hours

The Airpower Studies course surveys military history to identify significant contributions to the body of war theory. Students reflect on the command of air and space power, and specifically examine the development of airpower technology, theory, and doctrine, so as to determine what airpower adds to man's quest for effectiveness in war. Students examine airpower's contributions in terms of evolving air and space power doctrine and theory, the principles of war, and the campaign planning process.

AO 5500, Air and Space Operations

4 semester hours

The Air and Space Operations course equips students to produce credible and innovative air and space power solutions to operational-level problems across the spectrum of conflict by critically examining the current and near-future capabilities of air and space forces and their application at the operational level of war. The course examines the tenets and core competencies of air and space power, air and space strategies, and the impact of doctrine and contextual factors of air and space strategies. The course presents a process for planning joint air and space operations in a crisis action setting as a tool for synthesizing the course concepts to develop an air and space component course of action.

JF 5500, Joint Force Employment

3 semester hours

The Joint Force Employment course thoroughly examines each of the military services' capabilities, functions, and doctrine; how these

forces are provided to the joint force commander; and how these forces may best be employed to achieve synergy and unity of effort. This course develops a foundational understanding of US military capabilities and functions that a joint force commander tailors and utilizes to accomplish his mission. This course enhances students' understanding of why the United States is postured and equipped to operate and fight the way it does.

JP 5500, Joint Campaign Planning 4 semester hours

The Joint Campaign Planning course provides students the critical understanding of national-level decision-making and planning processes they will need as future planners and leaders of joint and multinational forces. The course presents the foundation of national security policy, examines the basis for joint warfighting, provides an application-level study of deliberate, and crisis action planning. The course covers doctrinal definitions of the deliberate and crisis action planning processes, an overview of the factors that go into the operational art of campaign planning (for example, key requirements such as centers of gravity and conflict termination), and provides students an opportunity to build a deliberate plan.

AE 5500, Air and Space Exercise

1 semester hour

The Air and Space Exercise is a wargame-based course that allows students to participate in the centralized control of air and space power. The exercise places students in a joint air operations center (JAOC) during a major air and space contingency. The students perform the functions required of staff officers in JAOC divisions in order to plan and execute an air warfare plan. The exercise reinforces the doctrinal principles studied in other courses during the academic year.

GE 5500, Gathering of Eagles

noncredit

The Gathering of Eagles (GOE) is a unique ACSC program that stimulates the study of air and space history. Numerous historically significant air and space figures have participated in this program. While at ACSC the "Eagles" spend time with students and participate in teaching interviews. These interviews allow the students to better understand their heritage and learn lessons about air and space leadership from those who shaped it. GOE activities conclude with a special presentation at the graduation ball. Research conducted by students in EL 5690, Gathering of Eagles, forms the basis for the content of this course.

DR 5800, Research Education

3 semester hours

Students must complete either the DR 5800, Research Education, *or* one of the EL 5600 series, Electives, options. The ACSC Research

Education Program is designed to complement the core curriculum and create research opportunities that promote professional development, innovation, and critical thinking. The Research Program provides students the opportunity to develop their ability to define an issue succinctly; to conduct thoughtful, logical, and critical research and analysis; and elicit from students well-developed and supported conclusions and recommendations. This program provides the results of student research, writing, and analysis to interested parties, including key decision makers at the highest levels of command, on relevant national security topics at the operational and strategic levels. The quality of student projects parallels the quality of projects in graduate-level education and is competitive for publication in professional journals or distribution to other comparable sources, agencies, or institutions.

EL 5600, Electives

3 semester hours

Students must complete one of the EL 5600 Electives options *or* DR 5800, Research Education. The electives program option complements ACSC's core resident curriculum. The program enables students to investigate a topic in a rigorous fashion, in a seminar setting, and under the direction and guidance of a subject matter expert. Participation in the electives program satisfies the ACSC research and writing requirement. All electives are three semester hours of credit. The college currently offers the following elective courses.

EL 5601, The War for Public Opinion: Propaganda, Public Affairs, and the Military-Media Relationship. The intense war for public opinion and support is perhaps the least understood strategic center of gravity an operational commander would face in any conflict. And yet throughout history, wars have been won or lost largely due to the population's willingness to support the operational goals of their government. This course will help prepare future operational commanders to comprehend the way the new global information environment affects the battlefield of the twenty-first century. Extensive analysis will be conducted in contemporary and historical roles that propaganda, public affairs operations, and the media have played in conflicts.

EL 5609, Special Studies in Communication. This elective is available to uniquely tailor a course for students to pursue study of topic(s) related to the broad field of communication.

EL 5610, Teams and Their Organizational Realities. The seemingly interchangeable concepts of teams and teamwork are integral parts of modern military command and operations. Yet, despite years of

hard-won experience, it could be debated as to exactly how much we truly understand about the nature of teams, their composition, and the complex interpersonal processes that allow them to function. During this course, students will have the opportunity to discuss factors influencing how teams function and perform. Concepts such as organizational practices, performance awards, and cultural factors and their influence on team behavior and performance will be analyzed in-depth. Students will critically examine situations where teams have failed to perform as expected and the consequences of these failures for the organization and mission goals.

EL 5619, Special Studies in Leadership and Management. This elective is available to uniquely tailor a course for students to pursue study of topic(s) related to military leadership and management.

EL 5620, Advanced Space Studies: Policy and Applications. This course is designed for students who already have a strong understanding of space policy and systems. It will leverage the collective experiences of the class to create a collaborative learning environment for advanced discussion on all areas of space. The their baseline students taking this course will reinforce understanding of space systems and understand the issues associated with developing and employing space capabilities for the future.

EL 5621, Air Logistics: Key Enabler and Operational Art Element. This course provides students lacking a background in logistics with an appreciation for the capabilities and limitations that the disciplines of aircraft maintenance and munitions, logistics plans, transportation, supply, and contracting brings to the fight. This course includes a detailed review, historical perspectives, and prospectus pertinent to each logistical function. The synergies derived from exploiting logistics capabilities and minimizing the impacts of vulnerabilities with respect to operational planning are also emphasized.

EL 5622, Air Mobility. This course provides future military and civilian leaders from all services and the international community a better understanding of the current and evolving capabilities of air mobility. This course addresses the critical role air mobility plays and will continue to play during peace, war, and operations other than war. It also provides students with a better understanding of how the unique characteristics of air mobility—speed, range, flexibility, and responsiveness—support US national security and military strategies.

EL 5623, Future Trends and Their Impact on the Military. The international environment is changing rapidly and military officers will often be asked to cope with the consequences of those changes. History has proven that military organizations are often prisoners of history and are caught unprepared for major contextual changes. This course will preview the strategic environment and commercial and military technologies anticipated in the 2010-30 time frame to help students explore capabilities and operational concepts that could be used by the military to support US national security. The goal of this course is to familiarize the student with the driving forces and key factors that affect planning, the importance of planning for multiple futures, and how to identify signposts and indicators that given scenarios are coming to pass. Students will be exposed to various predictive and nonpredictive planning models with emphasis on scenario-based planning as a viable tool for configuring the military of the future.

EL 5624, Intelligence Operations. Joint Vision 2020 calls for decision superiority—making and implementing better decisions faster than the adversary can react. Decision superiority is only achieved through the full integration of intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance (ISR) operations into the military campaign. For this to occur commanders need to fully understand the ISR weapon system. This course treats intelligence as a product, a process, and a weapon. Students will conduct an in-depth study of seven intelligence disciplines, focusing on their capabilities and limitations. The future of intelligence operations and the challenges it faces in meeting the needs of decision makers will be discussed.

EL 5625, Measuring Airpower Effectiveness. Measuring how well airpower is achieving its intended purposes has always been difficult, especially while campaigns are in progress. This course will examine the criteria and methods used to measure airpower effectiveness from World War I to the present. Emphasis will be on techniques used during campaign planning and execution to decide how well airpower is accomplishing its objectives.

EL 5626, Military and Commercial Uses of Space. This course is designed for students who have a limited understanding of space systems and policy. It will examine in detail current and future space capabilities of the United States and the world. Topics include such items as: orbits, space law, space doctrine, access to space, space operations, communication, navigation, warning, weather, multispectral imaging, theater missile defense, and space policy. Space experts in the specific fields mentioned above will present the material.

EL 5627, Modeling, Simulation, & Wargaming—Theory and Practice. Models, simulations, and wargames influence critical decisions in diverse activities such as planning, budgeting, manning, resource allocation, education, and strategy development. This course provides an overview of theoretical foundations of modeling, simulation, and wargaming. The course will include a study of the historical uses of these tools as well as exploring the state-of-the-art in wargaming. Finally, the course will research how to better exploit wargames and simulations in the future.

EL 5628, Peace Operations and Peace Enforcement—US and International Perspectives. International peace operations will remain one of the most important tools of the United States and the international community as actions are taken to contain conflicts, support democratic transitions, provide humanitarian assistance, and protect human rights in the new millennium. Recent peace operations have left many unanswered questions regarding their effectiveness. This course asks what lessons past peace operations have given us and whether we are prepared to use those lessons to improve the chances for success in the future. In particular, this course focuses upon the future role of peace enforcement and whether the United States and its military are prepared to participate in these future scenarios. This course facilitates the student's understanding of peace operations in preparation for future command positions and staff roles.

EL 5629, Introduction to Artificial Intelligence. Artificial Intelligence (AI) has played a key role in military operations. According to Churchill, algorithms developed at Bletchley Park shortened World War II by at least one year. Many air and space vehicles currently delegated tasks, such as error recovery, navigation, targeting, and electronic warfare to intelligent agents. This course provides an introduction to some of the fundamental issues in AI and how these issues affect military systems where they are applied.

EL 5630, Special Air and Space Power Topics. This course is an AU Commander-directed research elective that is available for students to uniquely tailor studies and analyses focused on air and space operational questions, problems, and issues of interest to senior Air Force leadership.

EL 5631, Defense Product Development. This course is aimed at providing an understanding of the entire Defense Product Development System. This system includes all aspects of developing

and fielding new and modified systems from need and requirement identification, to research and technology development, through operational test and evaluation. It includes all aspects of modernization planning; the requirements generation system; the planning, programming, and budgeting systems; and the acquisition system. Students will gain an understanding of the processes used to develop and field new and modified weapon systems.

EL 5632, The Military Commander and the Law. Military commanders and other leaders face a legal threat environment that has increased substantially in scope and complexity over the past decade. This course covers a broad range of issues including areas such as: maintenance of good order and discipline, the law of armed conflict, contracts and fiscal law in a deployed environment, homosexual policy, civilian personnel issues, free speech on military installations, environmental regulations, the Joint Ethics Regulation (JER), computer crimes, and dealing with private organizations. The course provides ACSC students with an overview of current legal issues commanders and senior leaders are likely to confront in their efforts to accomplish mission requirements.

EL 5633, The Total Force: Yesterday, Today and Beyond. World events during the post-Cold War years have brought uncertainty and significant change. Reductions in the active force have created a heavier reliance on the Reserve Component forces. This course examines the concept of the Total Force. Analysis of current US policy will highlight the debate over positive and negative aspects of Reserve and Guard utilization in the different services. Students will explore the continuing evolution of the Total Force and develop ideas about alternative future force structures.

EL 5634, Morality and War: Implications for the War Fighter. This course is designed to teach the military professional about the moral, ethical, and legal issues surrounding war-fighting duties that could conceivably involve confrontation with an enemy for the attainment of a political objective. The course will begin with an examination of the "just war" tradition and explore moral and legal considerations, proportionality, necessity, reprisals, and other issues relating to the use of force as an instrument of politics among nation-state and nonstate actors. Also, students will examine their own personal views as decision-making military professionals, views that implicitly transcend their particular individual feelings about causing casualties in warfare.

EL 5635, Information Operations. Information Operations is an umbrella concept for several disciplines, which include electronic

warfare, psychological operations, military deception, operations security, physical destruction, and computer network operations. These disciplines are increasingly critical to success throughout the spectrum of conflict. This course provides officers with an appreciation for the capabilities and limitations that information operations bring to the joint force. Students will assess the interrelationship between air, space, and information operations, and the integration of information operations within joint air and space operations planning.

EL 5636, Strategy and Technology. This course is designed to broaden student understanding of the relationship between technology and strategy. A variety of methodologies are used including guest lecturers, field trips, individual study, and seminar discussion. Students will have a greater appreciation for the current state of the art in a variety of fields to include: directed energy (lasers and high-powered microwaves), sensors, communications, space systems, propulsion systems, computers, and micro-mechanical devices. The graduate will leave with a working understanding on how these technologies are likely to impact military operations at the operational and strategic level in the coming decades.

EL 5639, Special Studies in Profession of Arms. This elective is available to uniquely tailor a course for students to pursue study of topic(s) related to the profession of arms.

EL 5640, The Great War in the Air. This course is designed to broaden the student's understanding of industrial mobilization and aircraft production during the Great War, and will examine the triumphs and failures in fielding aviation units by the major and minor powers engaged in the conflict. The course will also pay particular attention to differences in industrial methods and obstacles to efficient aircraft production as the war grew in intensity. In addition, the United States' obsession with sending an air arm to fight "over there" after April 1917, will also be emphasized.

EL 5641, A History of Mutiny, Desertion, and Insubordination. Morale, disorder, resistance, and disintegration have concerned military commanders throughout the ages. This course will investigate the underlying and immediate causes of mutiny, desertion, and insubordination in armies, navies, and air forces from a historical perspective. It will analyze the various avenues and levels of resistance to military authority, investigate both underlying causes of discontent and immediate triggers of insubordination, and examine the methods adopted to deter, crush, or alleviate unrest in the ranks.

EL 5642, Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV) Employment and Future Concepts. This course is aimed at providing an understanding of UAVs and unmanned combat aerial vehicles (UCAV). This will include all aspects of UAV/UCAV technology and concepts that involve the study of current UAV operational capabilities and issues. This course is designed to provide and understanding of the processes used to develop and field new and modified systems and to identify opportunities for improvement.

EL 5643, From Algeria to Afghanistan: Colonial Conflict and Counterinsurgency from 1830–1989. Military planners often focus on large-scale, conventional warfare. However, much of the conflict of the last two centuries has been smaller scale warfare and counterinsurgency. Western colonialism and imperialism in Africa and Asia were important phenomena of the nineteenth and the twentieth centuries. Many crises today are a partial result of past Western expansion. This course will explore basic problems of military strategy, tactics, and logistics, with specific application to French, British, and American experiences in colonialism.

EL 5645, The US Army, 1865-Present: Organization, Doctrine, and Performance. Significant debate is taking place over basic concepts of current US Army organization and future requirements. The antecedents of this debate extend back into American history and have been central in shaping the course of the American military. This course examines the development of the modern US Army since 1865 through a critical analysis of its organization, doctrine, and performance in various wars.

EL 5646, The American Civil War: Ordeal of the Union. This course is designed to expose students to a broad understanding of the American Civil War by focusing on two major areas. First, the politics, military strategies, operational art, and tactics employed during the Civil War will be studied to increase the student's understanding of warfare and this war in particular. Second, the challenges faced by commanders in this conflict will be analyzed to determine relative successes and failures in leadership on both sides.

EL 5647, The Second World War and the Operational Art. This course is constructed around an examination of important campaigns of the Second World War. World War II was a watershed in the evolution of modern roles and missions and offers many important lessons dealing with operational innovation, the integration of new technology, effective interservice cooperation, and other topics of current interest. Issues facing today's war fighters will be examined

from a historical perspective. Students will conduct an in-depth examination of selected campaigns and develop an understanding of the impact of those campaigns on the development of modern operational doctrine.

EL 5648, A History of Airborne Operations. This course provides the student with an in-depth operational analysis of parachute forces in the twentieth century. A comparison of the development of airborne forces and their application in combat will assist the student in understanding the role that airborne forces have played in major combat operations and campaigns. Factors affecting the success of airborne operations, including transportation, timing, weather, opposing forces, leadership experience, and mission planning will be analyzed.

EL 5659, Special Studies in Military History, Theory, Doctrine and Strategy. This elective is available to uniquely tailor a course for students to pursue study of topic(s) related to military history and doctrinal/strategy issues.

EL 5660, Causes and Prevention of War. Why do states fight? This course challenges conventional interpretations of this question by fusing together a wide variety of thought-provoking literature and films. Students will analyze the great issues that societies struggle with—war, power, honor, justice, and peace—and will participate in extensive seminar discussion. The dominant theoretical, philosophical, and historical accounts of war and its causes will be examined and practical solutions to the "war problem" will be discussed.

EL 5661, Dirty Politics: Dictators, Terrorists and Godfathers. This course explores the growing link between human rights and international security in a globalized world. Ethnic cleansing, suicide bombings, and illegal trafficking of narcotics create conditions that encourage civil distress. Students will examine broad trends in the international geopolitical system as well as subnational phenomena for methods of developing sound strategies to counter these conditions.

EL 5662, Islam and Islamism: Radical Political Religion, Ideology and the State. Radical political religion is perhaps the least understood among the various ideologies which, in the aftermath of the disintegration of the Soviet Union, are challenging the established order of nation-states. This course treats Islamism as a radical political religion with specific historical and political determinants.

Students will examine concepts presented in this course and extrapolate attributes that can be applied to similar non-Islamist movements. A comparative approach of study will provide the student with working hypotheses by which tensions between states and societies may be evaluated. This course will help prepare students to comprehend the way radical political religion can shape the geopolitics of the twenty-first century.

EL 5663, Great Power Warfare in the 19th and 20th Centuries. Great Power Warfare explores the political and military history of Europe over the last 200 years through the examination of four significant Great Power conflicts: the Napoleonic wars, the wars of German Unification, World War I, and World War II. The course traces the causes of war, the development of the conflicts, and the ultimate impact these wars had in creating both the states of the institutions that rule the modern world. Implicit to this orientation is a concern with the theory and conduct of war and its historical development. The course devotes particular attention to the relationships between why and how wars are fought.

EL 5664, Weapons of Mass Destruction: Challenge and Response. The spread of chemical, biological, and nuclear weapons, more commonly known as weapons of mass destruction (WMD), confronts military officers with one of the least understood and most unpredictable challenges they will face in their military careers. This course is designed to introduce officers to the challenges posed by the spread of WMD and to understand responses to reduce this threat.

EL 5665, The United States as a Great Power. This course is an examination of US foreign relations from the emergence of the nation as a major world power to the present. This course will explore what it means to be a "great power" in the international system, why Americans sought such status for their nation, and how the United States combined diplomatic, military, economic, and other instruments of national policy to achieve and maintain this objective.

EL 5666, War and Society in 20th Century Central Europe. This course is constructed around an examination of war and conflict in Central Europe from 1900 to 1999; from the Balkan wars to the Balkan wars. It is not primarily a catalogue of campaigns and battles but an attempt to consider the broader patterns of war and conflict in this volatile region. As such it is a study of politics and society as well as military affairs. Also, the course considers the relation of conflict in the region to European and international affairs, both from the standpoint of small states caught up in world events and outside intervention. The focus of the course is scholarly inquiry and historical scholarship as

opposed to policy and operational considerations. Familiarity with the complex history of the region and advanced scholarship stands to offer the military professional a more sophisticated appreciation of the strategic environment as well as the phenomena of war.

EL 5667, The Arab-Israeli Conflict. The Arab-Israeli conflict is one of the most well-known and longest running conflicts in the world. This course will introduce students to the history and current dynamics of the Arab-Israeli conflict, and will discuss US interests and participation in the conflict and possible future involvement.

EL 5679, Special Studies in the Nature and Functioning of the International System and Strategic Environment. This elective is available to uniquely tailor a course for students to pursue study of topic(s) related to international relations and global security issues.

EL 5690, Gathering of Eagles (GOE). Gathering of Eagles (GOE) is both a group research project as well as an opportunity for ACSC students, faculty, Air University, and community leaders to meet noted air and space pioneers. Started in 1982 to stimulate interest in aviation history, GOE is an annual series of events hosted by ACSC. Individuals who have made significant contributions to air and space heritage are invited to spend several days with ACSC students to share their experiences and lessons learned. Forums include face-to-face meetings, on-stage interviews, panel discussions, and social events. GOE culminates with an historical presentation of the Eagles at the ACSC graduation ball.

EL 5691, Pacific Warrior. Areas covered will include the spectrum of joint war fighting, from the formulation of the CINC's OPLAN through the execution of an air operations plan in support of CINC objectives. Particular areas of study will include exploration of doctrinal disagreements, battle-space management, and synchronization of air and land operations. Due to the classified nature of equipment used within the AOC, only US students may participate in this course.

EL 5692, Regional Security Studies Survey (International Officers-Nonmasters). This course involves an analysis of current regional security issues from the perspective of the nations in those regions. International officers conduct an analysis of the global security issues of their particular region of the world and prepare a collective summary research report of their findings. Students present their perspectives on these issues during regional forums conducted throughout the year. Notional regional grouping for the forums are: Africa, Asia/Pacific, the Americas, European Union States, Non-

European Union States, and Middle East. The course is graded pass/fail.

EL 5693, Regional Security Studies Analysis (International Officers-Masters). This course involves an analysis of current regional security issues from the perspective of the nations in those regions. International officers conduct an analysis of the global security issues of their particular region of the world and work with students in EL 5692 to present their perspectives on these issues during regional forums conducted throughout the year. In addition to the requirement for participation in the security forums, this elective provides international officers an opportunity to pursue special research projects with selected faculty members on a wide range of topics dealing with the interaction of US policy with sociopolitical developments in their respective regions. Grade for the course is based on 50 percent assessment for participation in the forums and 50 percent for the individual research paper.

Curriculum Summary

Academic Contact/		
	Credit Hours	
		Semester
Course Title		Hours
OC 5500, Orientation Program	32	O
LC 5500, The Military Leader: Foundations	31	2
LD 5500, The Military Leader: Continuity,		
Change, and Challenges	62	4
LE 5500, Leadership in the Military		
Environment	31	2
NS 5500, National and International Security		
Studies	45	3
NW 5500, Nature of War	45	3
AP 5500, Airpower Studies	45	3
AO 5500, Air and Space Operations	60	4
JF 5500, Joint Force Employment	45	3
JP 5500, Joint Campaign Planning	60	4
AE 5500, Air and Space Exercise	40	1
GE 5500, Gathering of Eagles	12	0
DR 5800, Research Education/EL 5600,	45	3
Electives		
TOTAL	553	32

Other Programs and Activities

ACSC conducts several activities that support the resident core curriculum and enrich the experience of its students and their families during the academic year.

Commandant's Specials. These special presentations enhance the resident curriculum by giving students and faculty the opportunity to interact with distinguished leaders and experts from across political, economic, and military environments. Speakers, past and present, include members of Congress, ambassadors, and top civilian and military leaders in DOD.

Air and Space Power Demonstration. The entire student body visits Eglin AFB, Florida, for an airpower demonstration. Students view static display aircraft, current and future weapons, and air operations center equipment demonstrations. The visit culminates with a live-fire demonstration of the full spectrum of airpower capabilities.

International Officer Program

International officers have attended ACSC every year since 1946. During its 54-year history, the college has graduated more than 2,500 international officers from 92 nations. Before attending ACSC, international officers attend a six-week preparatory course conducted jointly by the International Officer School (IOS) and ACSC. This course increases the officers' ability to speak and understand the English language while familiarizing them with the USAF organization and mission. In the past, international officers graduated after completing seven months of the 10-month course. Beginning with the 1994 class, international officers attend ACSC the entire academic year, further enhancing their ACSC learning experience. During the year, these officers participate in field trips that supplement the curriculum objectives. As part of the DOD information program, they tour Washington, D.C., and military and air and space facilities in Alabama, Florida, and Georgia.

Athletic Programs

The ACSC athletic program is designed to improve the quality of life for students and faculty by creating and sustaining an environment that promotes personal health, fitness, and professional growth. With that in mind, the objectives of the program are to help all personnel pass the fitness test on the first attempt and to put in place a program that

fosters social interaction and team building in conjunction with healthy competition. The athletic program includes competitive seminar and intramural sports. It also includes mandatory participation in school scheduled sports activities by all 44 seminars and a faculty team in three sports during the scheduled sports days. The ACSC sports activities are softball, bowling, and volleyball. Students and faculty also compete in base intramural activities as well. Finally, students and faculty members are afforded the opportunity and are encouraged to engage in personal fitness/aerobic activities at least three times per week. ACSC conducts annual fitness testing in accordance with AFI 40-501, *The Air Force Fitness Program*.

Spouse Program

The Spouse Program helps integrate resident students' spouses into the ACSC experience. It offers many opportunities for spouses to learn, grow, and share the ACSC experience with students and faculty. This program acquaints spouses with the college's academic requirements, increases their awareness of current events and DOD issues, and provides opportunities for personal growth and development. Participation is completely voluntary, and the spouses determine the program's scope and direction.

Nonresident Program

Established in 1948, the ACSC nonresident program provides intermediate-level PME to officers unable to attend in residence. In 1969, ACSC expanded the scope of the program by implementing a seminar program to provide for the sharing of opinions, expertise, and experiences among the seminar members. Both the seminar and correspondence programs achieved Phase I Joint PME accreditation in 1992 and were reaccredited in 1997. In 1999 the nonresident program was placed under the dean of distance learning (DL). The nonresident program provides PME to about 85 percent of all AF majors and major selects.

Today, technology offers opportunities to improve traditional seminar and correspondence programs. The DL staff continually explores new and better ways to meet the demand for PME of midcareer officers stationed throughout the world. By using computer-based education and the World Wide Web, the nonresident course is narrowing the gap between resident and nonresident education. These advances clearly identify ACSC as a pacesetter in AU and the educational community.

Eligibility. ACSC nonresident programs are offered to US active duty, Reserve, and National Guard major selects and above from all services. DOD civilian employees in the grade of GS-11 or above, or equivalent, may also enroll. Civil Air Patrol officers serving in the grade of major or above may enroll in the correspondence program only. International applicants for nonresident ACSC programs must be a major selectee or higher or equivalent grade civilian employees of the military department of a country or international organization assigned to a DOD billet. International officers may also enroll through the Foreign Military Sales (FMS) training sponsorship program. Reference AFI 36-2301, Professional Military Education, the ACSC public Web http://www.acsc.maxwell.af.mil, and the Education and Training Course Announcements Web site at http://etca.keesler.af.mil, for further information.

Program Description. The ACSC nonresident curriculum is designed to support the three components of ACSC's mission statement: to prepare leaders for higher level command and staff responsibilities; to prepare leaders to understand, plan, and execute components of an air campaign and the joint campaign planning process; and to prepare leaders to think logically and critically at the operational level in order to expand and advance the body of air and space knowledge. The course of study is an integrated process. It begins with the studies designed to enhance the students' leadership and command skills and concludes with an AF exercise and lessons on strategy and commander's perspective. In between, the course explores international relations, why nations go to war, and what the Air Force and other services bring to the fight for the joint forces commander.

The ACSC distance-learning curriculum is delivered via printed books, CD-ROM, and the Internet. Students receive an integrated multimedia curriculum that includes textbook readings, video, and interactive applications. Students have 18 months to complete this program and must achieve a minimum score of 70 percent on each of six examinations and complete four on-line exercises. Students may choose one of three methods to complete the program. The same personnel record entry (nonresident) is made for all three forms of enrollment upon successful course completion.

Correspondence (self-study). This method affords students the opportunity to choose the time and place of study. ACSC provides the framework for completing this program by providing a recommended schedule for students to follow. Students may enroll at any time throughout the year.

Seminar. In this 11-month program students meet weekly (on base) in a forum designed for the free exchange of ideas and opinions on vital issues facing the USAF, DOD, and the nation. Seminar participants

share unique background experiences and technical expertise. ACSC provides the framework for conducting the seminar program by providing a schedule for the seminars to follow. This seminar is composed of eight to 18 members and begins in August of each year.

Cyber-Seminars. In this 11-month program students meet weekly in a "cyberspace" forum designed for the free exchange of ideas and opinions on vital issues facing the USAF, DOD and the nation. Seminar participants share unique background experiences and technical expertise. Beginning in August of each year, students conduct weekly meetings in the ACSC electronic classrooms. ACSC provides the framework for conducting this seminar by providing a schedule for the seminars to follow. The seminar is composed of eight to 15 members. (NOTE: Each student must subscribe to an on-line service providing Internet access and is financially responsible for all costs associated with their on-line services. Students choosing this method of study must contact the ACSC Distance Learning Department upon enrollment.)

