

# NEWS RELEASE

## BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

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## METROPOLITAN AREA EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT — AUGUST 2021

Unemployment rates were lower in August than a year earlier in 385 of the 389 metropolitan areas, higher in 3 areas, and unchanged in 1 area, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. A total of 43 areas had jobless rates of less than 3.0 percent and 4 areas had rates of at least 10.0 percent. Nonfarm payroll employment increased over the year in 104 metropolitan areas and was essentially unchanged in 285 areas. The national unemployment rate in August was 5.3 percent, not seasonally adjusted, down from 8.5 percent a year earlier.

This news release presents statistics from two monthly programs. The civilian labor force and unemployment data are based on the same concepts and definitions as those used for the national household survey estimates. These data pertain to individuals by where they reside. The employment data are from an establishment survey that measures nonfarm employment, hours, and earnings by industry. These data pertain to jobs on payrolls defined by where the establishments are located. For more information about the concepts and statistical methodologies used by these two programs, see the Technical Note.

### Metropolitan Area Unemployment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

In August, Lincoln, NE, and Grand Island, NE, had the lowest unemployment rates, 1.7 percent and 1.9 percent, respectively. El Centro, CA, had the highest rate, 19.4 percent. A total of 248 areas had August jobless rates below the U.S. rate of 5.3 percent, 131 areas had rates above it, and 10 areas had rates equal to that of the nation. (See table 1 and map 1.)

The largest over-the-year unemployment rate decrease in August occurred in Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, HI (-15.0 percentage points). Rates fell over the year by at least 5.0 percentage points in an additional 11 areas. No area had an unemployment rate increase greater than 0.4 percentage point.

Of the 51 metropolitan areas with a 2010 Census population of 1 million or more, Oklahoma City, OK, and Salt Lake City, UT, had the lowest jobless rates in August, 2.6 percent each. Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA, had the highest unemployment rate, 8.8 percent. All 51 large areas had over-the-year unemployment rate decreases. The largest jobless rate decline was in Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV (-8.7 percentage points). The smallest over-the-year rate decrease occurred in Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX (-1.6 percentage points).

## **Metropolitan Division Unemployment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)**

Eleven of the most populous metropolitan areas are made up of 38 metropolitan divisions, which are essentially separately identifiable employment centers. In August, Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, MI, had the lowest division unemployment rate, 3.0 percent, closely followed by Nashua, NH-MA, 3.1 percent. Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, CA, had the highest rate among the divisions, 9.7 percent. (See table 2.)

In August, all 38 metropolitan divisions had over-the-year unemployment rate decreases. Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, MI, had the largest rate decline (-8.5 percentage points). The smallest rate decreases occurred in Fort Worth-Arlington, TX (-1.5 percentage points), and Dallas-Plano-Irving, TX (-1.6 points).

## **Metropolitan Area Nonfarm Employment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)**

In August, 104 metropolitan areas had over-the-year increases in nonfarm payroll employment and 285 were essentially unchanged. The largest over-the-year employment increases occurred in New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ-PA (+463,600), Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA (+394,700), and Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX (+196,500). The largest over-the-year percentage gains in employment occurred in Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, HI (+22.5 percent), Ocean City, NJ (+20.0 percent), and Atlantic City-Hammonton, NJ (+10.3 percent). (See table 3 and map 2.)

Over the year, nonfarm employment increased in 50 metropolitan areas with a 2010 Census population of 1 million or more, while employment was essentially unchanged in 1 area. The largest over-the-year percentage increases in employment in these large metropolitan areas occurred in Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV (+9.7 percent), and Buffalo-Cheektowaga-Niagara Falls, NY, and Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA (+7.2 percent each).

## **Metropolitan Division Nonfarm Employment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)**

In August, nonfarm payroll employment increased in 27 metropolitan divisions and was essentially unchanged in 11 divisions over the year. The largest over-the-year increase in employment among the metropolitan divisions occurred in New York-Jersey City-White Plains, NY-NJ (+366,300), followed by Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, CA (+275,300), and Dallas-Plano-Irving, TX (+152,500). (See table 4.)

The largest over-the-year percentage increases in employment occurred in Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, CA (+8.1 percent), San Rafael, CA (+7.2 percent), and Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, CA (+6.9 percent).

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**The State Employment and Unemployment news release for September is scheduled to be released on Friday, October 22, 2021, at 10:00 a.m. (ET). The Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment news release for September is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, November 3, 2021, at 10:00 a.m. (ET).**

## **Coronavirus (COVID-19) Pandemic Impact on August 2021 Establishment and Household Survey Data**

Data collection for both surveys was affected by the pandemic. In the establishment survey, more data continued to be collected by web than in months prior to the pandemic. In the household survey, for the safety of both interviewers and respondents, in-person interviews were conducted only when telephone interviews could not be done.

For information on the modifications made to the Current Employment Statistics (CES) estimation and methodological procedures due to the impact of COVID-19, see [www.bls.gov/web/empsit/cesbd.htm](http://www.bls.gov/web/empsit/cesbd.htm).

For the August 2021 estimates of household employment and unemployment from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program, BLS continued to implement level-shift outliers in the employment and/or unemployment inputs to the state models, based on statistical evaluation of movements in each area's inputs. These level shifts preserved movements in the published estimates that the models otherwise would have discounted, without requiring changes to how the models create estimates at other points in the time series.

The "Frequently asked questions" document at [www.bls.gov/covid19/employment-situation-covid19-faq-august-2021.htm](http://www.bls.gov/covid19/employment-situation-covid19-faq-august-2021.htm) extensively discusses the impact of a misclassification in the household survey on the national estimates for August 2021. Despite the considerable decline in its degree relative to prior months, this misclassification continued to be widespread geographically, with BLS analysis indicating that most states again were affected to at least some extent, which in turn affected the official LAUS estimates for August 2021.

