Fire-resistant Landscape Plants for the Willamette Valley

Brooke Edmunds ■ Barb Fick ■ Paula Rogers Lupcho



Oregon State Extension UNIVERSITY Extension

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Introduction (cont'd)

About this guide

This pocket guide highlights fire-resistant plants that thrive in Willamette Valley growing conditions. It recommends groundcovers, perennials, shrubs, woody vines, and trees. There are too many annual plants available to list them all. In general, annuals are considered fire-resistant if they are kept well irrigated.

The description of each plant listed in this guide includes:

- Common and scientific names
- Some of the plant's important features
- Description of the plant's growth (its height and spread at maturity, time of bloom, and flower color)
- The plant's USDA Hardiness Zone rating. Hardiness refers to the ability of a plant to withstand an average minimum temperature. There are 13 designated zones, with zone 1 being the coldest and zone 13 being the

Introduction

The Willamette Valley is known for mild, wet winters, but summer droughts leave the valley as vulnerable to wildfires as drier areas of the state. You can decrease the potential for loss from a wildfire by creating defensible space around your home. To do this:

Reduce the level of wildfire fuels around your house

Keep brush areas thinned and clear of excessive dead wood, and use fire-resistant mulches in areas immediately adjacent to your home. Choose decorative rocks and gravel instead of wood-based mulches.

Use fire-resistant plant materials in your home landscaping No plant is fire-proof. However, some plants are considered to be fire-resistant if they:

- Are high in moisture with supple leaves
- Don't accumulate deadwood within the plant
- Have water-like sap
- Have low resin levels

Introduction (cont'd)

warmest. The Willamette Valley is rated as zone 8. To view the USDA hardiness zone map, visit http://www.usna.usda.gov/Hardzone/ushzmap. html or check with your local Extension office or garden center. Microclimates (pockets of cooler or warmer areas) will exist depending on landscape characteristics. Take into account your individual growing location when making plant selection decisions.

• Description of the plant's other key characteristics (light requirements, water use, and whether it attracts pollinators, resists deer, or performs well in rock gardens). These items are indicated with icons (see the key below).



Prefers full sun (6 or more hours)



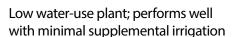
Prefers partial or part shade

Prefers full shade (6 or more hours); avoid afternoon sun

3

Introduction (cont'd)





Moderate water-use plant; performs well with supplemental irrigation

High water-use plant; requires supplemental irrigation



Deer-resistant



Attracts butterflies



Attracts birds



Performs well in rock gardens

Attracts bees

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Introduction (cont'd)

Links to photos

To view the source photograph for any of the plants, click on the word "Photo" in the attribution on the right side of the image.

For more information

If you would like to learn more about creating a fire-resistant home landscape, see *Fire-Resistant Plants for Oregon Home Landscapes* (PNW 590) (in the OSU Extension Service Catalog at https:// catalog.extension.oregonstate.edu/). For more information on creating defensible space around your home, see the "Home and Landscape" category of www.firewise.org. For more detailed plant information, contact your local Extension office.

The availability of the plants described in this guide may vary in your area, so check with your favorite local nursery for the specific plants that interest you.

> End of section. This panel left intentionally blank.

Bearberry Cotoneaster GROUNDCOVERS | 6 Cotoneaster dammeri

 Dense, evergreen mat - Drought tolerant, once established - Red berries in late summer and fall - Full sun and some water for best berry production



Height: 1' or lessUSDA Hardiness Zone: 5-7Spread: 3-6'Bloom: March-MayFlowers: White



GROUNDCOVERS | 8

Dead Nettle Lamium spp.

Needs moist, well-drained soil



Height: 6"USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–12Spread: 18"Bloom: June–JulyFlowers: Pink, lavender, purple



Carpet Bugleweed

- Best as edging or groundcover
- Will grow under walnut trees
- Evergreen



Height: 4-10"USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-10Spread: 12-18"Bloom: May-JulyFlowers: Purple, white, blue



Evergreen Candytuft *Iberis sempervirens*

 Needs well-drained soil = Excellent edging plants = Cut back ¼ of the plants after bloom to keep plants compact.



Height: 6–12" Spread: 6–18" Flowers: White

USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-8 Bloom: May-August



GROUNDCOVERS | 7

GROUNDCOVERS | 9

Fleabane Erigeron hybrids

- Prefers well-drained, moderately fertile soil
- Do not overfertilize.



Height: 18–24" USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–8
Spread: 24" Bloom: June–August
Flowers: White, pink, blue, violet, lavender, rose, purple



Garden Carnation *Dianthus* spp.

GROUNDCOVERS | 12

GROUNDCOVERS | 10

- Mostly evergreen
- Most are low-growing perennials



Height: 6-9"USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-9Spread: 15"Bloom: June–JulyFlowers: Pink



Four O'clock Mirabilis spp.

Mounding growth form - Showy flowersTuberous roots - Tolerates drought and

- rocky soil = Long-lived, undemanding plant
- Self-sows *M. jalapa* tolerates wet soils.



Height: 1-4' Spread: 3-5' USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Bloom: June-August Flowers: White, pink, red, magenta, yellow



Geranium Geranium spp.

 Long flowering - Drought tolerant - Needs good drainage - Can have a spreading growth form - Water thoroughly and let soil go dry between watering.



Photo: Kevin Hays/CC BY-NC-SA 2.0

GROUNDCOVERS | 13

Height: 4"-4' USDA Hardiness Zone: 4-9 Spread: Varies by species Bloom: May-August Flowers: White, pink, purple, blue



GROUNDCOVERS | 11

Hens and Chicks

GROUNDCOVERS | 14

Sempervivum spp.

- Does best in rocky, well-drained soil
- Will tolerate light shade
- Too much water causes rot



Height: 2–6" USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–24 Spread: 6–10" Bloom: June–November, varies by species



Mahala Mat Ceanothus prostratus

GROUNDCOVERS | 16

• Grows best at higher elevations for sunny rock gardens



Height: 1-3"USDA Hardiness Zone: 5-8Spread: 6-8'Bloom: June-AugustFlowers: Blue



Japanese Pachysandra GROUNDCOVERS | 15 Pachysandra terminalis

Low maintenance - Forms dense mat that controls weeds and erosion - Tolerates clay soil and dry soil - Tolerates heavy shade
Good under trees - Spreading growth form



Height: 6–12"USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–9Spread: IndefiniteBloom: AprilFlowers: White



Mock Strawberry Duchesnea indica

GROUNDCOVERS | 17

Evergreen - Drought tolerant - Suitable for low-water landscaping - Can be invasive
Do not overwater.



Photo: Jason Sturner/CC BY 2.0

Height: 6" or less USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–9 Spread: 18–24" Bloom: March–September Flowers: Yellow



Purple Iceplant

GROUNDCOVERS | 18

Delosperma cooperi

- Creeping, mat-forming succulent
- Does not do well with foot traffic



Height: 1–4" USDA Hardiness Zone: 6–10 Spread: 2' to indefinite Bloom: June–September Flowers: Magenta



GROUNDCOVERS | 20

Rosy Pussytoes Antennaria rosea

- . . .
- Ideal for low-water landscaping
- Self-seeds
- Cold hardy



Height: 4–16"USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–8Spread: 8–12"Bloom: May–JulyFlowers: Pink, white



Rock Cress Aubrieta deltoidea

 Mat-forming perennial - Works well in rock gardens and woodland areas - Cut back to contain it. - Do not overwater.