ACSC has a Distance Learning Electronic Campus on the Internet. Any student enrolled in the ACSC program may have access to the campus. The campus contains a library with lesson plans, audio/video files, readings, and interactive computer simulations. Additionally, students can post messages on the bulletin boards and join ongoing discussions in the chat areas. For additional information or to obtain access to the campus, contact ACSC Distance Learning Department at DSN 493-7901, (334) 953-7901, 1-800-316-7042 or E-mail: acscdl@maxwell.af.mil.

The ACSC nonresident program is organized into the following seven curriculum blocks.

00030A: Lessons include Introduction to Leadership Command; Defining Military Leadership; Military Leadership in the New Millennium; The Role of Values in Military Leadership; The Role of a Leader in the Development and Maintenance of Organizational Culture; Introduction to National and International Security Studies; Developing US National Security in a Changing Strategic Environment; The Realist International Perspective System; the Liberalism Communitarianism Perspectives in the International System; United States National Security Strategy and the National Instruments of Power; The Armed Services in National Security Policy; China: A State of Concern to the Security and Interests of the United States and Weapons of Mass Destruction Proliferation; and The Threats of International Terrorism and Failed States to US National Security.

00030B: Lessons include Introduction to the Nature of War; The Early Western Perspectives on the Nature of War; The Modern Western Perspectives on the Nature of War; The Non-Western Perspectives on the Nature of War: Islam; The Non-Western Perspectives on the Nature of

War: Chinese, Revolutionary, Revolution in Military Affairs, and Asymmetrical Warfare; Actors, Defining and Classifying War, and Morality of War; Why People and States Fight and How States Should Fight; War Termination and Conflict Resolution.

00030C: Lessons include Introduction to Airpower Studies; The Inquiry Process and Airpower in World War I; The Interwar Airpower Theorists; Airpower in World War II; Airpower in Korea and Dawning of the Nuclear Age; Airpower in Vietnam and the Cold War Era; Air and Space Power in Desert Storm and the Post-Cold War; Air and Space Power Today and Tomorrow; Developing a Personal Leadership Philosophy; The Role of a Leader in the Development and Maintenance of an Effective Air Force Team; and The Leader's Role in Mentoring and Stress Management.

00030D: Lessons include Course Introduction/Joint Doctrine and Policy; National Leadership and Unified Action Armed Forces; Defense Planning Systems, Part I; Defense Planning Systems, Part II; Course Introduction/Campaign Planning; Campaign Planning Principles, Part I; Campaign Planning Principles, Part II; Deliberate Planning; Deliberate Planning Application; Crisis Action Planning; Crisis Action Planning Application; Planning for Military Operations Other Than War (MOOTW); Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO) and Multinational Planning Considerations.

00030E: Lessons include Introduction; Joint Force Employment; Organizations, Staffs, and the Functional Components; AFFOR Doctrine and Capabilities; MARFOR Doctrine and Capabilities; NAVFOR Doctrine and Capabilities; ARFOR Doctrine and Capabilities; SOFFOR Doctrine and Capabilities; Coast Guard Roles and Functions and Capabilities; Space; Logistics; Intelligence; Communication; and Information Operations.

00030F: Lessons include The JFACC and the EAF; Tenets and Core Competencies; Air and Space Component Forces; Counterair and Strategic Attack; Counterland and Countersea; Counterspace and ISR; Counterinformation; Airlift and Air Refueling; The JAOC; Methods of Analysis and Targeting; Counterland and Strategic Attack; Counterair; Air and Space Component Forces; Transforming Objectives to Air and Space Strategy; The JAOP Part I; The JAOP Part II; Command Challenges and Resources Available to the Leader; and Preparing for Tomorrow While Leading in Today's Air Force.

00030G: Lessons include an Air Force Exercise, Strategy, and The Commander's Perspective.

Academic Credit

The ACE recommends 27 semester hours of graduate credit for completion of the ACSC resident or nonresident correspondence or seminar curricula. The credit recommendations are

- 9 semester hours in military history and evolution of strategic thought,
- 6 hours in regional studies,
- 6 hours in defense resource management, and
- 6 hours in defense policy and national and international security.

ACSC graduates are eligible to apply these credits to their personal educational endeavors. However, ACE only recommends credit. Each college or university decides whether to accept these credits and apply them toward a specific degree.

Air Command and Staff College Faculty

- Ronald R. Ladnier, Brig Gen (Sel), USAF, Commandant; BS, US Air Force Academy; MBA, Webster University; MS, National Defense University.
- Stephen C. German, Col, USAF, Vice Commandant; BA, Florida State University; MPA, Golden Gate University.
- Mark E. LeSage, Lt Col, USAF, Plans and Programs; BS, Penn State University; MBA, University of Phoenix; Master's in Logistics Management, Air Force Institute of Technology.

Advisors

- Glenward L. Spivey, Educational Advisor; BS, Auburn University; MS, Troy State University; MEd and EdD, Auburn University.
- James E. Randby, Col, USAF Reserve; Senior Air Reserve Component Advisor; BS, University of Tennessee; MS, Ball State University.
- Robert M. Algermissen, LTC, US Army, Senior Army Advisor; BS, US Military Academy; MS, Central Michigan University; Master's of Military Art and Science, US Army School of Advanced Military Studies.
- Marion E. Watson Jr., CDR, US Navy, Senior Navy Advisor; BS, Mississippi State University; Master's of Strategic Studies, Air University.
- Michael S. McGuire, Lt Col, US Marine Corps, Senior Marine Advisor; BS, University of Arizona.
- Jonathan D. Webb, Wing Commander, Royal Air Force; BS (Honors), University of Leeds; Master's of Military Operational Art and Science, Air University.
- Mike Hood, Lt Col, Canadian Forces; BMASC, Royal Military College; Master's of Military Operational Art and Science, Air University.
- Mark W. Hinchcliffe, Squadron Leader, Royal Australian Air Force; Diploma Teaching, Brisbane College of Advanced Education; BA (Hons. 1st), University of New England; Master's of Military Operational Art and Science, Air University.

Dean of Education and Curriculum

- James W. Forsyth Jr., Col, USAF, Dean; BA, Kean College; MPA, University of South Dakota; PhD, University of Denver.
- Bart R. Kessler, Lt Col, USAF; BS, Duke University; MBA, Florida Institute of Technology; PhD Candidate, Auburn University.
- Lewis B. Ware, Professor, Vice Dean; BA, Middlebury College; MA, Harvard University; PhD, Princeton University.
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Leadership Command and Communication Studies Department

- Mark H. Jordan, Lt Col, USAF, Department Chair; BA, Mississippi State University; MS, Troy State University; PhD, Auburn University.
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- Phillip A. Chansler, Lt Col, USAF; BS, University of Colorado; BS and MS, Auburn University; MBA, Auburn University at Montgomery; MS, Air Force Institute of Technology; MS, University of Southern California; PhD Candidate, Auburn University.
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- James Norrix, Lt Col, USAF; BS, Cornell University; MAS, Embry Riddle Aeronautical University.
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Joint Warfare Studies

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- Douglas W. Pohlman, Maj, USAF; BS, US Air Force Academy; Masters, Embry Riddle.
- James E. Powell, Lt Col, USAF; Masters, Boston University; Master's of Military Operational Art and Science, Air University.
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- Anthony P. Ring, Maj, USAF; BS, University of Florida; MA, Naval Post Graduate School. Catherine J. Sauchuk, Maj, USAF; BA, University of New Hampshire; MAS, Embry Riddle Aeronautical University.
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- Gregory O. Teal, Lt Col, USAF; BS, Clemson University; MBA, University of South Dakota.
- James E. Teal Jr., Lt Col, USAF; BS, Clemson University; Master's in Human Resource Management, Webster University.
- Ronald J. Whittle, Maj, USAF; BS, US Air Force Academy; Master's, Embry Riddle Aeronautical University.
- Matthew F. Woollen, Lt Col, USAF; BA, University of Tennessee; MAS, Embry Riddle Aeronautical University.

Joint Education

- Budd A. Jones, Instructor; BS, United States Air Force Academy; MA, University of Wisconsin; Post Masters Work, Duke University.
- Lyle A. Belleque, Lt Col, USAF; BSE, University of Pennsylvania; MS, University of Northern Colorado.

Technology

- Donald P. Duckett Jr., Maj, USAF; BS, North Carolina State University; MS, Air Force Institute of Technology.
- Lance A. Forbes, Lt Col, USAF; BS, Purdue University; MS, Colorado State University; PhD, Colorado State University
- Lennard W. Lee Jr., Maj, USAF; BS; MS and PhD, University of New Mexico.
- David J. Tanthorey, Maj, USAF; BS, St Leo College; MPA, Troy State University.

Dean of Students and Support

- Kirk A. Ferrell, Col, USAF, Dean; BS, West Virginia University; MS, Pepperdine University; MA, Naval War College.
- Neil P. Arnold, Maj, USAF, Director, Facilities and Supply; BS, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute; MA, University of Maryland.

21st Student Squadron

- John H. Ide, Lt Col, USAF, Commander; BA, University of Hawaii; MA, Webster University.
- Matthew C. Baker, Maj, USAF, Division Operations Officer; BA, University of Maryland; Master's of Military Operational Art and Science, Air university.
- Donald M. Herring, Maj, USAF, International Officer Operations Officer; BS, Auburn University; MAS, Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University; Master's of Military Operational Art and Science, Air University.
- Phillip G. Pate, Maj, USAF, Division Operations Officer; BS, Auburn University; MBA University of Nevada, Las Vegas.
- Richard A. Peterson Jr., Maj, USAF, Division Operations Officer; BA, Miami University; Master's Of Military Operational Art and Science, Air University.
- Marsha W. Wierschke, Maj, USAF, Division Operations Officer; BS and MS, University of Dayton; Master's of Military Operational Art and Science, Air University.

Dean of Distance Learning

- Mike Harris, Col, USAF, Dean; BA, Central State University; MS, Embry Riddle Aeronautical University.
- Donald A. MacCuish, Vice Dean; BA, Virginia Military Institute; MEd, Wayne State University; EdD, University of Central Florida.
- David R. Boozer, Lt Col, USAF; BS, Auburn University; MBA, Webster University.
- Marshell G. Cobb, Lt Col, USAF, Assistant Professor; BA, University of North Carolina; MA, University of Northern Colorado; MS and PhD, Penn State University.
- Corrine K. Dreyfus, Maj, USAF; BA, Oklahoma State University; MA, Webster University.
- Larry O. Dunagan, Lt Col, USAF; BA, University of Central Florida; MEd, Auburn University.
- Robin L. Nestor, Lt Col, USAF, Director of Curriculum; BS, West Virginia; MS, Missouri State University.
- Ronald D. Olienyk, Maj, USAF; BS, University of Arkansas; Master's in Aviation Management, Embry Riddle Aeronautical University.
- Kimberly A. Olson, Maj, USAF; BS, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute; MAEd, University of Phoenix; Master's of Operational Art and Science, Air University; PhD Candidate, Capella University.
- Denise M. Proctor, Lt Col, USAF; BS, Mount Mary College; MS, University of Maryland.
- London S. Richard, Maj, USAF; BS; Master's of Military Operational Art and Science, Air University; MA, California State University; PhD, California School of Professional Psychology.
- Andrew J. Schlachter, Maj, USAF; BS, East Texas State University; MA, Webster University.
- Michael O. Simpkins, Lt Col, USAF; Director of Operations; BS, Tuskegee University; MS, Webster University.
- Christopher P. Walker, Maj, USAF; BS, University of Southern Mississippi; Master's of Information Resources Management, Webster University; Master's of Military Operational Art and Science, Air University.

AIR FORCE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Col Michael L. Heil, Commandant Col Joseph H. Amend III, Vice Commandant

Internet Address
http://www.afit.edu

Mission: Provide responsive, defense-focused graduate and continuing education, research, and consultation to improve Air Force and joint operational capability.

The Air Force Institute of Technology (AFIT) supports the Air Force and national defense through responsive degree-granting graduate and professional continuing education (PCE), research, and consulting services to AF and DOD agencies. Graduate-level work offers carefully selected officers, AF civilians, and international officers the broad educational experience necessary for understanding the role of technology in national defense and in analyzing and solving defense-related problems. PCE programs support AF and DOD needs for immediately applicable knowledge and help prevent scientific and technical obsolescence.

Through integrated teaching and research, AFIT meets the challenges of advances in defense-related technologies. The effective relationships between the institute and other AF and DOD organizations create a unique environment in which education and research provide faculty and students a variety of programs in which to participate. The faculty members—highly qualified military and civilian professionals—stay abreast of ongoing and projected AF operations. Continuous updates of the academic program offer students the latest available technical knowledge and applications. The institute's flexibility enables it to respond quickly to changing AF requirements.

AFIT provides graduate education programs through the Graduate School of Engineering and Management. The School of Systems and Logistics and the Civil Engineer and Services School provide many PCE short courses to assist AF and DOD military and civilian members who wish to become more proficient in their technical and support tasks. The Civilian Institution Programs office manages specialized graduate school assignments required by a variety of AF needs, including medical and instructional assignments. The Academic Library and the Directorates of Admissions/Registrar, Resources, Mission Support, Public Affairs, and

Communications and Information support the educational and research programs of the institute.

Specific information about AFIT and each of its educational, research, and consultation services are spelled out in the AFIT Catalog. The catalog is available on-line (http://www.afit.edu).

AFIT History

AFIT traces its roots to the early days of powered flight when it was apparent that the progress of military aviation depended upon special education in this new science. In 1919 the Air School of Application was established at McCook Field in Dayton, Ohio, the home of Orville and Wilbur Wright.

When Congress authorized creation of the Air Corps in 1926, the school was renamed the Air Corps Engineering School and moved to Wright Field in 1927. Shortly after Pearl Harbor, the school suspended classes, but it reopened as the Army Air Forces Engineering School in 1944 to conduct a series of accelerated courses to meet emergency requirements.

After World War II, in 1946, the Army Air Force Institute of Technology was established as part of the Air Materiel Command (AMC). The institute was composed of two colleges: Engineering and Maintenance, and Logistics and Procurement. These colleges were later redesignated the College of Engineering Sciences and the College of Industrial Administration.

When the Air Force became a separate service in 1947, the institute was renamed the Air Force Institute of Technology. That same year, the School of Civil Engineering Special Staff Officer's Course began. In 1948 civilian institution programs were transferred to AFIT.

In 1950, command jurisdiction of AFIT shifted from AMC to AU with headquarters at Maxwell AFB, Alabama. The institute, however, remained at what was now known as Wright-Patterson AFB. In 1951 the two AFIT colleges were combined into the Resident College.

The institute established a logistics education program at Wright-Patterson AFB in 1955, and Ohio State University conducted the first courses on a contract basis. In 1958 AFIT began a series of short courses in logistics as part of the Air Force Logistics Command (AFLC) Education Center. Later that year the School of Logistics became a permanent part of AFIT.

In 1954 the 83d Congress authorized the commander of AU to confer degrees upon students in the AFIT Resident College. The college was later divided into the School of Engineering, the School of Logistics, and the School of Business. The first undergraduate engineering degrees were granted in 1956, and the first graduate degrees in business in

1958. The School of Business programs were transferred to civilian universities in 1960.

In 1963 the School of Logistics was redesignated the School of Systems and Logistics. The Civil Engineering Center was also redesignated as the Civil Engineering School.

In 1967 AFIT became a member of the Dayton-Miami Valley Consortium (DMVC), which later changed its name to the Southwestern Ohio Council for Higher Education (SOCHE). The council is an association of colleges, universities, and industrial organizations in the Dayton area that are united to promote educational advancement. AFIT has traditionally been active in both the council and in other community and interinstitutional programs.

As AFIT begins its ninth decade of operation, the staff and faculty reflect with pride on the contributions its graduates of resident schools and civilian institutions have made to engineering, science, technology, medicine, logistics, and management throughout the Air Force. These immeasurable contributions have been vital to our national security.

AFIT's flexibility allows it to adjust quickly to changing AF requirements. The faculty, comprised of highly qualified military and civilian personnel, stays abreast of projected AF operations; and the programs are continually updated to offer its students the latest available material. For example, an Air Force Software Review in 1989 led to AFIT programs in software engineering and software systems management barely a year later. When environmental concerns culminated in the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990, AFIT designed and implemented both graduate and professional continuing education programs environmental engineering management. In 2000-01, working with Air Force Space Command, AFIT developed a new master's degree program in Aerospace and Information Operations. The first students for this program enrolled in the fall of 2001.

During the past 80 years, AFIT has granted over 15,000 degrees and more than 266,000 DOD personnel—including 30 US astronauts—have attended AFIT programs.

On 1 October 1999, AFIT's two graduate schools were combined to become the Graduate School of Engineering and Management.

In the fall of 2000, AFIT completed construction on an \$8.9 million engineering laboratory. The lab is used for experimental research in aerospace engineering, electrical engineering, applied physics, and environmental science.

The future promises to be challenging, but AFIT will continue to provide the environment and the opportunity for AF personnel to develop the professional and technological skills needed to master this dynamic challenge.

AFIT Campus

The institute's campus at Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio, consists of Bane Hall, which houses the Graduate School of Engineering and Management; Twining Hall, home of the School of Systems and Logistics; and Kenney Hall, which houses the command section and main auditorium and connects Bane and Twining Halls. A fourth building is connected to Twining Hall and is the home of the Civil Engineer and Services School. A fifth building, the 30,000-square-foot graduate engineering research laboratory, was officially opened in January 2001. Pending completion of expansion projects, the Civilian Institution Programs offices are collocated with the Aeronautical Systems Center in a building off the main AFIT campus.

Admission

AFIT's graduate education programs are designed to meet specific AF and DOD needs. Eligibility criteria for admission vary from program to program and are targeted for officers and DOD civilians. Academic qualification for admission to the institute's graduate programs, either in residence or at civilian institutions, is comparable to that of any quality graduate institution. In addition, the military accomplishments and potential of the candidate are considered before assignment to any program.

Attendance at AFIT's PCE courses is determined by functional duty requirements. The level of the course and the educational background and professional experience of the candidate are considered to ensure that the participant will be able to benefit from the learning experience.

International Affairs

The International Affairs (IA) Directorate is responsible for assisting international military officers and international government civilian employees with the procedures of application for admittance to the graduate and PCE programs at AFIT. Prospective foreign students apply to AFIT through the US Security Assistance Officer (SAO) at the US Embassy in their home countries. Application packages for evaluation for eligibility should arrive at the International Affairs Directorate (AFIT/IA) by the end of April each year in preparation for entrance the following September. Application packages should undergraduate transcripts reflecting the undergraduate degree; graduate transcripts, if applying for a PhD; Graduate Record Examination (GRE) or Graduate Management Admission Test (GMAT) score reports, as applicable for the program requested; and Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) scores. Packages should be mailed to

> AFIT/IA 2950 P Street Wright-Patterson AFB, OH 45433-7765

Or, applicants may call (937) 255-6800, send a fax to (937) 255-9981, or send electronic mail to AFIT.IA@afit.edu.

Graduate School of Engineering and Management

Dr. Robert A. Calico Jr., Dean

Internet Address
http://en.afit.edu

The Graduate School of Engineering and Management offers advanced scientific, engineering, and management education to qualified AF officers and civilians. Graduates are assigned a wide range of positions in a rapidly changing technological environment. They become not only practicing engineers and managers but also broadly educated leaders capable of directing AF research, support, and development programs. The school is comprised of the Departments of Mathematics and Statistics, Electrical and Computer Engineering, Engineering Physics, Systems and Engineering Management, Operational Sciences, and Aeronautical and Astronautical Engineering. The school also houses centers of excellence in Directed Energy, Measurement and Signals Intelligence, Modeling and Simulation, and Information Assurance. In fact, the school's Center for Information Assurance has been recognized by the National Security Agency (NSA) as a NSA Center of Academic Excellence in Information Assurance Education.

Resident Degree Programs

AFIT's Graduate School of Engineering and Management offers resident graduate degree programs in which students can earn a master's or doctorate degree. The resident master's degree program is 18 months in length, while the PhD program generally requires three years. These programs prepare AF officers primarily for specially designated advanced assignments in areas of science, engineering, and management. In addition to providing quality academic instruction in a relevant discipline, the institute customizes degree programs to specific

needs of the AF and the DOD, as suggested by users and technological advancements.

The Graduate School of Engineering and Management currently offers master's degree programs in aeronautical engineering, aerospace and information operations, applied mathematics, applied physics, astronautical engineering, computer engineering, computer systems, electrical engineering, electro-optics, engineering and environmental management, environmental science and engineering, materials science, military meteorology, nuclear engineering, operations research, space operations, and systems engineering. Other master's degree areas include programs in logistics management, acquisition management, and information resource management. Programs leading to the PhD degree offer areas of specialization in aeronautical engineering, applied mathematics, applied physics, astronautical engineering, computer engineering, computer systems, electrical engineering, electro-optics, materials science, nuclear engineering, and operations research. All programs meet educational requirements common to a wide range of AF assignments.

Accreditation

AFIT is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission and is a member of the North Central Association. The North Central Association can be contacted at

> The Higher Learning Commission NCA 30 North LaSalle Street, Suite 2400 Chicago, IL 60602-2504 Phone: (800) 621-7400

In addition to institutional accreditation, the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology accredits selected programs within the Graduate School of Engineering and Management. Their address is

Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology, Inc. 111 Market Place, Suite 1050 Baltimore, MD 21202

Phone: (410) 347-7700 Fax: (410) 625-2238

Facilities

The Graduate School of Engineering and Management is located at Wright-Patterson AFB, near the headquarters of the Air Force Research Laboratory (AFRL) and five of its directorates—the largest aerospace research facility in the Air Force. The academic programs offered at the school take advantage of the facilities and expertise available at these AFRL facilities. Students are able to interact directly with researchers and engineers working on AF projects. The full spectra of research, development, and acquisition facilities at Wright-Patterson AFB are used by a cadre of AF scientists, engineers, and management specialists, who assist AFIT as adjunct professors and lecturers through their association and aid to course work, development, and instruction.

The school includes extensive laboratories in the Departments of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Electrical and Computer Engineering, and Engineering Physics. The Department of Aeronautics and Astronautics laboratories include facilities for the study of internal and external aerodynamics, system dynamics and control, propulsion, combustion, heat transfer, fatigue, fracture, experimental stress analysis, task automation, and space systems.

The Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering operates facilities for the design and test of flight control and avionics concepts, integrated circuit fabrication and testing, low observables and electronic warfare support, and a full range of computer systems. The Department Engineering Physics laboratories support research in spectroscopy, nonlinear optics, solid-state physics, nuclear radiation detection, nuclear effects, and environmental monitoring. The AFIT's Center for Directed Energy is housed within the Engineering Physics Department. The Center for Directed Energy supports AF and DOD agencies in transitioning high-energy lasers and high-power microwaves to the battlefield through vigorous scientific and engineering research, graduate education programs, and diverse consulting activities. A new center was established during the 2001-02 school year in Measurement and Signals Intelligence (MASINT). This center, also housed within the Department of Applied Physics, provides both MASINT education and research to a wide variety of DOD personnel.

A mixture of workstations and personal computers networked throughout the facility supports education and research. The Department of Operational Sciences operates the AFIT Center for Modeling, Simulation, and Analysis. This center provides computing and technological capability for research that applies state-of-the-art mathematical and computing technologies to the solution of operational problems to support better decision making, planning, and scheduling in complex command, control, and war-fighting systems.

Faculty

The faculty of the Graduate School of Engineering and Management consists of 100 members; one-half are military officers. Nearly all faculty members hold PhD degrees in their areas of specialty. Faculty members teach approximately 440 graduate-level courses per year and are heavily involved in research. In FY 2001, AFIT graduate faculty produced 82 refereed journal articles, 186 other publications, and 245 contributions to proceedings at national and international symposia. Faculty members were also involved in 119 funded research projects during this period.

Research and Consulting

Research and consultation activities are integral elements of the work of any university. AFIT requires a dissertation or a thesis in all resident graduate degree programs. AF organizations sponsor research performed by students who complete thesis requirements on topics of interest to the AF and DOD. AFIT's consultation services offer DOD organizations and other government agencies the expertise of the faculty in their professional disciplines. Consulting activities also provide the faculty an opportunity for professional development and growth and exposure to the latest in defense-related concepts and concerns, which are incorporated into instruction.

In FY 2001, AFIT graduate students completed 189 master's theses and six PhD dissertations. Of these, over 96 percent contributed to an Air Force, DOD, or government agency project. Over 45 percent of AFIT theses were in direct support of Air Force Materiel Command, headquartered at Wright–Patterson AFB. AFIT graduate student research efforts in FY 2001 resulted in approximately \$23.4 million in cost avoidance savings for sponsors, and faculty research efforts produced over \$3.2 million in research grants.

The school's collocation with the AFRL, the Air Force's largest center of research, development, and materiel activity, produces a synergistic relationship resulting in an atmosphere that balances the theoretical and practical aspects of research and instruction. Close association with engineers and scientists actively engaged in AF research and development keeps research focused on AF technology needs.

Further Information

The Graduate School of Engineering and Management publishes several documents annually that provide detailed information about the graduate school's programs, degree requirements, and research activities.

Detailed information about the graduate school's programs is found in the *Graduate School of Engineering and Management Catalog*. The catalog is located on AFIT's Web site at http://en.afit.edu. Paper or CD-ROM copies of the catalog can also be requested by contacting the Registrar's Office at

AFIT/RRD 2950 P Street Wright-Patterson AFB, OH 45433-7765 (937) 255-6234, ext. 3137/3122

The Office of Research and Consulting publishes a research report documenting student and faculty research activity, sponsored program support, and research assessment questionnaire results. This report is routinely distributed to research sponsors and potential collaborates. Copies can be obtained upon request by contacting the ENR via any of the following ways:

Mailing address: AFIT/ENR 2950 P Street Wright-Patterson AFB, OH 45433-7765

E-mail address: afit.enrsta@afit.edu

Internet address: http://en.afit.af.mil.edu/enr

School of Systems and Logistics

Col Joseph B. Michels

Internet Address http://ls.afit.edu

The School of Systems and Logistics is the Air Force's professional continuing education (PCE) school for technical management disciplines. The school's mission is to plan, develop, and conduct courses and programs to satisfy technical management educational needs in the areas of logistics, systems, and acquisition for the Air Force, Department of Defense, and other federal agencies. Classes were presented to over 5,000 students in 2001. In addition to teaching formal courses, the

school presents tailored workshops in response to immediate requirements, provides consulting services in its areas of expertise, and conducts relevant research activities.

Traditional resident and on-site courses range in length from three days to three weeks. Satellite and web-based courses vary in length based on mode of presentation and curriculum requirements.

Professional Continuing Education

LS PCE Equals:

- Highest quality PCE available anywhere
- Fully-funded classes for AF activities
- The AF leader in Web-based education for the acquisition and logistics workforce
- Professional growth and development opportunities
- The tools, skills, and abilities to manage the entire spectrum of a system's life cycle

Disciplines

LS offers over 40 courses, executive seminars, and tailored workshops. Some of the courses available include the areas of

- Reliability Centered Maintenance
- Data Management
- Operational Requirements
- Configuration Management
- Life-Cycle Costing
- Supply Chain Management
- Acquisition Management
- Risk Management
- Product Support
- Software Engineering
- Reliability and Maintainability
- Production Management
- Maintenance
- Test and Evaluation
- Transportation
- Combat Logistics
- Team Building
- Acquisition and Logistics Reform

- Financial Management
- Earned Value Management

Faculty

The LS faculty is a unique combination of over 50 AF, Army, and Navy officers and DOD civilians who combine extensive practical field experience with academic expertise and a driving desire to provide whatever education, consulting, and other support our customers need.

Delivery Modes and Funding Information

Resident Course Offerings. LS normally pays for travel and per diem for USAF students.

On-Site Course Offering. LS pays for faculty travel and per diem for all scheduled course offerings. Additional offerings may be negotiated with the school.

Web-Based Course Offerings. LS pays for all costs associated with our Internet courses.

