

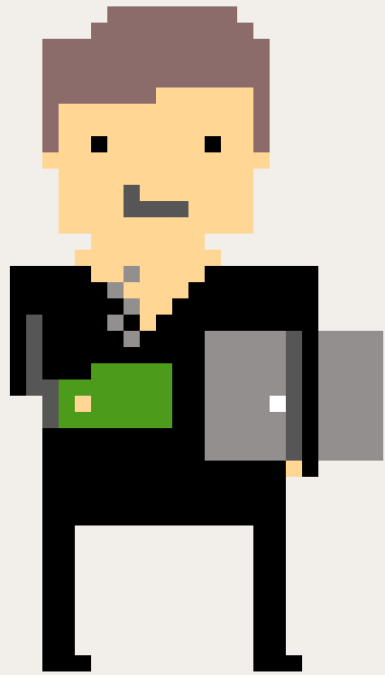
# FAST & FUNCTIONAL

REALITY  
GAMES



Michał Płachta  
@miciek

[www.michalplachta.com](http://www.michalplachta.com)



Hello, I'd like to hear a functional programming joke

functional programming joke

OK. Why did the chicken  
cross the road?

cross the road?

I don't know. Why?

I don't know. Why?

It's very simple really.

It's very simple really.

The best way to understand  
it comes from the idea of  
contravariant functor.

contravariant functor.

As you probably know, a functor is just a mapping between categories that respects the category structure; a homomorphism, if you will.

will.

Now, some constructions that we want to express look like functors but in some sense “turn morphisms around”. We call these contravariant functors.



As you have probably noticed, we can indeed define a contravariant functor as simply a covariant functor on opposite categories, invoking the obvious correspondence. Of course you have already noticed the obvious connection this has with the category theoretic generalization of topological presheaves - a presheaf on a topology is just a contravariant functor from the...



Igal Tabachnik

@hmemcpy

Hello, I would like to hear a Haskell joke.

```
User: Hello, I would like to hear a Haskell joke.
Haskell: Okay. Why did the chicken cross the road?
User: I don't know, why?
Haskell: It's very simple really. The best way to understand it comes from
the idea of a contravariant functor. As you probably know, a functor
is just a mapping between categories that respects the category
structure; a homomorphism between categories, if you will. Now,
some constructions that we want to express look like functors but
in some sense "turn morphisms around". We call these contravariant
functors. As you have probably noticed, we can indeed define a
contravariant functor as simply a covariant functor on opposite
categories, invoking the obvious correspondence. Of course, you've
already noticed the obvious connection that this has with the
category theoretic generalization of topological presheaves -- a
presheaf on a topology is just a contravariant functor from the
poset of open sets to the category of sets. Now, it's obvious that
```

8:23 AM · Jan 8, 2019 · Twitter Web Client

257 Retweets

573 Likes



Igal Tabachnik @hmemcpy · Jan 8

Replying to @hmemcpy

Aside: if you ever use the words "obviously, simply, probably" to describe a subject, don't.



4



4



63



# Learning FP



**I Am Developer** @iamdeveloper · Mar 14

Every functional programming tutorial...

How to draw an owl

1.



1. Draw some circles

2.



2. Draw the rest of the owl



61



3.2K



5.3K

**FAST &  
FUNCTIONAL**

# FUNCTIONAL

simple real-world  
service in Scala

very modular

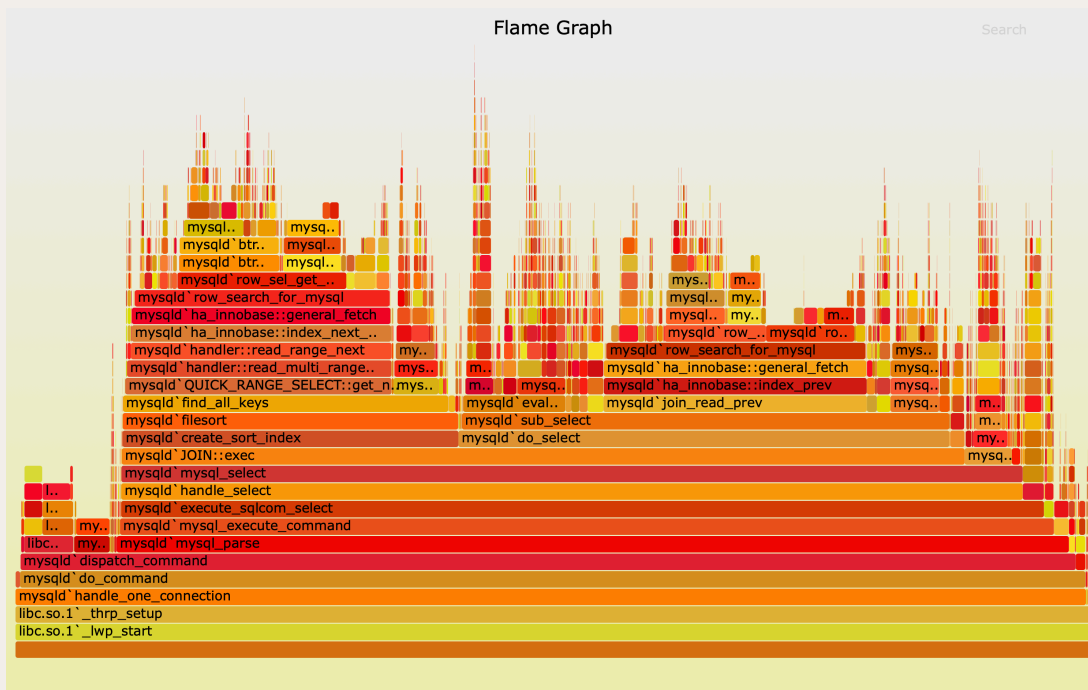
`using functional mechanics`

plug & play

`quickly replacing modules  
without affecting the logic`

# FAST

1st meaning:  
**PERFORMANCE**



very modular

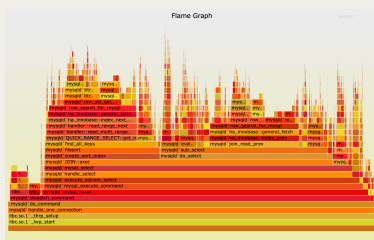
# FAST

plug & play

2nd meaning:

**DEV SPEED**





In this talk...

modularity (the  $\lambda$  way!)

# FAST & FUNCTIONAL

plug & play

simple real-world  
service in Scala





# Influencer Stats

# Marketing



# Old Ways Don't Work

Remember when...