Height: 3-8"USDA Hardiness Zone: 4-9Spread: 10-24"Bloom: May–JuneFlowers: Pink, purple, blue



Sedum or Stonecrops GROUNDCOVERS | 21 Sedum spp.

- Drought-tolerant succulent Easy to grow
- Good cut flowers
 Spreading growth form
- Does best with good drainage



Height: 2–12" USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–9 Spread: Indefinite Bloom: September–October Flowers: Depends on variety



Snow in Summer Cerastium tomentosum

- Fast growing Good to cover large areas
- Mat forming Drought tolerant



Height: 3–12" USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–7 Spread: 2' to indefinite Bloom: June–July Flowers: White



Wild Ginger Asarum caudatum

GROUNDCOVERS | 24

GROUNDCOVERS | 22

- Good groundcover for wooded areas
- Prefers partial to full shade
- Prefers moist, well-drained, acidic soil



Height: 6-12"USDA Hardiness Zone: 4-6Spread: 6-15"Bloom: April-MayFlowers: Purplish brown



Speedwell Veronica spp.

- Needs fertile, well-drained soil
- Different species have different water needs
- Remove dead flowers to extend bloom time.



Height: 10–18"USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–8Spread: 18"Bloom: May–JuneFlowers: Purple



Yellow Iceplant Delosperma nubigenum

Evergreen - Drought and heat tolerant

 Excellent low-water landscape plant, once established = Needs protection from prolonged snow cover



Height: 1-3"USDA Hardiness Zone: 4-7Spread: 3'Bloom: June-SeptemberFlowers: Orange, yellow



GROUNDCOVERS | 25

Aspen Sunflower Helianthella guinguenervis

Showy flower, good for cutting - Good for borders - Prefers average, well-drained soils
May self-seed



Height: 3-4'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-8Spread: 24-30''Bloom: June-AugustFlowers: Yellow rays with darker yellow center



Barren Strawberry Waldsteinia spp.

PERENNIALS | 28

PERENNIALS | 26

- Evergreen used as groundcover
- Strawberry-like plant Fruit is not edible
- Tolerates some foot traffic



Height: 3–6" Spread: 6–12" Flowers: Yellow USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–8 Bloom: April–June



Aster Aster spp.

- Aster spp.
- Showy fall display
- Needs good drainage with fertile soil
- Spreading growth form



Height: 12–48" USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–8 Spread: 1–5', varies by species Bloom: May–June Flowers: White, pink, rose, lavender, purple, blue, violet



Basket of Gold Aurinia spp.

PERENNIALS | 29

 Mat-forming perennial
 Can be used as groundcover
 Thrives in light, well-drained soil between paver stones or in rock walls in a dry, sunny location
 Needs hard pruning



Height: 6–15" USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–7 Spread: 12–18" Bloom: April–May Flowers: Yellow



Bellflower

PERENNIALS | 30

Campanula spp.

Erect, trailing, spreading, or clumping growth form • Best in well-drained soil
Good for small rock gardens



Height: 9–60" USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–8 Spread: 18" to indefinite, varies by species Bloom: March–November, varies by species Flowers: Blue, white, lavender, purple, red



Black-eyed Susan Rudbeckia hirta

PERENNIALS | 32

Tolerates drought - Tolerates a wide range of soils except poorly drained, wet soil
Self-sows



Height: 2-3'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-7Spread: 1-2'Bloom: June-SeptemberFlowers: Yellow, orange



Bergenia Bergenia spp.

• Evergreen, except in coldest areas • Best in shade but will tolerate sun in cool climates



Height: 12–18"USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–8Spread: 18"Bloom: March–MayFlowers: White, pink, red, peach



Blanket Flower Gaillardia spp.

- Bright, showy flowers
- Hardy, drought tolerant



Height: 1-4'USDA Hardiness Zone: 4-10Spread: 15-18''Bloom: May-AugustFlowers: Yellow to orange to red

PERENNIALS | 33

Blue Flax

PERENNIALS | 34

Linum perenne

- Showy, profuse flowers that open with sun
- Prefers light soils
 Tolerates drought
- Tolerates dry, rocky soil
 Self-seeds



Height: 1-2'**USDA Hardiness Zone:** 5–8 **Spread:** 9–18" Bloom: May-June Flowers: Sky blue



Britton's Skullcap Scutellaria brittonii

PERENNIALS | 36

 Small wildflower, native to plains, foothills, and mountainous regions



Height: 4-8" **Spread:** 4–8" Flowers: Blue **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 5–8 **Bloom:** May–July



Bluets or Quaker Ladies (PERENNIALS | 35 Houstonia caerulea

- Delicate wildflower
- Forms tufts with roots and slender rhizomes
- Prefers moist, acidic soil



Height: 4–16" **USDA Hardiness Zone:** Varies Flowers: Light blue Bloom: April–July **Spread:** Up to 1', usually in tufts of multiple plants



Broom Groundsel Senecio spartioides

PERENNIALS | 37

- Sunflower-like
- Tolerates drought
- Upright growth behavior



Height: 1–6" **Spread:** 2–12" Flowers: Yellow **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 5–9 **Bloom:** June–September



California Fuchsia or Hummingbird Flower

 Good groundcover for sunny slopes
 Bright flowers on gray-green foliage - Hardy plant

- Tolerates drought Spreading growth form
- Do not overfertilize.



Height: 1' **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 6–10 **Spread:** 12–20", varies by cultivar Bloom: June–August Flowers: Orange to red



Chives

PERENNIALS | 40

PERENNIALS | 38

Alllium schoenoprasum

- Edible herb Tubular, grass-like leaves
- Globular flowers
 Onion smell and taste
- Spreading growth form



Height: 10" **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 4–8 **Spread:** 12–16" **Bloom:** June **Flowers:** Mauve, pink



Canadian Violet Viola canadensis

- Clump growth form Mounding violet
- Dark green leaves Tolerates heavy shade
- Used as groundcover Self-seeds



Height: 12–18" **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 3–8 Spread: 12–18" **Bloom:** June–October **Flowers:** White, tinged purple



Christmas Fern Polystichum acrostichoides

PERENNIALS | 41

 Clumping growth form
 Will not naturalize Good winter interest

 Tolerates rabbits,

 drought, and heavy shade • Tolerates dry, rocky soil



Height: 1-2'**Spread:** 1–2' Flowers: None

USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–9 **Bloom:** None

Chrysanthemum Chrysanthemum spp.

PERENNIALS | 42

- Showy, fall flower
- Hardy varieties for outdoor gardens available
- Wide variety of forms and colors



Andy Mabbett/CC BY-SA 3. hoto:

Height: Varies by species **Spread:** Varies by species **USDA Hardiness Zone:** Varies by species **Bloom:** September–November, varies by species **Flowers:** Wide variety



Coneflower

PERENNIALS | 44

Echinacea purpurea

- Does not need staking
- Good as background in wide borders
- Tolerates dry, rocky soil and clay soil



Height: 2–5' **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 3–8 Spread: 2' **Bloom:** June–August Flowers: Rosy purple with orange cone



Columbine

Aquilegia spp.