Tailored Courses, Seminars, and Workshops

Resident and on-site presentations are both available. Individualized courses, seminars, and workshops designed to meet unique or recurring needs are LS's specialty.

Management and Technical Consulting

The LS faculty provides individualized consulting services to AF and DOD customers. This includes consultation in their areas of management and technical expertise and small group and team facilitation. They have a long and proven record of providing premier consulting services to such activities as acquisition program offices, depot maintenance organizations, other DOD and federal agencies, and friendly and allied nations, to highlight a few.

Civil Engineer and Services School

Lt Col Jared A. Astin, Dean

Internet Address
http://cess.afit.edu

The Civil Engineer and Services School (CESS) provides PCE for selected individuals in the civil engineer and services career fields. In its capacity as a center of professional education and development, the school has established integrated programs including resident continuing education, nonresident courses and seminars, and consultation services.

Professional Continuing Education

Each of the school's PCE programs satisfies a specific and integrated career need of the students. The resident program provides the education that an officer or civilian needs over a lengthy career in AF civil engineering or services. The school offers primarily management-oriented courses. The technical offerings update and broaden the professional and technical knowledge of architects and civil, electrical, mechanical, industrial, and general engineers. These courses provide both management doctrine and applications for development of career professionals as they rise in the management structure. The fundamental objective is to return the students to their assignments better prepared to do their jobs. Specific courses offered vary from year to year depending on the needs of the career field.

The school offers PCE courses at or near the student's normal duty location through a nonresident program consisting of on-site courses, seminars, and satellite instruction. Some on-site seminars are conducted on a regional basis and focus on a specific function or field problem common to several bases in the area. For these seminars, faculty members conduct the educational program at a centrally located base. In FY 2001, CESS used the Air Technology Network (ATN) to deliver education to 3,002 students, while 993 students received education through on-sites, and 1,170 students attended resident classes at the school, and an additional 2,065 students attended one-week software training at their bases via speakerphone instruction from CESS instructors.

Faculty

CESS is organized into the Departments of Engineering Management, Environmental Management, Services Management, and the Academic Support Division. The faculty is composed mainly of AF officers with advanced degrees and recent field experience in civil engineering and services, as well as professional competence in a related professional discipline. Highly qualified civilian experts in specific management areas complement the military faculty. Guest lecturers further enhance the program of instruction.

Consultation

Faculty members provide consultation services to customers worldwide. Their research and consultation provide assistance to the Air Force through advice on and analysis of current problems. CESS is a source of knowledge and expertise tailored to support the technical and management needs of the AF and the DOD.

Civilian Institution Programs

Col José Bolton Sr., Dean

Internet Address http://ci.afit.edu

The Civilian Institution Programs manage AF officers pursuing educational programs needed to meet specific AF requirements. They provide this advanced education through civilian universities, research hospitals. industrial and business organizations, governmental agencies. This education covers a broad spectrum of academic disciplines at all degree levels, including postgraduate programs, continuing education programs, and programs jointly sponsored by the Air Force, other governmental agencies, and industrial and business organizations. The Civilian Institution Programs administers the F. Edward Herbert Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship and Financial Assistance Program. This program is the largest source of physician and dental accessions annually.

Officers selected for extended programs are assigned to AFIT with duty stations at a university, research center, medical institution, industrial firm, or governmental agency. Those selected for continuing education courses attend in a temporary-duty status. Program managers provide administrative support to students and monitor each educational

program to ensure that AF requirements are met in the shortest feasible time.

Regular Degree Programs

Regular degree programs qualify selected officers for validated advanced academic degree positions. Annual requirements are established by Headquarters USAF and include the following fields:

Humanities
Command, Control, and Communication
Mass Communication
Computer Technology
Chemistry
Engineering
Finance

International Relations Meteorology Management Foreign Area Studies Natural Science Physical Science Social Science

Graduate School Program

The Graduate School Program places selected US Air Force Academy (USAFA) graduates in 12-month graduate degree programs immediately following their commissioning. Many of these officers proceed to operational assignments requiring an advanced academic degree and then perform follow-on duty as a USAFA faculty member. Degree disciplines mirror and supplement USAFA instructor preparatory requirements.

Instructor Preparatory Education Program

Instructor preparatory education programs prepare selected officers for faculty or staff assignments at the USAFA, AU, or the resident schools of AFIT. Programs in a variety of academic disciplines are determined by the needs of each organization.

Fellowships, Scholarships, and Grants Program

This program offers advanced degree and postgraduate research opportunities to officers who win scholarships in public competition. Opportunities are available in several academic disciplines.

Legal Education Degree Programs

There are three different categories of opportunities for legal education through AFIT. The first of these is the Funded Legal Education Program (FLEP). FLEP provides officers up to 36 months to obtain a juris doctorate (JD) degree from a civilian law school and to pass the bar exam.

In the second category is the Excess Leave Legal Education Program. During this program, students receive no pay or allowances, do not accrue annual leave, and pay their own tuition and fees. Students are allowed up to 36 months to obtain their JD degree and to pass the bar exam.

Finally, graduate-level education is available that enables judge advocate general officers to obtain a master of laws degree through a civilian institution. This program lasts nine to 12 months.

Education Delay Program

The Education Delay Program allows selected college graduates in AFROTC to defer entry to active duty to pursue further education at their own expense. Major fields of advanced study are medicine, law, engineering, and physical science.

Education with Industry Program

The Education with Industry (EWI) Program is a 10-month, nondegree internship program sponsored jointly by AFIT, leading industries, and government agencies throughout the country. EWI programs are designed to develop qualities and abilities in selected officers and civilians necessary for effective acquisition management and professional or technical leadership.

Industrial Development Education in Acquisition Program

The Industrial Development Education in Acquisition Program is a short-term program designed to improve acquisition relationships between the government and defense contractors. The program places highly experienced officers and civilians with various defense contractors for five to six months. These selected AF personnel are provided an opportunity to experience the rewards and pitfalls of a defense contractor in an era of declining budgets and layoffs.

Health Care Education Division

The Health Care Education Division offers graduate and postgraduate programs for Air Force Medical Service officers in response to the requirements of the AF Surgeon General. They include residency and fellowship programs for active duty AF medical and dental officers, graduate and fellowship programs for Biomedical Science Corps officers, graduate programs for Nurse Corps and Medical Service Corps officers, and the F. Edward Hebert Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship and Financial Assistance Program (HPSP/FAP). In addition, it manages the medical PCE program, satisfying the continuing education needs of AF Medical Service officers.

Medical/Dental Residencies and Fellowships Branch

Under this AF program, active duty Medical Corps and Dental Corps officers are sponsored in civilian, DOD, Army, and Navy institutions in advanced medical/dental programs. These residents and fellows are selected each year to maintain adequate numbers of specialty-trained physicians and dentists for clinical practice in the future. The selection process is very competitive. Once an officer has been selected for advanced education and assigned to AFIT, fellows and residents are closely monitored to ensure successful completion of their demanding programs.

Allied Health Education Branch

This program places Nurse Corps, Biomedical Sciences Corps, and Medical Service Corps students in AFIT-funded graduate and postgraduate degree programs at over 65 institutions nationwide. Candidates for these programs are selected each year by the AF Personnel Center to fulfill specific requirements identified by the Integrated Forecasting Board (IFB). Once placed, students are monitored to ensure their curricula align with IFB requirements and that they maintain a satisfactory academic performance and graduate in the shortest time possible.

Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship and Financial Assistance Program Branch

HPSP/FAP scholarships are available to military and civilian applicants. The HPSP provides two-, three-, and four-year scholarships (including a monthly stipend) to qualifying students attending accredited

medical, osteopathic, dental, and optometry schools. A scholarship leading to a master of science in nursing is also available. Scholarships of variable length are available for third- and fourth-year dental students. While in the HPSP, students serve as inactive Reserve officers.

The FAP provides an annual grant and monthly stipend to qualifying physicians completing residency requirements in selected specialties needed by the AF. While in the FAP, students serve as inactive Reserve officers. Qualifications and application procedures for these programs are published in AFI 41-110, *Applying to Medical School and Medical Programs*, and for the HPSP/FAP in AFITI 36-101, *Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship and Financial Assistance Program*. Both regulations can be found on-line at http://ci.afit.edu.

Medical PCE Branch

This program randomly selects and funds active duty medical service officers (all corps) to maintain currency and accreditation in their area of specialization through short-course attendance at civilian-sponsored programs. Medical service officers select individual courses that are most appropriate for their professional specialty and meet AF criteria (e.g., appropriate sponsorship, continuing medical education credits). These courses are usually two to seven days in length. Qualifications and application procedures are outlined in the fact sheet located on-line at http://ci.afit.edu. The fact sheet also contains a link to *The Education and Training Course Announcements Catalog*.

HPSP

HPSP/FAP includes both academic scholarships for students and sponsorship for residents pursuing specialty residencies in medicine and dentistry.

HPSP Scholarships are available to military and civilian applicants. Qualifications and application procedures for this program are published in AFI 41-110, *Applying to Medical School and Medical Programs*, and can be found on-line at http://ci.afit.edu. Additionally, interested individuals should access http://www.Airforce.com for their local Air Force recruiter. Active duty individuals should access http://www.afpc.randolph.af.mil.

The HPSP provides scholarships, which include educational expenses and a monthly stipend, to qualifying students attending accredited schools of medicine, dentistry, and other health care disciplines. Available academic disciplines and scholarship lengths are modified annually to meet staffing requirements in critical specialties as

determined by the Surgeon General of the Air Force. Students selected for this program are appointed as inactive obligated reserve officers.

The Financial Assistance Program (FAP) provides an annual grant and a monthly stipend to qualifying physicians and dentists completing residency requirements in selected critical specialties as determined by the Surgeon General of the Air Force. Residents selected for this program are appointed as inactive obligated reserve officers.

COMMUNITY COLLEGE OF THE AIR FORCE

Col Eric A. Ash, Commander/President Lt Col Jeffery K. Little, Vice Commander/Executive Vice President

Internet Address http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/ccaf/

Mission: Offer and award job-related associate in applied science degrees and other academic credentials that enhance mission readiness, contribute to recruiting, assist in retention, and support the career transitions of Air Force enlisted members.

The Community College of the Air Force (CCAF) serves the educational needs of the AF enlisted community by offering associate in applied science degrees and other credentialing programs that enhance mission readiness, contribute to recruiting, assist in retention, and support the career transitions of AF enlisted members. It is the only federally chartered institution in the United States that awards college degrees solely to USAF enlisted personnel.

The college was established in April 1972 at Randolph AFB, Texas; relocated to its present location, Maxwell AFB, Alabama, in April 1979; and realigned under Air University in July 1993. The college mailed its first official transcript in November 1972 and issued its first career education certificate in August 1973.

The college received degree-granting authority in July 1976 and awarded its first associate in applied science degree in April 1977. The CCAF is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools (1866 Southern Lane, Decatur, GA 30033-4097: telephone number [404] 679-4501) to award the associate in applied science degree.

With more than 373,000 registered students, the college is the largest multicampus community college in the world. Its affiliated schools are located in 36 states, the District of Columbia, and six foreign locations. More than 6,000 CCAF faculty members provide quality instruction for the professional development of enlisted personnel. The college has awarded more than 220,000 associate in applied science degrees to enlisted members of the active duty Air Force; ANG; Air Force Reserve Command (AFRC); and enlisted members of the Army, Navy, and Marine Corps teaching in CCAF-affiliated schools.

Associate in Applied Science Degree

CCAF awards associate in applied science degrees in the following areas.

Aircraft and Missile Maintenance Allied Health Electronics and Telecommunications Logistics and Resources Public and Support Services

CCAF degree programs consist of a minimum of 64 semester hours. To graduate, students must hold the journeyman (five) level in the appropriate Air Force specialty code (AFSC) at the time of program completion and have a minimum of 16 semester hours of CCAF credit applied to their degree program. Students must complete all degree requirements before separating, retiring, or becoming commissioned officers.

	Semester
Academic Requirements	Hours
Technical Education	24
Leadership, Management, and Military Studies	6
Physical Education	4
General Education (3 hours in each of following)	15
Oral Communication	3
Written Communication	3
Mathematics	3
Social Science	3
Humanities	3
Program Elective	15
TOTAL	64

CCAF System

The college functions as a single institution with respect to credit documentation, records, and educational program management. The system is supported by the Air Force Recruiting Service, USAF Occupational Measurement Squadron, Airman Classification Squadron, and Headquarters AETC. These agencies provide the recruitment, job analysis, and staff support required for successful operation of the system.

Affiliated Schools

The instructional programs of the college are conducted by the Air Force in traditional learning environments. Even when advanced instructional technology and individualized instruction are used, students attend regularly scheduled classes and complete specified course work under assigned faculty in much the same manner as students in the classrooms of most traditional civilian colleges, except that students typically attend one course at a time, eight hours each day, five days a week until satisfactorily completing the course.

What is often perceived as nontraditional about the college is its form of organization and administration. AF schools provide instruction at numerous locations because of the geographic mobility of the students as they pursue their AF occupations. Accordingly, each of these separate education and training organizations, called affiliated schools, is a component of a worldwide educational system.

Education Services Centers

The general education component of every degree program must be completed in civilian colleges and/or through nationally recognized testing programs, during off-duty time, with the Air Force paying all or a portion of the tuition costs. Counseling of students is accomplished by trained education counselors located on all major AF installations and CCAF advisors at each ANG and AFRC installation.

The education services centers administer the College-Level Examination Program, Defense Activity for Non-Traditional Education Support Subject Standardized Tests, and Excelsior College Examinations. They also conduct formal graduations worldwide at least once each year, usually during the months of April and October.

Advisory Bodies

The college uses several advisory bodies composed of members from the CCAF administrative staff, CCAF system, and appointed civilian members. These advisory bodies provide the college with direction and customer feedback, set policies and procedures, and facilitate communication throughout the system.

Board of Visitors. The CCAF Board of Visitors is a federal advisory committee consisting of up to 12 appointed members from education, business, and industry. The appointed members represent the public interest and serve with ex officio members who represent the interests of the Air Force, the institution, faculty, and student body.

Affiliated Schools Advisory Panel. Members represent categories of technical training, field training, enlisted professional military education, and command-sponsored schools affiliated with the college. The panel provides a forum for reaffirming CCAF's commitment to providing job-relevant educational opportunities to all enlisted personnel.

Education Services Advisory Panel. The panel includes the CCAF dean of academic affairs and education services advisor, Headquarters USAF and MAJCOM personnel, base-level education services personnel, and ANG/AFRC counterparts. The panel provides an interface between the college and the education services system.

Expanded Policy Council. Twenty-two representatives from all elements of the CCAF system make up the Policy Council. The council, chaired by the CCAF dean of academic affairs, meets twice a year and submits recommendations concerning academic policies, degree programs, award of credit, academic standards, affiliation of AF schools with the college, and other policy matters to the commander/president.

SECTION II

OTHER AIR UNIVERSITY SCHOOLS AND PROGRAMS

Professional Military Education for officers includes the Air War College and Air Command and Staff College, both addressed in the previous section. This section includes the remainder of officer PME conducted by Squadron Officer College and enlisted PME programs under the College of Enlisted PME. Officer accession and training schools, professional continuing education, advanced distributed learning, and citizenship education programs are also addressed in this section.

PROFESSIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION PROGRAMS AND SCHOOLS

Air University's professional military education schools prepare junior, midcareer, and senior noncommissioned and commissioned officers and selected civilians for progressively more responsible positions throughout the Air Force and DOD. All colleges, schools, and programs operate within the framework of the Air Force continuum of education, a coordinated and integrated educational system that links curricula across Air University so that each college, school, and program builds on the education provided at the previous level. This continuum includes five core areas: the profession of arms, military studies, international security studies, communication studies, and leadership and management studies.

SQUADRON OFFICER COLLEGE

Col Johnny A. Weida, Commander

Internet Address http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/soc/

Vision: Squadron Officer College will produce officers with the heart and mind of a warrior and a passion for commanding air and space power.

Mission: To develop twenty-first century airmen who can advocate the unique value of aerospace capabilities, who value team achievement over individual success, and who are committed to the profession of arms.

The Squadron Officer College (SOC) is designed to educate company grade officers on the basic concepts of modern-day air and space warfare and essentials of military leadership. Commissioned as an AU college in February 2000, SOC is composed of two educational schools: the Air and Space Basic Course (ASBC) and Squadron Officer School (SOS).

ASBC is a four-week program organized to teach second lieutenants the essential concepts of how the Air Force prosecutes aerial wars. The course begins with a survey of key AF weapon systems and includes descriptions of how these weapons are employed in combat. Other lessons include an introduction to war theory, historical airpower principles, strategic concepts, and the basics of aerospace doctrine. In addition, students are taught various leadership concepts and are required to act as military teams in solving complex problems. After learning these fundamental concepts, students work as a combat team in a simulated Air and Space Operational Center and report to a joint forces air component commander (JFACC). They develop and execute an aerial campaign plan in a complex three-day wargame. Through these efforts, ASBC provides the fundamental concepts and motivation for lieutenants to begin learning and inculcating the skills, values, and ethos of a professional airman.

SOS was originally commissioned in the 1950s during the Korean War. Initially, it was organized as a war leadership school, teaching USAF captains the salient concepts of aerial warfare and the command responsibilities involved in combat situations. Col Russell V. Ritchey, USAF, the school's founder, stated that SOS's primary purpose was to study war. "I wanted no off-shoots," explained Colonel Ritchey, "which would distract the student from his primary aim or compromise the purity of the profession."

Following these guidelines, today's SOS is designed to teach the essence of military leadership, aerospace doctrine, international security

issues, and communication skills. Students are not only exposed to these new concepts, they are required to apply these lessons in a variety of complex experiential learning exercises which involve the human emotions of fatigue, frustration, and esprit. Physical fitness, team problem solving, and proper military decorum are critical aspects of the school's offerings. Over the years, Medal of Honor recipients, astronauts, and principal military commanders—both in the United States and from various international countries—have graduated from this institution. SOS is a premier military leadership school.

command support divisions include a Curriculum Directorate; Plans, Programs, and Evaluations Directorate; Personnel Directorate; and Directorate of Mission Support. The Director of Curriculum develops and maintains educational lessons, readings, and a distinguished speaker program for both ASBC and SOS. The Plans, Programs, and Evaluations Directorate manages the day-to-day classroom schedules, evaluation procedures, and course surveys, and conducts a long-range planning cycle. The Director of Personnel oversees the manning of faculty and works on student personnel issues. The Directorate of Mission Support ensures maintenance of all facilities, including extensive athletic playing fields, physical fitness courses, equipment, and military leadership obstacle courses.

Air and Space Basic Course

Col Dale Shoupe, Commandant Lt Col John McCain, Vice Commandant

Internet Address
http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/soc/abc

Mission: Inspire new USAF officers to comprehend their roles as airmen who understand and live by USAF core values, articulate and demonstrate USAF core competencies, and who dedicate themselves as warriors in the world's most respected aerospace force.

Goal: Through a shared dynamic experience, ASBC commissioned officers and civilians will comprehend how the unique capabilities of aerospace power support our national security policy and value the importance of personal ownership and commitment to their Air Force and profession of arms.

ASBC is an educational program for newly commissioned second lieutenants and for selected civilians. It was originally created as a test program in 1997 and was commissioned as a formal AU educational

program in January 1999. On 8 February 2001, it became one of the key schools within SOC.

ASBC's curriculum explores the foundations of air and space doctrine, the core competencies, and examines how aerospace power is employed in combat. In all these lessons, the importance of the Air Force's core values are continually reemphasized. Students attending ASBC are encouraged to comprehend and value their roles as airmen in the world's most respected aerospace force. They are required to articulate how the USAF core competencies were forged in the fires of aerial combat in the skies over Europe, Japan, Korea, Vietnam, Iraq, and Serbia. They are required to demonstrate how the AF plans to fight and operate in wars as a key part of a joint or coalition force.

In this post-cold-war era, where the military threats are complex and illusive, ASBC was created to provide young officers with the logic and the grammar of their unique Air Force profession. "To prepare for an uncertain future," stated Carl Builder, "the Air Force needed to readdress its fundamental 'sense of identity and purpose." Because of its emphasis on heritage and on the study of aerospace operational planning, ASBC is very different from the traditional curriculum used in most precommissioning programs.

The course is a four-week program built around indoor and outdoor classroom activities. The pinnacle of the curriculum is "Blue Thunder," a three-day wargame executed in bare-base conditions where students are thrust into key roles in an AOC. Students exercise a theater air and space campaign, including development of a master air attack plan. This capstone wargame demonstrates to the student that teamwork is required to successfully plan a joint aerospace campaign. Wargames and application-level exercises are used throughout the course to maximize student learning level and comprehension.

Curriculum

The ASBC curriculum consists of two interconnected areas of study. Area One is linear, in which each lesson is built upon the preceding one and addressing the achievement of the designated educational goal. The second area is nonlinear, striving to create the affective changes to motivate students to consider themselves AF officers above all else.

To maximize the learning level of entry-level students into this intense four-week curriculum, ASBC employs state-of-the-art educational technologies in the classroom and in various exercises. To help students learn and instructors teach, the learning material includes the following:

- DOD Digital Versatile Disk (DVD) classroom application "What Now, Lieutenant?" for presenting core values and ethics case studies for random access and full-screen, full-motion professional video segments.
- Multiplayer networked wargames, AFEX and AIRGAP, are played to reinforce application-level learning, with an emphasis on the AF core competencies, joint service teamwork, integration of theory and doctrine concepts, crisis-action planning under stress, and decentralized execution. Flights are broken up into two teams, with each team playing against its sister flight.
- An exported version of Air Force Wargaming Institute's (AFWI)
 Air Force Command Exercise System (ACES) theater campaign
 simulation, which allows student flights to conduct an air and
 space campaign against an opposition force comprised of other
 students. This exercise, called Blue Thunder, is a capstone
 wargame fought from an austere forward deployment site,
 which includes a simulated AOC.

Duration and Quota

ASBC will conduct eight classes during academic year 2002–03 for a total of 5,152 students. Each class lasts four weeks.

Curriculum Summary

	Academic
Curriculum Area	Hours
Profession of Arms	85.50
Leadership/Management	20.33
Military Studies	11.00
Communication Studies	0.00
International Studies	1.50
TOTAL INSTRUCTION	118.33
Other (Admin and Testing)	20.00
Course Total	138.33

Squadron Officer School

Colonel Frederick Rauch, Commandant Lt Col Dale Watson, Vice Commandant

Internet Address
http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/sos/

Mission: Develop dynamic leaders rededicated to the profession of arms.

Goals: Educated students will value their unique role as AF officers by

- applying aerospace leadership to effectively execute military missions, and
- valuing the warrior-leader ethos and its impact on aerospace power development.

SOS is an AU educational institution designed to teach USAF company grade officers the skills of command leadership. The institution originated in 1946 at Tyndall Field, Florida, and was called the Air Tactical School. In 1950 after the Air Tactical School closed and the faculty transferred to Maxwell Field, Alabama. Here under the leadership of Col Russell V. Ritchey, they developed a new educational program called "Squadron Officer Course." The first company grade officers began attending this institution on 23 October 1950. From 1950 to 1959, Squadron Officer Course was an organizational unit within ACSC. Above all, noted Colonel Ritchey, the course was developed primarily to educate officers within the expertise of the profession of arms. In 1959, this course was renamed Squadron Officer School (SOS) and began reporting directly to the AU commander.

SOS teaches all the key command and leadership concepts of being able to analyze situations, develop plans, train followers, perform as a team, and critique the effort. While attending SOS, students step away from their special technical skills and broaden their focus on the Air Force as an institutional fighting force. They prepare for command responsibilities, study the significance of the core values, and learn about air and space doctrine. After studying various military leadership concepts, they are required to apply these lessons in various experiential learning exercises.

SOS not only provides students with an opportunity to understand how leadership skills influence team achievement but also provides these officers the opportunity to experience the responsibilities of being an effective follower. This focus on followership includes such functions as taking risks, working with others, and constructively dissenting when the team or leader is headed in the wrong direction. In addition, the SOS experience helps students refine their written and oral communication skills as well as establishes a foundation of knowledge on how the Air Force fights wars.

Resident Curriculum

SOS presents air and space history, doctrine, and employment concepts to the students throughout the course. The students improve their knowledge of the Air Force and its mission through multiple readings, seminar discussions, and lectures presented by air and space power experts. In the Operation Atlantis wargame, students organize and operate an air and space operations center. They get an opportunity to build and execute an air campaign plan while further applying the principles of leadership, communication skills, and team building.

To emphasize team building, leadership, and followership, the SOS curriculum lessons are sequenced concurrently, rather than sequentially. Students, therefore, are required to study a lesson, work as a team, and then apply the ideas in a complex exercise afterward. This approach to learning helps officers improve professionally and promotes the inculcation of the warrior-leader ethos.

Duration and Quota

SOS will conduct seven classes during academic year 2002–03 for a total of 2,730 students. Each class lasts five weeks.

Prerequisites and Selection

Captains with at least four and less than seven years of total active federal commissioned service, who are not in a failed or deferred promotion status, are eligible to attend SOS. DOD civilians in the grade of GS-9 and above with at least four years of continuous civil service are eligible. See Air Force Catalog 36-2223, *USAF Formal Schools*, for additional information.

Curriculum Summary

	Academic
Curriculum Area	Hours
Profession of Arms	35.25
Leadership/Management	86.75
Military Studies	11.00
Communication Studies	17.00
International Studies	4.50
TOTAL INSTRUCTION	154.50
Other	25.00
Course Total	179.50

Nonresident Program

The SOS Nonresident Program 26 (book version) and Program 27 (CD-ROM version) consist of five courses: 26A/27A, Profession of Arms; 26B/27B, Military Studies; 26C/27C, International Studies; 26D/27D, Communication Studies; and 26E/27E, Leadership and Management Studies. Under normal circumstances, students must complete the entire program within 18 months.

The SOS Nonresident Program typically presents similar material to the resident curriculum and is administered by the AFIADL at Maxwell AFB (Gunter Annex). Captains or above and selected DOD civilians in the grade of GS-9 or above are eligible to enroll in the program. See the *Air Force Institute for Advanced Distributed Catalog* (available on the World Wide Web (http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/afiadl/curriculum/catalog/cattoc_fr.htm) for detailed course description and eligibility criteria.

Curriculum Summary

Curriculum Area	Academic Hours
Profession of Arms	12
Military Studies	21
International Studies	18
Communication Studies	18
Leadership/Management	27
TOTAL	96

Academic Credit

Resident Program. The new five-week resident program is under review by the American Council on Education for recommended academic credit.

Nonresident Program. The new SOS Distributed Learning Course is also under review by the American Council on Education for academic credit.

COLLEGE FOR ENLISTED PROFESSIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION

Col Michael Gegg, Commander CMSgt Ralph Jennings, Vice Commandant

Internet Address

http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/cepme/college.htm

Mission: Provide the continuum of education necessary for the Air Force to develop the best enlisted leaders in the world.

The College for Enlisted Professional Military Education (CEPME) was activated 15 December 1993. The college is responsible for the instructional programs and faculty development for the airman leadership schools (ALS), noncommissioned officer academies (NCOA), and the Air Force Senior Noncommissioned Officer Academy (AFSNCOA). These schools graduate approximately 27,500 students annually. The college conducts studies of enlisted professional military education (EPME) issues and advises Air Force leadership on EPME matters.

Goal: Expand the leadership ability of enlisted leaders and strengthen their commitment to the profession of arms by integrating sound leadership, communication skills, and military studies principles and concepts throughout the ALS, NCOA, and AFSNCOA curricula.

CEPME implements its missions and goals through its resident programs and distance learning programs. The major components of CEPME are the Educational Programs Cadre (EPC), the AFSNCOA, nine NCOAs located in the continental United States (CONUS), and the Air Force Enlisted Heritage Research Institute (AFEHRI).