...people watched TV

# Influencers

22 237 likes



2302 likes, 70 retweets



...and more

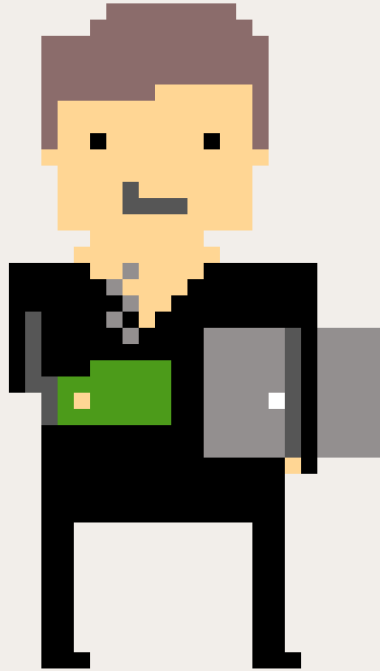
201 232 views, 23987 likes



502 123 views, 2012 likes



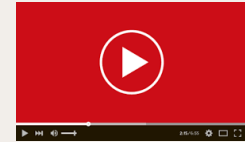
# Influencers items aggregation



1 201 882 views, 423 987 likes



...and more



All tweets, youtube videos, etc for **one product**

# Influencer Stats service

---

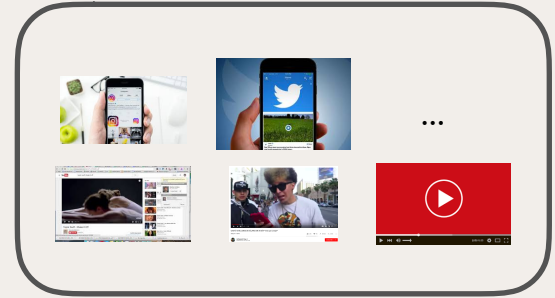
**collection of videos**

how many **total views**

how many **total likes**

# Requirement #1

**Collections**  
ability to  
add & update  
Collections of videos



COLLECTION 1

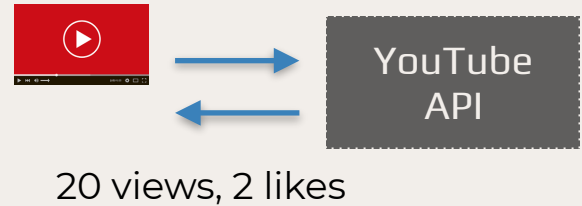


COLLECTION 2

## Requirement #2

# Fetch YouTube Stats

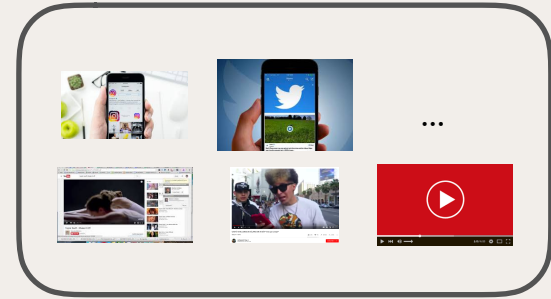
ability to  
fetch individual video  
stats through  
YouTube API





## Requirement #3

**Calculate Stats**  
ability to  
calculate & return  
Collection statistics



**1 201 882 views, 423 987 likes**

# Non-functional requirements

---

- ✓ HTTP Web Server
- ✓ HTTP Client
- ✓ Collection Storage
- ✓ Logging

## PURE

✓ **Calculate Stats**

## Side-effect'y

- ✓ **Save & Load Collections**
- ✓ **Fetch YouTube Stats**
- ✓ HTTP Web Server
- ✓ HTTP Client
- ✓ Collection storage
- ✓ Logging

# Modular programming using algebras

## Model

```
final case class Collection(videos: List[String])
```

```
final case class InfluencerItem(views: Int,  
                                likes: Int,  
                                dislikes: Int,  
                                comments: Int)
```

```
final case class CollectionStats(impressions: Int,  
                                 engagements: Int,  
                                 score: Int)
```



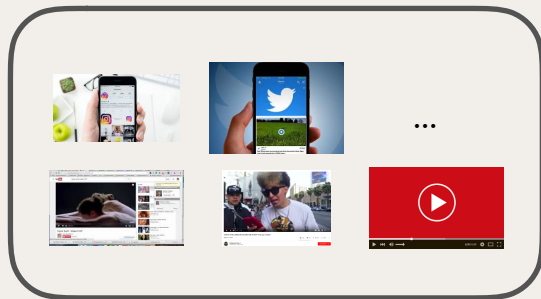


## Pure logic

```
def calculate(items: List[InfluencerItem]): CollectionStats = {  
  items.foldLeft(CollectionStats.empty) { (results, item) =>  
    CollectionStats(  
      impressions = results.impressions + item.views,  
      engagements = results.engagements + item.comments +  
        item.likes + item.dislikes,  
      score = results.engagements + item.likes  
    )  
  }  
}
```



# Pure logic



**1 201 882 views, 423 987 likes**

```
def calculate(items: List[InfluencerItem]): CollectionStats = {
```

easy to reason about  
easy to test

PURE WIN!



## Can it be as easy as this?

```
def getCollectionResults(collectionId: String): CollectionStats = {
```

1. get collection `collectionId`
2. get `videoIds` from it
3. for each `videoId`, call YouTube API
4. call our pure `calculate` function

(and log some things in between)

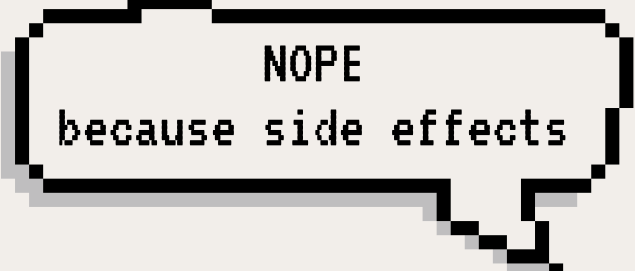
```
}
```

## Can it be as easy as this?

```
def getCollectionResults(collectionId: String): CollectionStats = {  
  for {
```

1. get collection `collectionId`
2. get `videoIds` from it
3. for each `videoId`, call YouTube API
4. call our `calculate` function

```
  } yield  
}
```



NOPE  
because side effects

# Side-effect'y stuff



```
public CompletableFuture<CollectionStats> getStats(String collectionId) {  
    return getCollection("collectionId")  
        .thenCompose(Statistics::fetchVideoStatistics)  
        .thenCompose(collection ->  
            logging.info("fetched collection: " + collection)  
                .thenCompose(ignored -> {
```

## Side-effect'y stuff

```
def getStats(collectionId: String): Future[CollectionStats]
  for {
    1. get collection collectionId
    2. get videoIds from it
    3. for each videoId, call YouTube API
    4. call our pure calculate function
  } yield
}
```