- Varied colors according to cultivar
- Does well in moist, well-drained soil
- Tolerant of most soils
 Upright growth form



Height: 24" USDA Hardiness Zone: 4-11 Spread: 18–24", varies by species Bloom: May–June Flowers: Pink, white, lilac



Coralbells Heuchera sanguinea

 Compact, every every every with low leaves and long-stemmed flowers

Used as groundcover



Height: 12-18" Spread: 12-24" Flowers: Reds

USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–9 **Bloom:** March–August



PERENNIALS | 45

Daylily Hemerocallis spp.

).

PERENNIALS | 46

- Clumping growth form Many hybrids
- Deciduous, evergreen, and semi-evergreen
- May die back in heavy soils



Height: 24–48" USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–9 Spread: 12–18" Bloom: April–August Flowers: Wide variety of colors



Dotted Gayfeather Liatris punctata

PERENNIALS | 48

- Showy flower above foliage of grassy tuftsTolerates heat and cold Tolerates dry,
- poor soils Doesn't like soggy soil



Height: 2–4' Spread: 2' Bloom: June–August USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–12, others Flowers: Rosy-lilac, lavender

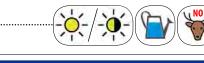


Delphinium Delphinium spp.

- Showy flower Prefers well-drained soil
- All parts of plant are highly toxic if eaten
- Upright growth form



Height: 1–2' USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–9 Spread: 18–36", varies by species Bloom: March–April Flowers: Blue, pink, purple, white



Evening Primrose Oenothera spp.

PERENNIALS | 49

- Prefers dry conditions
- Tolerates poor soil and clay soil
- Drought tolerant Can be aggressive



Height: 1–4' **USDA Hardiness Zone:** Varies by species **Spread:** 1–3' or more **Bloom:** May–August **Flowers:** White, pink, yellow, purple, red



Fire Pink Silene virginica

PERENNIALS | 50

- Clumping growth form
- Grows in sandy or clay soils
- Prefers part shade and excellent drainage



Height: 12-18" **Spread:** 9–18" Flowers: Red

USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–8 **Bloom:** April–June



Hosta Hosta spp.

PERENNIALS | 52

 Many new varieties
 Grown for dramatic, textural foliage • Generally shade lovers needing organically enriched soil



Height: 3–4" to 5' **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 3–9 Spread: Up to 3' **Bloom:** June–August **Flowers:** White-bluish



Fireweed Epilobium angustifolium

- Attractive but considered weedy
- Prefers full sun
- Self-seeds



Height: 4-6' **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 2–9 **Spread:** 18–24" **Bloom:** June–August Flowers: Pink, rosy-purple



Indian Pink Spigelia marilandica

well-drained soil

Tolerates drought and dry soil • Used as border in shade and woodland gardens



Photo: Tom Potterfield/CC BY-NC-SA 2.0

PERENNIALS | 53

Height: 1-2'**USDA Hardiness Zone:** 5–9 **Spread:** 6–18" **Bloom:** June Flowers: Red and yellow



lris Iris spp.

 200 to 300 species in three flower categories: bearded, beardless, and crested - Clumping growth form - Grows from rhizomes
 Prefers well-drained soil

PERENNIALS | 54

PERENNIALS | 56

Photo: Finn Frode/CC Bi-V/C-5A.2.0

Height: 2–4' USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–24 Bloom: March–June, varies by species Spread: Varies by species Flowers: Varies by species



Jacob's Ladder Polemonium spp.

- Prefers evenly moist soil and some shade to prevent leaf scorch
- Some species resist rabbits



Height: 12–30"Spread: 12–30"USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by speciesBloom: JuneFlowers: Blue



Jack in the Pulpit Arisaema triphyllum

Upright growth form - Red berries in fallTender tuber that likes a cool, woodland setting



Height: 1-3'USDA Hardiness Zone: 4-9Spread: 12-18"Bloom: June-JulyFlowers: Green, purple-lavender



Joe Pye Weed Eutrochium fistulosum

Upright growth form

- Best in rich soil with ample water
- Tolerant of clay soil and wet soil



Height: 3-9'USDA Hardiness Zone: 4-9Spread: 1-3'Bloom: August-NovemberFlowers: Pale purple, mauve pink



PERENNIALS | 55

PERENNIALS | 57

Lady's Mantle Alchemilla spp.

- Dense clumps of attractive foliage
- Stems hold flowers above foliage
- Good for clay soil
 Self-seeds



Height: 9–12" **Spread:** 12" **USDA Hardiness Zone:** Varies by species **Bloom:** June–August Flowers: Greenish-yellow



Lavender, many spp. Lavandula spp. (evergreen)

PERENNIALS | 60

PERENNIALS | 58

- Fragrant herb Striking in massed plantings
- Drought tolerant, once established
- Prune annually to maintain plant health and flowering



Height: 12''-4' **Spread:** 1-4'**USDA Hardiness Zone:** Varies by species Flowers: White, pink, blue, lavender, purple Bloom: June–November, varies by species



Lamb's Ear Stachys byzantina

• Grown for blue-gray, fuzzy foliage • Used as groundcover • Tolerates rabbits, dry soil, drought, and rocky soil



Height: 9-18" **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 4–8 Spread: 12–18" **Bloom:** May–July **Flowers:** Purplish–pink



Leopard's Bane Doronicum spp.

PERENNIALS | 61

- Showy flower Prefers moist (not soggy) soil
- Prefers partial shade in hot locations



Height: 1–4' USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–8 **Spread:** 1–2' **Bloom:** April–June Flowers: Yellow

Lily-of-the-Valley

PERENNIALS | 62

Convallaria majalis

- Creeping groundcover
 Poisonous
- Rhizome does well under trees Fragrant
- Tolerates heavy shade, clay soil, and rabbits



Height: 6–12" Spread: 12-18" **Flowers:** White

USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–8 **Bloom:** March



Mariposa Lily

PERENNIALS | 64

Calochortus gunnisonii

- Erect stems hold a single flower
- Grows from edible bulb Will spread
- Needs moderate water during bloom



Spread: 6" Height: 12" **Bloom:** March–May USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Flowers: Yellow, purple lavender, red, pink, white

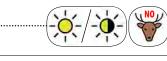


Lupine Lupinus spp.

 Good companion plant in garden for increasing soil nitrogen - Some species can be toxic to animals and livestock • Prefers good drainage • Water need varies by species



Height: 1–5'	USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–6
Spread: 1-5'	Bloom: May–July
Flowers: White,	pink, rose, blue, purple



Meadow Rue Thalictrum fendleri

PERENNIALS | 65

Delicate-looking but rugged woodland plant

• Fern-like foliage • Easy to grow with few problems • Can take some sun • Dies back in summer in dry sites



Height: 2–3' **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 3–9 **Spread:** 1–4' **Bloom:** May–August Flowers: White, whitish-green



Missouri Goldenrod

PERENNIALS | 66

Solidago missouriensis

Low-growing - Showy flowers - Grows in sandy, gravelly soils - Tolerates drought
Easy to grow



Height: 1–2' Spread: 1–3' Flowers: Yellow

USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–9 Bloom: July–September



Monkshood Aconitum spp.