Household data for substate areas are controlled to the employment and unemployment totals for their respective model-based areas. Hence, the preliminary August and revised July estimates for substate areas reflect the use of level-shift outliers, where implemented, in the inputs for their model-based control areas. The substate area estimates also were impacted by misclassification in the household survey, in proportion to the impacts of the misclassifications on the data for their model-based control areas.

Household data for Puerto Rico are not modeled, but rather are derived from a monthly household survey similar to the Current Population Survey. The Puerto Rico Department of Labor has reported a misclassification in its household survey similar in nature to the misclassification in the Current Population Survey, which has affected the local area data proportionally.

## Technical Note

**Special technical note:** This technical note describes the procedures regularly used on a monthly basis to develop estimates from the CES survey and the LAUS program. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, some of the procedures described in this technical note have been modified. The modifications are briefly described in the box note of this news release. More information on the changes to the CES business birth-death model is available at [www.bls.gov/web/emp/sit/cesbd.htm](http://www.bls.gov/web/emp/sit/cesbd.htm).

This news release presents civilian labor force and unemployment data from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program (tables 1 and 2) for 389 metropolitan statistical areas and metropolitan New England City and Town Areas (NECTAs), plus 7 areas in Puerto Rico. Estimates for 38 metropolitan and NECTA divisions also are presented. Nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program (tables 3 and 4) are provided for the same areas. State estimates were previously published in the news release *State Employment and Unemployment*, and are republished in this news release for ease of reference. The LAUS and CES programs are both federal-state cooperative endeavors.

### Civilian labor force and unemployment—from the LAUS program

**Definitions.** The civilian labor force and unemployment data are based on the same concepts and definitions as those used for the official national estimates obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of households that is conducted for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the U.S. Census Bureau. The LAUS program measures employed persons and unemployed persons on a place-of-residence basis. The universe for each is the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and older. *Employed* persons are those who did any work at all for pay or profit in the reference week (typically the week including the 12th of the month) or worked 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or farm, plus those not working who had a job from which they were temporarily absent, whether or not paid, for such reasons as labor-management dispute, illness, or vacation. *Unemployed* persons are those who were not employed during the reference week (based on the definition above), had actively looked for a job sometime in the 4-week period ending with the reference week, and were currently available for work; persons on layoff expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The *civilian labor force* is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. The *unemployment rate* is the number of unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

**Method of estimation.** Estimates for states, the District of Columbia, the Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale metropolitan division, and New York City are produced using time-series models with real-time benchmarking to national CPS totals. Model-based estimates are also produced for the

following areas and their respective balances: the Chicago-Naperville-Arlington Heights, IL Metropolitan Division; Cleveland-Elyria, OH Metropolitan Statistical Area; Detroit-Warren-Dearborn, MI Metropolitan Statistical Area; Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, FL Metropolitan Division; and Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA Metropolitan Division. Modeling improves the statistical basis of the estimation for these areas and provides important tools for analysis, such as measures of errors and seasonally adjusted series. For all other substate areas in this news release, estimates are prepared through indirect estimation procedures using a building-block approach. Estimates of employed persons, which are based largely on “place of work” estimates from the CES program, are adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Unemployment estimates are aggregates of persons previously employed in industries covered by state Unemployment Insurance (UI) laws and entrants to the labor force from the CPS. The substate estimates of employment and unemployment, which geographically exhaust the entire state, are adjusted proportionally to ensure that they add to the independently estimated model-based area totals. A detailed description of the estimation procedures is available from BLS upon request.

**Annual revisions.** Civilian labor force and unemployment data shown for the prior year reflect adjustments made at the beginning of each year, usually implemented with the issuance of January estimates. The adjusted model-based estimates typically reflect updated population data from the U.S. Census Bureau, any revisions in other input data sources, and model re-estimation. All substate estimates then are re-estimated using updated inputs and adjusted to add to the revised model-based totals. In early 2021, a new generation of time-series models was implemented, resulting in the replacement of data back to the series beginnings.

### Employment—from the CES program

**Definitions.** Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2017 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

**Method of estimation.** CES State and Area employment data are produced using several estimation procedures. Where possible these data are produced using a “weighted link relative” estimation technique in which a ratio of current-month weighted employment to that of the previous-month weighted employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are then obtained by multiplying these ratios by

the previous month's employment estimates. The weighted link relative technique is utilized for data series where the sample size meets certain statistical criteria.

For some employment series, the sample of establishments is very small or highly variable. In these cases, a model-based approach is used in estimation. These models use the direct sample estimates (described above), combined with forecasts of historical (benchmarked) data to decrease volatility in estimation. Two different models (Fay-Herriot Model and Small Domain Model) are used depending on the industry level being estimated. For more detailed information about each model, refer to the BLS Handbook of Methods.

**Annual revisions.** Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports that are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

**Seasonal adjustment.** Payroll employment data are seasonally adjusted for states, metropolitan areas, and metropolitan divisions at the total nonfarm level. For states, data are seasonally adjusted at the supersector level as well. Revisions to historical data for the most recent 5 years are made once a year, coincident with annual benchmark adjustments.

Payroll employment data are seasonally adjusted concurrently, using all available estimates, including those for the current month, to develop sample-based seasonal factors. Concurrent sample-based factors are created every month for the current month's preliminary estimate as well as the previous month's final estimate.

## Reliability of the estimates

The estimates presented in this news release are based on sample surveys, administrative data, and modeling and, thus, are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data also are subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the specific estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding.