## Side-effect'y stuff

```
def getStats(collectionId: String): IO[CollectionStats]
  for {
    1. get collection collectionId
    2. get videoIds from it
    3. for each videoId, call YouTube API
    4. call our pure calculate function
  } yield
}
```

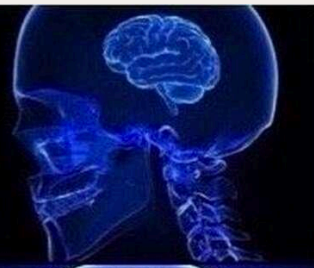
F doesn't do anything  
F is chosen by user

## Side-effect'y stuff

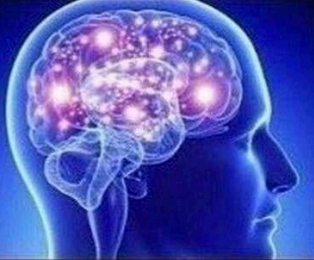
```
def getStats[F[_]: Monad](collectionId: String): F[CollectionStats]
  for {
    1. get collection collectionId
    2. get videoIds from it
    3. for each videoId, call YouTube API
    4. call our pure calculate function
  } yield
}
```



synchronous



asynchronous



I/O effect type



F[\_]



## Constrained?

```
public static <A> A f(List<A> list)
```

## Constrained?

```
public static <A> A f(List<A> list) {  
    return list.get(0);  
}
```

# We can't constrain ourselves

What we have

```
public static CompletableFuture<Collection> getCollection(String id) {
```

What we want

```
public static <F<    >> F<Collection> getCollection(String id) {
```

F doesn't do anything  
F is chosen by user

## Constraints Liberate

```
def getStats[F[_]: Monad](collectionId: String): F[CollectionStats] = {  
  for {  
  }  
}
```



# Get collection collectionId

```
def getStats[F[_]: Monad: CollectionView]
  (collectionId: String): F[CollectionStats] = {
  for {
    collection <- CollectionView[F].fetchCollection(collectionId)

  }
}
```

# Get collection collectionId

```
def getStats[F[_]: Monad: CollectionView]
  (collectionId: String): F[CollectionStats] = {
  for {
    collection <- CollectionView[F].fetchCollection(collectionId)
  }
}
```

just an algebra

```
trait CollectionView[F[_]] {
  def fetchCollection(id: String): F[Option[Collection]]
}
```

# Get videoIds from it

```
def getStats[F[_]: Monad: CollectionView]
  (collectionId: String): F[CollectionStats] = {
  for {
    collection <- CollectionView[F].fetchCollection(collectionId)
    videoIds   = collection.map(_._videos).getOrElse(List.empty)
  }
}
```



## For each videoId call YouTube API

```
def getStats[F[_]: Monad: CollectionView: VideoClient]
  (collectionId: String): F[CollectionStats] = {
  for {
    collection <- CollectionView[F].fetchCollection(collectionId)
    videoIds   = collection.map(_._videos).getOrElse(List.empty)
    responses  <- videoIds.map(VideoClient[F].fetchVideoListResponse).sequence
    items      = responses.flatMap(responseToItems)
  }
}
```

## For each videoId call YouTube API

```
def getStats[F[_]: Monad: CollectionView: VideoClient]
  (collectionId: String): F[CollectionStats] = {
  for {
    collection <- CollectionView[F].fetchCollection(collectionId)
    videoIds   = collection.map(_.videos).getOrElse(List.empty)
    responses  <- videoIds.map(VideoClient[F].fetchVideoListResponse).sequence
    items     = responses.flatMap(responseToItems)
  }
}
```

```
trait VideoClient[F[_]] {
  def fetchVideoListResponse(videoId: String): F[VideoListResponse]
}
```

# Call our pure calculate function

```
def getStats[F[_]: Monad: CollectionView: VideoClient      ]
  (collectionId: String): F[CollectionStats] = {
  for {
    collection <- CollectionView[F].fetchCollection(collectionId)
    videoIds   = collection.map(_.videos).getOrElse(List.empty)
    responses  <- videoIds.map(VideoClient[F].fetchVideoListResponse).sequence
    items      = responses.flatMap(responseToItems)
  } yield calculate(items)
}
```

## (and log some things in between)

```
def getStats[F[_]: Monad: CollectionView: VideoClient: Logging]
  (collectionId: String): F[CollectionStats] = {
  for {
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"trying to fetch $collectionId")
    collection <- CollectionView[F].fetchCollection(collectionId)
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"fetches collection: $collection")
    videoIds = collection.map(_.videos).getOrElse(List.empty)
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"going to make ${videoIds.size} fetches")
    responses <- videoIds.map(VideoClient[F].fetchVideoListResponse).sequence
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"got responses: $responses")
    items    = responses.flatMap(responseToItems)
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"got list of influencer items: $items")
  } yield calculate(items)
}
```

## (and log some things in between)

```
def getStats[F[_]: Monad: CollectionView: VideoClient: Logging]  
  (collectionId: String): F[CollectionStats] = {  
  for {  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"trying to fetch $collectionId")  
    collection <- CollectionView[F].fetchCollection(collectionId)  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"fetches collection: $collection")  
    videoIds = collection.map(_.videos).getOrElse(List.empty)  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"going to make ${videoIds.size} fetches")  
    responses <- videoIds.map(VideoClient[F].fetchVideoListResponse).sequence  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"got responses: $responses")  
    items = responses.flatMap(responseToItems)  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"got list of influencer items: $items")  
  } yield calculate(items)  
}
```

```
trait Logging[F[_]] {  
  def info(msg: String): F[Unit]  
}
```

## PURE

- ✓ Calculate Stats
- ✓ Collections algebra
- ✓ HTTP Client algebra
- ✓ Logging algebra
- ✓ **getStats algorithm on F**

## Side-effect'y

- ✓ Collections **interpreter**
- ✓ HTTP Web Server
- ✓ HTTP Client **interpreter**
- ✓ Collection storage **interpreter**
- ✓ Logging **interpreter**

## algebras

- ✓ Collections **algebra**
- ✓ HTTP Client **algebra**
- ✓ Logging **algebra**

## interpreters

- ✓ Collections **interpreter**
- ✓ HTTP Client **interpreter**
- ✓ Collection storage **interpreter**
- ✓ Logging **interpreter**