PERENNIALS | 68

- Upright growth form Tuberous roots
- All parts are poisonous Dies back in winter
- Needs regular water Showy flowers
- Tolerates rabbits



Height: 6"-4' USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-7 Spread: 1-2' Bloom: August-September Flowers: Purple



Mistflower Eupatorium coelestinum

• Long bloom period • Sometimes called hardy ageratum because of flower

Prefers moist soil in full sun



Height: 18–36" USDA Spread: 18–36" Bloom Flowers: Blue

USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–10 Bloom: July–October



Native Beebalm or Wild Bergamot Monarda fistulosa

PERENNIALS | 69

Clumping growth form
 Gray-green foliage

 Prefers well-drained, dry to medium moist soil

 Tolerates poor soils
 Needs good air circulation



Height: 2-4'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-9Spread: 2-3'Bloom: July-SeptemberFlowers: Pink, lavender



Northern Bedstraw Galium boreale

- Showy flowers Spreads by creeping roots
- Prefers moist, well-drained soils
 Does not tolerate heavy, wet soils
 Best in wild gardens

PERENNIALS | 70



Height: 1-3' Spread: 12-18" Flowers: White USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–8 Bloom: May–August



Ornamental Strawberry PERENNIALS | 72 Fragaria spp.

 Spreading plant with attractive foliage and small flower
 Grows in sandy or well-drained soil and rock gardens



Height: 4-8"USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-9Spread: 12-18"Bloom: March-MayFlowers: White

Oriental Poppy Papaver orientale

 Adds color to garden - Give 1 inch of water per week while in bloom. Do not overwater during dormancy.



Height: 2–3' USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–7 Spread: 1–2' Bloom: June–July Flowers: White, pink, orange, salmon, red, maroon

Pasque Flower

PERENNIALS | 73

- Pulsatilla patens
- Both flowers and seedheads are ornamental
- Fern-like foliage Well-drained soils a must
- Prefers gritty, dry to medium moist soil
- Tolerates drought and partial shade



Height: 3–12" USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–7 Spread: 3–6" Bloom: March–April Flowers: Blue-violet

Pearly Everlasting Anaphalis margaritacea

Upright, clump-forming - Spreads easilyEasy to care for - Prefers full sun - Tolerates

poor soils • Typically grows to 18 inches



Height: 1-3'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-8Spread: 1-2'Bloom: July-SeptemberFlowers: Whitish



Phlox Phlox spp.

PERENNIALS | 76

PERENNIALS | 74

- Creeping phlox is low and spreads
- Tall varieties can be up to 4 feet



Height: 6"-4' Spread: 1-3' USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Bloom: March-August, varies by species Flowers: White, pink, lavender, orange, red, purple



Penstemon or Beardtongue Penstemon spp.

 Comes in variety of shapes, colors, bloom times - Tolerates drought, dry soil, and clay soil - Avoid planting in wet, poorly drained soils.



Height: 1–6' Spread: 1–3' USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Bloom: May–August, varies by species Flowers: Pink, red, orange, yellow, blue, purple, white



Prairie Coneflower or Mexican Hat Ratibida columnifera

PERENNIALS | 77

Clumping growth form • Unusual, showy flower • Tolerates low fertility and drought
Easy to grow



Height: 12–24"USDA Hardiness Zone: 1–10Spread: 18"Bloom: June–SeptemberFlowers: Yellow, mahogany-red

Prairie Smoke Geum spp.

- Seedheads of some species are showy
- Good in ordinary soil
- Needs good drainage



Height: Up to 20" USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–7
Spread: Up to 12"
Bloom: March–August, varies by species
Flowers: White, yellow, orange, red, maroon



Russian Sage Perovskia atriplicifolia

PERENNIALS | 80

PERENNIALS | 78

- Shrubby perennial Drought tolerant
- Long summer bloom Tolerates dry soil, clay soil, and rabbits



Height: 3-5'USDA Hardiness Zone: 5-9Spread: 2-4'Bloom: July-OctoberFlowers: Lavender, blue



Rockcress Arabis spp.

 Forms carpet of gray-green foliage covered in fragrant flowers in spring - Easily grown in any soil with good drainage in hot, sunny areas



Height: 6" Spread: 18" Bloom: April-May USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Flowers: White



Sage Artemisia spp.

Aromatic, silvery-green foliage - Evergreen to semi-evergreen - Insignificant flower
Spreading growth form



Height: 2-3' Spread: 1-12', varies by species USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Bloom: July-August Flowers: Greenish-yellow

PERENNIALS | 81

Salvia or Sage Salvia spp.

- Good choice for hot, dry spots
- Tolerates drought
- Blooms for a long period



Height: 1–6' **Spread:** 1–4' **Bloom:** May–June **USDA Hardiness Zone:** Varies by species **Flowers:** Blue, red, pink, lavender



Saxifrage Saxifraga hirsuta

PERENNIALS | 84

PERENNIALS | 82

- Loose, spreading, evergreen cushions
- Tolerates wide range of soils
- Used as groundcover



Height: 6-12"USDA Hardiness Zone: 5-8Spread: 15-18"Bloom: May-JuneFlowers: White, pinkish



Sand Lily Leucocrinum montanum

• Fragrant • Does best in fast-draining, alkaline, sandy, or rocky soils



Height: 2–10"	USDA Hardiness Zone: 6–9
Spread: 4-8"	Bloom: May
Flowers: White	with yellow stamens



Scarlet Gilia Ipomopsis aggregata

- Showy native
- Bright accent for garden
- Prefers sandy or loamy soils



Height: 3-4' Spread: 1' Flowers: Red

USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–11 Bloom: August–October

PERENNIALS | 85

Sea Thrift

PERENNIALS | 86

Armeria maritima

- Forms a dense cushion of grassy growth
- Great for rock gardens
 Do not overwater.



Height: 6–12" **Spread:** 6–12" Flowers: Pink

USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–8 **Bloom:** May–July



Shasta Daisy

PERENNIALS | 88

Leucanthemum × superbum

 Showy flower - Tolerates drought and rabbits • Remove dead flowers to promote more bloom.



Height: 2-4' **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 5–9 **Spread:** 2–3' **Bloom:** July–September Flowers: White rays with yellow centers



Sedges Carex spp.

Grass-like, clumping growth form • Wide variety of foliage colors • Tolerates variety of growing conditions • Water need varies by species



Height: Varies by species **Spread:** Varies by species **USDA Hardiness Zone:** Varies by species **Bloom:** Grown for foliage Flowers: Insignificant, varies by species



Small Sunflower Helianthus pumilus

PERENNIALS | 89

- Native to dry, rocky, sunny, open sites
- Tough plants Spreading growth form
- Give some moisture for best results
- Seeds attract birds.