## Use of error measures

**Civilian labor force and unemployment estimates.** Measures of sampling error are not available for metropolitan areas or metropolitan divisions. Model-based error measures for states are available on the BLS website at [www.bls.gov/lau/lastderr.htm](http://www.bls.gov/lau/lastderr.htm). Measures of nonsampling error are not available for the areas contained in this news release. Information on recent data revisions for states and local areas is available online at [www.bls.gov/lau/launews1.htm](http://www.bls.gov/lau/launews1.htm).

**Employment estimates.** Changes in metropolitan area nonfarm payroll employment are cited in the analysis of this news release only if they have been determined to be statistically significant at the 90-percent confidence level. Measures of sampling error for the total nonfarm employment series are available for metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions at [www.bls.gov/web/laus/790stderr.htm](http://www.bls.gov/web/laus/790stderr.htm). Measures of sampling error for more detailed series at the area and division level are available upon request. Measures of sampling error for states at the supersector level and for the private service-providing, goods-producing, total private and total nonfarm levels are available on the BLS website at [www.bls.gov/web/laus/790stderr.htm](http://www.bls.gov/web/laus/790stderr.htm). Information on recent benchmark revisions is available online at [www.bls.gov/web/laus/benchmark.pdf](http://www.bls.gov/web/laus/benchmark.pdf).

## Area definitions

The substate area data published in this news release reflect the delineations issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on April 10, 2018. Data reflect New England City and Town Area (NECTA) definitions, rather than county-based definitions, in the six New England States. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available online at [www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm](http://www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm).

## Additional information

Estimates of unadjusted and seasonally adjusted civilian labor force and unemployment data for states and seven substate areas are available in the news release *State Employment and Unemployment*. Estimates of civilian labor force and unemployment for all states, metropolitan areas, counties, cities with a population of 25,000 or more, and other areas used in the administration of various federal economic assistance programs are available online at [www.bls.gov/lau/](http://www.bls.gov/lau/). Employment data from the CES program are available on the BLS website at [www.bls.gov/sae/](http://www.bls.gov/sae/).

Information in this news release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.















**LABOR FORCE DATA  
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**Table 1. Civilian labor force and unemployment by state and metropolitan area — Continued**

State and area	Civilian labor force				Unemployed								
	July		August		Number				Percent of labor force				
	2020	2021	2020	2021 <sup>P</sup>	July		August		July		August		
					2020	2021	2020	2021 <sup>P</sup>	2020	2021	2020	2021 <sup>P</sup>	
Wisconsin - Continued													
Eau Claire.....	91,073	94,884	91,817	95,104	6,153	3,309	4,905	3,291	6.8	3.5	5.3	3.5	
Fond du Lac.....	56,771	59,032	56,047	58,291	3,514	2,044	2,577	2,029	6.2	3.5	4.6	3.5	
Green Bay.....	173,382	177,536	172,652	176,468	11,835	6,404	9,323	6,345	6.8	3.6	5.4	3.6	
Janesville-Beloit.....	86,467	88,907	85,597	87,351	7,239	4,401	5,447	3,956	8.4	5.0	6.4	4.5	
La Crosse-Onalaska.....	74,932	76,872	74,487	76,107	4,491	2,326	3,595	2,367	6.0	3.0	4.8	3.1	
Madison.....	386,635	398,205	385,169	395,064	22,650	12,399	18,137	12,255	5.9	3.1	4.7	3.1	
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis.....	820,398	839,462	818,592	832,861	72,193	42,277	58,713	40,802	8.8	5.0	7.2	4.9	
Oshkosh-Neenah.....	92,058	95,699	91,881	94,360	5,722	3,363	4,454	3,357	6.2	3.5	4.8	3.6	
Racine.....	98,665	100,654	98,079	99,613	8,131	5,245	6,690	5,126	8.2	5.2	6.8	5.1	
Sheboygan.....	62,517	65,015	62,001	64,332	3,965	2,116	2,960	2,077	6.3	3.3	4.8	3.2	
Wausau.....	72,649	75,123	72,205	74,303	4,120	2,465	3,158	2,418	5.7	3.3	4.4	3.3	
Wyoming.....	301,260	296,818	299,955	294,925	20,340	13,098	17,661	10,969	6.8	4.4	5.9	3.7	
Casper.....	41,181	40,359	40,891	39,817	4,096	2,342	3,683	2,003	9.9	5.8	9.0	5.0	
Cheyenne.....	51,335	50,861	51,100	50,171	2,892	2,016	2,482	1,665	5.6	4.0	4.9	3.3	
Puerto Rico.....	1,062,180	1,071,440	1,069,818	1,087,221	77,104	98,980	90,330	99,221	7.3	9.2	8.4	9.1	
Aguadilla-Isabela.....	82,850	84,695	84,002	86,731	6,509	9,271	7,574	9,105	7.9	10.9	9.0	10.5	
Arecibo.....	50,922	51,920	51,598	53,114	3,775	4,808	4,266	4,849	7.4	9.3	8.3	9.1	
Guayama.....	19,208	19,936	19,550	19,987	1,299	2,089	1,491	2,025	6.8	10.5	7.6	10.1	
Mayaguez.....	26,254	26,805	26,422	27,263	1,860	2,842	2,181	2,819	7.1	10.6	8.3	10.3	
Ponce.....	87,305	90,633	88,013	92,177	6,477	10,278	7,724	10,420	7.4	11.3	8.8	11.3	
San German.....	32,764	35,199	33,466	35,850	2,447	4,054	2,953	4,068	7.5	11.5	8.8	11.3	
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas.....	723,617	721,640	726,215	730,074	51,731	60,532	60,574	60,736	7.1	8.4	8.3	8.3	

<sup>1</sup> For operational reasons, these interstate areas are listed under the state that accounts for the larger share of the population, which is different from the state that contains the first principal city.