Educational Programs Cadre

Dr. Doug Savell, Dean

Internet Address

http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/cepme/epc/cadre.htm

EPC was created in 1993 by reorganizing the USAF Enlisted PME Support Center at Maxwell AFB, Alabama, and the USAF Senior NCO Academy Curriculum and Evaluation Directorates. EPC provides educational programs supported by the Continuum of Education to

prepare enlisted personnel for increased responsibilities. EPC is comprised of the dean; the Educational Directorate, consisting of three instructional design teams; Profession of Arms, Leadership, and Communication Skills; and the Operations Directorate consisting of Data Analysis, Operations and Training, Interactive Courseware Development, and Plans and Programs. Additionally, an Air National Guard (ANG) liaison, a training NCO, and an administrative staff are assigned to EPC. EPC develops, validates, and evaluates the curriculum for resident and distance learning programs and formulates policies and procedures governing operations at all EPME schools located worldwide. responsible for developing, standardizing, and assuring the effectiveness of all EPME programs for the USAF. EPC is the office of chief responsibility for the 8T000 Career Field Education and Training Plan (CFETP) as well as the Community College of the Air Force (CCAF) point of contact for all CEPME schools. The EPC staff provides technology assistance and password protected Web access for all EPME schools to ensure rapid updates of policies, procedures, and curriculum. The EPC develops and manages distance learning courses for each level of EPME and designs and teaches the EPME Instructor Course to orient new instructors assigned to ALS, NCOA, and AFSNCOA programs.

Air Force Senior Noncommissioned Officer Academy

CMSgt Roger Ball, Commandant

Internet Address

http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/cepme/sncoa/sncoa.htm

The Air Force established the AFSNCOA in 1972 to fill a void in professional military education (PME) for AF senior NCOs. In January 1973, the academy began its first class with 120 senior NCOs and a curriculum divided into two major areas: military environment and military management. Presently, the academy has an annual enrollment of over 1,800 senior NCOs, chief petty officers, and international senior NCOs. Offering instruction in three major areas, the AFSNCOA is the capstone of enlisted PME.

The instruction provided by the AFSNCOA makes a positive impact on the careers of its graduates. Eight academy graduates have served as the chief master sergeant of the Air Force—Thomas N. Barnes, James M. McCoy, Arthur L. Andrews, Sam E. Parish, James C. Binnicker, David J. Campanale, Eric Benken, and Frederick J. Finch. Most command chief master sergeants are also academy alumni.

Mission: Expand the leadership capabilities of senior enlisted leaders and reinforce a commitment to the profession of arms.

Goal: Conduct a relevant and rigorous educational program contributing to the professional development and motivation of senior NCOs.

Eligibility: Air Force and selected AFRes and ANG senior NCOs attend the academy in residence. Selected Army, Navy, Coast Guard, and international military personnel also attend on a limited basis. Active duty AF personnel must have at least one-year retainability following graduation, and this course must be completed before they can be promoted to chief master sergeant.

Resident Curriculum

The academy's philosophy is that senior enlisted leaders have the need and desire for advanced PME to assist them in fulfilling their expanding leadership and management roles. The senior EPME program is based on sound educational principles with high academic standards. It strives to satisfy student needs with individualized instruction where possible.

Curriculum Summary

Instructional Area	Academic Hours		
Profession of Arms	72		
Communication Skills	38		
Leadership and Management	102		
Collateral Curriculum	19		
Commandant's Time	9		
TOTAL	240		

Duration and Quota. The AFSNCOA conducts five, 30 academic-day resident classes each year with a student quota of 360 per class.

Selection. The Air Force Military Personnel Center identifies and notifies active duty students for attendance. AF students must meet all AF standards. Students from other services must meet their service's standards. Complete eligibility and selection criteria can be found in AFI 36-2301, *Professional Military Education* and on-line at the Air Force Education and Training Course Announcements (ETCA) (https://etca.keesler.af.mil).

Academic Credit. The AFSNCOA is affiliated through CEPME to CCAF, which is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the

Southern Association of Colleges and Schools. Graduates of the resident course are currently awarded nine semester hours of undergraduate credit from the CCAF.

Noncommissioned Officer Academies

In October 1993, a Headquarters USAF program action directive ordered the transfer of the 10 CONUS NCO academies from AF major air commands (MAJCOM) to Air Education and Training Command (AETC). In November 1993, AETC assigned these academies to the newly formed CEPME. Currently, nine NCO academies aligned under CEPME operate in CONUS at Goodfellow, Gunter, Keesler, Kirtland, Lackland, McGuire, Peterson, Robins, and Tyndall Air Force bases. An NCO academy, located at McGhee Tyson Airport, Knoxville, Tennessee, is under the functional control of the ANG. Air Force MAJCOMs overseas operate their own academies. Pacific Air Forces (PACAF) has three academies located at Elmendorf AFB, Alaska; Kadena AB, Okinawa, Japan; and Hickam AFB, Hawaii. US Air Forces, Europe, has one academy at Kapaun AS, Germany.

Mission: Provide PME to prepare NCOs for positions of greater responsibility by broadening their leadership and supervisory skills and expanding their perspective of the military profession.

Goal: Furnish an environment for students to gain an understanding of their positions in the military structure and develop the skills necessary for effectiveness in those supervisory positions.

Eligibility: Students are technical sergeants and technical sergeant selects with six months of retainability upon completion of the NCOA. Students must complete the NCOA before they assume the grade of master sergeant.

Resident Curriculum

The NCO Academy 220-hour curriculum consists of three academic areas—profession of arms, communication skills, and leadership. The principal method of instruction used at this level of EPME is the guided discussion.

Curriculum Summary

Instructional Area	Academic Hours
Profession of Arms	46
Communication Skills	53
Leadership and Management	100
Collateral Curriculum	12
Commandant's Time	9
TOTAL	220

Duration and Quota. The NCOA is conducted at 14 locations worldwide and most NCOAs operated seven classes per year. This is a 28-academic-day course, and quotas are distributed by each MAJCOM annually.

Selection. Students are selected based on the eligibility criteria outlined in the ETCA and AFI 36-2301, *Professional Military Education*. Local MPFs manage this process for each base.

Academic Credit. The nine CONUS NCO academies are affiliated through CEPME to the CCAF, which is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools. Overseas NCOAs and the ANG NCOA located at McGhee Tyson Airport are affiliated directly with CCAF. All graduates of the resident course currently receive 11 semester hours of undergraduate credit with CCAF.

Airman Leadership School

In April 1991, the AF directed that Headquarters AU establish the Airman Leadership School (ALS) program. On 1 October 1991, a new and standardized program came on-line to teach senior airmen PME. The stand up of the new ALS discontinued the Noncommissioned Officer Preparatory Course (NCOPC) and the Noncommissioned Officer Leadership School (NCOLS) programs. ALS became the first of three PME programs that enlisted professionals attend during their AF careers. Functional responsibility for each ALS rests with the local Mission Support Squadron.

Mission: Prepare AF personnel in the rank of senior airmen for supervisory duties and foster a commitment to the profession of arms.

Goal: Provide senior airmen an opportunity to more fully understand their position in the USAF organizational structure and the continued need for professional development to be effective NCOs.

Eligibility: Students are senior airmen or staff sergeant selects with 48 months time in service and six months retainability in the Air Force upon graduation. ALS completion is required before attaining the rank of staff sergeant.

Resident Curriculum

ALS consists of 191 curriculum hours conducted over 24 academic days at 76 locations worldwide. The primary instructional methodology is the guided discussion. Instruction covers three broad academic areas including profession of arms, communication skills, and leadership. Flight Chief's Time and Collateral Curriculum round out the course.

Curriculum Summary

Instructional Area	Academic Hours
Profession of Arms	47
Communication Skills	45
Leadership and Management	83
Collateral Curriculum	10
Flight Chief's Time	6
TOTAL	191

Duration and Quota. The ALS is conducted at 68 active duty AF bases worldwide and eight ANG bases located in the CONUS. This is a 24-academic-day course, and most ALS's operate eight classes per year. Quotas are locally assigned based on the eligible population.

Selection. Students are selected based on the eligibility criteria outlined in the ETCA and AFI 36-2301, *Professional Military Education*. Once selected, attendance is mandatory. Local MPFs work directly with each ALS to ensure eligible students are selected.

Academic Credit

All ALSs are individually affiliated with the CCAF, which is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools. Graduates of the resident course currently receive

nine semester hours of undergraduate college credit with CCAF. CCAF is automatically notified of class graduations for update of CCAF records and transcripts.

Enlisted Professional Military Education Instructor Course

The Enlisted Professional Military Education Instructor Course (EPMEIC) indoctrinates new instructors, flight chiefs, directors of education, or commandants being assigned to an ALS, NCOA, or the AFSNCOA.

Mission: To indoctrinate entry-level instructors into the field of EPME.

Goal: To help instructors understand how the EPME curriculum builds a stronger enlisted force and to help them apply specific managerial skills to the academic environment.

Eligibility: Students must be graduates of Academic Instructor School (AIS), and attendance is required for all newly assigned EPME instructors. Headquarters AF Personnel Center (AFPC) selects students based on AIS attendance.

Resident Curriculum

The four-day course provides students an understanding regarding the relationship between EMPE at specific career points and a stronger enlisted force. During the course, students receive an orientation of the resident EPME curricula, classroom management techniques, and EPME policies and procedures.

Curriculum Summary

CEPME
Organizational Structure
Professionalism for the PME
Instructor
Test Item Analysis
Career Field Education and
Training Plan (CFETP)
Writing Evaluation Workshop
Speaking Evaluation Workshop
Case Studies Workshop
Validation/Lesson Change
Process
Procedural Guidance
Evaluating Communication
Skills

Instructor Responsibilities
Contemporary Educational Issues
Program Specific Curriculum
Issue
Course Design
ALS/NCOA/SNCOA Profession of
Arms Structure
ALS/NCOA/SNCOA
Communication Skills
Structure
ALS/NCOA/SNCOA Leadership
Structure

Duration and Quota. The four-day EPMEIC is offered six to seven times per year, serving approximately 130 students per fiscal year. The course is conducted immediately following graduation from AIS. The EPC staff instructs this course in-house at Headquarters CEPME, Maxwell AFB-Gunter Annex.

Academic Credit

No academic credit is awarded for the EPMEIC.

CEPME Distance Learning

The College for Enlisted Professional Military Education provides distance or distributed learning opportunities to the AF enlisted corps.

AFSNCOA Distance-Learning Courses

AFIADL Course 00005. The AFSNCOA distance learning (DL) course on CD-ROM consists of five modules: Profession of Arms, Behavior Analysis, Human Resource Development, Organizational Management, and Communication Skills. There are five objective, multiple-choice tests. The Profession of Arms module is also evaluated using a survey and is designed to reinforce USAF airman identity.

NCO Academy Distance Learning Course

AFIADL Course 00006. The curriculum of the NCO Academy DL course consists of four volumes addressing communication skills, military studies, leadership and management principles, and quality of life.

Airman Leadership School Distance Learning Course

AFIADL Course 00001. The curriculum of the ALS DL course covers the profession of arms, leadership and communication skills/principles for first-line supervisors.

Eligibility

Eligibility criteria, course responsibilities, and academic credit are outlined in the on-line *Air Force Institute for Advanced Distributed Learning Catalog* (http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/afiadl/curriculum/catalog/html/contents04-01.htm).

OFFICER ACCESSIONS

Air University's Officer Accession and Training Schools provide centralized leadership and coordinate policies and curriculum for two of the Air Force's three commissioning programs. The third program is the United States Air Force Academy—a direct reporting unit under the chief of staff of the Air Force.

AIR FORCE OFFICER ACCESSION AND TRAINING SCHOOLS

Brig Gen Paul M. Hankins, Commander

Internet Address
http://www.afoats.af.mil

Mission: Produce leaders for the Air Force and build better citizens for America.

In 1995 the Air University Board of Visitors—an advisory board to the AU commander consisting of educators, business leaders, and retired AF personnel—recommended that AU bring together officer accession sources to streamline the organizational structure and reduce the commander's span of control. The Air Force Officer Accession and Training Schools (AFOATS) was activated on 14 February 1997, merging the Officer Training School (OTS) and the Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps (AFROTC). Consisting of the two line organizations, AFOATS is the commissioning source for more than 80 percent of the Air Force's line officers and provides initial officership training to over 95 percent of its nonline force.

AFOATS furnishes coordinated leadership and policy direction for the AF's officer recruiting, training, and commissioning programs at OTS and at AFROTC detachments at 144 host universities. Its staff manages support and develops curriculum to train tomorrow's AF officers. The merger of AFROTC and OTS provides

- a single focal point for AETC's officer accessions,
- · centralized support and curriculum areas,
- one organization to commission and train over 80 percent of AF officers, and
- a method to smooth the production flow for both AFROTC and OTS.

AFOATS senior leadership has identified five keys that are essential to the future success of the Air Force: recruiting, educating, training, and commissioning world-class AF officers; educating better and more productive citizens for America; providing quality support; developing a personnel life cycle for its officer accessioning programs; and continuing to improve the quality of life for its officer candidates. AFOATS also directs the AF's high school citizenship training program, AF Junior ROTC (JROTC).

Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps

Col Alan E. Thompson, Commander

Internet Address
http://www.AFROTC.com

The Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps is the Air Force's largest and oldest commissioning program. Initially based on the Morrill Act of 1862 and the National Defense Act of 1916, the ROTC program underwent a major change with the ROTC Vitalization Act of 1964. This act, which eliminated compulsory ROTC at state land-grant colleges and universities, offered two- and four-year scholarships with a focus on academics and leadership. The Vitalization Act established the Junior ROTC program and paved the way for today's AFROTC program. AFROTC currently operates at 144 colleges and universities and has over 900 crosstown agreements with other institutions. As of 31 October 2001, cadet enrollment was 17,559 college students. AFROTC's scholarship program includes more than 7,904 cadets and a scholarship budget of \$50.6 million in fiscal year 2002.

Programs and Operations

AFROTC offers one- through four-year programs. The four-year program is divided into two phases: the General Military Course (GMC), which encompasses the freshman and sophomore years, and the Professional Officer Course (POC), which covers the junior and senior years. During the summer between their sophomore and junior years, GMC cadets attend a four-week field training camp in a controlled environment to assess their potential as officers. Cadets not enrolled in ROTC as freshmen or sophomores attend a five-week summer field training camp. This five-week camp allows extra time for these cadets to gain the leadership skills GMC cadets acquire in leadership laboratories (LLAB) during the first two years of ROTC. Students entering the two-year ROTC program also complete entry-level classroom work during this summer camp.

Recently, the one-year program was designed to meet AF production shortfalls. Students attend a seven-week AFROTC field-training encampment during the summer. After successfully completing all requirements, the cadet is commissioned as an Air Force officer.

AFROTC continues to institute initiatives to improve its program, retain students, and conserve resources. With the critical need to promote diversity in military and civilian aviation, AFROTC partnered with the Secretary of the Air Force's Office of Small and Disadvantaged Businesses to establish interest in and support for the Flight Awareness Summer Training (FAST) program to inspire and retain minority students. This program provides cadets at historically black colleges and universities and minority institutions the opportunity to receive aviation ground school instruction and primary flight instruction during their summer break.

A second initiative is the foreign language immersion program. This four-week program is designed for junior and senior cadets with at least three years of foreign language studies. Cadets travel to the foreign country, live with local families, study at local universities, receive total language and cultural immersion, and commit to speaking only the language of study for the entire training period.

To retain cadets and provide flight experience, ROTC and the CAP instituted the CAP flight orientation program. This program puts ROTC cadets in CAP aircraft on regularly scheduled sorties, allowing CAP to make better use of its flying hours and giving ROTC cadets an opportunity to fly. In fiscal year 2001, nearly 2,000 ROTC cadets participated in the program, logging a total of more than 3,200 sorties. Future plans call for a similar level of activity.

Curriculum

The main curriculum areas are leadership studies, field leadership, profession of arms, military studies, and communications skills. Teaching methods include informal lecture, guided discussion, case studies, readings, and practical exercises (athletics, group leadership problems, and the leadership reaction course).

Curriculum Summary

Instructional Area	Academic Hours
Leadership Studies	64
Communication Skills	49
Profession of Arms	30
Military Studies	63
Admin/Testing	30
LLAB	240
Field Training	286
TOTAL	762

Officer Training School

Col Lawrence E. Pitts, Commander

Internet Address
http://ots.afoats.af.mil/

The Air Training Command activated the Officer Training School (OTS), at Lackland Air Force Base (AFB), Texas, on 1 July 1959. OTS moved to the Lackland Training Annex in 1961. In November 1971, the Air Staff launched an extensive curriculum review that produced a core curriculum common to the Air Force Academy, AF ROTC, and OTS. On 22 September 1993, an era ended as OTS class 93-06 graduated at Lackland AFB. OTS began a new era at Maxwell AFB, Alabama, on 25 September 1993 when it became a part of Air University. From its inception, OTS has been committed to providing the best officers in the United States Air Force—a mission requiring dedication, superb instruction, and hard work.

Throughout its history, OTS has adapted to a challenging training environment that fosters its foundation on building future leaders. After graduating 12 women and 78 men in its first class, OTS successfully commissioned more than 500 second lieutenants its first year. By 1964 more than 10,000 individuals had graduated, and to date more than 101,000 officers have entered the Air Force through OTS. Over the years, OTS has functioned as a "flexible partner" to the other accessions sources to meet the constantly changing manning requirements of the Air Force. Additionally, the school began training already commissioned medical students, chaplains, and judge advocates in 1981 and medical service officers in 1991. In 1997 the Commissioned Officer Training School combined training programs for chaplains, judge advocates, and medical service officers and has trained over 7,600 newly commissioned officers.

OTS commissioning and training programs

- instill a commitment to the profession of arms,
- inspire internalization of AF core values,
- enhance officership skills,
- provide a relevant, up-to-date curriculum,
- meet USAF production goals, and
- create the best possible training environment.

Courses

OTS consists of two programs: Basic Officer Training (BOT) and Commissioned Officer Training (COT). BOT leads to a line officer commission as a second lieutenant. COT provides initial officership training for Air Force judge advocates, chaplains, and medical officers.

Basic Officer Training

BOT is a challenging program that imparts to its graduates the importance of discipline, attention to detail, dedication to service, and leadership. It stresses commitment to the profession of arms and motivates graduates to achieve the highest standards of integrity, excellence in all they do, and service before self. This challenging environment provides numerous tests for leadership skills through classroom and field training exercises and operation of the officer trainee wing. A four-day, three-night aerospace expeditionary force (AEF) exercise is the capstone event for BOT.

Commissioned Officer Training

COT was developed in 1996. It provides the fundamentals of officership and the initial leadership training required for newly commissioned AF officers (active duty, ANG, and Air Reserve Component). It stresses commitment to the profession of arms and motivates graduates to achieve the highest standards of integrity, excellence in all they do, and service before self. The rank of COT students ranges from second lieutenant to colonel depending on the newly commissioned officers' professional qualifications. A three-day, two-night AEF exercise is the capstone event for COT. The Medical Readiness Indoctrination Course (MRIC) is incorporated into the AEF exercise for medical service officers.

The Reserve Commissioned Officer Training (RCOT) course was developed in 1999. This course was designed to train (hard to recruit) guard and reserve medical professionals. It combines correspondence work and a Web-based pretest with a demanding 14-day in-residence course.

Programs and Operations

OTS currently conducts split operations at Maxwell AFB and at the Maxwell AFB-Gunter Annex. COT operations will move to Maxwell AFB during FY03 and collocate with BOT. Currently, the AEF exercise, uses

two locations: the Vigilant Warrior site, a 200-acre field-training site near Lake Jordan, Alabama, and the Blue Thunder field-training site on Maxwell AFB.

The OTS program is continually assessed with survey data, and course content is reviewed to improve program effectiveness. There is currently an ongoing \$52 million military construction (MILCON) project at OTS to build a new campus. The new 40-classroom academic facility, fitness center, dining facility, and two 90-room dormitories are complete. One 120-room dormitory and a COT academic addition are currently under construction. An additional 120-room dormitory is funded, and upon completion of all these projects by FY04, all OTS operations will be consolidated at Maxwell AFB.

OTS makes every effort to furnish incoming officer candidates with information to facilitate their transition to commissioned officer status. The OTS home page (http://ots.afoats.af.mil/), gives prospective trainees ready access to current information on OTS. The home page assists students with preparing mentally and physically for OTS.

Other initiatives include a newly revamped, intensive physical conditioning program designed to build endurance and strength and to improve students' knowledge of the AF wellness lifestyle. Formal retreat ceremonies instill a sense of pride for AF customs and courtesies. An interservice athletic competition with Army and Navy counterparts in joint military athletic events increases pride and understanding of sisterservice programs.

Curriculum

The major areas of instruction are leadership studies, military training and application, profession of arms, military studies/international security studies, and communications skills. OTS teaching methods include auditorium lectures, readings, flight room classes (informal lecture, guided discussion, and case studies), and practical exercises (sports campaigns, Leadership Reaction Course, and Vigilant Warrior).

Duration and Quota

OTS currently conducts eight BOT classes, nine COT classes, and two RCOT classes each year. The BOT program is 12 weeks long (60 training days), the COT program is four weeks long (23 training days), and the RCOT program is two weeks long (14 training days) plus the correspondence portion. In fiscal year 2001 BOT graduated approximately 1,850 students, and COT graduated nearly 1,400 students—total yearly production over 3,200. In fiscal year 2001, BOT

averaged about 250 officer trainees per class. COT had an average of 125 students per class. In fiscal year 2002, it is generally expected that these numbers will remain the same.

Prerequisites and Selection

Students attending BOT must have a bachelor's degree, be less than 30 years of age (waiverable to the age of 35), and meet the minimum physical requirements for becoming an officer. Competition for entry into this program is quite rigorous.

Curriculum Summaries

Basic Officer Training

Instructional Area	Academic Hours
Leadership Studies	39.75
Communication Skills	47.00
Profession of Arms	41.50
Military Studies	31.75
Military Training and Application	113.25
Admin/Processing/Testing/Orientation	171.25
TOTAL	444.50

Commissioned Officer Training

	Academic
Instructional Area	Hours
Leadership Studies	31.50
Communication Skills	8.75
Profession of Arms	31.25
Military Studies	16.50
Military Training and Application	16.75
Admin/Testing	54.00
AEF Exercise	24.00
TOTAL	182.75

Air University Catalog, 2002–2003

Reserve Commissioned Officer Training (In-Residence Portion)

Instructional Area	Academic Hours
Leadership Studies	18.50
Communication Skills	7.00
Profession of Arms	19.50
Military Studies	13.00
Military Training and Application	11.50
Admin/Testing	22.75
AEF Exercise	29.00
TOTAL	121.25

PROFESSIONAL CONTINUING EDUCATION

Resident and distance-learning professional continuing education remains an important part of the careers of Air Force enlisted, officer, and civilian personnel. Air University offers short courses of continuing education in different Air Force specialty areas through the Air Force Institute of Technology (included in Section I), the Academic Instructor School, the College of Aerospace Doctrine, Research and Education, and the Ira C. Eaker College for Professional Development.

ACADEMIC INSTRUCTOR SCHOOL

Lt Col Scott P. LeMay, Director

Internet Address

http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/oas/ais

The Academic Instructor School (AIS) is the teachers' college for the Air Force. Widely acclaimed by civilian and military educators, AIS is known throughout the DOD for its role in satisfying the requirements of the Air Force for educated instructors and for its unique contributions to the field of education. The school began operations in 1948 at Craig AFB, Alabama, as part of the Special Staff School. It moved to Maxwell AFB, Alabama, in 1950 and has been in continuous operation since then. Thousands of instructors have completed AIS in residence, including international military personnel from more than 60 countries.

AIS prepares AF and other DOD personnel to teach in diverse educational environments using state-of-the-art educational skills and technologies. The school provides AF and selected DOD instructors with student-centered learning experiences through supervised practice of carefully defined methods of instruction that aid in

- applying basic principles of learning to specific learning situations.
- designing instruction to achieve effective learning outcomes,
- using an instructional systems design (ISD) approach in developing curriculum and teaching methodologies,
- using sound teaching methods including advanced distributed learning (ADL) education,
- communicating effectively,
- evaluating the achievement of learning objectives, and
- developing attitudes appropriate for Air Force and DOD instructional situations.

AIS has initiated several improvements based on graduate and supervisor surveys, student critiques, and advances in educational methods and technologies. These innovations include

- ensuring that instructional models and components are consistent with the developmental nature of learning, and
- researching and determining sound applications of computers and technology in education and using the current technology to educate teachers.

Curriculum

AIS bases its curriculum on learning theory, focusing primarily on the use of developmental cognitive and affective taxonomies in planning, delivering, and evaluating instruction. AIS places major emphasis on development of instructional competencies. However, faculty members devote significant time to exploring student characteristics, learning styles, educational theory, attitudinal development, and instructional design.

AIS faculty and staff focus the school's curriculum on educational foundations, methods of instruction and communication skills. The AIS curriculum incorporates the following six teaching methods: informal lectures, guided discussion, teaching interviews, demonstration performance, case study, and experiential exercises (games and simulations). AIS curriculum design and development efforts also encompass the development of sound test questions, an introduction to evaluation, performance evaluation, feedback, test item analysis, and concept and principle teaching. The AIS faculty reviews and oversees revisions of Air Force Manual (AFMAN) 36-2236, *Guidebook for Air Force Instructors*.

Duration and Quota

AIS conducts seven, four-week classes each year with approximately 80 students in each class. Specific class dates and attendance authorizations are announced through the Oracle Training Administration (OTA), Education and Training MILPDS Procedures.

Prerequisites and Selection

Selection for AIS attendance is managed by AF MAJCOMs, other DOD users, and government agency school administrators using criteria outlined in the *Air Force Education and Training Course Announcements (ETCA)*, formerly Air Force Catalog (AFCAT) 36-2223, *USAF Formal Schools*. Additionally, international officers are selected to attend by their countries of origin in coordination with IOS.

Regular Academic Instructor Course (MAIS001)

This course is four weeks long and consists of 157 hours. The ratio of lecture to seminar activities is approximately 20 percent large group to 80 percent small group instruction.

Curriculum Summary

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Area of Instruction	Academic Hours	
Administrative	6	
Educational Foundations	7	
Communication Skills	10	
Methods	72	
Instructional Media	1	
Evaluation	18	
Instructional Design	42	
Instructional Technology	1	
TOTAL	157	

Specialized Courses

AIS offers special short courses in addition to the regular course. These courses are tailored to specific audiences and emphasize applying basic principles of learning to specific learning situations, planning meaningful instruction, using sound teaching methods, communicating effectively, and evaluating the achievement of learning objectives. These courses are as follows.

Air War College Instructor Course. Prepares instructors to teach at AWC.

Air Command and Staff College Instructor Course. Prepares ACSC faculty for their instructional duties.

Air Force Institute of Technology Academic Instructor Course. Prepares instructors and faculty for AFIT's in-residence programs.

AF Reserve Officer Training Corps Academic Instructor Course. Prepares ROTC instructors for teaching at the college level.

AF Junior ROTC Academic Instructor Course. Educates instructors who teach at the junior high and high school levels.

AIS Specialized Courses. A two-week mobile course and special two-week courses for instructors at the Squadron Officer School, AF Reserves, Chaplains Service Institute, and other specialized audiences.

AIS Course for Teleseminar Instructors. Teaches instructors how to teach via interactive television.

Dental Resident Graduate Student Instructional Mobile Course. Prepares instructors for dental resident graduate program at Lackland AFB, Texas.

Air Force ROTC Noncommissioned Officers Orientation Course. Prepares ROTC NCOs for assignments to their detachments.

Academic Credit

Through affiliation with the Community College of the Air Force, graduates of AIS who enroll in the CCAF automatically receive 10 semester hours of credit for the four-week Academic Instructor Course and four semester hours of credit for the two-week AIS Specialized Course. Graduates may receive transcripts reflecting these credit hours by contacting the Registrar, CCAF/RRR, 130 W. Maxwell Blvd., Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6613.

COLLEGE OF AEROSPACE DOCTRINE, RESEARCH AND EDUCATION

Col Bobby J. Wilkes, Commander Col Barrett S. Elliott, Vice Commander

Internet Address
http://www.cadre.maxwell.af.mil/

Mission: Develop, examine, teach, and wargame concepts of air and space power, doctrine and strategy . . . provide research and publishing expertise . . . educate war fighters in the art of air and space power.