Height: 12–40" USDA Hardiness Zone: 6–9 **Spread:** 12" to indefinite Bloom: June–November Flowers: Yellow

Small-leaf Pussytoes Antennaria parvifolia

• Creates a tight, woolly mat and roots as it spreads



Height: 6" or less Spread: 9–12" Flowers: Whitish **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 4–7 **Bloom:** May–September

PERENNIALS | 92

PERENNIALS | 90



Spring Beauty Claytonia lanceolata

- Native woodland plant Erect form
- Needs moist soil Grows from seed or edible corms - Upright growth form



Height: 2–10" **Spread:** 6–8" **Bloom:** April–July **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 1–5 (can grow in alpine conditions) **Flowers:** White or pink with dark pink veins



Spreading Golden Banner Thermopsis divaricarpa

- Strongly curved, spreading seed pods
- Tolerates rocky soils and drought
 Member of pea family
 Upright growth form







Sulphur Flower Erigonum umbellatum

- Evergreen foliage Colorful, showy flowers
- Best in gritty, well-drained soil = Self-sows



Height: 6–12" Spread: 1–3' Flowers: Yellow USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–8 Bloom: June–September



PERENNIALS | 93

Sun Rose

PERENNIALS | 94

Helianthemum nummularium

- Showy flower Good as groundcover
- Drought tolerant
- Prefers dry, alkaline, well-drained soils



Height: 6-12"USDA Hardiness Zone: 5-7Spread: 2-3'Bloom: May-JuneFlowers: Pastel pink, yellow



Thyme Thymus spp.

PERENNIALS | 96

 Versatile garden plants, from small bushes to groundcovers
 Fragrant leaves
 Many species edible
 Tolerates many soils



Height: 3–18" USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–9 Spread: 1' or more Bloom: July–August Flowers: Blue, lavender



Sweet Woodruff Galium odoratum

Good for shady gardens
 Good for ground-cover and edgings
 Spreads rapidly in rich soil with moisture
 Self-sows



Height: 8-12"USDA Hardiness Zone: 4-8Spread: IndefiniteBloom: May-AugustFlowers: White



Tickseed Coreopsis spp.

 Sunflower family - Self-sowing seeds attract birds - Tolerates average to poor soil with good drainage



Height: 6-36", varies by species Spread: Up to 24" Bloom: March-November USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-9 Flowers: Yellow, orange, maroon, red



PERENNIALS | 97

Torch Lily or Red-Hot Poker Kniphofia uvaria

PERENNIALS | 98

(niphofia uvaria

- Fragrant, showy, unusual flowers
- Tolerates drought and rabbits
- Does not tolerate wet, heavy soils



Height: 2-4'USDA Hardiness Zone: 5-9Spread: 2-3'Bloom: June-AugustFlowers: Yellow to deep coral



Western Spiderwort Tradescantia occidentalis

PERENNIALS | 100

Erect, branching stems - Flowers last one day
Hybridizes readily - Tolerates most soils, if well-drained



Height: Up to 2' USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–9 Spread: 12–15" Bloom: June–July Flowers: Pink, purple



Virginia Creeper Parthenocissus quinquefolia

Deciduous, woody, tendril-climbing vine

Needs little or no support
 Tolerates heavy shade, drought, clay soil, and black walnut



Height: 30–50'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–9Spread: 5–10'Bloom: May–AugustFlowers: Greenish-white



Western Wallflower Erysimum asperum

PERENNIALS | 101

- Upright growth form Gray seedpods
- Needs regular water Do not overwater.



Height: 6-12"USDA Hardiness Zone: 4-9Spread: 9-12"Bloom: April-JuneFlowers: Orange, bright yellow



Whiplash Daisy or Trailing Fleabane Erigeron flagellaris

Flowers held above foliage on upright stems

 Spreads by runners - Good for low-water landscapes - Good for sandy soil and rock gardens - Do not overwater.



Height: 6" or lessUSDA Hardiness Zone: 4–5Spread: 6–12"Bloom: May–AugustFlowers: White, near white



Yarrow Achillea spp.

PERENNIALS | 104

PERENNIALS | 102

Achineu spp.

 Fern-like foliage in various shades ranging from green to gray

 Drought tolerant
 Makes nice dried or cut flowers
 Can be invasive



Height: 6-36" USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-9 Spread: 12-24" Bloom: May-September Flowers: White, yellow, red, orange, pink



Windflower Anemone blanda

 Hardy tuber, daisy-like flower with soft, green, ferny foliage
 Can be used as groundcover
 Provides spring and summer interest



Height: 6-12"USDA Hardiness Zone: 5-8Spread: 6-12"Bloom: March-AprilFlowers: Blue, white, pink, purple-red



Yellow Monkey Flower Mimulus guttatus

PERENNIALS | 105

- Can be small and sparse to tall and bushy
- Needs moist soil
 Grows in bogs and wetlands
 Spreading growth form



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Height: 1–3' Spread: 20–48" USDA Hardiness Zone: Wide range Flowers: Yellow Bloom: March–August

Yucca *Yucca* spp.

Dramatic, bold, structural plant - Sword-shaped foliage - Flowers produced on spikes
Needs well-drained soil - Very drought tolerant

PERENNIALS | 106



Height: Up to 5'Spread: Up to 3'USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by speciesBloom: May–JuneFlowers: White



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Alder Buckthorn Rhamnus frangula

 Deciduous - Dark, glossy leaf - Columnar cultivar available - Can grow in wet soils and bogs - Prefers acidic soil

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 107



Height: 5-16'USDA Hardiness Zone: 2-7Spread: 6-13'Bloom: May-JuneFlowers: Whitish-green



American Hazelnut SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 109 Corylus americana

- Deciduous Edible nut Showy flower
- Good fall color Prefers well-drained soil
- Tolerates clay soil Produces suckers



Height: 10–16'USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–9Spread: 8–13'Bloom: March–AprilFlowers: Brown or red



American Beautyberry Callicarpa americana

Deciduous - Showy purple berries give winter interest - Open growth form

Tolerates clay soil - Needs full sun to fruit



Height: 3–6'	USDA Hardiness Zone: 6–10	
Spread: 3-6'	Bloom: June–August	
Flowers: Lavender, pink		



Black Elder or Common Elder Sambucus nigra

Deciduous - Rugged bark - Best in full sun
Tolerates wide range of soils, including clay soil - Can be used as small tree - Produces suckers



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Height: 8–20'

Blackberry and Raspberry Rubus spp.

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Evergreen and deciduous - Prefers acidic, rich, well-drained soil - Spreading growth form



Height: 6' USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–9 Spread: 1' to indefinite Bloom: March–August, depending on species Flowers: White to pink



Buckthorn Rhamnus spp.

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 Evergreen and deciduous - Grown for form and foliage - Inedible black berries can stain pavement - Some are good hedge and windbreaks - Reseeds



Height: 3–22' Spread: 3–12' Bloom: March–May USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Flowers: Cream to green



Bluebeard, Blue-mist, or Blue spirea Caryopteris x clandonensi

Deciduous - Low-growing mound - Prefers

- well-drained soil = Tolerates some drought
- Good cut, fragrant flower



Height: 2-4'USDA Hardiness Zone: 5-9Spread: 2-4'Bloom: July-SeptemberFlowers: Sky-blue



Buffaloberry Shepherdia spp.