# algebra

```
trait VideoClient[F[_]] {  
  def fetchVideoListResponse(videoId: String): F[VideoListResponse]  
}
```

# interpreter

```
class AkkaHttpVideoClient(youtubeUri: String, youtubeApiKey: String)  
  (implicit system: ActorSystem)  
  extends VideoClient[IO] {  
  def fetchVideoListResponse(videoId: String): IO[VideoListResponse] = {  
    implicit val materializer: ActorMaterializer = ActorMaterializer()  
    implicit val ec: ExecutionContextExecutor = system.dispatcher  
  
    IO.fromFuture(IO {  
      Http()  
        .singleRequest(  
          HttpRequest(  
            uri = s"$youtubeUri?part=statistics" +  
              s"&id=$videoId&key=$youtubeApiKey"  
          )  
        )  
        .flatMap(Unmarshal(_).to[youtube.VideoListResponse])  
      })  
    }  
  }
```



# algebra

```
trait VideoClient[F[_]] {  
  def fetchVideoListResponse(videoId: String): F[VideoListResponse]  
}
```

```
trait CollectionView[F[_]] {  
  def fetchCollection(id: String): F[Option[Collection]]  
}
```

```
trait Logging[F[_]] {  
  def info(msg: String): F[Unit]  
}
```

# interpreters

- AkkaHttp
- Hammock (Apache)
- Http4s

- InMem LinkedList
- InMem TrieMap

- Log All
- Max 1k/sec (dropping rest)

plug & play

Make it fast

# Warning

Do not perform any of the following stunts  
on **PRODUCTION**.



## We will use wrk

```
wrk -t1 -c16 -d30s --latency URL
```

16  
connections

1 thread

30 sec  
duration

# We will use async-profiler

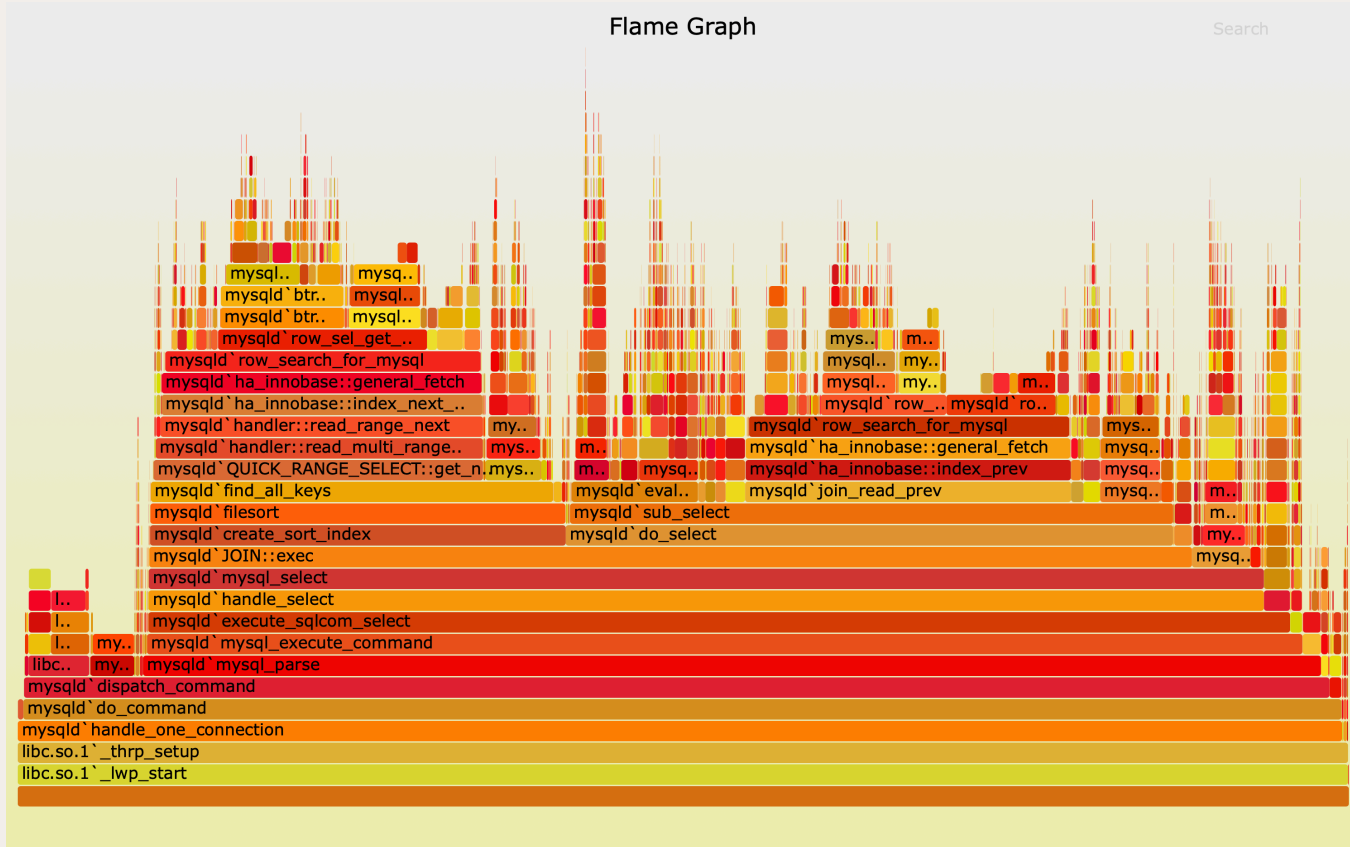
```
jps  
cd async-profiler  
./profiler.sh -d 10 -f <FILE> <PID>
```

## async-profiler

---

This project is a low overhead sampling profiler for Java that does not suffer from [Safepoint bias problem](#). It features HotSpot-specific APIs to collect stack traces and to track memory allocations. The profiler works with OpenJDK, Oracle JDK and other Java runtimes based on HotSpot JVM.