The College of Aerospace Doctrine, Research and Education (CADRE) carries on the traditions of the Air Corps Tactical School where, in the 1930s, future leaders of the USAF were trained and the basic doctrine and concepts of US airpower for World War II were formulated. As much as ACTS instructors such as Generals Harold L. George, Haywood S. Hansell Jr., Claire L. Chennault, and George C. Kenney shaped doctrine and strategy in World War II, the college's staff is committed to providing the Air Staff and the major commands with original thought and applications of aerospace power in the modern world. CADRE is located in Walker Hall—named for Brig Gen Kenneth N. Walker, an ACTS instructor and Medal of Honor winner in the Pacific during World War II.

The college assists in educating AF and joint communities on war fighting at the operational and strategic level through research, wargaming, and continuing education courses and publication. CADRE provides

- doctrinal research and analysis and development of employment concepts for air and space power;
- education of the Air Force in air and space doctrine and the doctrinal application of air and space power;
- study and analysis of dynamics of warfare through modeling, simulation, and wargaming; and
- intelligence support to AU and its subordinate units.

Also CADRE conducts

- research on public affairs and mass media issues and assists schools and organizations in developing military news media curricula, and
- research on aerospace power topics of interest to senior leaders, research support for all AU schools, and publication of the AF's only professional journal, the *Air and Space Power Journal* (ASPJ).

The college creates an interface between research and concept development, testing, and publication. It gives AU the capability to fulfill its mission of assisting in the development of AF doctrine, concepts, and strategy.

CADRE's resident curriculum offerings consist of seven specialized courses: the Joint Flag Officer Warfighting Course (JFOWC), the Joint Force Air Component Commander Course (JFACC), the Combined Force Air Component Commander Course (CFACC), the Senior Information Warfare Applications Course (SIWAC), the Joint Doctrine Air Campaign Course (JDACC), the Contingency Wartime Planning Course (CWPC), and the Information Warfare Applications Course (IWAC). These resident courses

- provide flag officer attendees the opportunity to participate in joint combat operation exercises;
- provide training to active duty captains through colonels of all services for air campaign planning in conjunction with assignment to joint, combined, and air component command staffs:
- provide USAF staff planners an understanding of DOD planning relationships from a joint deployment perspective;
- instruct future war planners in the art and science of contingency planning; and
- apply and value the principles of information warfare to enhance war-fighting capabilities.

Airpower Research Institute

Col Allan W. Howey, Director

Internet Address

http://www.research.maxwell.af.mil/default.htm (select organization)

The Airpower Research Institute (ARI) advances the theory and application of air and space power through research support and publication. The institute focuses on a single, overriding objective: warrior-scholars contributing to an improved combat capability for the USAF.

The institute promotes air and space power thought by conducting and publishing original research regarding USAF and airpower doctrine, strategy, and operations.

Resident civilian defense analysts conduct independent and professional research on topics of interest to USAF leaders and policy

makers. They produce research papers and briefings that address USAF and airpower doctrine, strategy, and operations to assist the senior leadership of the Air Force.

Military and civilian staff members support student research at all AU schools by maintaining internal AU databases of proposed research topics, faculty expertise, ongoing research, and completed research papers. The research support staff helps set standards for the conduct of research throughout AU by providing research education, tools, and resources—along with technical support—to AU faculty and students.

The institute's Professional Journals Division publishes the *ASPJ*, the Air Force's professional quarterly and primary institutional forum for exchanging ideas about airpower and other matters relating to national defense. The *Journal* is printed quarterly in English, Portuguese, and Spanish editions. The English language edition is an internal instrument of AF professional development designed to serve as an open forum for presenting and stimulating innovative thinking on military doctrine, strategy, tactics, force structure, readiness, and other matters of national defense. The foreign language editions serve as military-to-military foreign policy instruments of the United States. Finally, the journal's staff serves as the institutional base for *Air Chronicles*, the on-line version of the *ASPJ* (http://www.airpower.maxwell.af.mil).

Warfare Studies Institute

Col Ernest Howard, Director

Internet Address

http://www.cadre.maxwell.af.mil/default.htm (select organization)

The Warfare Studies Institute (WSI) conducts seven professional continuing education courses designed to develop the judgment and skills required to employ airpower effectively in combat. The courses offered and supported through the resources of the institute have significantly contributed to the war fighting capabilities of all US military forces.

The institute conducts the JFOWC, JFACC, CFACC, and SIWAC courses. These premier, executive-level courses prepare officers at the one- and two-star rank from all four services for combat leadership responsibilities in joint and combined arenas. The Flag Officer Division staff develops, plans and manages PME courses for senior officers from all branches of the US armed forces. This select staff has a wide range of expertise needed to meet the special requirements of senior flag officers attending these courses.

The faculty and staff of WSI also conduct courses that contribute significantly to the war-fighting preparedness of US military forces. These courses include the Contingency Wartime Planning, Joint Doctrine Air Campaign, and Information Warfare Applications courses.

MAAFNJ 007, Joint Flag Officer Warfighting Course (JFOWC)

JFOWC is the senior PME course in the DOD. The chiefs of staff of all four branches of the US armed forces own and control the course. They delegate course development and execution to their executive agents: commandant, Army War College; president, Naval War College; president, Marine Corps University; and commander, Air University.

The course prepares two-star officers of all four services for the responsibilities of theater-level combat leadership. It is tailored to provide our future theater commanders in chief (CINC), service component and joint task force (JTF) commanders with a broad perspective of the strategic and operational levels of war. Instruction for the course comes from senior national civilian and military representatives, flag officers serving as CINCs, and retired, battle-tested officers. Retired warrior generals draw from their CINC and component commander experience to lead war-gaming scenarios focused in various parts of the world, across the continuum of conflict.

Through the study of war fighting, military doctrine and application of unified, joint and combined combat forces, the attendees will be better prepared to face future crises. JFOWC is a two-week course offered twice a year. Each class is limited to 18 flag officers who represent all military services.

MCADRE 004, Joint Force Air Component Commander Course (JFACC)

The JFACC is a senior-officer-level PME course hosted by the USAF and sponsored by all four branches of the US military services. The course is designed to prepare potential JFACCs for responsibilities of theater-level combat leadership. The attendees study war fighting, military doctrine, and the application of unified, joint, and combined combat forces, with particular emphasis on airpower employment in theater-level operations. This course is held once a year in the February time frame.

MCADRE 007, Combined Forces Air Component Commander Course (CFACC)

The Air Force hosts and conducts a one-week CFACC course annually. The first three to four days are held at Maxwell AFB, Alabama, and the last two days are held at an operational exercise location. Eighteen active duty officers—one-star, one-star select, or equivalent rank—are selected to attend. The desired attendee mix is five USAF, two US Navy, two US Marine, one US Army and eight allied flag officers.

MCADRE 006, Senior Information Warfare Applications Course (SIWAC)

AU's newest flag officer course, the four-day SIWAC, is an interagency course and an innovative step in the continuing education of flag officers from all branches of the US armed forces and senior executive service (SES) members. It is designed to bridge the public and private sectors and enhance senior leaders understanding of how current and emerging technologies are impacting human decision making and operations in the information age.

Attendees study war fighting and doctrine as related to information warfare (IW) concepts and principles. Course objectives are to understand current DOD and joint doctrinal concepts for IW, understand the integration of weapons systems and IW capabilities from different services or nations to provide effective theater- and national-level IW capabilities, understand and respond to service perspectives on IW employment concepts, and understand IW's role in campaign development. Attendees should be able to execute theater IW strategy and understand IW capabilities and limitations. Attendance is limited to US flag officers in the grade of brigadier general or major general and *equivalent* members of the SES.

MCADRE 002, Contingency Wartime Planning Course (CWPC)

The two-week CWPC educates airmen in grades E-5 through O-5 in the art and science of contingency war planning. The CWPC graduates approximately 650 students each year during their 10 courses.

Curriculum Summary

Area of Instruction	Academic Hours
Orientation and Testing	5.5
Exercises	17.5
Guest Speakers	10.0
Systems	4.5

	Academic
Area of Instruction	Hours
Foundations of Planning	8.5
Planning	17.5
TOTAL	65.5

MCADRE 003, Joint Doctrine Air Campaign Course (JDACC)

The JDACC prepares personnel from all services who have been designated, or may be designated, to serve on the staff of a JFACC. Participants gain in-depth familiarity with the fundamental concepts, principles, and doctrine required to develop and execute a joint or combined air campaign plan. Attendees are normally captains through colonels. Classes are offered 10 times per year, with an enrollment of 25 to 35 students per class.

Curriculum Summary

Instructional Area	Academic Hours
Course Administration	3.0
Air Campaign Planning Fundamentals	20.0
Air Campaign Planning Process	5.0
Historical Campaign Plan Case Studies	5.0
Air Campaign Planning Exercise	28.5
Crisis Action Planning Exercise	8.0
TOTAL	69.5

MCADRE 005, Information Warfare Applications Course (IWAC)

The IWAC is a one-week course that teaches students to apply and value the principles of IW to enhance war-fighting capabilities. The course is taught at the college level and is divided into three blocks of material: the Definition and Components of IW, the IW Operational Environment, and the Applications of IW. Through lectures, seminars, practical exercises, readings, and computer-based lessons, students gain a better understanding of how current and emerging technologies are affecting decision making. Classes are offered eight times per year, with an enrollment of 50 to 60 students per class.

Curriculum Summary

Instructional Area	Academic Hours
Course Administration	1.0
Fundamentals of IW	27.0
Exercises	12.0
TOTAL	40.0

Aerospace Power Course

The Aerospace Power Course (APC) is available on-line for users with high-speed Internet connections. The APC is a self-paced, interactive course consisting of 12 separate lessons. The course helps students develop a broader comprehension of aerospace power principles, concepts and applications. Although the course is primarily designed to help prepare AF officers in joint duty assignments to articulate and advocate aerospace power principles and beliefs, it can benefit all aerospace power enthusiasts. As the course progresses through the history of airpower, lessons learned from past applications, and discussions of how aerospace power contributes to attaining national security and theater objectives, the student is exposed to many of the aerospace power doctrinal tools necessary to perform joint staff duties. A CD-ROM version of the course is also available for those without the necessary high-speed Internet connection. information, contact the Aerospace Power Course development team at apchelp@maxwell.af.mil.

Air Force Wargaming Institute

Col Craig C. Goodbrake, Director

Internet Address

http://www.cadre.maxwell.af.mil/wargame/afwihome.htm

In 1975 the Clements Blue Ribbon Panel on Excellence in Professional Military Education cited a need for service schools to stress war fighting and decision making in combat. In 1976 the AF chief of staff's Constant Readiness Tasking directed AU to "put more war in the War College." The concept for the Air Force Wargaming Institute (AFWI) evolved from these two initiatives. The facility was opened in 1986 at Maxwell AFB, Alabama. The institute supports a broad range of wargames and exercises to meet the needs of AF, DOD, and international sponsors.

Operations and Wargame Support

AFWI is housed in a special-purpose, 56,000-square-foot facility. It can operate in whole or in part as a secure, classified working area. The building contains 22 seminar or game rooms and two conference rooms—all with audio and video capabilities.

The Wargaming Operations Division designs, develops, tests, and executes wargames for AF, joint service, and international customers. During wargames the staff performs Control, Friendly, and Opposing team functions. The division has extensive hands-on experience in airpower doctrine, strategy, and tactics. Through continuous research and interaction with various DOD agencies, this division is able to ensure that wargames reflect accurate and credible friendly and opposing force play. It provides the entire spectrum of support necessary for a full war-gaming calendar—event services, protocol, audiovisual, and facility management.

The Information Technology Division maintains the communications-computer infrastructure supporting war-gaming operations as well as the rest of CADRE. The division designed and implemented state-of-the-art local area networks (LAN)—unclassified and classified—that can be modified to accommodate a wide spectrum of war-gaming scenarios. The division maintains these LANs and evaluates emerging technologies to ensure that AFWI's computing environment remains on the cutting edge. The division also develops, maintains, and operates models to support wargames. AFWI is currently using the following models and tools:

- 1. Air Force Command Exercise System (ACES)—a joint, theater campaign-level, combat simulation model;
- 2. Rapid Scenario Generator (RSG)—a scenario building tool capable of rapidly building real-terrain and infrastructure-based scenario's for use in the ACES model;
- 3. Joint Educational Mobility Model (JEMM)—a theater mobility model used to generate time-phased force and deployment data (TPFDD) for wargames;
- 4. Atlantis model—a real-time, tactical aerospace employment model;
- 5. Bottom Line model, which simulates the impact of national budget decisions on the state of the nation;
- 6. Accelerated Combat Timeline (ACT)—an operational-level graphical user interface to the ACES model; and
- 7. ForceView—an automated map display tool that allows one to view and move forces. This tool is capable of interfacing with ACT. ACES, and JEMM.

The Operations Analysis Division provides technical advice and critical analyses on all aspects of modeling and simulation (M&S) and wargaming. The division's staff members hold advanced degrees in operational sciences and have experience in weapons employment, mobility, space operations, and information operations. These operations analysts provide course management and platform instruction for the formal Prime Warrior Course, which prepares AF participants for

joint M&S-supported activities (wargames, exercises, and analyses). Teamed with the Air Force Doctrine Center, the division analyzes the logic, mathematics, and algorithms of combat models to ensure doctrinally sound outcomes at joint exercises.

Wargames, Simulation Exercises, and Prime Warrior

In a typical year, AFWI plans, develops, and conducts more than 25 wargames and exercises and six Prime Warrior courses for more than 6,000 participants. AFWI provides a "laboratory environment" in which current and future commanders and staffs study warfare to identify problems before they face them in combat.

Prairie Warrior. Prairie Warrior is a series of joint unclassified computer-assisted exercises held at the US Army's Command and General Staff College (CGSC) at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. This series provides a valuable training and experimental venue for the CGSC student. Prairie Warrior is a high-visibility forum in which the Air Force can showcase doctrinal issues and demonstrate aerospace capabilities to the future leadership of the US Army.

Crisis Decision Exercise (CDX). CDX is the capstone exercise of AWC Joint Force Employment core curriculum. Utilizing a wargame scenario, AWC students analyze a political and military crisis situation from the roles of the National Command Authorities (NCA) and Joint Chiefs of Staff. They formulate NCA-level decisions into operational-level guidance for JTF staffs.

Aerospacex. Aerospacex is a wargame that provides ACSC students the opportunity to apply their knowledge of air campaign planning in running an AOC. Students assume the role of the JFACC and staff. Each seminar plays against another seminar, utilizing AFWI's ACES model.

Joint Warrior/Cold Roof. Joint Warrior and Cold Roof are theater-level seminar wargames conducted in conjunction with the JFOWC. They focus on issues associated with joint and coalition warfare from the perspective of the theater CINC and component commanders. Joint Warrior involves senior Air Force, Army, Marine, and Navy officers in deliberate planning. Cold Roof is a crisis action planning exercise.

Pegasus–Canada. Pegasus–Canada is a computer-assisted theater-level wargame used by the Canadian Forces College (CFC).

Participants assume the role of the combined command staffs of two opposing alliances.

Pegasus–UK. Pegasus–UK is a computer-assisted theater wargame for the United Kingdom's Joint Services Command and Staff College. The exercise models a war between two fictional alliances. The participants assume the role of the staffs of the opposing alliances.

Operation Atlantis. Operation Atlantis is the SOS's capstone exercise. The exercise reinforces teachings of the principles of war, fundamentals of military force application, and basic concepts of tactical air operations. Students simulate operations from an AOC. They conduct battle staff planning for an air campaign in the combat plans section, then execute their plan in an interactive computer exercise.

Blue Thunder. Blue Thunder involves officers in the ABC in basic air operational and tactical warfare. It focuses on the employment of air forces, in concert with land and sea operations, at the operational and tactical levels of war. The officers apply the basic concepts of air campaign planning in a dynamic environment, which requires them to continually assess the effectiveness of their plan and make changes as required.

Theater Campaign Warfare. Theater Campaign Warfare (TCW) is the capstone wargame for SAAS. The wargame is augmented by students from the Army's School of Advanced Military Studies (SAMS) at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas; Naval War College (NAVWARCOL) at Newport, Rhode Island; and the USMC's School of Advanced Warfighting (SAW) at Quantico, Virginia. The game consists of planning and execution phases. Each team interprets national strategic guidance, develops a JFC's estimate, identifies possible courses of action (COA), performs an evaluative COA prioritization and selection, and executes their COA in a wartime scenario.

Joint Land, Aerospace, and Sea Simulation. The Joint Land, Aerospace, and Sea Simulation (JLASS) is the only jointly sponsored war-gaming exercise conducted by all the US military senior-level colleges—AWC, NAVWARCOL, Army War College, Marine War College, National War College, and Industrial College of the Armed Forces. The primary focus in JLASS is on joint and combined warfare at the operational and strategic level. Its goal is to enhance joint PME by examining potential US military responses to regional crises.

Exercise in National Budgeting Priorities. Exercise in National Budgeting Priorities (XNBP) is an executive planning exercise

addressing national budget priorities. During the exercise students use the bottom line model to analyze the impact of presidential, economic, political, and military budget decisions on the state of the nation. XNBP allows participants to test their understanding of budgetary and economic relationships.

Prime Warrior Course

The Prime Warrior course prepares AF personnel to take part in joint wargames. The course surveys

- operations research, combat probability, and statistics;
- modeling and simulation, high- and low-resolution models and related practical exercises;
- measures of merit, scenarios, databases, and terrain;
- operational staff procedures and operational planning tools; and
- eight primary DOD simulations and four practical wargame exercises.

In addition, the students receive a review and update on doctrine and applications as well as hands-on training using real-world joint models.

Intelligence Directorate

Col Michael L. Townes, Director

Internet Address

http://www.cadre.maxwell.af.mil/default.htm (select organization)

As AU's only intelligence organization, the Intelligence Directorate (IN) supports the AU commander, AU schools' commandants, staffs and students, the Air Force Doctrine Center (AFDC), CADRE, and 42d Air Base Wing by providing ISR expertise. Products include curriculum development, platform lectures/instruction, current intelligence presentations and analysis, as well as scenario development, opposing force, and ISR play in support of wargames.

The directorate's personnel provide current and projected force structures of nations (scenario development) represented in wargames. These games simulate the capabilities and tactics of opposing forces and represent the role intelligence plays in national- and operational-level decision making. The directorate provides intelligence research

assistance and resources to more than 7,000 students and 200 faculty members at AU, many of whom participate in special studies directed by the Air Force Chief of Staff and the Air Staff. The directorate supports AWC, ACSC, CPD, SOC, ABC, and OTS through intelligence briefings and academic course work (intelligence education).

The directorate reviews and critiques joint and AF doctrine documents to ensure intelligence capabilities are accurately represented. IN also provides intelligence instruction to CADRE's JDACC, IWAC, JFOWC, and JFACC. As senior intelligence officer (SIO) for AU, the director maintains regular liaison with Air Force Director of Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance (AF/XOI) and fellow AF senior intelligence officers and chairs the AU Intelligence Curriculum Committee.

The AU Special Security Office (AU/SSO) controls, safeguards, and ensures proper use of sensitive compartmented information (SCI). The SSO manages more than 900 SCI billets, operates AU's only SCI communications center, and provides physical security for the AU SCI facilities.

US Air Force Public Affairs Center of Excellence

Col David Sims, Director

Internet Address
http://www.cadre.maxwell.pace.af.mil

The US Air Force Public Affairs Center of Excellence (PACE) is CADRE's newest directorate, established in October 1998. The center assists students in conducting research on public affairs and mass communications issues, analyzes case studies, and promulgates information operations and public affairs doctrine throughout the AF. PACE instructors also cooperate with schools and organizations in developing military-news media curricula. The center develops and teaches selected courses at AU to prepare future military leaders to interact with United States and allied audiences through the news media. The center's staff participates in many wargames and simulation exercises at AU to introduce military-news media interactions into the game and exercise scenarios.

IRA C. EAKER COLLEGE FOR PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Col Aaron B. "Buck" Rogers, Commander

Internet Address

http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/cpd/

Mission: Provide quality professional continuing education and technical training to US Air Force, DOD, and International students.

The Air University Center for Professional Development was activated on 1 August 1986. Merging the Leadership and Management Development Center and the Educational Development Center formed this organization. In October 1993, the center was redesignated the Ira C. Eaker College for Professional Development (CPD) to honor General Eaker's significant contributions to the advancement of aviation, to the Air Force and to the continuing professional development of its members.

The CPD umbrella spans eight schools: Commanders Professional Development School, Air Force Human Resource Management School, International Officers School, Air Force Judge Advocate General School, DOD Professional Military Comptroller School, USAF Chaplain Service Institute, USAF First Sergeant Academy and USAF Historian Development School.

Goals

- At least 90 percent of students, graduates and graduates' supervisors state CPD courses accomplished their stated mission.
- At least 90 percent of students, graduates and graduates' supervisors state the quality of instruction, course effectiveness and overall value of each course are "Excellent" or higher.
- Foster unit teamwork through information sharing, promoting cooperation to get the job done and respect for one another.
- Foster an environment that consistently encourages top performance by faculty and students.
- Continuously strive to improve facilities, equipment and resources.
- Ensure each member understands and practices Operational Risk Management in their personal and family lives.
- Encourage each member has a personal health and wellness program.

Academic Credit

The Ira C. Eaker College for Professional Development is affiliated with the CCAF. Through this relationship, CPD is—for accreditation and degree purposes—a CCAF educational associate. CPD course offerings for enlisted personnel result in the award of academic credit by CCAF. Enlisted graduates may apply for course credit through the Registrar, CCAF/RRR, 130 W. Maxwell Blvd., Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6613. The Commission on Educational Credit of the American Council on Education endorses several CPD courses for college-level credit recommendations.

Commanders Professional Development School

Col John J. Lauten, Director

Internet address
http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/cpd/

The Commanders School conducts six courses—the USAF Wing Commanders' Seminar, the USAF Support Group Commanders' Course, the USAF Logistics Group Commanders' Course, the USAF Medical Group Commanders' Course, the USAF Operations Group Commanders' Course, and the USAF On-Scene Commanders' Course.

Attendance at the wing and group commanders' courses is mandatory for individuals identified by the USAF Command Selection Board. These courses are tailored to provide attendees current information on DOD and AF leadership and management issues. The Chief of Staff of the Air Force approves the curriculum. Adjunct faculty and senior subject matter experts from DOD, Air Staff, MAJCOMs and field operating agencies present the course material.

The four group commanders' courses are two weeks in duration and are held concurrently. The first week the courses are combined and students receive a core curriculum that applies to all group commanders. The second week the four courses are divided into discipline-specific seminars.

Attendance at the On-Scene Commanders Course is mandatory for all USAF personnel designated as on-scene commanders and senior installation fire officials. The course is optional for disaster response force representatives, command inspector general team chiefs, and installation exercise evaluation team chiefs/members. Resident and adjunct faculty teach personnel how to properly conduct disaster

responses (aircraft accidents, hazardous material incidents, tornadoes, etc.), save lives and resources, and limit damage to the environment.

Mission: Prepare Air Force members for duty as wing, group, and emergency response on-scene commanders; develop, schedule, and conduct tailored courses that help attendees deal with critical leadership and management.

Goals: Provide AF wing, group and on-scene commanders with a better understanding of the environment, responsibilities and resources required to enhance their effectiveness as commanders.

Through executive-level short courses, the school provides AF officers selected for command with

- updates on critical issues affecting themselves, their people, and their mission;
- specific training concerning command responsibility, accountability and discipline; and
- practical skills that may be used to enhance their immediate effectiveness as new commanders.

Duration and Quota

The courses convene up to five times each year with 15–20 attendees. The On-Scene Commanders Course is the exception, convening 15 times each year at Maxwell and 13 times each year at other selected locations.

Prerequisites and Selection

The courses are open to individuals selected to serve in the positions described by the courses. The Air Force Colonels Matters Office (AF/DPO) manages attendance at the wing and group commanders' courses.

Curriculum Summary

Course Title	Academic Hours
Wing Commanders' Seminar	43.0
Support Group Commanders' Course	78.5
Logistics Group Commanders' Course	79.0
Medical Group Commanders' Course	87.0
Operations Group Commanders'	80.0
Course	
On-Scene Commanders' Course	32.0

Initiatives Summary

The Commanders Professional Development School collaborates with the Air Staff, major air commands and other AF organizations to further customize its curricula for commanders. This effort enables the school to better serve as a lever for implementing current AF policy.

Air Force Human Resource Management School

Col Abraham Morrall. Director

Internet address

http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/cpd/

The Air Force Human Resource Management School (AFHRMS) was established at Maxwell AFB in 1965 as the Air Force Professional Personnel Management School. The school began with one course, the Professional Personnel Management Course. In July 1977, the school absorbed the former Civilian Personnel School located at what was then Gunter AFB. The Civilian Personnel School, originally established in 1948 at Kelly AFB, Texas, was moved to Gunter in 1968.

In 1983 the school was renamed the Air Force Professional Manpower and Personnel Management School to reflect more closely the merger of manpower and personnel functions at Headquarters USAF, the Air Force Manpower and Personnel Center (as it was then designated) the major air commands. While the close organizational links between manpower and personnel functions were severed at most headquarters levels in 1985, the school nonetheless retained a manpower element in both name and curriculum.

In 1988 the school expanded the curriculum to address PCE requirements in the Air Force Family Matters Program. In 1993

recognizing the broad range of human resource activities represented in its curriculum, the school adopted its current name. Also, in concert with the Office of the Chief of Staff's 1992 Year of Training initiatives and requirements, the school introduced the Advanced Personnel Officer Course (APOC). In 1996 the Professional Manpower and Staff Officer Course was added to the school's PCE offerings. However, the course was revised in 1997 as the Manpower and Quality Staff Officer Course to reflect the merging of the manpower and quality communities. In 1999 the course was renamed the Manpower Staff Officer Course. Also in 1999, the school activated the Wing Manpower and Organization (MO) Chief Course in an effort to provide knowledge and skills to help wing MO chiefs effectively execute their roles and responsibilities. This course filled a crucial void as there was previously no AF training program specifically targeted to this important segment of the manpower career field.

Mission: Provide world-class continuing education for the development and competence of Air Force and DOD human resource and family support managers.

Goals: Enable participants to apply state-of-the-art technologies and methods in human resource management within their organizations while emphasizing the core value, excellence in all we do. The school continually revises the curriculum to ensure course offerings meet the changing needs of customers. In this regard, the school's customers include the students, commanders and directors who employ the graduates and Air Staff functional managers who have oversight of the career fields from which students are drawn.

The school provides the faculty with continual opportunities to develop their professional and educational credentials. Faculty members are expected to stay abreast of changing policy and practice in their areas of professional expertise.

The school also upgrades classrooms and other facilities and equipment to provide an environment conducive to learning. Guest instructors and lecturers, used heavily throughout the curriculum, are carefully selected based on presentation skills or responsibility for critical policy issues.

Commensurate with an educational mission, each course presents a carefully selected mix of theory, current policy and instruction in practical skills. Whenever practicable learning is developed experientially through student participation in exercises, case studies, simulations and individual or group projects.

Initiatives Summary

The school added the Mission Support Squadron Leadership Course (MSSLC) and the Military Personnel Flight Leadership Course (MPFLC) to replace the APOC. These two courses were designed to focus on the unique challenges of MSS and MPF leaders with the understanding that many crossover commanders have limited MSS or MPF experience

Because of current downsizing, the search for economies and the centralization of many policy and program responsibilities, the Air Force Human Resource Management School is involved in a number of important initiatives. The implementation of Palace Compass has centralized civilian personnel processes and reorganized/downsized civilian personnel flights. As a result course curriculums were modified to address these new processes; for example, since most benefits and entitlement programs for civilians are now handled out of AFPC rather than at base level, the courses had to be reworked to reflect the fact that base-level specialists don't have the same responsibilities as they once had. In addition, the implementation of the Modern Defense Civilian Personnel Data System has brought about significant changes in processing personnel actions; all of the courses required modification to include information about the new system and its impact.

The school also added a Labor Relations Course to incorporate the content of three labor-related courses previously offered and to include aspects of the president's executive order mandating union-management partnerships. The school developed a Resource Management Course to teach civilian pay manage-to-budget concepts to responsible personnel from the manpower, financial management and civilian personnel communities. The school developed a course that teaches civilian personnel specialist their role in the competitive sourcing and privatization process. Students and the functional office of primary responsibility on the Air Staff have strongly endorsed the courses.