<sup>2</sup> The area boundary does not reflect the Office of Management and Budget delineation.

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NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Data for Puerto Rico are derived from a monthly household survey similar to the Current Population Survey. Area delineations are based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 18-03, dated April 10, 2018, and are available on the BLS website at <https://www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm>. Areas in the six New England states are Metropolitan New England City and Town Areas (NECTAs), while areas in other states are county-based. Some metropolitan areas lie in two or more states. They are listed under the state containing the first principal city, unless otherwise footnoted. Estimates for the latest month are subject to revision the following month.



**ESTABLISHMENT DATA  
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted**  
[In thousands]

State and area	July		August		Change from August 2020 to August 2021 <sup>P</sup>	
	2020	2021	2020	2021 <sup>P</sup>	Number	Percent
Alabama.....	1,950.8	2,022.6	1,969.9	2,024.1	54.2	2.8
Anniston-Oxford-Jacksonville.....	44.9	45.7	45.4	46.4	1.0	2.2
Auburn-Opelika.....	62.2	64.9	64.0	66.3	2.3	3.6
Birmingham-Hoover.....	510.5	538.1	515.2	536.6	21.4	4.2
Daphne-Fairhope-Foley.....	78.3	85.1	78.0	83.4	5.4	6.9
Decatur.....	55.7	57.3	56.0	57.2	1.2	2.1
Dothan.....	57.2	59.8	57.4	59.7	2.3	4.0
Florence-Muscle Shoals.....	53.7	54.2	54.8	55.0	0.2	0.4
Gadsden.....	32.8	33.7	33.3	33.4	0.1	0.3
Huntsville.....	237.1	249.0	240.0	248.1	8.1	3.4
Mobile.....	173.4	179.5	175.8	179.0	3.2	1.8
Montgomery.....	166.1	170.2	167.7	169.9	2.2	1.3
Tuscaloosa.....	101.3	104.3	103.1	105.5	2.4	2.3
Alaska.....	307.6	326.7	308.9	322.0	13.1	4.2
Anchorage.....	163.1	170.5	163.2	169.5	6.3	3.9
Fairbanks.....	34.8	37.8	36.0	37.5	1.5	4.2
Arizona.....	2,725.6	2,912.3	2,803.5	2,965.9	162.4	5.8
Flagstaff.....	60.3	64.9	62.5	65.8	3.3	5.3
Lake Havasu City-Kingman.....	50.2	53.0	51.0	53.4	2.4	4.7
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale.....	2,029.8	2,185.1	2,082.9	2,217.3	134.4	6.5
Prescott.....	61.8	66.7	63.4	68.4	5.0	7.9
Sierra Vista-Douglas.....	33.7	34.8	34.5	35.4	0.9	2.6
Tucson.....	354.0	370.6	365.1	379.9	14.8	4.1
Yuma.....	52.1	56.0	53.9	57.5	3.6	6.7
Arkansas.....	1,208.1	1,257.2	1,226.9	1,259.2	32.3	2.6
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers.....	253.5	272.2	257.4	275.1	17.7	6.9
Fort Smith.....	105.7	109.6	108.1	110.5	2.4	2.2
Hot Springs.....	37.3	38.8	37.5	38.4	0.9	2.4
Jonesboro.....	56.6	59.0	57.3	59.3	2.0	3.5
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway.....	339.3	352.5	344.2	352.6	8.4	2.4
Pine Bluff.....	30.5	31.2	31.1	31.6	0.5	1.6
California.....	15,567.9	16,432.4	15,691.7	16,580.9	889.2	5.7
Bakersfield.....	248.3	255.1	254.3	260.6	6.3	2.5
Chico.....	70.2	74.3	72.1	74.7	2.6	3.6
El Centro.....	46.5	49.7	48.0	50.8	2.8	5.8
Fresno.....	337.5	350.0	342.0	352.3	10.3	3.0
Hanford-Corcoran.....	38.8	39.3	39.1	39.5	0.4	1.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim.....	5,417.1	5,776.2	5,444.2	5,838.9	394.7	7.2
Madera.....	37.9	38.1	38.5	39.6	1.1	2.9
Merced.....	62.7	68.0	65.4	71.6	6.2	9.5
Modesto.....	169.2	179.5	172.7	180.8	8.1	4.7
Napa.....	64.6	68.1	65.2	69.4	4.2	6.4
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura.....	281.6	294.5	284.1	296.2	12.1	4.3
Redding.....	64.2	66.3	65.6	68.1	2.5	3.8
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario.....	1,438.3	1,519.3	1,459.1	1,524.8	65.7	4.5
Sacramento--Roseville--Arden-Arcade.....	949.9	986.1	952.7	994.0	41.3	4.3
Salinas.....	128.3	135.4	130.9	136.9	6.0	4.6
San Diego-Carlsbad.....	1,338.7	1,402.0	1,348.1	1,407.3	59.2	4.4
San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward.....	2,190.3	2,296.4	2,201.9	2,309.2	107.3	4.9
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara.....	1,052.5	1,091.7	1,058.1	1,099.7	41.6	3.9
San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grande.....	105.5	106.7	105.2	106.2	1.0	1.0
Santa Cruz-Watsonville.....	91.0	92.1	90.7	92.9	2.2	2.4
Santa Maria-Santa Barbara.....	176.5	182.9	177.2	184.2	7.0	4.0
Santa Rosa.....	186.0	193.8	187.9	196.4	8.5	4.5
Stockton-Lodi.....	236.3	244.9	241.3	250.8	9.5	3.9
Vallejo-Fairfield.....	129.7	134.3	129.8	135.8	6.0	4.6
Visalia-Porterville.....	120.6	122.9	122.6	125.6	3.0	2.4
Yuba City.....	44.8	45.4	45.4	46.6	1.2	2.6
Colorado.....	2,605.3	2,749.3	2,632.0	2,752.2	120.2	4.6