# We will use flame graphs



read  
from  
bottom

@miciek

<http://www.brendangregg.com/flamegraphs.html>

## Version 1

- akka-http (client + server)
- log all things
- in mem linked list state

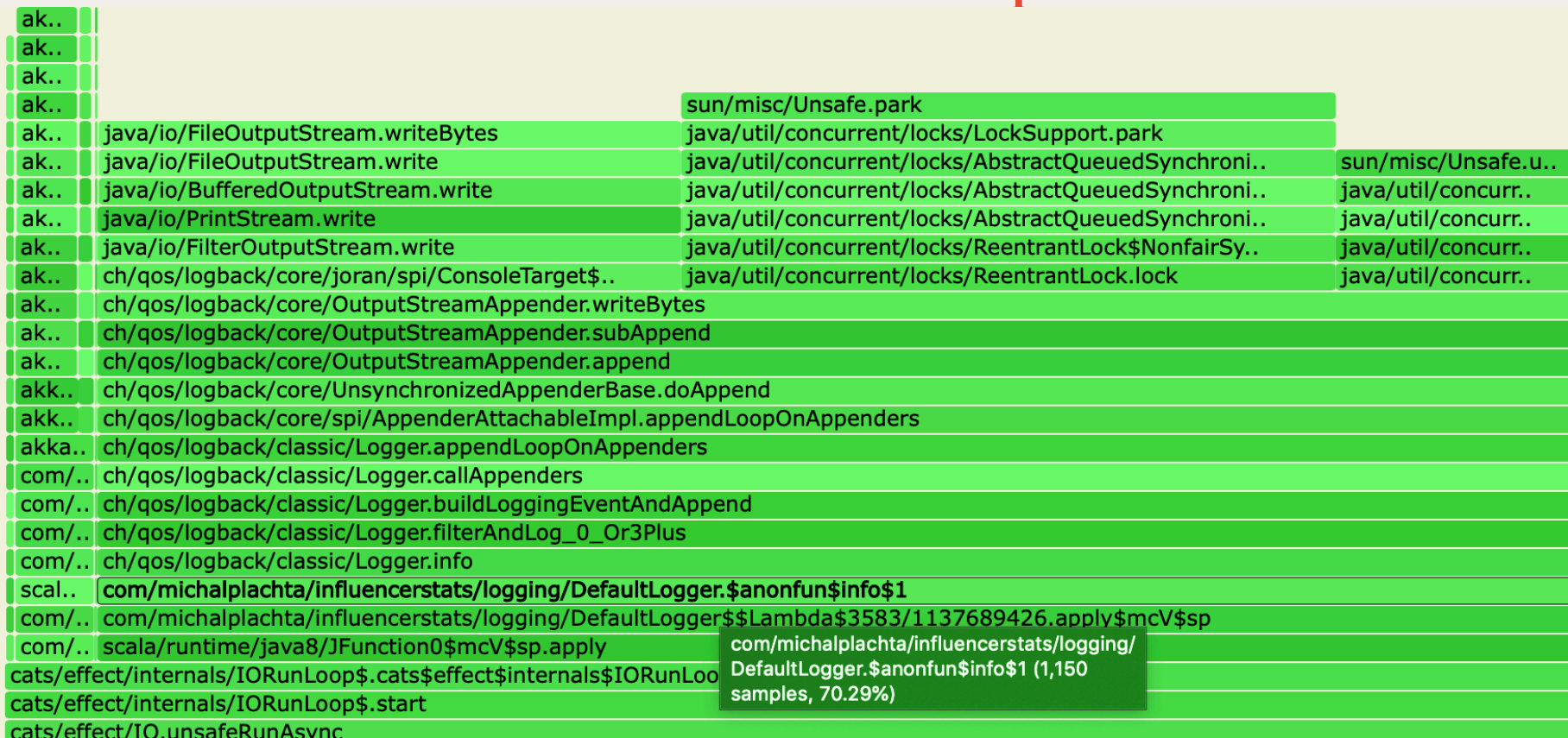
	# requests	99% latency	avg latency	req/s
Version 1	?	?ms	?ms	?

# Version 1 Results

	# requests	99% latency	avg latency	req/s
Version 1	8510	82.41ms	56.47ms	283.12



# Version 1 Flame Graph



## Version 2: Dropping logs

- don't change the logic
- just change the `Logger` interpreter
- dropping logs if the rate is  $> 1k$  per second

```
implicit val logging: Logging[I0] = new DefaultLogger[I0]
```



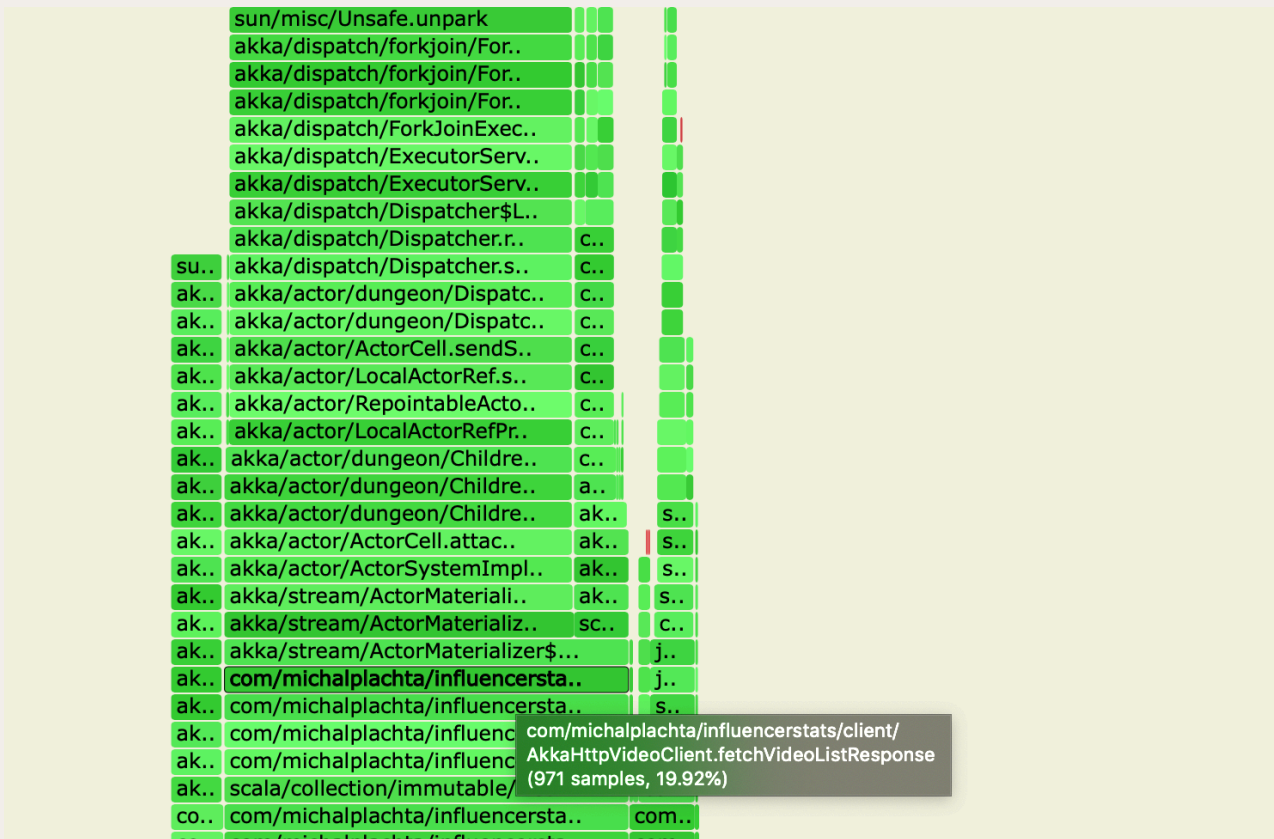
```
implicit val logging: Logging[I0] = new DroppingLogger[I0]
```