Because recent AF evaluations of the civilian personnel function have shown that some critical skills are lacking in key functional areas, the school has also been asked to develop intermediate courses that bridge the gap between basic skills gained through computer based instruction (CBI) and advanced courses. To that end two new intermediate courses are being added to the curriculum.

The school initiated a joint project with the Air Force Institute for Advanced Distributed Learning (AFIADL) to transfer its fundamental civilian personnel courses to a CBI format. Six courses have been transferred to CBI. This endeavor will result in significant cost savings when compared to resident courses. Adding significantly to this effort is the conversion of the USAF Supervisors Course from hard copy to CD-

ROM in interactive format. Also programmed for CD-ROM availability is the Military Personnel Management Course.

Through these initiatives the school has better postured itself to meet the needs of customers to have training immediately available on an "as needed/when needed" basis, rather than having to wait for a resident course. In response to a secretary of the Air Force direction to expand the education of AF officials on alternate dispute resolution methods, the school has developed Basic and Advanced Mediation Courses.

The school will continue to be heavily involved in the effort to educate and train family matters specialists to assist in taking care of AF people and their families. A new course to enhance family readiness has been launched to provide qualification training for a newly authorized position in family support centers. Further, the qualification course for family support center directors and deputy directors is being extensively revised to assist these officials in supporting the AF mission as deployments and force structure changes challenge AF members and their families.

Portions of these courses will later be converted to computer-based training. Completion of the computer-based portions of the course will be required before attending the resident course. These initiatives will help the school meet the challenges of continuing to offer quality programs in a rapidly changing environment under tight manpower and budget restraints.

Duration and Quota

Courses vary in length from five days to three weeks.

Prerequisites and Selection

Requirements for participants vary for each course.

Course Summaries

Course Title	Academic Hours
Civilian Personnel Officer Course	60.0
*Position Classification Course (Basic)	**30.0
Intermediate Position Classification Course	67.0
Position Classification Advanced Course	62.0
*Affirmative Employment Course (Basic)	Part I **39 Part II **18
	Part II **18

Principles of Affirmative Employment Course (Intermediate	
Staffing)	67.0
Affirmative Employment Advanced Course	62.0
Employee Development Specialist Course	47.0
Employee Development Advanced Course	52.0
Employee-Management Relations Course	67.0
Employee-Management Relations Advanced Course	67.0
Systems Manager Course	40.0
System Administrator Manager Course	40.0
Resource Management Course	38.0
Competitive Sourcing and Privatization Course	38.0
Chief EEO Manager Course	40.0
EEO Counselor Course	36.0
*Labor Management Relations Course	**141.0
Labor-Management Relations Course	58.0
Multi-Functional Specialist Course	103.0
Principles of Civilian Personnel Management	130.0
*Civilian Personnel Management Course	**39.0
Elements of Civilian Personnel Administration	56.0
*Personnel Clerk (203) Course	**39.0
Reduction In Force	36.0
*Supervisors Introduction to Civilian Personnel Course	**18.0
Military Personnel Flight Leadership Course	40.0
Mission Support Squadron Leadership Course	40.0
Family Support Center Manager Qualification Course	40.0
Family Support Center Readiness Qualification Course	40.0
Manpower Staff Officer Course	121.0
Wing Manpower and Organization Chief Course	37.0

^{*} Course is offered via computer-based instruction.

Academic Credit

The Center for Adult Learning and Educational Credentials of the American Council on Education recommended six-semester hours graduate credit in Human Resource Management for the APOC. Although this course is no longer offered, prior graduates can apply for graduate credits. The American Council on Education also recommends three-semester hours graduate credit for the Manpower Staff Officer Course. Students desiring credit should request that the Registrar, Air University,

^{**} Hours are applicable to Air Force Reserve and National Guard personnel only. Academic hours do not count toward continuing education for active duty or civilians.

AU/CFRR, 60 W. Shumacher Ave., Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6337, send a transcript to the college or university where they are enrolled.

Through affiliation of the Ira C. Eaker College for Professional Development with the CCAF, graduates of the Family Support Manager Qualification Course and the Family Support Center Readiness Qualification Course, who are enrolled in CCAF, receive two hours of credit, respectively, toward an associate degree. Course graduates may apply for credit through the Registrar, CCAF/RRR, 130 W. Maxwell Blvd., Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6613. For further information see the CCAF catalog available in your base education services office.

International Officer School

Col Ronald C. Kennedy, Director

Internet address
www.au.af.mil/au/cpd/ios/ios.htm

The International Officer School was established in 1954 as the Allied Officer Preparatory School. Since then 9,172 international military students from 131 countries have completed the program. The school conducts five classes each year. These classes are six-week courses to prepare international officers for attendance at AWC, ACSC or SOS.

The preparatory courses improve the ability of students to express their ideas clearly (in both speaking and writing) and to read and comprehend written and spoken materials used in AU classes. A program of planned classroom activities, informational trips and a civilian sponsorship program (called Alabama Goodwill Ambassadors) introduces students to the political, military, and socioeconomic aspects of American culture. This orientation enables students to adjust more readily to the USAF and civilian communities. Academic requirements for each course are geared specifically to the PME school the students will attend.

The IOS Operations Division functions as the International Student Military Office and provides administrative support to all international students attending any AU School.

Mission: Educate and support international officers and their families. Manage international programs enabling Air University to accomplish US security assistance objectives, support USAF international involvement and build lasting international military relationships.

Goals: Expand the capacity of international officers to participate more effectively in military education and duty assignments.

Objectives: This course develops an

- appreciation of American society, institutions and ideals;
- awareness of the mission and organization of US military forces and US military terminology;
- ability to speak and understand American English (SOS, ACSC and AWC only);
- awareness of the organizational structure, curriculum content and instructional methods employed in AU schools (SOS, ACSC and AWC only); and
- ability to participate in physical training activities (SOS, ACSC and AWC only).

Initiatives Summary

Believing that the school's vitality demands change and innovation, ongoing research is an integral part of the faculty's responsibility. Research—ranging from instructional methodology to cross-cultural communications—identifies academic subject areas, lesson formats and instructional techniques required for the curricula. Such research and the resulting innovations enhance student learning and the achievement of school objectives. Examples of improvements are the continuing expansion of the interactive videodisc, computer-assisted instruction laboratory and the formalization of language training to provide integrated American English instruction with other curriculum topics.

Curriculum

The school's curriculum consists essentially of preparatory courses that have three basic functions. First, they provide curriculum orientations to follow-on school topics and methodologies. Second, they serve as periods of cultural adjustment for international officers and their families. Third, they accomplish the administrative requirements and informational program objectives outlined in international military training management directives. Attendance at IOS is a prerequisite for international officers attending SOS, ACSC and AWC. International students coming to AU for the ACSC and AWC should preview *Air University Catalog* for the relevant master's degree, accreditation, degree-granting authority and eligibility requirements spelled out in the descriptions of each school in this catalog.

Duration and Quota

Course titles, duration and student quotas for each class are as follows:

Course Title	Duration	Quota
IOS/SOS (3 classes)	6 weeks	32
IOS/ACSC	6 weeks	80
IOS/AWC	6 weeks	45

Prerequisites and Selection

IOS/SOS and IOS/ACSC require an English comprehension-level (ECL) test score of 70 while IOS/AWC requires an ECL test score of 80. Students are also expected to meet certain physical standards outlined in the *Air Force Education and Training Course Announcements*, formerly AFCAT 36-2223, *USAF Formal Schools*.

Course Areas

Each course includes the following phases:

Student Administration. During this phase of the course, international officers in-processed receive tours and briefings about Maxwell AFB and Montgomery. They receive orientations in various aspects of the individual IOS courses. This area includes welcome and graduation ceremonies, curriculum and schedule briefings and a tour of the AU Library. Students participate in formal, structured feedback conferences with instructors; informal conferences take place throughout the courses as needed.

Informational Program. The Informational Program provides opportunities for students to gain a better understanding of US ideals, institutions, and culture. Some of the topics included are the American way of life, education in the United States, US government institutions and the US news media. A significant portion of this program is devoted to human rights and related training in keeping with State and Defense Department objectives for security assistance training. Field trips and tours are conducted in the Montgomery area, Southeast Region and to Washington, D.C.

Communications Development. Communications Development constitutes a significant portion of the instruction at IOS. It includes English enhancement instruction designed to increase the student's ability to speak and understand American English and communicate ideas both orally and in writing.

In addition, basic writing and briefing instruction, with application exercises, is provided based on the PME follow-on school's communication techniques. This area also includes computer instruction with hands-on training in applications appropriate to the specific follow-on PME school.

Military Studies. The Military Studies area introduces the students to the mission, organization, policies, concepts and terminology of the US military.

Leadership. Students are provided an introduction to various leadership concepts and models. Again, the instruction is geared at a level appropriate to the follow-on PME school. This area also introduces the physical training requirements of the follow-on PME school with emphasis on field leadership and teamwork—particularly important for students preparing to attend SOS.

Curriculum Summaries

Squadron Officer School Course

Instructional Area	Academic Hours
Student Administration	17.0
Informational Program	76.0
Communication Development	76.0
Military Studies	7.5
Leadership	29.0
TOTAL	205.5

Air Command and Staff College Course

Instructional Area	Academic Hours
Student Administration	18.5
Informational Program	69.5
Communication Development	82.0
Military Studies	33.0
Leadership	4.0
TOTAL	207.0

Air War College Course

Instructional Area	Academic Hours
Student Administration	21.0
Informational Program	76.5
Communication Development	69.5
Military Studies	32.0
Leadership	4.0
TOTAL	203.0

Other Programs

IOS conducts several nonacademic programs to enhance the experience and education of international officers and their families.

Alabama Goodwill Ambassadors. Alabama Goodwill Ambassadors is the AU official sponsorship program for international students and their families. This program makes the international students and their families feel welcome and acquaints them with aspects of American culture that they may not otherwise be exposed to through their formal AU courses and activities.

International Family Loan Program. This program lends international students and their families (for a nominal fee) such essential household items as dishes and utensils. This service relieves students of the need to spend large sums of money on items they would discard before leaving AU.

International Family Orientation Program. This two-week family orientation course is conducted each summer for the wives and children of the international officers who will attend ACSC and AWC. The course provides an orientation to American culture and to the Montgomery public school system. When possible, limited English language instruction is provided. Many recreational activities are also conducted for the children.

Air University International Honor Roll. This honor roll recognizes international graduates of AU PME courses who have gone on to become heads of service, ministers of defense, heads of state, or other high-level officials within their own countries.

International Dependents English Course (IDEC). This six-week course, conducted each fall or winter, provides conversational English skills that spouses and adult children of international officer students will need in their day-to-day activities.

Air Force Judge Advocate General School

Col Thomas L. Strand, Commandant

Internet address
http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/cpd/jagschool

The Air Force Judge Advocate General (AFJAG) School was established in 1950 at Maxwell AFB. The school went through an inactive period in the 1960s before becoming part of the Institute of Professional Development, the predecessor of the Ira C. Eaker College for Professional Development, in 1969. The initial charter of the AFJAG School was to teach military law to new AF judge advocates. That charter has expanded substantially as the school now conducts many advanced and specialized courses. The school currently offers 30 different resident and nonresident courses in 42 offerings.

The annual student body of some 4,000 consists of a selected group of active duty, AFRes and ANG judge advocates, paralegals and civilian attorneys from the Air Force, the other armed services and many federal agencies.

The AFJAG School faculty also provides instruction on legal subjects to students attending AWC, ACSC, SOS, AFSNCOA, IOS, ABC, other CPD schools and other AU colleges and schools.

The AFJAG School performs several other educational functions including administering the Judge Advocate General Department's continuing legal education (CLE) program for AF attorneys; publishing *The Air Force Law Review* (semiannually), the Air Force legal magazine *The Reporter* (quarterly) and *The Military Commander and the Law* (biannually); and teaching principles of American constitutional democracy, military justice and human rights to foreign military officers and civilians through the Expanded International Military Education and Training Program.

Mission and Goals: The AFJAG School provides high-quality legal education and training to judge advocates, civilian attorneys and paralegals to meet Air Force and DOD needs. The school's formal and CLE courses contribute to the professional development of judge advocates, civilian attorneys and paralegals. Courses of study broaden and refine the students' understanding of the complexities of military

legal practice. Graduates will have the ability to analyze and comprehend the

- foundations of military law and basic advocacy skills;
- management and leadership skills necessary to supervise a base legal office;
- methods and techniques used in courtroom advocacy and specialized handling of expert witnesses, forensic evidence, complex evidentiary issues and demonstrative evidence;
- principles of civilian personnel management and litigation;
- principles and concepts of federal and state environmental law and DOD procedures for compliance;
- principles of international military operations, the law of armed conflict and rules of engagement;
- principles and concepts of claims and tort litigation;
- basic information on federal tax laws, estate planning and the administration of a full-service tax program; and
- technical issues encountered in dealing with the systems acquisition process.

Initiatives Summary

The AFJAG School has adopted several initiatives based on research studies, technological innovations and other creative curriculum developments to enhance the ability of graduates to perform their professional duties. These initiatives include

- integrating more hands-on practical procedure exercises into each course,
- creating mentoring opportunities for faculty and students in resident courses,
- integrating distance learning methodologies and the latest information technology advances into all courses and publications, and
- adding specialized and updated courses to meet the increasing needs of new AF missions and of attorneys and paralegals in the field.

The AFJAG School Symposium Program hosts two symposia each year to strengthen the bonds and mutual understanding between the American military and civilian society and enhance the education of AF legal practitioners about cutting-edge legal, social and policy issues affecting both American society and the armed forces.

Resident Curriculum

The academic environment of the AFJAG School encourages free expression of ideas and an opportunity for independent and analytical thinking. The resident curriculum fosters advanced learning in the areas of advocacy, environmental law, labor law and law office leadership and management so that judge advocates and paralegals can ensure that the best legal service and advice are provided to AF commanders, staff agencies and personnel.

Duration and Quota

Frequency of presentation, length and number of students varies for each course. Contact the AFJAG School or its Internet home page for specific information.

Prerequisites and Selection

Requirements vary for each course.

Curriculum Summary

	Academic
Course Title	Hours
Judge Advocate Staff Officer Course	337.50
Judge Advocate Staff Officer Course	337.50
Staff Judge Advocate Course	85.00
Reserve Forces Judge Advocate Course	35.75
Air Force Reserve Annual Survey of the Law	24.00
Air National Guard Annual Survey of the Law	24.00
Deployed Air Reserve Components Operations and Law Course	20.00
Military Judges Seminar	32.00
Law Office Managers Course	81.90
Claims and Tort Litigation Course	56.00
Federal Employee Labor Law Course	35.00
Advanced Labor and Employment Law Course	20.00
Environmental Law Course	33.70
Trial and Defense Advocacy Course	44.00
Advanced Trial Advocacy Course	38.00
Operations Law Course	69.75
Advanced Environmental Law Course	19.00
Environmental Law Update Course	19.50
International Law Course	18.50

	Academic
Course Title	Hours
Federal Income Tax Law Course	41.00
Legal Aspects of Information Operations Course	24.00
Accident Investigation Board Legal Advisor Course	24.00
Military Justice Administration Workshop	36.00
Paralegal Apprentice Course	248.00
Paralegal Craftsman Course	240.00
Reserve Forces Paralegal Course	80.00
Fiscal and Appropriations Law Course (teleseminar)	28.00
Air Force Systems and Logistics Contracting Course	
(teleseminar)	32.50
Deployed Fiscal Law and Contingency Contracting Course	24.00
Information Operations Law Course	36.00
Negotiation and Appropriate Dispute Resolution Course	32.50

Enrichment Offerings

These programs are designed to help AF attorneys and paralegals update and refresh their skills in several areas. State CLE credit is not offered for these tapes. They give attorneys and paralegals who are unable to attend resident courses the opportunity to benefit from some of the AFJAG School's best presentations. The enrichment tapes may be ordered by contacting the CLE director.

These tapes include discussions, presentations and lectures on specific subjects in the areas of criminal law, trial advocacy, environmental law, labor law and federal claims and tort litigation. Paralegal enrichment offerings include subjects in the areas of claims and tort litigation and in the law officer managers' course.

Nonresident Curriculum

The AFJAG School utilizes a number of distance learning methodologies to provide nonresident students with advanced training and education in specialized legal areas. The school currently has the following nonresident courses and tapes available for CLE credit. Note that the specific number of credit hours allowed for each course sometimes varies with each state. You should contact the AFJAG School CLE director (CPD/JAC, 150 Chennault Circle, Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6418, DSN 493-2802, or see the school's Internet home page) to determine how many hours each state allows and also to order any of the courses or tapes.

Curriculum Summary

Course Title	Academic Hours
Professional Responsibility (Ethics) for Air Force Lawyers	3

Academic Credit

The AFJAG School offers two types of CLE: credit and enrichment. CLE credit can be earned by participating in programs counting toward state minimum CLE requirements. The school obtains state approval for three categories of CLE credit: resident courses taught at the AFJAG School; nonresident teleseminar or video courses prepared by the AFJAG School and broadcast or distributed on request; and conferences, workshops and seminars conducted by various offices in the Air Force Judge Advocate General Department. The nonresident video courses consist of reading materials (syllabus), a videotape presentation and seminar questions. This format is designed to take advantage of local expertise by using those individuals as discussion leaders. Credit can be obtained for conferences, workshops and seminars on a case-by-case basis. You should contact the CLE director at least 30 days in advance of the date of the session.

Although the AFJAG School serves as a liaison with state bars in obtaining approval for CLE credit programs, the main goal remains that of providing meaningful legal education to judge advocates who need an update in a certain area or are moving to a new position and are unable to attend the appropriate resident course. With this goal in mind, the AFJAG School offers enrichment programs that do not include any written materials. These offerings are designed to provide a wide variety of information, from particulars for the practitioner to advanced discussions on recent legal issues. The nucleus of these noncredit enrichment programs is a collection of lectures from various resident specialized courses.

Through this dual system of credit and enrichment programs, the AFJAG School is committed to providing the Judge Advocate General's Department with advanced legal education that responds to the department's training and educational needs. This CLE ensures that judge advocates and paralegals have the tools to do their jobs professionally.

For formal nonresident CLE credit, the senior installation staff judge advocate certifies course completion in writing to the AFJAG School CLE administrator and the administrator then certifies course completion with the appropriate state.

Through affiliation of the Ira C. Eaker College for Professional Development with the CCAF, graduates of the Paralegal Craftsman Course (15 hours), Paralegal Apprentice Course (12 hours) and the Law Office Managers Course (four hours) who are enrolled in CCAF may receive the annotated number of semester hours of credit toward an associate degree. Course graduates may apply for credit through the Registrar, CCAF/RRR, 130 W. Maxwell Blvd., Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6613. For further information, see the CCAF catalog in your base education services office.

DOD Professional Military Comptroller School

Col Donna M. Taylor, Director

Internet Address
www.maxwell.af.mil/au/cpd

In 1966, the assistant secretary of the Air Force (financial management) established a joint service task group to study financial management education in the Department of Defense (MEDOD). This group issued its report, called the MEDOD study, in March 1967.

In 1968, the Professional Military Comptroller Course (PMCC) was developed in response to this study. In 1973 financial managers from Army, Navy and other DOD agencies began participating in PMCC; and the Army and Navy began assigning highly qualified officers to the faculty. Then in 1977 the PMCC became the DOD Professional Military Comptroller School (PMCS).

Mission: To improve accountability and fiscal readiness of DOD personnel by providing world class financial management education. The school

- develops the individual's ability to adapt the financial management and comptroller's role to the economic, political and technical environment impacting DOD;
- promotes comprehension of issues and policies affecting defense financial management and military readiness;
- expands awareness of and promotes appreciation for the diverse financial management disciplines within DOD; encourages personal growth in the areas of wellness, communication and leadership; and
- ensures continuous focus on the primary mission of supporting the commander and war fighter.

Goal: The DOD PMCS goal is best articulated through its vision. Taught at the graduate level, the school's vision is *to improve accountability and fiscal readiness of DOD personnel by providing world-class financial management education.* It seeks to expand the students' capacity to adapt their role to the economic, political and technical environments affecting military organizations—with a continuous focus on supporting the commander and war fighter.

Initiatives Summary

The DOD PMCS implemented a seminar on managing change, based on *Who Moved My Cheese*, by Spencer Johnson, M.D., to help promote a better understanding of how to deal with the constant change associated with DOD's transformation. Additionally, PMCS aggressively seeks out and schedules adjunct faculty with operational experience to help ensure its students remain "war fighter" focused. These speakers cut across the services and operational spectrum. Finally, the school continues to work with the American Society of Military Comptrollers to offer certification-testing opportunities at Maxwell AFB in the near future.

Student Research Programs

One of the prerequisites for graduation is the successful completion of an individual research paper. This paper must address a current Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, DOD, or other federal agency comptroller or resource management issue. The paper provides students an opportunity to examine a current topic from an analytical perspective. Final papers often go directly to service headquarters or other top organizational levels for review and possible publication in professional journals.

Students conduct individual research under the guidance of a faculty research advisor. Through their research efforts, students have the opportunity to enhance their professional competence and to make meaningful contributions to subjects relevant to DOD resource management.

Total Personal Wellness

The DOD PMCS provides a total personal wellness program for the benefit of its students. This program includes nutrition, stress management, type A behavior and exercise. It focuses on students identifying potentially unhealthy lifestyle habits in order to effect changes that will improve their overall wellness.

Personal Computer Support

The DOD PMCS provides its students with access to state-of-the-art tabletop and laptop computers. Each seminar room has one tabletop computer that provides Internet, shared E-mail and printer capabilities for the students assigned to that seminar. These computers can be used to conduct research, complete student research papers, prepare visual aids for student oral presentations, participate in computer-based resource management exercises and communicate with home-station personnel. Each student also has the opportunity to hand-receipt for a laptop computer for his or her use while attending PMCS. While these computers are not configured for Internet and E-mail access, they do provide students the ability to work on research papers and oral presentations from the comfort of their own individual living quarters.

Curriculum

The curriculum consists of two courses. First is the DOD PMCC, which provides mid-to-senior level comptrollers, resource managers and other financial staff with information concerning the tasks, environments and skills associated with military comptrollership. Second is the Reserve Forces PMCC, which provides selected Guard and Reserve officers with the same information from a Reserve forces perspective.

Duration and Quota

The DOD PMCC is held five times each year meeting for 30 class days. The quota for each class is 60 students.

The Reserve Forces DOD PMCC is held once a year and meets for 10 class days. It also has a quota of 60 students.

Prerequisites and Selection

The DOD PMCC is typically open to majors through colonels (or Navy equivalent) and GS-12s through GS/GM-15s serving in a financial management discipline. The Reserve Forces course is open to Guard and Reserve majors through colonels (or Navy equivalent) and GS-12s through GS/GM-15s serving in financial management disciplines. For

both courses, students come from the Air Force, Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Defense Finance and Accounting Service and other DOD agencies. Additionally, on a case-by-case basis the school will grant waivers for captains and GS-11s if space permits and time in grade, experience and chain-of-command endorsements indicate the individual is capable of successfully completing the course.

Curriculum Summary

Course Title	Academic Hours
Professional Military Comptroller Course	240.0
Reserve Forces Professional Military Comptroller	
Course	82.5

Academic Credit

The Center for Adult Learning and Educational Credentials of the American Council on Education recommends three graduate semester hours in managerial accounting or public finance and three graduate semester hours in organizational management or managerial economics credit for the DOD PMCC.

Students desiring credit for attendance should request that the Registrar, Air University, AU/CFR, 60 W. Shumacher Ave., Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6337, send a transcript to the college or university where they are enrolled.

USAF Chaplain Service Institute

Chaplain (Col) Stephen Frick, Director

Internet Address www.usafhc.af.mil

On 1 July 1953, when the Air Force was given responsibility of training its own chaplains, the United States Air Force Chaplains Course was established at Lackland AFB, Texas and placed under the Officer Basic Military Course. The chaplains course became part of Officer Military Schools (OMS) in June 1955. Based on a Department of the Air Force authorization, the USAF Chaplain School was established in June 1960; however, it remained under OMS. From 1958 to 1965, judge advocates also reported to the Chaplain School for training. OMS was

discontinued in July 1962 and was assigned to OTS. The Chaplain School was made a separate unit and was placed directly under the commandant, Lackland Military Training Center, in February 1965. USAF Chaplain School was established at Maxwell AFB and assigned to Headquarters Air University on 20 May 1966.

The chaplain service has a rich and varied legacy of supplying resources in support of ministry. The USAF Chaplain Service Resource Board was formed in July 1959 under the AU Command Chaplain. Initially called the USAF Chaplain Writers Board, it prepared written lectures and identified audiovisual resources for the Air Force Moral Leadership Program.

In 1976 the board's name was changed to USAF Chaplain Resource Board to reflect its central role and mission in developing a variety of ministry support resources. In January 1989 the word *service* was added to the board's name—USAF Chaplain Service Resource Board—to reflect the mission of providing resources to *all* chaplain service professionals: chaplain assistants, religious education coordinators, laity and chaplains.

It is now known as the Chaplain Service Institute Resource Division. Its members assess the needs of chaplain service personnel and provide support to the varied ministries of the service. This support facilitates the free exercise of diverse religious practices and beliefs worldwide.

The USAF Chaplain Service Institute (CSI) was activated under the Ira C. Eaker Center for Professional Development on 31 October 1992. It provides the chief of the AF chaplain service with a centrally managed, centrally located complex for all education, technical training, research and resourcing activities of the USAF chaplain service. The new organization consolidated and functionally integrated four separate organizations. Two elements of the institute, the USAF Chaplain School and the USAF Chaplain Service Resource Board, were already located at Maxwell AFB. The USAF Chaplain Service Film Library, previously located at Norton AFB, California, as an operating detachment of the Center for Professional Development, collocated with the institute at Maxwell AFB in December 1992. Technical training for enlisted chaplain assistants was transferred to Maxwell in September 1993 from Keesler AFB, Mississippi, under Air Force Year of Training initiatives.

The creation of the USAF CSI was a hallmark in the tradition of the USAF chaplain service profession. Its goals are to more effectively enable the ministries of the USAF chaplain services and thus enrich the lives of AF members and their families.

The USAF CSI is composed of active duty, Reserve and ANG chaplains and chaplain assistants. This composition lends itself to a close collegial relationship with students and staffs worldwide and ensures curriculum and resources are designed and organized to solve

and explore practical issues concerning today's AF chaplain service members.

The Education Division designs, develops and manages the PCE of all AF chaplains. The division conducts one Air Force specialty awarding/accession course and two supervisory leadership courses. The division offers three-day issue- and subject-specific courses as well as subject-specific distance learning courses to ensure that chaplain and chaplain assistants maintain vocational excellence throughout their careers.

The Technical Training Division designs, develops and manages technical training for all AF chaplain assistants. The division offers one AF specialty code awarding course and one supervisory leadership course.

The Resource Division is charged with staying abreast with the best tools and information in support of ministry for the AF community. It assesses needs and delivers resources, primarily through the AF chaplain service Web site (http://www.usafhc.af.mil). The chaplain Web site serves two primary purposes. It furnishes tools and information that directly support and inform ministry in the field. Such resources range from suicide prevention to balancing the chapel's books. The chaplain service home page also provides an opportunity and channel for chaplains and chaplain assistants to submit ideas, critiques, or any other input that might further the purposes of the ministry.

The Resource Division also presents appropriate resources to the field through conferences such as the Marriage and Family Ministry Conference.

Mission: Provide education, training and resources that promote professional excellence and enhance the free exercise of religion for the USAF family.

Goals: Achieve vocational excellence, professional integrity and service to others by

- providing knowledge, skills and resources for students to better perform their duties;
- attracting, mentoring and recognizing quality people;
- ensuring that faculty and course directors properly apply instructional system development principles;
- securing resources to support mission requirements;
- improving information flow and ensuring effective communication; and
- monitoring the quality of support services and seeking necessary improvements.

Curriculum

The USAF CSI encourages an academic environment that recognizes the value of each student's prior education and experience. Through free expression of ideas and immediate application of knowledge gained, the atmosphere of the institute remains progressive as it strives to prepare students for the AF chaplain service of the future. The faculty and staff of the institute advocate top-quality ministry and support of ministry.