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA  
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted — Continued**  
[In thousands]

State and area	July		August		Change from August 2020 to August 2021 <sup>P</sup>	
	2020	2021	2020	2021 <sup>P</sup>	Number	Percent
Colorado - Continued						
Boulder.....	179.6	190.7	183.5	193.3	9.8	5.3
Colorado Springs.....	289.2	305.5	291.2	305.6	14.4	4.9
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood.....	1,436.3	1,524.2	1,447.8	1,526.7	78.9	5.4
Fort Collins.....	162.0	167.5	165.0	169.2	4.2	2.5
Grand Junction.....	60.8	62.7	62.2	63.7	1.5	2.4
Greeley.....	101.0	105.6	103.1	106.4	3.3	3.2
Pueblo.....	61.1	62.6	61.5	62.8	1.3	2.1
Connecticut.....	1,517.3	1,599.9	1,536.1	1,595.4	59.3	3.9
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk.....	362.9	379.4	364.7	377.9	13.2	3.6
Danbury.....	68.9	73.1	70.6	72.4	1.8	2.5
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford.....	525.3	544.9	531.0	544.6	13.6	2.6
New Haven.....	269.7	287.3	274.0	285.6	11.6	4.2
Norwich-New London-Westerly.....	112.3	117.8	114.1	117.4	3.3	2.9
Waterbury.....	60.3	65.8	61.8	65.3	3.5	5.7
Delaware.....	438.0	458.1	440.1	455.8	15.7	3.6
Dover.....	66.3	69.0	66.7	68.6	1.9	2.8
Salisbury <sup>1</sup> .....	161.3	172.6	161.0	170.8	9.8	6.1
District of Columbia.....	735.4	762.4	729.7	748.2	18.5	2.5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria.....	3,077.8	3,214.5	3,103.2	3,204.9	101.7	3.3
Florida.....	8,252.1	8,657.0	8,347.5	8,753.2	405.7	4.9
Cape Coral-Fort Myers.....	258.2	268.6	260.8	270.9	10.1	3.9
Crestview-Fort Walton Beach-Destin.....	117.6	119.1	117.5	118.5	1.0	0.9
Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach.....	193.9	201.8	197.8	203.1	5.3	2.7
Gainesville.....	136.2	142.0	138.4	142.5	4.1	3.0
Homosassa Springs.....	30.6	31.9	31.9	32.7	0.8	2.5
Jacksonville.....	691.7	727.8	699.9	729.2	29.3	4.2
Lakeland-Winter Haven.....	231.3	241.6	237.1	244.5	7.4	3.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach.....	2,455.6	2,580.6	2,471.8	2,605.7	133.9	5.4
Naples-Immokalee-Marco Island.....	142.1	149.9	143.7	151.9	8.2	5.7
North Port-Sarasota-Bradenton.....	290.7	307.3	294.2	309.2	15.0	5.1
Ocala.....	102.5	107.6	104.3	108.3	4.0	3.8
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford.....	1,144.4	1,218.8	1,162.4	1,236.4	74.0	6.4
Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville.....	221.5	230.8	224.5	233.3	8.8	3.9
Panama City.....	78.8	81.8	78.8	82.2	3.4	4.3
Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent.....	180.0	185.4	182.1	187.4	5.3	2.9
Port St. Lucie.....	147.9	156.7	149.1	157.6	8.5	5.7
Punta Gorda.....	46.8	48.5	47.7	49.1	1.4	2.9
Sebastian-Vero Beach.....	50.1	52.7	50.8	53.2	2.4	4.7
Sebring.....	23.9	24.8	24.4	25.5	1.1	4.5
Tallahassee.....	172.6	176.4	176.1	177.3	1.2	0.7
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater.....	1,310.7	1,382.0	1,330.2	1,397.8	67.6	5.1
The Villages.....	30.5	30.6	31.1	31.5	0.4	1.3
Georgia.....	4,295.1	4,547.5	4,361.9	4,558.1	196.2	4.5
Albany.....	58.8	59.8	59.4	59.5	0.1	0.2
Athens-Clarke County.....	88.2	91.7	91.1	92.6	1.5	1.6
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell.....	2,628.9	2,790.8	2,668.8	2,793.1	124.3	4.7
Augusta-Richmond County.....	228.9	237.7	232.2	237.5	5.3	2.3
Brunswick.....	41.6	43.9	41.8	43.6	1.8	4.3
Columbus.....	114.9	116.5	116.1	117.6	1.5	1.3
Dalton.....	62.6	65.1	63.6	64.9	1.3	2.0
Gainesville.....	90.5	94.4	91.7	94.7	3.0	3.3
Hinesville.....	20.1	20.6	20.4	20.9	0.5	2.5
Macon-Bibb County.....	95.8	100.8	97.3	100.8	3.5	3.6
Rome.....	39.4	40.6	39.6	40.6	1.0	2.5
Savannah.....	175.1	192.9	178.8	193.2	14.4	8.1
Valdosta.....	53.7	56.3	54.3	56.7	2.4	4.4
Warner Robins.....	75.3	78.2	75.4	78.4	3.0	4.0
Hawaii.....	521.4	574.6	519.1	571.0	51.9	10.0

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA  
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted — Continued**  
[In thousands]