## Version 2 Results

DroppingLogger

	# requests	99% latency	avg latency	req/s
Version 1	8510	82.41ms	56.47ms	283.12
Version 2	89 757	62.53ms	6.94ms	2986.26

# Version 2 Flame Graph



## Version 3: Change the Video Client

- don't change the logic
- change the `VideoClient` type class instance

## Version 3 Results

	# requests	99% latency	avg latency	req/s
<b>Version 1</b>	8510	82.41ms	56.47ms	283.12
<b>Version 2</b>	89 757	62.53ms	6.94ms	2986.26
<b>Version 3</b>	96 564	13.05ms	5.06ms	3218.48

**DroppingLogger**

**Hammock (Apache)**

# Version 3 Flame Graph

scala..		org/apache/http/pool/AbstractConnPool.access\$200	org/ap..	org..	su..
scala..		org/apache/http/pool/AbstractConnPool\$2.get	org/ap..	org..	su..
scala/co..		org/apache/http/pool/AbstractConnPool\$2.get	org/ap..	org..	su..
scala/co..		org/apache/http/impl/conn/PoolingHttpClientConnectionManager.leaseConnec..	org/ap..	org..	ja..
scala/co..		org/apache/http/impl/conn/PoolingHttpClientConnectionManager\$1.get	org/apache/h..		ja..
scala/run..		org/apache/http/impl/execchain/MainClientExec.execute			ja..
com/micha..		org/apache/http/impl/execchain/ProtocolExec.execute			ja..
java/lang/S..		org/apache/http/impl/execchain/RetryExec.execute			ha..
java/lang/St..	h..	org/apache/http/impl/execchain/RedirectExec.execute			ha..
scala/Tuple2..	h..	org/apache/http/impl/client/InternalHttpClient.doExecute			sc..
java/lang/St..	c..	org/apache/http/impl/client/CloseableHttpClient.execute			hammo
java/lang/St..	c..	org/apache/http/impl/client/CloseableHttpClient.execute			hammo
n/michalplacht..	c..	org/apache/http/impl/client/CloseableHttpClient.execute			scala..
michalplachta..	ha..	hammock/jvm/Interpreter.\$anonfun\$doReq\$3			hammo
michalplachta..	ha..	hammock/jvm/Interpreter\$\$Lambda\$6307/172395272.apply			hammo
ernals/IORunLoop\$.cats\$effect\$internals\$IORunLoop\$\$loop					
ernals/IORunLoop\$.start		hammock/jvm/Interpreter\$			
unsafeRunAsync		\$Lambda\$6307/172395272.apply (2,080			
unsafeToFuture		samples, 54.78%)			
chta/influencerstats/server/akkahttp/AkkaHttpRoutes\$.anonfun\$getInfluencerResults\$3					
chta/influencerstats/server/akkahttp/AkkaHttpRoutes\$\$\$Lambda\$5784/86078017.apply					
dsl/server/directives/RouteDirectives.\$anonfun\$complete\$1					

## Version 4: Statistics Caching

- don't change the logic
- cache results and call logic in separate thread



## Version 4 Results

		# requests	99% latency	avg latency	req/s
	Version 1	8510	82.41ms	56.47ms	283.12
DroppingLogger	Version 2	89 757	62.53ms	6.94ms	2986.26
Hammock (Apache)	Version 3	96 564	13.05ms	5.06ms	3218.48
Stats Caching	Version 4	933 303	62.86ms	2.87ms	31 081.82





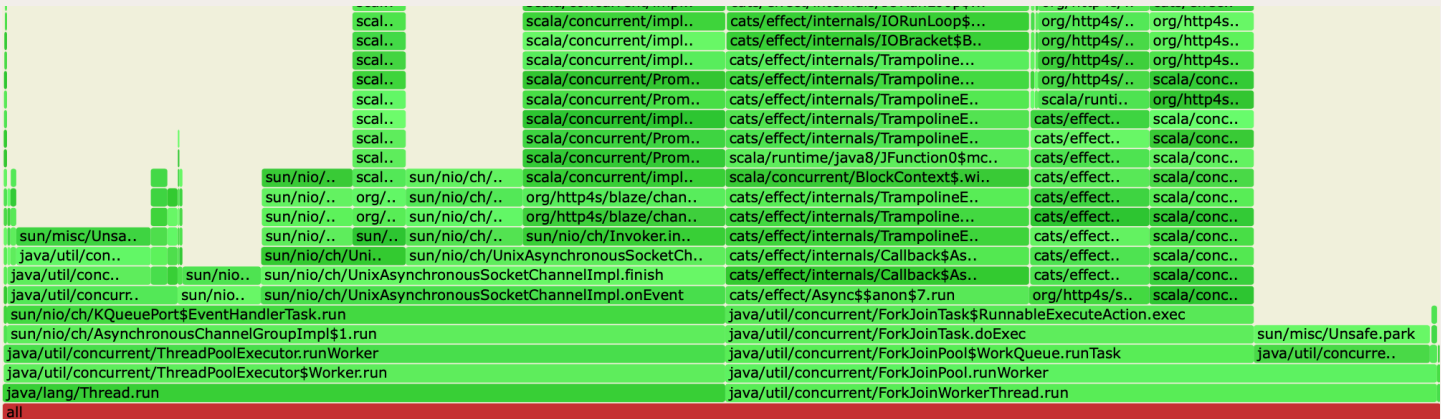
## Version 5: Change the Server

- don't change the logic
- change the underlying server from Akka HTTP to Http4s

## Version 5 Results

	# requests	99% latency	avg latency	req/s	
	Version 1	8510	82.41ms	56.47ms	283.12
DroppingLogger	Version 2	89 757	62.53ms	6.94ms	2986.26
Hammock (Apache)	Version 3	96 564	13.05ms	5.06ms	3218.48
Stats Caching	Version 4	933 303	62.86ms	2.87ms	31 081.82
Http4s Server	Version 5	1 158 664	9.05ms	555.80μs	38 596.24

# Version 5 Flame Graph



# Inventions That Already Exist

# Introducing...

## Pause Pod

**AT HOME**



**THE OFFICE**



**ON THE GO**



**OUTDOORS**







**Antoine Linguine**  
@aklingus



This is a tent. You invented a tent.