Curriculum Summary

	Academic
Course Title	Hours
Basic Chaplain Course	160.0
Intermediate Chaplain Course	80.0
Wing Chaplain Course	80.0
Chaplain Assistant Apprentice Course	227.5
Chaplain Assistant Craftsman Course	77.5

Academic Credit

Through affiliation of the Ira C. Eaker College for Professional Development with the CCAF, graduates of enlisted apprentice and craftsman courses may receive 11 and five semester hours of credit respectively toward an associate degree. Course graduates may apply for credit through the Registrar, CCAF/RRR, 130 W. Maxwell Blvd., Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6613. For further information, contact a base education office or see the CCAF catalog.

For further information, contact the Chief, Education Division, USAF Chaplain Service Institute, 155 N. Twining Street, Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6429.

The institute's Education and Resource Divisions are investigating ways to further develop distant learning opportunities through video home system (VHS) format video, satellite broadcasts and text-based projects. The Resource Division's primary objectives currently include improving the quality of service and delivery of materials through automation technology and targeting needs assessments to fill resource "vacuums."

Initiatives Summary

Instruction of enlisted students in crisis intervention skills, trauma pastoral care and pluralism and faith group support requirements will further their professional abilities to support chaplains in peacetime and contingency operations. Officer and enlisted evaluation systems have been added to all levels of instruction, ensuring that chaplain and senior enlisted support personnel will use evaluation and supervisory skills appropriately.

USAF First Sergeant Academy

CMSgt Sandra J. Williams, Commandant

Internet Address
www.maxwell.af.mil/au/cpd/fsa

The importance of the position of first sergeant has long been recognized in American military ranks. In 1778, at Valley Forge, Baron Von Steuben wrote in the *Regulation for the Order and Discipline of the Troops of the United States*, "The soldier having acquired that degree of confidence of his officers as to be appointed first sergeant of the company, should consider the importance of his officers; that the discipline of the company, the conduct of the men, their exactness in obeying orders and the regularity of their manners, will in great measure depend on his vigilance. The first sergeant . . . is to be always in camp or quarters, to answer any call that may be made."

Through the years, persons selected for first sergeant duty primarily trained themselves in their duties and responsibilities, taking over where their predecessors left off. With increases in technology, advances in the complexity of administrative and legal procedures and the need for improved human relations, the USAF saw that first sergeants needed to receive formal training.

The First Sergeant Course was established at Keesler AFB, Mississippi, in October 1973 and was renamed the USAF First Sergeant Academy in 1982. The academy remained at Keesler until July 1993 when it was moved to Maxwell AFB under the authority of order G-65 and aligned with the Ira C. Eaker College for Professional Development.

Mission: Provide education and training to selected active duty, Air Force Reserve and Air National Guard senior noncommissioned officers to become the best first sergeants in the world.

Goals: Educate and train first sergeants in the diverse areas of responsibility, accountability and discipline in which they will serve America's dynamic Air Force well into the next century.

Initiatives Summary

The USAF First Sergeant Academy has put forth several initiatives that will increase the efficiency and effectiveness of the academy and improve the quality of instruction.

A Web-based survey was conducted in 2001 from field-experienced first sergeants and their feedback on relevancy and time spent on core tasks allowed the academy to adjust the curriculum to meet current needs. This survey will be used on a two-year cycle to allow the academy curriculum to be updated as necessary.

Web-based training is also being explored to provide continuation training on demand using technologies such as interactive training and digitized role playing.

The schools Web page has been upgraded to provide a one-stop service for first sergeants to access critical reference material they use on a daily basis as well as information for continuity purposes.

A recently completed upgrade of classroom equipment, computer and audiovisual systems will allow greater use of computer-based training and standardize the method of lecture presentation by staff members and guest instructors. Self-improvement activities and renovation of facilities continues to improve the educational environment.

Curriculum

The academy's curriculum is divided into five major areas: unit administration, dynamics of human resources, quality force management, deployment issues, and military justice.

Duration and Quota

The USAF First Sergeant Academy Course is 20 academic days and can train up to 56 students per class. The First Sergeant Academy Air National Guard Course is a 10-day course that can train up to 32 students per class. Both courses have six offerings each fiscal year. The Air Force Reserve Course is 10 academic days and is offered four times per year.

Prerequisites and Selection

Resident students must be volunteers for the special duty of first sergeant. They must be recommended by their commander and personally meet a selection board consisting of one field grade commander, two first sergeants of equal or higher grade who have at least one year of experience as a first sergeant and the wing command chief master sergeant. Final selection rests with the major command command chief master sergeant.

Curriculum Summary

Course Title	Academic Hours
USAF First Sergeant Academy Course	160
First Sergeant Academy Air National	
Guard Course	80

Academic Credit

Through affiliation of the Ira C. Eaker College for Professional Development with the CCAF, graduates of the USAF First Sergeant Academy Course who are enrolled in CCAF may receive 10 semester hours of credit. Graduates of the First Sergeant Academy Air National Guard Course receive three semester hours and the Additional Duty First Sergeant Symposium receive two semester hours.

Course graduates may apply for credit through the Registrar, CCAF/RRR, 130 W. Maxwell Blvd., Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6613. For further information, see the CCAF catalog and consult with your education service officer.

USAF Historian Development School

MSgt Dennis W. Pinner, Director

Internet Address
www.maxwell.af.mil/au/cpd/

The USAF Historian Development School became operational in January 1995. The school is responsible for technical training in the historian career field. It conducts two in-residence courses—Historian

Apprentice and Historian Craftsman—and develops and maintains one distance-learning course—Historian Journeyman.

The Historian Apprentice Course is 18 academic days long and is designed for new enlisted historians entering the AF history program. The curriculum provides a foundation in the principles and methods of preparing periodic histories and managing a wing history program.

The Historian Journeyman Course capitalizes on technology and is built for the midlevel, enlisted historian. This distance-learning course expands on the areas of the historian career field, security, periodic history, reference services, contingency and administration. The state-of-the-art course on CD-ROM approaches technical training via an interactive, multimedia, computer-based format. The course is available through the Air Force Institute for Advanced Distributed Learning (AFIADL).

The Historian Craftsman Course is 10 academic days long and places the experienced historian in a dynamic environment similar to what is experienced in the field. Following an intense, practicum-based curriculum, the prospective craftsman historian will research and write a historical special study, conduct an oral history interview, evaluate actual periodic histories and conduct an analytical oral briefing during a mock commander's stand-up.

All three courses cited above prepare enlisted and selected civilian historians to assist today's commanders in the decision-making process and capture the Air Force's corporate memory for the senior leaders of tomorrow.

Mission: Provide skill-level awarding courses to train active duty, ANG, and AFRes enlisted and selected civilian historians on basic, intermediate, and advanced responsibilities concerning the principles, methods, and techniques for conducting a comprehensive unit history program.

Goals: Provide historian trainees with a strategic framework for acquiring three-, five- and seven-skill level competencies in the enlisted historian career field. The objectives are to

- develop curriculum and conduct resident and distance-learning historian instruction including a correspondence course distributed through AFIADL,
- represent the historian career field in forums involving training issues,
- provide consultation to the Headquarters USAF Office of History (USAF/HO) and other organizations, and

• assist in developing and revising promotion tests, training standards and related materials.

Initiatives Summary

The USAF Historian Development School is testing and revising the Historian Journeyman Course. This is an interactive, multimedia software, CD-ROM course.

Curriculum

The school curriculum enables historians to prepare organizational histories more effectively.

Duration and Quota

The apprentice course is held four times each year for 18 academic days with an average of 13 students per class. The craftsman course is held three times annually for two weeks with an average of nine students per class.

Prerequisites and Selection

The prerequisites for selection and attendance differ for each skill level in the historian career field specialty.

Three-level Course Prerequisites. AF enlisted personnel (active duty, Reserve, or Guard) approved for retraining into the historian AFSC 3H0X1 will be given priority for class seats. With approval of the major command history office and the course director, the following individuals may attend on a space-available basis: enlisted personnel assigned additional or part-time duties as unit historians, civilian personnel with collateral or part-time duties as unit historians and civilians interning as historians. All attendees must be proficient typists and familiar with computers and word processing software.

Five-level Course Prerequisites. Must complete in-residence Historian Apprentice Course.

Seven-level Course Prerequisites. Must complete Historian Journeyman Course through correspondence. The student must be a

staff sergeant or higher, be enrolled in seven-skill level upgrade training and have met the minimum time requirement in upgrade training. The student must also be familiar with Microsoft Word and Microsoft PowerPoint.

Curriculum Summary

Course Title	Academic Hours
Historian Apprentice Course	144
Historian Journeyman Course	*
Historian Craftsman Course	80

^{*20-30} hours to accomplish 959 individual on-screen modules.

Academic Credit

Through affiliation with CCAF, graduates of the Historian Apprentice Course who enroll in the CCAF receive five hours of credit on their transcripts. Graduates of the Craftsman Course earn three semester hours of CCAF credit toward an associate degree.

All graduates may receive a transcript reflecting these credit hours by contacting the Registrar, CCAF/RRR, 130 W. Maxwell Blvd., Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6613. Interested students are encouraged to contact their base education office.

EXTENDED STUDIES AND ADVANCED DISTRIBUTED LEARNING

The Air University, through the Air Force Institute for Advanced Distributed Learning, supports the Air Force extension course programs and the Air Force distance learning mission, and exercises operational control of the Air Technology Network.

AIR FORCE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED DISTRIBUTED LEARNING

Col William Wright, Commander

Internet address

http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/afiadl

Mission: Promote, deliver, and manage advanced distributed learning for our aerospace forces.

The Air Force Institute for Advanced Distributed Learning, located at Maxwell AFB-Gunter Annex, formally came into being on 1 February The institute was established by the merger of three distinct organizations: the Air Force Distance Learning Office (AFDLO) and the Extension Course Institute (ECI). At that time, the AFDLO had operational control of the Air Technology Network Program Management Office (ATN PMO). AFDLO was established 7 November 1995 to serve as the focal point for all AF distance learning (DL) matters. ECI was established in 1950 as one of AU's professional specialized schools. As the Air Force's only correspondence school, ECI's original mission was to provide voluntary nonresident courses for both active duty and reserve AF personnel. The ATN PMO was created in February 1996 as an outgrowth of AFIT's Center for Distance Education and served as the focal point for the management of the Air Force's DL satellite network, ATN. On 2 July 2001, ATN was realigned as AFIADL operating location "A." Today AFIADL supports formal training and educational programs of the AF, ANG, and AFRes by providing career-broadening advanced distributed learning courses to people throughout the DOD and to civil service employees in all federal agencies.

Advanced distributed learning is an evolution of distributed learning (distance learning) that emphasizes collaboration on standards-based versions of reusable objects, networks, and learning management systems, yet may include some legacy methods and media. DL media include interactive television (ITV), interactive multimedia instruction (IMI), Internet-based instruction (IBI), paper-based instruction, and other instructional technologies. Advanced distributed learning (ADL) includes all DL media. In the future distance learning will also consist of instructional modules comprised of "sharable content objects" delivered though several technologies.

The ADL initiative (ADLI) is a structured, adaptive, and collaborative effort between the public and private sectors to develop the standards, tools, and learning content to provide "anytime, anywhere"

instruction to US Forces. AETC is the lead command for ADL within the Air Force. AFIADL serves as the focal point and executive staff agent on these efforts under the guidance of AETC's directorate of education.

AFIADL promotes, delivers, and manages advanced distributed learning for our aerospace forces. Over the years the mission has undergone several major changes. In 1963 when ECI started providing self-study materials for the Air Force's official upgrade training program, the institute became an essential and mandatory part of the dual-channel concept for the enlisted training program. In 1969 ECI was given the additional mission of providing study reference materials to AF enlisted personnel to use in preparing for specialty knowledge testing under the weighted airman promotion system (WAPS).

AFIADL operates in a fully automated environment. Course development, production, distribution, and student administration functions are managed on a sophisticated system of personal computers and a mini-mainframe. The data is accessible worldwide to AFIADL, ACSC, SOS, SNCOA, course authors, education service offices, and unit/base-level training sections. To profit from rapidly growing technological capabilities, AFIADL has departed from entirely paper-based curricula to include interactive television and computer-based courseware. AFIADL is, with the rest of DOD, exploring the standards required for Internet delivery and management of courses. In print-based curricula, AFIADL enhanced its efficiency and productivity by moving to a print-on-demand process for course examinations and is planning for use of new learning technology for courseware delivery.

The Air Force delivers many of its courses via ATN, an interactive television (ITV) network. ATN (http://atn.afit.edul) reaches 207 classrooms at 133 AF bases within the United States (including Alaska and Hawaii) and nine locations in Europe (five locations are currently being installed in Japan and Korea), with education and training programs broadcast from uplinks at Wright-Patterson (the first uplink on ATN), Maxwell, Sheppard, Fairchild, and Keesler AFBs. The connection to Europe is being made through the *Global Broadcast Service* with a gateway uplink at Norfolk, Virgina. Since its development in 1991, ATN has been used to provide continuing education and training to over 40,000 students.

AFIADL conducts a one-week course for authors to provide new writers of CDCs with the basic knowledge and experience needed to produce effective extension course materials. The course, which is offered three times a year, is a practicum in the use of instructional systems development to write and revise CDCs. During the week, new writers work under the tutelage of institute educators and gain hands-on experience in every phase of course development: writing topical statements, developing tests and text, and processing and evaluating a course. New writers also become familiar with AFIADL's procedures and become acquainted with staff members with whom they will be working.

AFIADL administers and distributes more than 450 courses. They fall into four categories: PME, PCE and training courses via ATN, specialized courses, and CDCs. The institute distributes the following nonresident courses:

PME Courses

PME courses are taken by both commissioned and noncommissioned officers. These courses teach leadership, management principles, techniques of effective communication, problem solving, analysis of professional reading materials, international relations, national decision making, and defense management. They also cover the psychology of learning, individual differences, and the techniques of teaching. The courses give students the broad skills and knowledge needed to be effective at various stages in their careers.

AFIADL distributes nonresident PME through distance learning products ranging from paper-based through CD-ROM. PME is also available by seminar or in residence through the schools.

PCE and Training Courses

AFIT and the various schools within Second AF use AFIADL's satellite network, ATN, to reach thousands of students every year to fulfill their PCE and training needs.

Specialized Courses

Specialized courses focus on technical and special subjects that are useful in many career fields. Examples are contracting, finance, and logistics courses. These courses also provide career broadening to individuals as they progress to higher levels and are required to become more knowledgeable in career fields other than their own.

Career Development Courses

CDCs constitute the largest portion of AFIADL's curricula. These self-study courses help airmen complete the task-knowledge portion of the dual-channel concept for the enlisted training program. The dual-channel concept is an on-the-job training program that requires the completion of CDC courses for skill-level upgrade—a requirement for

promotion. Airmen must complete CDCs successfully at various stages to advance in their careers. CDCs are also available on a voluntary basis for career broadening.

Air Force members can obtain further information about the institute's courses and enrollment through their base education or training office. The *AFIADL Catalog* provides up-to-date information on courses, programs, and policy and procedures. You can access the catalog on-line at: http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/afiadl/curriculum/catalog/cattoc_fr.htm. The institute's Web page provides information about CDCs required by AFSC, available test control facilities, names and phone numbers of staff members to assist with student inquiries, and other useful information available to students all over the world. The catalog also provides information on academic credit recommendations for these courses. A list of credit recommendations for AFIADL courses also can be found in the current *Guide to the Evaluation of Educational Experiences in the Armed Services*. AFIADL also publishes *Curriculum Update* as a forum to discuss updates in the area of curriculum development.

CITIZENSHIP EDUCATION

Besides its professional military and continuing education, Air University supports two nationwide programs—the Civil Air Patrol and Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps—that instill citizenship values among our nation's youth.

AIR FORCE JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICER TRAINING CORPS

Col Brian C. King, Director

Internet Address
http://www.afoats.af.mil/Junior

The Air Force Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps (JROTC) can track its heritage to a program founded in 1911 in Cheyenne, Wyoming, by Army Lt Edgar R. Steevers. Lieutenant Steevers was assigned as an inspector-instructor of the organized military of Wyoming. During his assignment, he envisioned a noncompulsory cadet corps comprised of high school students. His program was aimed toward making better citizens.

The National Defense Act of 1916 authorized a junior course for noncollege military schools, high schools, and other nonpreparatory schools. The Army implemented JROTC in 1916. Public Law 88-647, commonly known as the ROTC Vitalization Act of 1964, directed the secretaries of each military service to establish and maintain JROTC units for their respective services. The first Air Force JROTC programs were opened in 1966.

"(The) purpose of Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps [is] to instill in students in United States secondary educational institutions the value of citizenship, service to the United States, personal responsibility, and a sense of accomplishment." (10 USC Sec 2031)

Air Force JROTC (AFJROTC) is a continuing success story. From a modest beginning of 20 units in 1966, AFJROTC has grown to 744 units throughout the world, with 108,000 cadets. The AFJROTC program positively influences our country by helping one student at a time. Comprised solely of active duty Air Force retirees, the AFJROTC instructor force is helping to form tomorrow's nation by educating proud and patriotic cadets—tomorrow's leaders.

Mission: The mission of Air Force Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps is "Building better citizens for America."

The objectives of JROTC are to educate and train high school cadets in citizenship; promote community service; instill responsibility, character, and self-discipline; and provide instruction in air and space fundamentals.

The AFJROTC program is grounded in the Air Force core values of integrity first, service before self, and excellence in all we do. The curriculum emphasizes the Air Force heritage and traditions, the development of flight, applied flight sciences, military aerospace policies, and space exploration.

Curriculum opportunities include: Academic studies

- Character education
- Life skills education
- Leadership opportunities
- Team-building experiences
- Intramural competition
- Field trips / training opportunities

Programs and Operations

The AFJROTC program enrolls approximately 108,000 cadets, employs more than 1,600 instructors and operates units in 48 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Italy, Germany, Belgium, Netherlands, United Kingdom, Japan, Korea, and Guam. AFJROTC units are located within host high schools, public and private, and, by law, the program is limited to students in grades 9–12. AFJROTC instructors are employees of the host school.

A subordinate organization to Air Force Officer Accession and Training Schools (AFOATS), there are four branches within the AFJROTC Headquarters: Instructor Management, Resources, Program Support and Operations. The Branch Chiefs are supervised by the Deputy Director, AFJROTC, who serves as the primary liaison between AFJROTC, the host schools, local school districts, and state boards of education.

Instructor Management. Recruits, certifies eligibility to teach AFJROTC, monitors the performance of AFJROTC instructors, and recommends de-certification of AFJROTC instructors as necessary. Additionally, provides assistance and authoritative guidance to instructors and school officials, including assistance in the selection and hiring of instructors. Receives and processes instructor applications. Supervises administration of the instructor evaluation system.

Resources. Provides financial management, instructor payroll computations and reconciliations, and cost accounting services for the AFJROTC program. Formulates, executes, and analyzes budgets for headquarters' operations, host schools, support activities, and organizational components. Monitors, tracks, and reviews obligations, expenditures, reimbursable orders, and projected costs to determine trends in spending and forecast annual funding needs. Reviews budget submissions for compliance with rules, regulations, and procedures.

Program Support. Provides logistical, educational program, information management, information/education technology, and training support to the world's largest aerospace science and education program. Manages the Honors Ground School Program and oversight for FAA certified instructors. Conducts certification and training workshops and collects data on student performance and demographics. Provides logistics, supply, and facilities support and guidance regarding procurement, storing, and inventory of supplies and equipment, AF uniforms, and inert rifles for the JROTC Program.

Operations. Provides staff initiatives and policy to implement the world's largest aerospace science and education program. Ensures program is conducted pursuant to DOD directives and Air Force instructions and prepares reports and maintains statistical data on the same. Reviews unit assessment and inspection reports to ensure school districts comply with DOD and Air Force instructions and the provisions of the Application and Agreement for establishing a JROTC unit. Conducts follow-up actions on reported discrepancies. Coordinates site surveys at schools interested in hosting an AFJROTC unit. Functions as the activation and deactivation coordinator for all AFJROTC units.

Curriculum

The success of the AFJROTC program lies in its progressive and academically sound curriculum and the numerous extra-curricular activities AFJROTC offers students. The curriculum is two part: aerospace studies and leadership/life skills education. Host schools may elect to emphasize either portion of this curriculum based upon the needs of the students.

Aerospace Studies. The first year covers the heritage and development of flight and military aerospace policies. The second year includes the environment in which aircraft and spacecraft operate. Flight and navigational principles and the requirements for human flight are also included. Rocketry, space vehicles, and the exploration of space are covered in the third year. The fourth year offers three options: Option 1, Management of the Cadet Corps; Option 2, Honors Program-Ground School; and Option 3, Laboratory Manual, Geography, and Survival.

Curriculum Summary Emphasizing Aerospace Studies

Year	Aerospace Science	Hrs	Leadership Education	Hrs	Total
					Hrs
	Frontiers of Aviation		Introduction to Air		
1	History	108	Force JROTC	72	180
	The Science of		Intercommunication		
2	Flight	108	Skills	72	180
	The Exploration of				
3	Space	108	Life-Skills	72	180
4	Options	108	Principles of Management	72	180

Leadership/Life-Skills Education. Leadership education is emphasized each year. An emphasis is placed on the development of life-skills while exposing cadets to opportunities to learn and practice basic leadership. The leadership/life-skills course work helps prepare cadets for positions in any career. Classes provide cadets with a basic knowledge of military customs and courtesies, military organization and principles of leadership, flag etiquette, drill and ceremony.

Curriculum Summary Emphasizing Leadership and Life-Skills

Year	Aerospace Science	Hrs	Leadership Education	Hrs	Total
					Hrs
	Frontiers of Aviation		Introduction to Air		
1	History	72	Force JROTC	108	180
	The Science of		Intercommunication		
2	Flight	72	Skills	108	180
	The Exploration of				
3	Space	72	Life-Skills	108	180
4	Options	72	Principles of Management	108	180

Extracurricular Activities. Extracurricular activities and opportunities are important parts of AFJROTC. Cadets participate in summer leadership camps, drill meets, orienteering, debates, and discussion forums. AFJROTC does not engage in marksmanship training or teach individual combat skills

CIVIL AIR PATROL-US AIR FORCE

Col George Vogt, Commander

Internet Address

http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/cap

The Civil Air Patrol-US Air Force (CAP-USAF) provides advice, liaison, and oversight to America's volunteer auxiliary of the Air Force, the Civil Patrol (CAP), a private corporation, chartered by Congress. CAP-USAF headquarters at Maxwell AFB, along with eight CAP-USAF regional commands, provides training, policy guidance, and assistance to more than 60,000 CAP members throughout the United States, in Puerto Rico, and on many overseas Air Force installations. CAP-USAF, including its 500-plus Reservists, plays a key role in helping CAP meet its congressionally mandated missions.

Civil Air Patrol

Internet address
http://www.capnhq.gov

CAP was created on 1 December 1941 as a part of the Office of Civilian Defense. During World War II, CAP was an integral part of North American defense, patrolling the 1,200 miles of coastline from Halifax, Nova Scotia, to the Florida Keys searching for enemy submarines and other signs of enemy activity. In 1943 CAP transferred to the Army Air Forces. In 1946 CAP was chartered by congressional act as a nonprofit, benevolent organization devoted to humanitarian activities. By another act of Congress in 1948, CAP became the official auxiliary of the USAF.

Today's CAP has more than 35,600 senior members and nearly 27,000 cadets in 1,700 units nationwide. CAP units have an organizational pattern and rank structure similar to that of AF units.

CAP's congressional charter mandates the organization to furnish the American public with emergency services and aerospace education and to administer the CAP cadet program. Headquarters CAP-USAF provides advice, liaison, and oversight to the more than 60,000 CAP members throughout the United States and Puerto Rico and on many Air Force installations overseas. CAP-USAF provides training and direction to the auxiliary in its three congressionally mandated missions.

CAP furnishes trained volunteers who support noncombat AF missions throughout the United States. CAP conducts more than 85 percent of the inland search and rescue missions authorized by the Air

Force Rescue Coordination Center at Langley AFB, Virginia. Daily operations include aerial reconnaissance missions for the US Customs Service, the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), and the US Forestry Service to support counterdrug operations. CAP maintains an extensive, survivable radio network providing emergency communications when disasters strike.

Aerospace education is provided for CAP members and the country at large through its comprehensive outreach program, including the annual National Congress of Aviation and Space Education (NCASE). CAP aerospace education reaches the classrooms of more than 300,000 students each year, encouraging an interest in aviation and the sciences. The cadet program fosters personal discipline, patriotism, and leadership in young people across the nation and on AF installations worldwide. Through its cadet program, CAP:

- provides an organization to encourage and aid US citizens in contributing their efforts, services, and resources in developing aviation and in maintaining aerospace supremacy;
- provides aerospace education and training, especially to its senior and cadet members;
- encourages and develops, by example, the voluntary contribution of private citizens to the public welfare;
- · encourages and fosters civil aviation in local communities; and
- provides an organization of private citizens with adequate facilities to assist in meeting local, state, and national emergencies.

CAP has adopted several initiatives to furnish better service to the public. These efforts include an ongoing recruiting drive to attract new members, modernizing and improving its aircraft fleet and equipment, and a screening program of all senior members associated with the cadet program.

CAP has eight geographical regions composed of 52 wings—one for each state, Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia. Wings are divided into groups, squadrons, and flights. A liaison staff of active duty, Reserve and civil service employees works with each of the 52 wings in the eight CAP regions in the United States. Headquarters CAP–USAF is collocated with CAP's National Headquarters at Maxwell AFB, Alabama.

Emergency Services

CAP's primary operational missions include air and ground search and rescue (SAR) and disaster relief (DR)—whether in response to manmade events, as in civil defense or natural disasters. CAP has access to 530 CAP and 3,700 member-owned general aviation aircraft, plus vast amounts of ground rescue equipment and radios. CAP operates national, regional, and local high frequency (HF) and very high frequency (VHF) radio networks with more than 24,000 radio devices, including VHF-FM repeater systems. These networks provide valuable connectivity during a national emergency or major disaster.

SAR operations are carried out primarily under USAF authority at the request of the Air Force Rescue Coordination Center and other DOD joint rescue coordination centers. In 2001 CAP aircrews flew 10,669 search hours and saved 61 lives.

DR operations during peacetime are coordinated by local and state emergency management authorities and authorized by the Air Force National Security Emergency Preparedness Office. During a national emergency, CAP DR tasking comes from the federalized state adjutant general. CAP provided the first aerial photographs of the World Trade Center terrorist attack in September of 2001, and was also responsible for moving a variety of mission critical resources like blood and robotic parts throughout the country in the first few days after 11 September.

Counterdrug Operations

Since the mid-80s, CAP has been an integral player in counterdrug operations. During 2001, CAP flew over 18,000 hours in support of its counterdrug program. Many federal agencies, such as the Drug Enforcement Administration, US Customs Service, the US Forest Service, and numerous state and local law enforcement agencies routinely call on CAP for aerial reconnaissance and communications support for their counterdrug missions. A key element of this program is the single-frame video equipment CAP uses to transmit near-real-time still photos via computer to law enforcement agencies Additionally, CAP provides intercept training and radar monitoring support to the Department of Defense.

Drug Demand Reduction

CAP's Drug Demand Reduction program began in 1994 to support the Air Force family within 30 miles of active duty Air Force bases, reserve bases or stations and Air National Guard bases. The mission of the program is to reduce the use of illegal drugs through a comprehensive program of education, prevention, and awareness. One of the highlights of the DDR program is the Middle School Initiative, which allows CAP participation either during or after school. In 2001, there were 26 schools through the US sponsoring the program with participation of more than 1,000 students.

Cadet Programs

CAP cadet program is open to young men and women who are 12 years old or in the sixth grade and are no older than 21. CAP cadets are involved in a leadership training program based on activity and achievement. The cadet program includes 16 achievements in four phases. Accomplishments in each phase and achievement lead to progression in rank from cadet basic to cadet colonel. Cadets also compete for other activities such as the International Air Cadet Exchange program. They may also earn scholarships, additional activities, scholarships, and the international air cadet exchange. CAP offers the cadets opportunities to receive training in gliders and powered aircraft, radio communications, and various emergency service specialties. The cadet program also provides study and involvement in five program elements—aerospace education, leadership laboratory, moral leadership, physical fitness, and aerospace related activities.