 Deciduous - Berry is red or orange and is edible but bitter - Tolerates poorest soils and dry conditions - Tolerates cold and drought



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Height: 6–20' Spread: 3–10' Bloom: April–May USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Flowers: White, yellow



Bumald Spirea

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Spiraea x bumalda

- Deciduous Dense, mounded growth form
- Pink-purple new foliage
 Bronzy, autumn foliage • Prefers well-drained soil • Tolerates a wide variety of soil types



Height: 2–4' **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 3–8 **Spread:** 2–5' **Bloom:** June–August Flowers: White, pink, mauve, dark lavender, yellow-red



Carolina Silverbell SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 117 Halesia carolina

 Deciduous - Good fall color - Can be grown as multi-stemmed shrub or single-trunk tree with broad, rounded growth form • Needs acidic soil



Height: 30-40' **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 4–8 **Spread:** 20–35' Bloom: April Flowers: White



Buttonbush Cephalanthus occidentalis

- Deciduous Open, rounded growth form
- Adapts to wide range of soils except dry soil
- Seed pods give winter interest



Height: 5–12' **Spread:** 4–8' Flowers: White

USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–9 **Bloom:** June

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Chickasaw Plum Prunus angustifolia

 Deciduous - Multi-stemmed shrub or small tree • Tart, edible fruit • Tolerates wide range

- of growing conditions Thicket-forming
- Produces suckers



Height: 4–20' **Spread:** 4–20' Flowers: White **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 5–9 **Bloom:** March



Cholla and Prickly Pear Cactus Opuntia spp.

- Also called paddle cactus Over 200 species
- Showy flowers = Fruit on some species is edible



Height: 3–9' Spread: 3–9' Bloom: March–May, varies by species USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Flowers: Vary by species



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 Deciduous = Broad, upright, dense, slightly mounding = Tolerates rabbits = Red, showy berries



Height: 2–3' Spread: 3–6' Flowers: Pink

Cranberry

Cotoneaster Cotoneaster apiculatus

> **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 4–7 **Bloom:** May–June



Cotton Lavender SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 120

Santolina chamaecyparissus

- Evergreen Low, mounding growth form
- Gray-green foliage Showy, fragrant
- flowers Tolerates drought and poor soils
- Used as groundcover or edging



Height: 1-2'USDA Hardiness Zone: 6-9Spread: 1-3'Bloom: July-AugustFlowers: Yellow



Creeping Mahonia or Creeping Holly Berberis (Mahonia) repens

Evergreen - Edible berry is best for jams and jellies - Does best in well-drained, acidic soil
Used as groundcover

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Height: 9–12" USDA Spread: 9–18" Bloom Flowers: Yellow

USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–8 Bloom: March–May



Daphne Daphne x burkwoodii

- Semi-evergreen
 Very fragrant flowers
- Foliage and fruit are poisonous
- Gives excellent drainage
 Needs neutral pH



Height: 3-5'USDA Hardiness Zone: 4-8Spread: 3-5'Bloom: May-JuneFlowers: White, pale pink



False Indigo or Indigo Bush Amorpha fruticosa

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- Deciduous Loose, airy growth form
- Flowers rise above the foliage Will
- naturalize along creeks and streams
- Fragrant flowers Fast growing



Height: 6–10' Spread: 10–20' Bloom: April–June USDA Hardiness Zone: Wide range Flowers: Orange, blue, purple, violet



Elderberry or American Elder Sambucus canadensis

 Deciduous = Stout, strong-growing = Edible berries are dark purple to black = Moistureloving = Tolerates clay soil = Produces suckers



Height: 5-12'USSpread: 5-12'Blowers: White

USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–9 Bloom: June–July

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Fringe Tree Chionanthus virginicus

Deciduous - Spreading, rounded growth form - Good fall color - Seldom needs pruning - Does not tolerate dry conditions
Blue-black fruit



Height: 12–20'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–9Spread: 12–20'Bloom: May–JuneFlowers: Creamy white



Gooseberry and Currant *Ribes* spp.

Evergreen and deciduous - Many have showy flowers - Currant has no spines
Gooseberry has spines - Berries are green,

• Gooseberry has spines • Berries are green, yellow, red, or black



Height: 3–8' Spread: 3–6' Bloom: March–May USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Flowers: White, pink, red, yellow, purple



Heather Calluna spp.

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Evergreen - True Scotch heather - Foliage can be wide range of colors (varies by species)
Needs fast-draining, acidic soil - Needs full sun for best flowering



Height: 3"-3' USDA Hardiness Zone: 4-8 Spread: 3"-3'

Bloom: July–November, varies by species **Flowers:** White, pale pink, dark pink, lavender, purple



Hardy Shrub Rose SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 128 Rosa spp.

Deciduous (some evergreen) = Hips give
 winter interest = Some are vigorous climbers

 Very low maintenance - Deer may browse flowers



Height: 1–9' or moreSpread: 1–6'Bloom: March–November, depending
on speciesUSDA Hardiness Zone: Most zonesFlowers: White, pink, red



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Highbush Blueberry Vaccinium corymbosum

 Deciduous - Erect growth form - Edible berry - Forms thickets - Must have acidic, well-drained soil



Height: 6-12'USDA Hardiness Zone: 5-8Spread: 8-12'Bloom: MayFlowers: White, pinkish



Honeysuckle

• Evergreen and deciduous shrubs and vines

 Needs sun for best bloom = Sprawling growth form = Some can be very vigorous, and vines must have substantial support



Height: 3–36' Spread: 3–15', varies by species USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Bloom: April–June Flowers: White, yellow, orange, pink, red



Lilac Syringa spp.

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Deciduous - Showy, fragrant flowers

 Some species are small trees - Some species produce suckers - Best in well-drained soils



Height: 4-8'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3b-7aSpread: 4-12'Bloom: March-MayFlowers: White, pink, blue, lavender, purple



Ironwood Carpinus caroliniana

- Deciduous, globular form Slow growing
- Good fall color and winter interest
- Tolerates clay soil



Height: 20-35'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-9Spread: 20-35'Bloom: December-FebruaryFlowers: White (female), green (male)



Lowbush Blueberry SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 134 Vaccinium pallidum

 Deciduous = Small shrub with arching branches = Edible berry that ripens midsummer = Used as groundcover = Water need depends on sun exposure



Photo: Tom Potterfield/CC BY-NC-SA 2.0

Height: 1-2'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-8Spread: 1-2'Bloom: April-MayFlowers: White, red, pink

Mock Orange Philadelphus spp.

 Evergreen and deciduous - Very fragrant flowers - Prefers moderately fertile, welldrained soil - Some species tolerate drought



Height: 4–15' Spread: 4–15' Bloom: May–June USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Flowers: White, cream, gold



New Jersey Tea Ceanothus americanus

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 Deciduous - Compact, rounded growth form - Tolerates drought, dry soil, and shallow-rocky soil



Height: 3-4' Spread: 3-5' Flowers: White USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–8 Bloom: May–June



Mountain Mahogany Cercocarpus spp.

 Evergreen = Feather-like fruits give distinctive look in fall = Tolerates drought and most soils = Good for erosion control and windbreak



Height: 9–40' USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–9 Spread: 4–20' Bloom: March–August, varies by species Flowers: White, cream

Oceanspray Holodiscus discolor

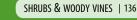
SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 138

 Deciduous - Attractive - Looks similar to spirea - Erect to arching growth form

- Susceptible to few pests or diseases = Fragrant
- Tolerates wide range of soil moisture



Height: 10–20' USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–8 Spread: 10–20' Bloom: May–July Flowers: White-cream



Orchid Rockrose

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 139

Cistus × purpureus

Evergreen = Reddish stems = Wavy-edged, dark green leaf = Tolerates drought and heat
Good for low-water landscapes = Prefers well-drained soils = Grows quickly



Height: 4-6'USDA Hardiness Zone: 7-10Spread: 4-6'Bloom: May-AugustFlowers: Rose-purple



Oregon Grape

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 141

Berberis (Mahonia) aquifolium

Evergreen • Winter interest • Plant spreads by stolons • Edible berries • Grow more than one plant for good fruit production.