State and area	July		August		Change from August 2020 to August 2021 <sup>P</sup>	
	2020	2021	2020	2021 <sup>P</sup>	Number	Percent
Hawaii - Continued						
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina.....	52.7	63.9	52.5	64.3	11.8	22.5
Urban Honolulu.....	388.6	423.1	385.9	420.5	34.6	9.0
Idaho.....	759.0	800.8	762.2	793.3	31.1	4.1
Boise City.....	343.0	364.0	344.9	360.6	15.7	4.6
Coeur d'Alene.....	69.4	73.8	69.6	73.2	3.6	5.2
Idaho Falls.....	72.4	76.4	72.7	75.6	2.9	4.0
Lewiston.....	28.1	29.0	28.2	29.0	0.8	2.8
Pocatello.....	36.5	39.4	36.8	39.3	2.5	6.8
Twin Falls.....	46.3	48.4	46.9	47.8	0.9	1.9
Illinois.....	5,578.1	5,822.8	5,652.4	5,817.3	164.9	2.9
Bloomington.....	85.0	85.8	87.0	86.5	-0.5	-0.6
Carbondale-Marion.....	53.5	55.3	53.7	55.2	1.5	2.8
Champaign-Urbana.....	105.9	109.6	105.7	108.7	3.0	2.8
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin.....	4,325.6	4,504.4	4,376.1	4,494.5	118.4	2.7
Danville.....	25.8	26.4	25.6	26.2	0.6	2.3
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island <sup>1</sup> .....	170.2	177.8	172.0	177.4	5.4	3.1
Decatur.....	46.1	47.8	47.2	48.2	1.0	2.1
Kankakee.....	42.2	43.2	42.4	43.0	0.6	1.4
Peoria.....	158.7	165.5	160.7	165.4	4.7	2.9
Rockford.....	136.7	136.8	138.4	140.4	2.0	1.4
Springfield.....	100.0	103.6	101.6	105.2	3.6	3.5
Indiana.....	2,934.9	3,044.5	2,998.6	3,071.1	72.5	2.4
Bloomington.....	68.7	70.8	72.9	74.6	1.7	2.3
Columbus.....	48.7	51.2	50.0	51.9	1.9	3.8
Elkhart-Goshen.....	128.2	141.1	131.9	141.8	9.9	7.5
Evansville.....	148.6	149.8	150.2	148.6	-1.6	-1.1
Fort Wayne.....	212.8	219.7	217.7	217.9	0.2	0.1
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson.....	1,029.8	1,068.4	1,048.8	1,081.9	33.1	3.2
Kokomo.....	37.2	37.6	37.9	38.3	0.4	1.1
Lafayette-West Lafayette.....	93.3	99.1	95.9	100.7	4.8	5.0
Michigan City-La Porte.....	38.8	39.6	39.0	40.1	1.1	2.8
Muncie.....	45.0	46.5	45.7	47.0	1.3	2.8
South Bend-Mishawaka.....	131.3	138.9	133.1	138.4	5.3	4.0
Terre Haute.....	62.1	62.2	63.0	63.2	0.2	0.3
Iowa.....	1,481.9	1,536.4	1,487.3	1,527.5	40.2	2.7
Ames.....	45.7	47.0	49.1	50.4	1.3	2.6
Cedar Rapids.....	134.2	136.9	133.0	135.7	2.7	2.0
Des Moines-West Des Moines.....	353.2	372.5	353.8	370.9	17.1	4.8
Dubuque.....	56.3	58.9	56.8	58.4	1.6	2.8
Iowa City.....	94.0	94.0	94.5	93.5	-1.0	-1.1
Sioux City.....	83.2	85.4	83.5	84.2	0.7	0.8
Waterloo-Cedar Falls.....	83.8	85.2	84.5	84.4	-0.1	-0.1
Kansas.....	1,327.6	1,365.2	1,348.9	1,374.6	25.7	1.9
Lawrence.....	43.8	46.4	47.7	49.4	1.7	3.6
Manhattan.....	35.0	35.5	38.4	37.6	-0.8	-2.1
Topeka.....	106.5	109.0	107.4	109.3	1.9	1.8
Wichita.....	279.0	283.8	283.9	287.8	3.9	1.4
Kentucky.....	1,798.4	1,852.2	1,831.5	1,882.1	50.6	2.8
Bowling Green.....	69.6	71.3	71.8	72.8	1.0	1.4
Elizabethtown-Fort Knox.....	52.4	52.8	52.0	53.1	1.1	2.1
Lexington-Fayette.....	259.0	265.1	263.5	267.1	3.6	1.4
Louisville/Jefferson County.....	625.9	649.1	637.4	659.8	22.4	3.5
Owensboro.....	49.8	49.7	50.1	50.0	-0.1	-0.2
Louisiana.....	1,773.9	1,838.1	1,799.1	1,841.1	42.0	2.3
Alexandria.....	58.8	60.4	59.1	60.2	1.1	1.9
Baton Rouge.....	368.1	382.8	378.1	384.6	6.5	1.7
Hammond.....	43.9	45.7	44.6	45.9	1.3	2.9
Houma-Thibodaux.....	79.5	82.8	80.4	82.9	2.5	3.1

See footnotes at end of table.