Aerospace Education. This portion of the cadet curriculum orients the cadets to the diversity of the aerospace community. It develops an understanding of flight; aircraft and space vehicle power plants; navigation; weather; air traffic control; and the social, political, and economic impact of aerospace endeavors. Career exploration is inherent in all aspects of the aerospace education element of the cadet program.

Leadership Laboratory. This area exposes the cadet to opportunities to learn and practice basic leadership, administration, and management techniques. Cadets are trained in leadership theories and concepts as well as practical hands-on applications.

Moral Leadership. This portion of the cadet curriculum furnishes cadets with a forum to discuss contemporary issues under the leadership of specially trained adult leaders and ordained clerics. The purpose is not to espouse any religious doctrine or teachings but to allow cadets to draw their own moral conclusions based on these discussions.

Physical Fitness. Scaled to the cadet's age group, the USAF aerobics program provides an early exposure to physical fitness as a lifetime requirement.

Activities. Cadets may complete aerospace related activities at all levels of CAP: local, wing, regional, and national. These activities are grouped into three categories: flying related, career exploratory, and professional development. Samples of these activities include Cadet Officer School, National Cadet Competition, Engineering and Technology Academies, glider and powered flight training, and eight USAF career-field familiarization courses.

International Programs. In addition to these five program elements, the cadet program includes international opportunities. Each summer since 1948, CAP cadets and senior-member escorts, with AF assistance, participate overseas as US representatives in the International Air Cadet Exchange—a program that promotes international understanding, goodwill, and friendship among young people who have a common interest in aviation. The Civil Air Patrol cadets go through a structured curriculum in Washington, D.C., before departing for their host country.

Likewise, a 16-day exchange to the United States provides international cadets with sight-seeing trips, tours of aerospace industries and museums, visits to airports and AF installations, orientation and training flights in gliders and powered aircraft, and visits in the homes of host CAP families. The program exchanges approximately 100 people with 17 other nations.

Aerospace Education

CAP's aerospace education effort works, both internally (with its membership) and externally (with the general public), toward developing an understanding and appreciation of the importance of aerospace power for our country. Cadets and senior members take part in a structured aerospace education program and have access to current aerospace events.

The program's purpose is to develop a membership that can provide grassroots understanding and leadership in aerospace education in local communities. Through its outreach programs, CAP provides aerospace education to the American citizenry through professional educators. These outreach efforts include teacher workshops, curricular materials, educational liaison, and cooperative programs.

Teacher Workshops. Each year over 100 colleges, universities, and school systems offer CAP-sponsored aerospace education workshops for approximately 3,000 teachers. These projects provide teachers and school administrators with a basic understanding of aerospace activities and prepare them to include aerospace education in their curricula at all levels.

Curricular Materials. CAP produces courses of study, textbooks, instructor guides, audiovisual materials, and other supplementary materials. Many schools (private, public, and parochial) use this material to present aerospace education to their students.

Educational Liaison. CAP maintains a close liaison with state school officials, college and university administrators, and private, public, and parochial school systems to promote aerospace education through out the country.

Cooperative Programs. CAP maintains close working a relationship with other aerospace education groups to develop cooperative aerospace education programs. These groups include the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), the National Air and Space Museum, state commissions. the General Aviation aeronautical Manufacturers Association, the Air Transport Association, the Aircraft Owners and Pilots Association, the Young Astronaut Council, and the Air Force Association. An example of this cooperation is the annual NCASE, the only nationallevel convention for aerospace education held in our nation.

This annual event is sponsored by CAP and plays a significant role in fulfilling its congressional charter to educate the American public about aerospace topics. About 1,000 educators attend the national congress for the three-day symposium. They return to their classrooms to teach students and parents using educational materials and techniques learned during their NCASE experience.

SECTION III ACADEMIC SUPPORT AND TENANT UNITS

ACADEMIC SUPPORT

The Air University resident and distance education programs are supported by several supporting organizations that provide essential research facilities—some not equaled at any other academic institution. Air University has top-notch broadcasting and multimedia capabilities that allow its schools and organizations to provide worldwide educational opportunities to Air Force and Department of Defense personnel. These agencies enable the Air University to furnish essential mission support to a wide range of Air Force units and commands, including Headquarters Air Force.

AIR UNIVERSITY REGISTRAR

Dr. Irene Pearson-Morrow

Internet Address
http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/oas/rrwebpg.htm

The Air University Registrar oversees three branches: Services and Officer PME. Student Records. and Central Scheduling Requirements Analysis. Through its Services and Student Records Branch, the registrar provides a 30-year archival data trail for AU schools, produces transcripts for graduates of those schools, and serves as admissions officer for AWC and ACSC master's degree programs. The registrar enrolls distance education students, monitors their progress, and produces their completion certificates and diplomas. The Officer PME Branch functions as the single input source for updating USAF records with PME course completions and supports promotion boards by screening graduate records to provide PME graduate data. The Central Scheduling and Requirements Analysis Branch manages course requirements, allocations, schedules, and program changes.

Transcript Requests

Individuals must request transcripts in writing from the Services and Records Branch, Air University Registrar (AU/CFRR), 60 W. Shumacher Ave., Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6337. All requests must include the student's name, any previous names used, social security number, dates of attendance, school or course completed, complete address where the transcript is to be mailed, the student's signature, current address, and phone number. The above information may also be faxed to (334) 953-8127. For additional information call DSN 493-8128/1240 or (334) 953-8128/1240.

Notice to Students: Family Education Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-380)

The following notice is published as a public service to the student body. Federal regulations require annual notice to students on this subject.

Federal regulations are designed to protect the privacy of student records. The statute and regulations govern access to records, their release, and the rights of students to review and, if necessary, challenge information they believe to be inaccurate.

This notice is a digest of these regulations. The full text is available for student examination in AU/JA, building 800, room 22. Under the act, "education records" (with certain exceptions as listed below) include those records, files, documents, or other materials related directly to a student and maintained by AU in an official records system. Records made by AU personnel that are in the sole possession of the maker and are not revealed to any other person are exempt and not part of an individual's education records.

During the academic year, students may review their official education records by contacting appropriate personnel responsible for records within each applicable AU school at Maxwell AFB, Alabama. After attendance, former students may review their official education records by contacting the AU Registrar's Office. AU students have the right to challenge any material contained therein on the basis of its being inaccurate, misleading, or inappropriate. The right to challenge grades does not apply under the act unless the grade was inaccurately recorded.

Exceptions to the right to review records by students are confidential letters and statements of recommendation made prior to 1 January 1975 and any other recommendations for which the student has voluntarily waived the right to access. Under no circumstances will waiver of right to access be made a condition for admission to any academic program or school within AU.

With specified exceptions, AU may release information in a student's records to others if:

- (a) signed and dated written consent from the student specifying the records to be released and the reasons for such release and to whom is on file with the registrar, and the consent is within governing directives.
- (b) such information is furnished to comply with judicial orders, upon condition that AU will make a reasonable attempt to notify the student in advance of compliance with the subpoena or judicial order.

Education records or personally identifiable information, other than public information, may be released without the written consent of the student to the following:

- (a) other AU officials who have a legitimate need to know,
- (b) officials of other DOD schools in which the student intends to enroll, and

(c) authorized representatives of certain federal agencies and education agencies or state educational authorities under certain conditions.

AIR UNIVERSITY LIBRARY

Dr. Shirley B. Laseter, Director

Internet Address
http://aulibrary.maxwell.af.mil

The Air University Library (AUL), founded in 1946, is the premier library in the DOD. It houses well-balanced collections especially strong in the fields of war fighting, aeronautics, AF and DOD operations, military sciences, international relations, education, leadership, and management. AUL improves AF education by providing access to the world of information through quality library services.

The library holds more than 2.6 million items, including 500,000 military documents; 450,000 monographs and bound periodical volumes; 622,000 maps and charts; 150,000 current regulations and manuals; and 900,000 microforms.

AUL sits at the center of Chennault Circle. The library building, Fairchild Library, is named after the founder and first commander of AU, Gen Muir Stephen "Santy" Fairchild. Air University Library also operates a branch library at the AFSNCOA located at Maxwell AFB–Gunter Annex. This branch provides tailored information collections and services for senior NCO PME and Commissioned Officers' Training.

An active program of bibliographic publications and indexes facilitates access to the library's holdings and information. Special subject bibliographies are published throughout the year and posted contemporaneously on the library's Web page. AUL publishes the quarterly *Air University Library Index to Military Periodicals* (now in publication for more than 50 years). The index is in CD-ROM format and is accessible from the AUL Web page.

Electronic information technologies are critical to the delivery of library resources and services. A third-generation integrated library system automates identifying, locating, and circulating library-owned materials. A robust home page provides Internet access to the Special Bibliography Series, other PME curriculum support materials, map and image sites, full-text journals, newspapers, on-line databases, and links to key Web sites.

AIR UNIVERSITY PRESS

Dr. Shirley B. Laseter, Director Ms. Bessie E. Varner, Deputy Director

Internet Address
http://aupress.maxwell.af.mil

The Air University Press, a division of AUL, is the professional publishing arm of AU. Its products help promote creative thought on and appreciation of the value of air and space power. The Air University Publication Review Board, composed of senior officials from AU's officer PME schools, helps set direction for the press and advises and assists the press in procuring and evaluating manuscripts.

The press seeks to establish itself as a leading not-for-profit publisher on air and space power and national security. To achieve this goal, the press engages in an active acquisitions program to attract manuscripts on relevant topics from a wide range of authors, including active duty military, civilian scholars, and independent researchers.

Through its unique artistic and in-house editorial capabilities, the press staff provides a complete range of publication services. It offers creative assistance in prepress production functions (design, layout, typesetting, and creation and use of illustrations and photographs) for all AU Press publications, including the *Air and Space Power Journal*, which is published in three languages—English, Spanish, and Portuguese.

Information on press publications is available through the *Air University Press Publications* catalog—in hard copy and on the Internet (http://aupress.maxwell.af.mil). To inquire further about obtaining publications or submitting manuscripts, contact the Air University Press, 131 W. Shumacher Ave., Maxwell AFB, AL 36112-6615.

AIR UNIVERSITY TELEVISION

Maj Craig L. Hendrix, Director

Air University Television (AUTV) is AU's dedicated television facility, the AF's southeastern regional television production center, and one of five Air Force distance learning uplink (broadcast) sites. From a full-service, \$5 million physical plant, AUTV provides video production and editing, cable distribution, satellite uplink and downlink (receive)

services, and television engineering consultation to support AU's professional military and continuing education courses locally and Air Force-wide.

As a part of the ATN, AUTV provides satellite uplink and downlink services. Courses are transmitted from the broadcast studio to downlink sites throughout DOD and the federal government. Downlink signals are distributed through Air University Cable Network (AUCN). AUTV also provides digitized video clips for inclusion in interactive courseware.

Production personnel produce broadcast quality videotape programs for a wide range of applications, from short video supplements to faculty lesson plans to full-length programs for widespread distribution. Video programming to support daily classroom needs is aired over the AUCN. The AUCN signal is received in all AU classrooms on Maxwell AFB and Gunter Annex. Presentations in each school's main auditorium are distributed live or recorded for delayed playback and entry into the video archive.

Engineering personnel provide the technical services required to install, maintain, and repair the more than 1,400 pieces of video equipment in the AUTV facility and its subsystems throughout the Maxwell–Gunter community. AUTV engineers also provide consultations to customers planning new requirements or modifications of existing multimedia presentation systems. They provide comprehensive product research, procurement planning, system description, schematic preparation, custom installation, acceptance testing, and emergency repairs.

AIR FORCE ENLISTED HERITAGE RESEARCH INSTITUTE

William Chivalette, Curator

Internet Address

http://www.maxwell.af.mil/au/cepme/heritage/homepage.htm

The Air Force Enlisted Heritage Research Institute (AFEHRI) was established on 23 May 1997. Until that time, research functions and enlisted heritage data gathering activities supporting curriculum development to the College for Enlisted Professional Military Education, Educational Programs Cadre (EPC), were under the auspices of the Air Force Enlisted Heritage Hall. The Heritage Hall function had served at various points of time under the directions of the AFSNCOA commandant. CEPME commander. EPC dean. and CEPME vice commandant. Research functions and support to curriculum

development and responsibility for enlisted heritage and history materials used in the development of the Air Force Promotion Fitness Examination and study materials were transferred to the AFEHRI from the Enlisted Heritage Hall in 1997.

The Enlisted Heritage Research Institute preserves the rich and dramatic heritage and tradition of the enlisted corps of the USAF and its antecedents: Aeronautical Division, Army Air Service; Army Air Corps; and Army Air Forces in the development of airpower to defend the United States. AFEHRI achieves its mission by featuring artifacts, art collections, pictorial exhibits, written and oral documentation, audiovisuals, equipment, and selected aircraft parts. Additionally, students use the in-house and on-line research capabilities to enhance learning and complete enlisted heritage research projects. A significant archival holding is also available, and efforts are systematically made to ensure its growth and availability to researchers and the public.

The institute has two major subdivisions: the Research Institute, which provides research and curriculum support, and the AF Enlisted Heritage Hall, which serves the museum/display function. The AFEHRI is comprised of a director, director of operations, and the Air National Guard Liaison. The AF Enlisted Heritage Hall is operated and directed by a civilian curator.

AIR UNIVERSITY BOOKSTORE

The AU Bookstore, operated by the Army and Air Force Exchange Service, is collocated with the AUL. The bookstore stocks a large inventory of books to support educational curricula of the schools located on Maxwell AFB and Gunter Annex, as well as other exchange customers. The bookstore handles special orders for numerous books. Its hours of operation are Monday–Friday, 0830–1630. Personnel eligible to use the AU Bookstore include military personnel and their dependents, military retirees and their dependents, Guard and Reserve members, and DOD civilians.

TENANT UNITS

Maxwell AFB is host to two tenant units: the Air Force Doctrine Center is a direct reporting unit (DRU) and the USAF Historical Research Agency is a field operating agency (FOA). These organizations pursue joint ventures with AU faculty, staff, and students to research and develop solutions to and understanding of vexing problems relating to future doctrine and war fighting.

HEADQUARTERS AIR FORCE DOCTRINE CENTER

Maj Gen David F. MacGhee Jr., Commander Col Charles R. Rogers III, Vice Commander

Internet Address
http://www.doctrine.af.mil

In August 1996, Gen Ronald R. Fogleman, Air Force chief of staff (CSAF), decided to reorganize Air Force doctrine institutions. He based this decision on the growing importance of joint war fighting and the perceived need to increase the Air Force's understanding of air and space power doctrine. He realized that the other service's had well-staffed organizations dedicated to writing doctrine, and that their members were better educated in their services' doctrine practices.

Established in February 1997, Headquarters Air Force Doctrine Center (AFDC), a DRU to the Air Force Chief of Staff, became the US Air Force's main doctrine service center. The unit's location at Maxwell AFB, Alabama, gives its members immediate access to the resources of AU, including AU Library, Air War College, Air Command and Staff College, Squadron Officer College, and College of Aerospace Doctrine Research and Education.

Headquarters AFDC serves as the "single voice" for all doctrinal matters within the Air Force and to the joint community. The center researches, develops, and produces Air Force basic and operational doctrine, as well as joint and multinational doctrine. In addition, the center coordinates with the major commands on their development of tactical doctrine and assists other services' with their doctrinal development efforts.

Approximately 100 individuals, military and civilian, are assigned to Headquarters AFDC. The commander's office, Doctrine Development, Doctrine Applications, and Doctrine Deployment Directorates are located within the headquarters building at Maxwell. The Joint Integration Directorate is located at Langley AFB, Virginia. In addition to these locations, Headquarters AFDC also maintains a liaison office within the Pentagon, and six operating locations, five of which are located at major Army training centers and one located at Nellis AFB, Nevada.

The Doctrine Development Directorate researches, develops, and produces Air Force basic and operational doctrine, as well as joint and multinational doctrine, spanning the full range of military operations. The Doctrine Applications Directorate is responsible for affecting the accurate representation of air and space power in service, joint and multinational events of doctrinal significance. In addition, the Applications Directorate participates in Air Force and other services' joint

wargames and key exercises to ensure scenarios provide a realistic depiction of the uses and impacts of air and space power. Since autumn 1997, Doctrine Applications staff members have participated in numerous exercises, experiments, and war-games events. They have also briefed and advised MAJCOM and numbered Air Force (NAF) commanders, their staff, and planners on air and space doctrine applications, current issues, and initiatives. The Doctrine Deployment Directorate advocates and deploys timely and focused air and space doctrine, and provides support to the CSAF Mentor Program. directorate also develops and implements doctrine specific instruction for Air Force senior officers and senior mentors, and prepares selected war fighters in preparation for participation in wargames and exercises. This support is provided through the Aerospace Doctrine Applications Exercise (ADAX), a CSAF-directed requirement for all new NAF commanders; and the Air and Space Doctrine Outreach (ASDO) program, which provides tailored doctrinal briefings to war-fighting staff and other AF organizations upon request. The Joint Integration Directorate at Langley (Detachment 1) represents the AFDC in the joint arena, providing Air Force doctrinal advocacy in the Tidewater area and the National Capital Region.

The six operating locations maintained by Headquarters AFDC, are military sites where air and space power is an integral part of Army training. These locations are: National Training Center, Nellis AFB, Nevada; air defense training, Fort Bliss, Texas; armor training, Fort Knox, Kentucky; combined arms training, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas; aviation training, Fort Rucker, Alabama; and artillery training, Fort Sill, Oklahoma. At each site, Headquarters AFDC personnel serve as AF representatives to the Army. The operating locations provide USAF representation to the activity assigned or attached to, on air and space power doctrine, organization, mission, equipment and capabilities, tactics, techniques and procedures, as well as providing advice to the installation commander on all doctrinal issues pertaining to the Air Force.

AFDC staff has worked diligently to refine the AF doctrine development process. Today, AF doctrine is codified in a series of 34 AF doctrine documents (AFDD), most of which are entirely new publications. A few of the publications are revisions of previously existing doctrinal publications, notably, AFDD 1, *Air Force Basic Doctrine*. As part of a two-year review process, several AFDDs can be found in various stages of revision at any given time. Changes to an existing AFDD, or a proposal for a new AFDD, can be proposed through the Air Force Doctrine Working Group (AFDWG). The typical AFDD takes about one year for writing, staffing, coordinating, and publishing. Each AFDD is assigned to an action officer within Headquarters AFDC, who shepherds the document through the development process. Headquarters AFDC has taken advantage of available technology to publicize and disseminate

doctrinal issues. All AFDDs, including those published and those under development, are available for review and comment through the Headquarters AFDC Web page. This comprehensive Web site also includes lessons learned and doctrinal initiatives for review and comment.

Headquarters AFDC hosts an AFDWG semiannually to provide Air Force-wide involvement in doctrine development. The major commands and Air Staff agencies send senior officers to this conference to provide recommendations on doctrine to the Headquarters AFDC commander. Any Air Force organization may introduce issues before the AFDWG. Official recommendations require majority approval by senior officer representatives. Air Force Doctrine Working Committees (AFDWC) were established to supplement the AFDWG process, and to ensure that doctrine is written by the Air Force. AFDWC's include subject matter experts from all Air Force agencies with an interest or link to the proposed doctrine document, to participate in the formulation or revision process of doctrine documents. After a series of checks and balances, and approval by the commander, the final products are released to the military public. However, the doctrine development/revision process will not stop here. As new experiences and advances in technology pave the way for creating the force of the future, doctrine development will continue to evolve and provide Air Force leaders the tools needed to effectively win wars.

AIR FORCE HISTORICAL RESEARCH AGENCY

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The Air Force Historical Research Agency (AFHRA), collocated with AUL, is the repository for AF historical documents. The agency's collection, begun in Washington, D.C., during World War II, moved to Maxwell in 1949 to support AU. The AFHRA is a field operating agency under the policy guidance of the Air Force Historian at Headquarters USAF.

AFHRA's current holdings exceed 100 million pages and represent the world's largest and most valuable organized collection of historical documents on US military aviation. Materials cover subjects ranging from the use of balloons in the Civil War through AF activities in World War II, Korea, Vietnam, Operation Desert Storm, air war over Serbia, and

Operations Noble Eagle and Enduring Freedom. About three-fourths of the documents are USAF unit histories. The entire collection is open to the public except for classified or otherwise restricted documents (approximately 25 percent of the holdings). The agency's finding aids include a computerized database and bibliographies for identifying and locating individual documents on specific topics of interest to the researcher.

Special collections, some dating back to the early 1900s, complement the unit histories. Among the collections are historical monographs and studies; more than 2,000 oral history interviews; endof-tour reports of major overseas commanders; course materials of the Air Corps Tactical School from the 1930s; and working papers of key Army Air Forces staff offices, the British Air Ministry, and the Luftwaffe during World War II. Extensive Gulf War documentation (approximately 2,000,000 pages) and an electronic database (nearly 85 gigabytes) on the air war over Serbia have been added to the agency's holdings. The Gulf War holdings include chronologies, working papers, message traffic, and oral history transcripts, as well as unit histories and contingency historical reports. Collections of the personal papers of more than 500 key AF civilian and military officials including Secretaries of the Air Force John L. McLucas, Robert C. Seamans Jr., and Eugene M. Zuckert, as well as Generals George S. Brown, George C. Kenney, Curtis E. LeMay, John D. Ryan, and Thomas D. White are available to researchers. Currently, the agency is receiving historical reports from Operations Noble Eagle and Enduring Freedom.

In addition to being the Air Force's primary archive for historical documents, the Historical Research Agency performs research and other historical services. The agency's historical collection is readily available to AU students, faculty, and staff. Agency staff members provide research and advisory services to AU students to assist them in preparing papers and theses. Beyond its support to AU, the agency's staff answers requests for historical information from Congress, the DOD, the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Air Staff, MAJCOM, and the general public. Other key functions include publishing historical reference works, conducting the AF's oral history program, and maintaining records showing the status of AF organizations and aircraft. As the AF authority on unit lineage and honors, the agency provides research assistance on heraldic emblems, prepares lineage and honors histories for AF units, and verifies the lineage and honors of AF units.

The agency conducts annual oral history and archival training courses for professional staff members of the Air Force History and Museums program. The agency deploys contingency historical information preservation (CHIP) teams during war and other contingencies to capture and archive documentation of AF activities.

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ACE American Council on Education
ACES Air Force Command Exercise System

ACSC Air Command and Staff College

ACTS Air Corps Tactical School ADL advanced distributed learning ADR alternate dispute resolution

AECP Airman Education and Commissioning Program

AEF Aerospace Expeditionary Forces

AETC Air Education and Training Command

AF Air Force

AFB Air Force Base
AFCAT Air Force Catalog

AFDC Air Force Doctrine Center
AFDD Air Force Doctrine Document
AFDLO Air Force Distance Learning Office
AFDWG Air Force Doctrine Working Group

AFEHRI Air Force Enlisted Heritage Research Institute

AFHRA Air Force Historical Research Agency

AFHRMS Air Force Human Resource Management School

AFI Air Force Instruction

AFIADL Air Force Institute for Advanced Distributed Learning

AFIT Air Force Institute of Technology AFJAG Air Force Judge Advocate General

AFJROTC Air Force Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps

AFM Air Force Manual

AFM&S Air Force Modeling & Simulation

AFOATS Air Force Officer Accession and Training Schools

AFPC Air Force Personnel Center AFPD Air Force Policy Directive AFRC Air Force Reserve Command

AFRes Air Force Reserves

AFRL Air Force Research Laboratory

AFROTC Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps

AFSC Air Force specialty code

AFSNCOA Air Force Senior Noncommissioned Officer Academy

AFWI Air Force Wargaming Institute
AIS Academic Instructor School
ALS Airman Leadership School

ANG Air National Guard AOC air operations center

ARI Airpower Research Institute
ASBC Air and Space Basic Course

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ATN PMO Air Technology Network Program Management Office

ATN Air Technology Network
AU/CC Air University Commander
AU/CF Air University Academic Office

AU/CFR Air University Registrar

AU/FM Air University Financial Management and Personnel

AU/SC Air University Information Technology

AUI Air University Instruction AUL Air University Library AUTV Air University Television

AWC Air War College
BDU battle-dress uniform
BOT Basic Officer Training
BOV Board of Visitors

CADRE College of Aerospace Doctrine, Research and Education

CAO Chief Academic Officer

CAP Civil Air Patrol

CAPS counterproliferation and planning system

CBI computer based instruction CBW chemical biological warfare

CCAF Community College of the Air Force

CCM Office of the Command Chief Master Sergeant

CDC career development courses CDX crises decision exercise CEP core electives program

CEPME College for Enlisted Professional Military Education

CESS Civil Engineer and Services School

CFACC combined forces air component commander

CFC Canadian Forces College

CFETP career field education and training plan CHIP contingency historical information program

CINC commander in chief

CLE continuing legal education

COA courses of action COMPUSEC computer security

CONUS continental United States
COT Commissioned Officer Training

CP counterproliferation

CPC Counterproliferation Center

CPD [Ira C. Eaker] College for Professional Development

CPSP commandant's professional studies paper CS&P competitive sourcing and privatization

CSAF Chief of Staff of the Air Force

CSAT Center for Strategy and Technology

CSI Chaplain Service Institute

CV vice commandant

Acronyms and Abbreviations

CWPC Contingency Wartime Planning Course
DEA Drug Enforcement Administration

DL distance learning

DOD Department of Defense

DODD Department of Defense Directive

DODIP Department of Defense Informational Program

DR disaster relief

DSN Defense Switching Network
ECI Extension Course Institute
ECL English comprehension-level
EEW experiments, wargames
EPC Educational Programs Cadre

EPME enlisted professional military education

EPMEI Enlisted Professional Military Education Instructor ETCA Education and Training Course Announcements

EWI education with industry
EWI education and industry

FLEP Funded Legal Education Program GRE graduate record examination

HPSP/FAP Health Professions Scholarship and Financial

HQ AFDC Headquarters Air Force Doctrine Center

HQ/AETC Headquarters Air Education and Training Command

HQ/AU Headquarters Air University

HQ USAF/CVA Headquarters US Air Force/Assistant Vice Chief of

Staff

IA International Affairs

IFB Integrated Forecasting Board

IO international officer

IOS International Officer School ISD instructional systems design

ISR intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance

ITV interactive television IW information warfare

IWAC Information Warfare Applications Course

JAOC Joint Air Operations Center

JDACC Joint Doctrine Air Campaign Course JEMM Joint Educational Mobility Model JFACC joint force air component commander

JFC joint force commander

JFOWC Joint Flag Officer Warfighting Course JLASS joint land aerospace and sea simulation JPME joint professional military education

JTF joint task force LAN local area network

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LLAB leadership laboratories M&S modeling and simulation

MAJCOM major command

MEDOD management education Department of Defense

NACES National Association of Credential Evaluation Services

NAVWARCOL Naval War College

NCA National Command Authorities

NCASE National Congress of Aviation and Space Education

NCOA Noncommissioned Officer Academy NCOIC noncommissioned officer in charge

NCOPC Noncommissioned Officer Preparatory Course

NGO nongovernmental agencies
NMD National Missile Defense
NSF National Security Forum
OI operating instruction
OMS officer military schools
OTS Officer Training School

PACE Public Affairs Center of Excellence PCE Professional Continuing Education

PMCC Professional Military Comptroller Course PMCS Professional Military Comptroller School

PME Professional Military Education

RCOT Reserve Commissioned Officer Training

ROTC Reserve Officer Training Corps

SAAS School of Advanced Airpower Studies

SAO security assistance officer

SAR search and rescue

SCI Sensitive Compartmented Information SCI sensitive compartmented information

SES senior executive service SIO senior intelligence officer

SIWAC Senior Information Warfare Applications Course

SNCOA Senior Noncommissioned Officer Academy

SOC Squadron Officer College SOF Special Operations Forces SOS Squadron Officer School SSS Senior Services School TCW theater campaign warfare

TDY temporary duty

TOEFL test of English as a foreign language

USAFA US Air Force Academy
USG United States government

USSOCOM United States Special Operations Command

WMD weapons of mass destruction WSI Warfare Studies Institute