Height: 3–6' Spread: 3–5' Flowers: Yellow USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–8 Bloom: March–May



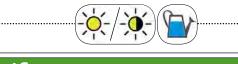
Oregon Boxwood SHRUBS Paxistima myrtifolia

Evergreen - Dense, neat growth form

Makes good low hedge - Also used as groundcover - Best in well-drained, acidic soil



Height: 1-3'USDA Hardiness Zone: 5-9Spread: 1-3'Bloom: April-JulyFlowers: Pink, red, green



Pacific SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 142 Rhododendron Rhododendron macrophyllum

 Evergreen = Showy shrub = Grows taller in shade and shorter and bushier in sun = Strong, stout stems = Prefers well-drained soil

All parts are toxic



Height: 5-26'USDA Hardiness Zone: 6-9Spread: 5-15'Bloom: May-JulyFlowers: Pink, rose-purple



Painted Buckeye Aesculus sylvatica

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 143

- Deciduous shrub or small tree
- Seeds, leaves, sprouts are highly toxic if eaten



Height: 5-15'USDA Hardiness Zone: 5-8Spread: 6-10'Bloom: March-JuneFlowers: Yellow, yellow-green, pink-green



Possumhaw Ilex decidua

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 145

 Deciduous - Upright, rounded, spreading growth form - Toothed leaf - Orange-red berries give fall and winter interest - Tolerates clay soil - Prefers moist, acidic soil



Height: 15-30'USDA Hardiness Zone: 5-9Spread: 5-12'Bloom: March-MayFlowers: Dull white



Point Reyes Ceanothus ^{Ceanothus} gloriosus

 Evergreen - Spreading growth form - Will not tolerate drought - Good for erosion control - Prefers afternoon shade - Used as groundcover



Height: 2-3'USDA Hardiness Zone: 7-9Spread: 6'Bloom: February-MarchFlowers: Deep blue to purple



Rabbitbrush Chrysothamnus spp.

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 146

- Loosely mounding, shrubby native
- Grows in open, sandy, and gravelly sites
- Tolerates drought



Height: 4"-6' Spread: 1-6' Flowers: Yellow **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 4–8 **Bloom:** July–September

Red Buckeye Aesculus pavia

 Deciduous - Glossy green leaves - Showy flower and fruit - Tolerates clay soil - Prefers fertile, acidic, moist soils



Height: 12–15' or moreSpread: 12–15'USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–8Bloom: April–MayFlowers: Bright red



Rocky Mountain Maple Acer glabrum

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 149

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 147

 Deciduous - Upright growth form - Single or multi-stemmed - Good fall color - Can be used as substitute for vine maple in sunnier spots



Height: 6-30'USDA Hardiness Zone: 4-7Spread: 3-15'Bloom: March-MayFlowers: Yellowish-green



Redosier Dogwood SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 148 Cornus sericea

Deciduous - Attractive red stems in winter

 Browsed by deer - Berry is green - Good autumn foliage



Height: 6–12' USE Spread: 6–12' Blog Flowers: White

USDA Hardiness Zone: 1–9 Bloom: May–June

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 150



Salal Gaultheria shallon

 Evergreen - Broad, leathery leaf - Used as understory groundcover - Can be grown in sun if well-watered - Blue-black berries used for jelly and jam - Sprawling growth form



Height: 3-6'USDA Hardiness Zone: 6-8Spread: Up to 5'Bloom: April-JulyFlowers: White to pink



Sand Cherry Prunus besseyi

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 151

Deciduous - Spreading growth form
Sweet, edible, purple-black fruit - Tolerates hot, dry conditions - Tolerates cold, wind, drought, and rabbits



Height: 4-6' Spread: 4-6' Flowers: White USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–6 Bloom: May



Shrubby Cinquefoil SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 153 Potentilla fruticosa

 Deciduous - Small leaves - Dense growth form - Tolerates rabbits, drought, clay soil, and poor soil - Long-blooming shrub



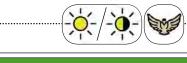
Height: 2-4'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-7Spread: 3-5'Bloom: June-SeptemberFlowers: Yellow

Serviceberry Amelanchier spp.

Deciduous - Very hardy - Showy flowers Small, purplish-red, edible fruit - Prefers moist, acidic soil - Water need varies by species



Height: 15–25' Spread: 10–15' Bloom: March–May, varies by species USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Flowers: White



Smooth Alder Alnus serrulata

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 154

 Deciduous - Long catkins in spring - Prefers moist conditions - Tolerates poor soil and dry conditions - Produces suckers - Can become a thicket



Height: 12–20'USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–9Spread: 12-20'Bloom: March–AprilFlowers: Purple, green, brown catkins



SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 152

Snowberry Symphoricarpos albus

 Deciduous - Showy white berries give winter interest - Tolerates drought, clay soil, poor soil, and dry soil - Produces suckers



Height: 3-6' Spread: 3-6' Flowers: Pink USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–7 Bloom: June–July



Sumac Rhus spp.

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 157

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 155

 Evergreen and deciduous - Flowering shrubs and trees - Fruit is reddish drupe - Provides winter interest - Tolerates rabbits, drought, and most soils - Some species produce suckers



Height: 3–33' Spread: 3–20' Bloom: June USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Flowers: Greenish, cream, red



Strawberry Bush

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 156

Euonymous americana

 Deciduous - Tolerates most soils - Unusual, bright pink-red and orange fruit gives interest in the fall - Berries are poisonous - Produces suckers



Height: 4-8'USDA Hardiness Zone: 5-10Spread: 4-8'Bloom: MayFlowers: Yellowish-green with purple blush



Sweet Pepperbush SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 158 Clethra alnifolia

- Deciduous New growth is bronzy
- Fragrant flowers Prefers partial shade
- Prefers moist, acidic soil = Tolerates heavy shade, clay soil, and wet soil = Produces suckers



Height: 3–6' or more Spread: 4–9' USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–9 Bloom: July–August Flowers: White, pink



Sweetshrub

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 159

- Deciduous Dense, rounded growth form
- Dark, glossy, aromatic leaves Fragrant
- flowers Tolerates clay soil Produces suckers



USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–9 **Height:** 6–10' **Spread:** 6–12' **Bloom:** April–July Flowers: Reddish brown



Viburnum and Blackhaw Viburnum spp.