**ESTABLISHMENT DATA  
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted — Continued**  
[In thousands]

State and area	July		August		Change from August 2020 to August 2021 <sup>P</sup>	
	2020	2021	2020	2021 <sup>P</sup>	Number	Percent
Louisiana - Continued						
Lafayette.....	186.6	192.6	187.5	191.9	4.4	2.3
Lake Charles.....	95.4	93.5	93.1	93.1	0.0	0.0
Monroe.....	72.8	74.2	73.4	73.7	0.3	0.4
New Orleans-Metairie.....	506.4	527.4	515.2	527.9	12.7	2.5
Shreveport-Bossier City.....	163.9	168.7	165.3	168.8	3.5	2.1
Maine.....	593.5	640.3	600.6	638.2	37.6	6.3
Bangor.....	62.4	65.2	62.9	64.3	1.4	2.2
Lewiston-Auburn.....	48.3	49.9	48.6	50.0	1.4	2.9
Portland-South Portland.....	196.5	212.6	199.7	214.5	14.8	7.4
Maryland.....	2,534.8	2,669.2	2,543.0	2,670.6	127.6	5.0
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson.....	1,305.2	1,371.0	1,304.7	1,372.5	67.8	5.2
California-Lexington Park.....	46.2	48.2	46.4	48.0	1.6	3.4
Cumberland.....	35.4	37.0	35.6	36.8	1.2	3.4
Hagerstown-Martinsburg.....	97.6	99.2	97.7	99.1	1.4	1.4
Massachusetts.....	3,282.1	3,553.5	3,330.3	3,540.3	210.0	6.3
Barnstable Town.....	103.0	116.1	104.3	113.8	9.5	9.1
Boston-Cambridge-Nashua.....	2,493.7	2,682.1	2,529.3	2,679.2	149.9	5.9
Leominster-Gardner.....	46.6	49.4	47.7	49.5	1.8	3.8
New Bedford.....	59.0	63.8	60.8	63.3	2.5	4.1
Pittsfield.....	36.0	38.3	36.7	38.8	2.1	5.7
Springfield.....	295.2	315.2	299.7	314.9	15.2	5.1
Worcester.....	257.6	274.2	261.5	274.7	13.2	5.0
Michigan.....	3,968.0	4,169.7	4,043.8	4,185.4	141.6	3.5
Ann Arbor.....	200.9	210.5	204.9	210.4	5.5	2.7
Battle Creek.....	51.6	53.3	51.9	53.5	1.6	3.1
Bay City.....	32.7	33.4	33.2	33.2	0.0	0.0
Detroit-Warren-Dearborn.....	1,808.9	1,911.3	1,845.3	1,931.6	86.3	4.7
Flint.....	124.5	130.3	127.6	126.4	-1.2	-0.9
Grand Rapids-Wyoming.....	510.1	539.9	520.3	542.7	22.4	4.3
Jackson.....	52.1	54.4	53.3	54.5	1.2	2.3
Kalamazoo-Portage.....	134.8	140.3	136.8	139.9	3.1	2.3
Lansing-East Lansing.....	205.8	217.7	210.6	215.9	5.3	2.5
Midland.....	34.7	36.2	35.1	36.4	1.3	3.7
Monroe.....	37.1	37.5	37.0	37.4	0.4	1.1
Muskegon.....	57.8	58.9	58.8	58.6	-0.2	-0.3
Niles-Benton Harbor.....	57.7	59.7	58.2	59.5	1.3	2.2
Saginaw.....	77.8	81.0	79.0	80.9	1.9	2.4
Minnesota.....	2,736.8	2,880.1	2,770.2	2,880.4	110.2	4.0
Duluth.....	122.3	131.1	124.6	130.6	6.0	4.8
Mankato-North Mankato.....	51.5	54.9	52.7	55.2	2.5	4.7
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington.....	1,857.3	1,946.1	1,877.4	1,949.6	72.2	3.8
Rochester.....	117.5	124.0	119.6	124.3	4.7	3.9
St. Cloud.....	101.2	105.7	102.9	105.4	2.5	2.4
Mississippi.....	1,083.4	1,128.3	1,103.6	1,132.0	28.4	2.6
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula.....	148.8	155.4	151.2	156.5	5.3	3.5
Hattiesburg.....	61.1	63.8	62.6	63.4	0.8	1.3
Jackson.....	260.4	268.7	263.8	267.8	4.0	1.5
Missouri.....	2,728.8	2,824.4	2,752.7	2,838.6	85.9	3.1
Cape Girardeau.....	41.5	42.5	43.1	44.0	0.9	2.1
Columbia.....	93.4	96.9	94.2	97.3	3.1	3.3
Jefferson City.....	75.6	77.9	76.2	78.1	1.9	2.5
Joplin.....	74.9	78.8	75.8	79.1	3.3	4.4
Kansas City.....	1,035.7	1,089.4	1,047.5	1,094.2	46.7	4.5
St. Joseph.....	59.4	60.4	60.1	60.4	0.3	0.5
St. Louis <sup>2</sup> .....	1,299.8	1,345.0	1,319.2	1,352.8	33.6	2.5
Springfield.....	208.2	218.0	209.3	215.4	6.1	2.9
Montana.....	471.1	492.5	474.9	490.7	15.8	3.3
Billings.....	83.9	85.5	84.3	85.6	1.3	1.5

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA  
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted — Continued**  
[In thousands]