[Przetłumacz Tweeta](#)



**INSIDER**  @thisisinsider · 26 wrz 2017

Enter the Pause Pod. 🤖



5:58 AM · 29 wrz 2017 · [Tweetbot for iOS](#)

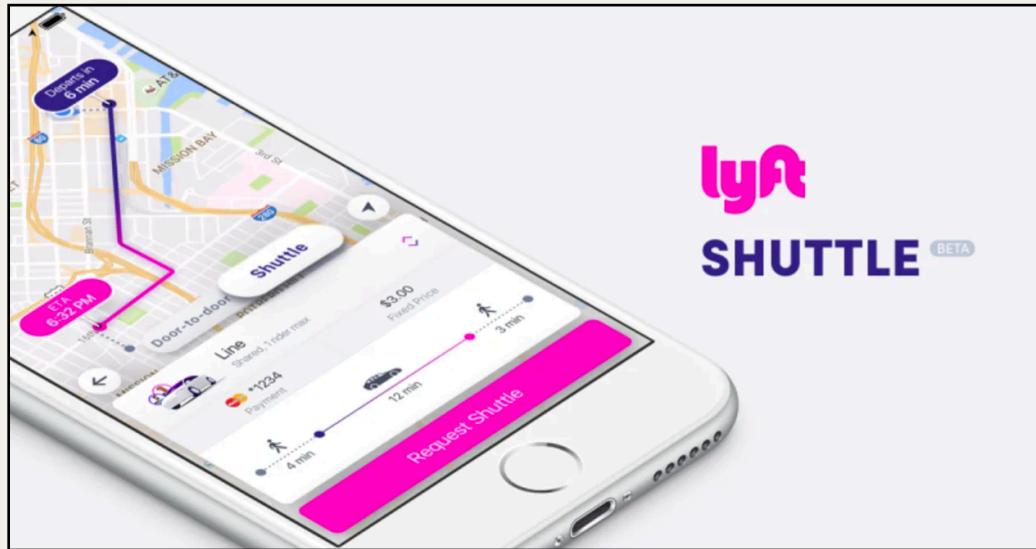
Introducing...

**Cheaper taxi that drives on fixed routes!**



Cheaper taxi that drives on fixed routes!

**This is a BUS. You invented a BUS.**



# Introducing...

## Algebras & Interpreters

```
def getStats[F[_]: Monad: CollectionView: VideoClient: Logging]  
  (collectionId: String): F[CollectionStats] = {  
  for {  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"trying to fetch $collectionId")  
    collection <- CollectionView[F].fetchCollection(collectionId)  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"fetches collection: $collection")  
    videoIds = collection.map(_.videos).getOrElse(List.empty)  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"going to make ${videoIds.size} fetches")  
    responses <- videoIds.map(VideoClient[F].fetchVideoListResponse).sequence  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"got responses: $responses")  
    items = responses.flatMap(responseToItems)  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"got list of influencer items: $items")  
  } yield calculate(items)  
}
```

## Algebras & Interpreters

**This is an INTERFACE. You invented an INTERFACE.**



# Scala FP

```
def getStats[F[_]: Monad: CollectionView: VideoClient: Logging]  
  (collectionId: String): F[CollectionStats] = {  
  for {  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"trying to fetch $collectionId")  
    collection <- CollectionView[F].fetchCollection(collectionId)  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"fetches collection: $collection")  
    videoIds = collection.map(_.videos).getOrElse(List.empty)  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"going to make ${videoIds.size} fetches")  
    responses <- videoIds.map(VideoClient[F].fetchVideoListResponse).sequence  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"got responses: $responses")  
    items = responses.flatMap(responseToItems)  
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"got list of influencer items: $items")  
  } yield calculate(items)  
}
```

# Java

```
public class Statistics {
    private CollectionView collectionView;
    private VideoClient videoClient;
    private Logging logging;

    public Statistics(CollectionView collectionView, VideoClient videoClient, Logging logging) {
        this.collectionView = collectionView;
        this.videoClient = videoClient;
        this.logging = logging;
    }

    public CompletableFuture<CollectionStats> getStats(String collectionId) {
        return logging.info("trying to fetch collection with id " + collectionId) CompletableFuture<Void>
            .thenCompose(ignored ->
                collectionView.fetchCollection(collectionId)
            ) CompletableFuture<Optional<Collection>>
            .thenCompose(collection ->
                logging.info("fetched collection: " + collection)
                .thenCompose(ignored -> {
                    List<String> videoIds = collection.map(c -> c.videos).orElse(emptyList());
                    return logging.info("going to make " + videoIds.size() + " fetches")
                        .thenCompose(ignored_ ->
                            sequence(videoIds
                                .stream()
                                .map(videoClient::fetchVideoListResponse).collect(toList()));
                        ))
                ) CompletableFuture<List<VideoListResponse>>
            .thenCompose(responses ->
                logging.info("got responses: " + responses)
                .thenCompose(ignored -> {
                    List<InfluencerItem> items = responses.stream().flatMap(r -> responseToItems(r).stream()).collect(toList());
                    return logging.info("got list of influencer items: " + items)
                        .thenApply(ignored_ -> calculate(items));
                })
            );
    }

    private static <T> CompletableFuture<List<T>> sequence(List<CompletableFuture<T>> futures) {
        return futures.stream() Stream<CompletableFuture<T>>
            .map(f -> f.thenApply(Stream::of)) Stream<CompletableFuture<Stream<T>>>
            .reduce((a, b) -> a.thenCompose(xs -> b.thenApply(ys -> concat(xs, ys)))) Optional<CompletableFuture<Stream<T>>>
            .map(f -> f.thenApply(s -> s.collect(toList()))) Optional<CompletableFuture<List<T>>>
            .orElse(completedFuture(emptyList()));
    }
}
```

# Interfaces



```
public interface VideoClient {  
    CompletableFuture<VideoListResponse> fetchVideoListResponse(String videoId);  
}
```

```
public interface CollectionView {  
    CompletableFuture<Optional<Collection>> fetchCollection(String id);  
}
```

```
public interface Logging {  
    CompletableFuture<Void> info(String msg);  
}
```



# Interfaces



```
public interface VideoClient {  
    CompletableFuture<VideoListResponse> fetchVideoListResponse(String videoId);  
}
```

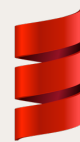
```
public interface CollectionView {  
    CompletableFuture<Optional<Collection>> fetchCollection(String id);  
}
```

```
public interface Logging {  
    CompletableFuture<Void> info(String msg);  
}
```

**difference:**

we need to choose the effect type 😞

# Algebras



```
trait VideoClient[F[_]] {  
  def fetchVideoListResponse(videoId: String): F[VideoListResponse]  
}
```

```
trait CollectionView[F[_]] {  
  def fetchCollection(id: String): F[Option[Collection]]  
}
```