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 161

 Large genus of deciduous and evergreen plants - Some prefer dry soil - Many have ornamental fruit • Some can be trained as trees Some species are deer resistant



Height: 3–20' Spread: 3-20' **Bloom:** March–May (most species) **USDA Hardiness Zone:** Varies by species Flowers: White, cream, pink



Trumpet Vine Campsis radicans

Deciduous - Dense, multi-stemmed,

- clinging vine Aerial rootlets Showy flowers
- Tolerates drought and clay soils Best in average soil



USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–9 Height: 25-40' **Spread:** 5–10' **Bloom:** July Flowers: Orange, scarlet



Vine Maple Acer circinatum

 Deciduous - Circular leaves - Best fall color with some sun • Single or multi-trunk

Prefers part shade and moist soil • Tolerates dry shade



Height: 10-25' **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 5–9 Spread: 25-35' **Bloom:** April–May Flowers: Red, white



SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 162

Virginia Sweetspire SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 163 Itea virginica

Deciduous - Erect branches - Showy flowers - Fall foliage - Prefers moist, acidic, well-drained soil - Tolerates clay soil
Tolerates heavy shade

- Photo: rachel green bet kVCC BY-NL-SA 2:0
- Height: 3-6' Spread: 3-5' Flowers: White
- USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–9 Bloom: April–June



Western Spirea Spiraea douglasii

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 165

- Deciduous
- Needs constant moisture and acidic soil
- Produces suckers and forms thickets



Height: 4–10'USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–8Spread: 3–6'Bloom: June–SeptemberFlowers: Rosy pink



Western Azalea

- Deciduous Glossy, green leaves
- Very fragrant, showy flower Prefers moist,
- well-drained soil All parts are toxic
- Spreading growth form



Height: 3–15'USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–10Spread: Up to 10'Bloom: April–AugustFlowers: White, pale pink, deep pink,
yellow-orange



Wild Hydrangea Hydrangea arborescens

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 166

 Deciduous - Loose, upright, bushy growth form - Tolerates clay soil, rocky soil, and wet or dry soil - Tolerates rabbits - Does not tolerate drought



Height: 3-5'USDA Hardiness Zone: 4-21Spread: 3-5' or moreBloom: June-SeptemberFlowers: White

Wild Plum Prunus americana

Deciduous - Small tree with graceful growth form - Edible fruit - Can be grown as shrub but tends to sucker - Has thorns
Tolerates drought



Height: 15–30' Spread: 15–25' Flowers: White **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 3–8 **Bloom:** February–May



Witch Hazel Hamamelis virginiana

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 169

SHRUBS & WOODY VINES | 167

 Deciduous, with fall color = Showy, fragrant flowers = Prefers moist, acidic, well-drained soils but tolerates heavy clay



Height: 15–20'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–8Spread: 15–20'Bloom: October–DecemberFlowers: Yellow, orange with red blush



Winterberry Ilex verticillata

Deciduous - Slow growing - Upright rounded growth form - Prefers moist, acidic soil - Tolerates poor soil and dry soils
Berries can be toxic



Height: 6–12' or tallerSpread: 3–12'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–9Bloom: April–JulyFlowers: White, yellow, green, brown



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American Elm Ulmus americana

Deciduous shade tree = Graceful, wide, spreading crown = Ash-gray bark = Vigorous
Tolerates wet and dry soil = Tolerates drought and black walnut



Height: 60-80'USDA Hardiness Zone: 2-9Spread: 40-70'Bloom: February-AprilFlowers: Reddish green



Bald Cypress Taxodium distichum

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TREES | 170

 Deciduous conifer - Pyramidal growth form - Feathery foliage - Tolerant of most soil except alkaline - Affected by few pests or diseases - Used next to ponds, streams



Height: 50–70'USDA Hardiness Zone: 2–10Spread: 20–45'Bloom: NoneFlowers: None



American Linden or American Basswood Tilia americana

 Deciduous - Oval, rounded crown - Showy, fragrant flower - Tolerates some drought and clay soil - Winter twigs and buds are red

Grows medium to fast



Height: 50-80'USDA Hardiness Zone: 2-8Spread: 30-50'Bloom: April-JulyFlowers: Yellow



Black Oak Quercus velutina

- Deciduous Globular, spreading crown
- Good fall color Prefers moist, acidic,
- organic soil

 Tolerates poor, dry soils
- Tolerates drought Acorns attract wildlife



Photo: Jason Sturner/CC BY 2.0

TREES | 173

Height: 50–60'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–9Spread: 50–60'Bloom: March–MayFlowers: Yellowish-green, brown

Eastern Hop Hornbeam or Ironwood Ostrya virginiana

 Deciduous shade tree = Catkins give winter interest = Slow growing = Fruit clusters look hop-like = Tolerates drought and clay soil



Height: 25-40'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3-9Spread: 20-30'Bloom: AprilFlowers: Greenish, reddish-brown



Pawpaw Asimina triloba

TREES | 176

 Deciduous - Good fall color - Showy, edible, orange to brown fruit - Tolerates wet soil

 Prefers moist, acidic soil - Forms colonies by root suckers



Height: 15-30'USDA Hardiness Zone: 5-9Spread: 15-30'Bloom: April-MayFlowers: Purple



Mountain Ash Sorbus spp.

Deciduous - Large genus (dwarf shrubs to trees) - Most are hardy - Good fall color

 Red berries give winter interest - Needs acidic soil



Height: 10–50'USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–7Spread: 10–35'Bloom: MayFlowers: White



Pin Cherry or Fire Cherry TREES | 177 *Prunus pensylvanica*

 Deciduous = Fast growing = Bright green, toothed leaf = Prefers rocky or sandy, welldrained soil = Fruit is edible = Other parts of tree are highly toxic



Photo: Homer Edward Price/CC BY 2.0

Height: 25–50' USDA Hardiness Zone: 3–8 Spread: 10–20' Bloom: April–June Flowers: White



Post Oak Quercus stellata

Deciduous - Rounded crown - Leathery leaf Prefers acidic, rocky, or sandy soil
 Tolerant of dry and wet conditions - Slow growth but long-lived



USDA Hardiness Zone: 5–9 **Height:** 35–50' **Spread:** 35–50' **Bloom:** March–May Flowers: Yellowish-green, yellow, brown



Sassafras

TREES | 180

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Sassafras albidum

- Deciduous Broad, conical growth form
- Good fall color Showy flowers and fruit
- Tolerates drought and clay soil
- Produces suckers



Height: 30–60' USDA Hardiness Zone: 4–9 **Spread:** 25–40' **Bloom:** April–May Flowers: Greenish-yellow



Red Mulberry Morus rubra

Deciduous - Upright, rounded, or spreading Prefers full sun

Sweet berries are edible but messy if tree is near pavement • Tolerates drought



Height: 35–50' Spread: 35-40' Flowers: Green **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 4–8 Bloom: March-April



Shumard Oak Ouercus shumardii

 Deciduous
 Broad, open crown when mature • Good fall color • Tolerates drought Tolerates wide range of soils but prefers acidic, well-drained soils



Height: 40–90' **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 5–9 **Spread:** 30–50' **Bloom:** March–April Flowers: White, greenish



TREES | 181

Willow Salix spp.

Deciduous = Fast-growing, shallow-rooted trees and shrubs = Difficult to garden under
Diverse genus of over 300 species

Photo: BH- Purzy/CC BY/ 2.0

Height: 3–100' Spread: 3–90' USDA Hardiness Zone: Varies by species Bloom: Varies by species Flowers: Insignificant; some species grown for catkins

Winged Elm Ulmus alata

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 Deciduous shade tree = Round, open growth form = Branches have corky wings = Tolerant of partial shade = Fast growing



Height: 30–50'USDA Hardiness Zone: 6–9Spread: 25–40'Bloom: February–AprilFlowers: Reddish green



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