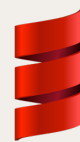
```
trait Logging[F[_]] {  
  def info(msg: String): F[Unit]  
}
```

# Dependencies



```
public class Statistics {  
    private CollectionView collectionView;  
    private VideoClient videoClient;  
    private Logging logging;  
  
    public Statistics(CollectionView collectionView, VideoClient videoClient, Logging logging) {  
        this.collectionView = collectionView;  
        this.videoClient = videoClient;  
        this.logging = logging;  
    }  
}
```

# Dependencies



```
def getStats[F[_]: Monad: CollectionView: VideoClient: Logging]
```

# Return type



```
public CompletableFuture<CollectionStats> getStats(String collectionId) {  
    return logging.info("trying to fetch collection with id " + collectionId)  
        .thenCompose(ignored ->  
            collectionView.fetchCollection(collectionId)  
        ) CompletableFuture<Optional<Collection>>  
        .thenCompose(collection ->
```

**difference:**

we need to choose the effect type 😞



# Abstracted effect type



```
def getStats[F[_]: Monad: CollectionView: VideoClient: Logging]
  (collectionId: String): F[CollectionStats] = {
  for {
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"trying to fetch $collectionId")
    collection <- CollectionView[F].fetchCollection(collectionId)
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"fetches collection: $collection")
    videoIds = collection.map(_.videos).getOrElse(List.empty)
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"going to make ${videoIds.size} fetches")
    responses <- videoIds.map(VideoClient[F].fetchVideoListResponse).sequence
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"got responses: $responses")
    items    = responses.flatMap(responseToItems)
    _      <- Logging[F].info(s"got list of influencer items: $items")
  } yield calculate(items)
}
```

# Specific effect type



```
public CompletableFuture<CollectionStats> getStats(String collectionId) {  
    return logging.info("trying to fetch collection with id " + collectionId)  
        .thenCompose(ignored ->  
            collectionView.fetchCollection(collectionId)  
        ) CompletableFuture<Optional<Collection>>  
        .thenCompose(collection ->
```



# Specific effect type



```
public CompletableFuture<CollectionStats> getStats(String collectionId) {  
    return logging.info("trying to fetch collection with id " + collectionId)  
        .thenCompose(ignored ->  
            collectionView.fetchCollection(collectionId)  
        ) CompletableFuture<Optional<Collection>>  
        .thenCompose(Statistics::sendHumanToMars)  
        .thenCompose(collection ->
```

# Too powerful effect type :(



```
public CompletableFuture<CollectionStats> getStats(String collectionId) {  
    return logging.info("trying to fetch collection with id " + collectionId)  
        .thenCompose(ignored ->  
            collectionView.fetchCollection(collectionId)  
        ) CompletableFuture<Optional<Collection>>  
        .thenCompose(Statistics::sendHumanToMars)  
        .thenCompose(collection ->
```



# Algebras & Interpreters

**Not an INTERFACE.**

**major difference:**

we can abstract over the effect type  
and constrain ourselves 🙏

using `F` instead of `CompletableFuture`...

# Conclusions

## What have we done?

- changed infrastructure details
- ...but our core logic (and tests) didn't need to change!

plug & play

`quickly replacing non-core-logic modules`

# Modularity / Separation of concerns

if we can..

replace the server implementation

replace the state implementation

replace the logging implementation

replace the video client implementation

add caching

without

changing the core logic (& tests)



PURE WIN!

## PURE

- ✓ Calculate Stats
- ✓ Collections algebra
- ✓ HTTP Client algebra
- ✓ Logging algebra
- ✓ **getStats algorithm on F**

just  $F[_]$

very constrained

**unit-tested**

## Side-effect'y

- ✓ Collections **interpreter**
- ✓ HTTP Web Server
- ✓ HTTP Client **interpreter**
- ✓ Collection storage **interpreter**
- ✓ Logging **interpreter**

Future, IO, ...

no constraints

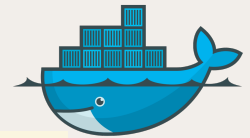
**integration-tested**

# Interpreters integration test





# Interpreters integration test



```
override val container =
  GenericContainer("miciek/influencer-stats-youtube:v1",
    exposedPorts = Seq(80), waitStrategy = Wait.forListeningPort)

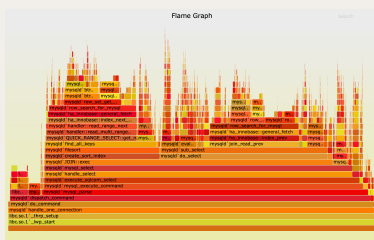
"AkkaHttpVideoClient" should {
  "be able to get response from Youtube" in new WithYoutubeServer {
    val videoClient: AkkaHttpVideoClient =
      new AkkaHttpVideoClient(youtubeUri, "test")(ActorSystem("test"))

    videoClient
      .fetchVideoListResponse("-4lB5EKS5Uk")
      .unsafeRunSync() should be(
        VideoListResponse(
          List(
            Video(VideoStatistics(viewCount = 261734, likeCount = 14237))
          )
        )
      )
  }
}
```



interpreter

response



You learned...

modularity (the  $\lambda$  way!)

# FAST & FUNCTIONAL

plug & play

simple real-world  
service in Scala



# Learn More

<https://github.com/miciek/influencer-stats>

miciek / influencer-stats

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Playground for measuring performance of functional programming tools in Scala. Gathers statistics about videos. Edit

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miciek Remove effects object and leave effect typeclass examples in main object Latest commit 913c08b 7 hours ago

flamegraphs	Rerun all tests and cut back to 5 versions, do some refactorings	13 hours ago
project	Add first version of the application which returns influencer results...	a month ago
src/main	Remove effects object and leave effect typeclass examples in main object	7 hours ago
youtube	Move back to v1 configuration and re-run tests again after all updates	2 days ago
.gitignore	Add first version of the application which returns influencer results...	a month ago
.scalafmt.conf	Add first version of the application which returns influencer results...	a month ago
LICENSE	Add first version of the application which returns influencer results...	a month ago
Makefile	Tweak test parameters	2 days ago
README.md	Rerun all tests and cut back to 5 versions, do some refactorings	13 hours ago
add_collections.sh	Move back to v1 configuration and re-run tests again after all updates	2 days ago
build.sbt	Move back to v1 and refactor TypeclassIntro a bit	7 hours ago

README.md

## Influencer Stats

This application gathers and aggregates stats for your influencer social media campaigns.

# FAST & FUNCTIONAL

Thanks!

REALITY  
GAMES

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