State and area	July		August		Change from August 2020 to August 2021 <sup>P</sup>	
	2020	2021	2020	2021 <sup>P</sup>	Number	Percent
Montana - Continued						
Great Falls.....	33.2	34.5	33.9	34.2	0.3	0.9
Missoula.....	58.9	61.9	59.7	61.9	2.2	3.7
Nebraska.....	976.5	1,014.3	985.5	1,019.1	33.6	3.4
Grand Island.....	39.9	41.3	40.3	41.1	0.8	2.0
Lincoln.....	180.7	188.9	183.7	190.7	7.0	3.8
Omaha-Council Bluffs.....	479.0	494.3	483.2	494.5	11.3	2.3
Nevada.....	1,224.9	1,334.6	1,241.9	1,350.3	108.4	8.7
Carson City.....	29.4	30.7	29.4	31.0	1.6	5.4
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise.....	870.4	955.5	879.9	965.3	85.4	9.7
Reno.....	229.4	245.0	233.0	247.3	14.3	6.1
New Hampshire.....	624.7	665.6	636.0	665.9	29.9	4.7
Dover-Durham.....	48.6	50.9	49.3	51.1	1.8	3.7
Manchester.....	103.6	108.8	105.4	109.1	3.7	3.5
Portsmouth.....	89.3	95.0	91.5	94.6	3.1	3.4
New Jersey.....	3,713.0	3,998.0	3,768.2	3,998.8	230.6	6.1
Atlantic City-Hammonton.....	108.0	123.6	111.9	123.4	11.5	10.3
Ocean City.....	48.9	60.0	48.5	58.2	9.7	20.0
Trenton.....	260.0	273.7	261.0	273.2	12.2	4.7
Vineland-Bridgeton.....	53.2	56.6	54.0	56.6	2.6	4.8
New Mexico.....	770.5	802.2	780.2	813.0	32.8	4.2
Albuquerque.....	364.3	381.2	369.8	387.3	17.5	4.7
Farmington.....	41.7	42.4	41.7	42.8	1.1	2.6
Las Cruces.....	66.7	69.5	69.0	71.0	2.0	2.9
Santa Fe.....	55.1	56.5	55.8	57.3	1.5	2.7
New York.....	8,368.6	8,963.3	8,530.6	8,958.6	428.0	5.0
Albany-Schenectady-Troy.....	423.0	441.6	429.5	443.5	14.0	3.3
Binghamton.....	89.8	93.9	90.8	94.0	3.2	3.5
Buffalo-Cheektowaga-Niagara Falls.....	488.6	533.4	498.2	533.9	35.7	7.2
Elmira.....	32.8	34.4	33.5	34.3	0.8	2.4
Glens Falls.....	50.3	54.5	51.7	54.5	2.8	5.4
Ithaca.....	54.8	57.2	55.7	56.9	1.2	2.2
Kingston.....	53.7	57.5	54.7	57.4	2.7	4.9
New York-Newark-Jersey City.....	8,566.1	9,164.3	8,699.5	9,163.1	463.6	5.3
Rochester.....	468.2	508.2	475.3	508.4	33.1	7.0
Syracuse.....	285.3	297.6	289.9	296.7	6.8	2.3
Utica-Rome.....	114.0	120.6	115.7	120.2	4.5	3.9
Watertown-Fort Drum.....	37.6	40.4	38.0	40.3	2.3	6.1
North Carolina.....	4,239.9	4,478.7	4,344.2	4,505.3	161.1	3.7
Asheville.....	175.5	185.0	181.1	187.4	6.3	3.5
Burlington.....	59.1	62.5	60.7	63.3	2.6	4.3
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia.....	1,156.3	1,217.0	1,179.0	1,216.6	37.6	3.2
Durham-Chapel Hill.....	300.5	321.5	311.3	326.7	15.4	4.9
Fayetteville.....	120.3	124.0	123.3	124.7	1.4	1.1
Goldsboro.....	38.4	38.7	39.2	39.6	0.4	1.0
Greensboro-High Point.....	326.4	337.6	337.7	343.6	5.9	1.7
Greenville.....	73.5	79.7	76.6	79.7	3.1	4.0
Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton.....	144.1	151.0	146.7	152.9	6.2	4.2
Jacksonville.....	46.0	46.7	48.8	49.4	0.6	1.2
New Bern.....	42.8	44.2	43.4	44.9	1.5	3.5
Raleigh.....	607.8	646.3	619.7	651.8	32.1	5.2
Rocky Mount.....	50.9	53.5	51.8	53.7	1.9	3.7
Wilmington.....	123.6	132.6	126.6	133.9	7.3	5.8
Winston-Salem.....	249.9	262.2	256.0	264.4	8.4	3.3
North Dakota.....	402.3	418.2	406.2	418.9	12.7	3.1
Bismarck.....	70.0	72.6	69.8	72.1	2.3	3.3
Fargo.....	134.7	142.2	136.6	142.8	6.2	4.5
Grand Forks.....	48.1	49.5	49.0	49.9	0.9	1.8

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA  
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted — Continued**  
[In thousands]

State and area	July		August		Change from August 2020 to August 2021 <sup>P</sup>	
	2020	2021	2020	2021 <sup>P</sup>	Number	Percent
Ohio.....	5,205.9	5,376.3	5,243.6	5,374.2	130.6	2.5
Akron.....	312.9	325.1	315.5	325.8	10.3	3.3
Canton-Massillon.....	160.9	165.9	162.4	166.0	3.6	2.2
Cincinnati.....	1,044.1	1,094.5	1,053.0	1,097.0	44.0	4.2
Cleveland-Elyria.....	992.0	1,019.0	997.5	1,014.1	16.6	1.7
Columbus.....	1,054.6	1,096.1	1,061.8	1,089.2	27.4	2.6
Dayton.....	366.4	373.3	369.4	372.7	3.3	0.9
Lima.....	48.9	52.0	50.0	52.0	2.0	4.0
Mansfield.....	48.5	49.5	48.4	49.7	1.3	2.7
Springfield.....	46.3	47.7	46.3	47.0	0.7	1.5
Toledo.....	281.6	290.4	286.7	291.7	5.0	1.7
Weirton-Steubenville <sup>1</sup> .....	37.6	38.8	37.9	38.6	0.7	1.8
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman.....	196.8	200.1	197.6	199.4	1.8	0.9
Oklahoma.....	1,587.3	1,622.0	1,597.7	1,629.6	31.9	2.0
Enid.....	24.1	24.0	24.3	24.2	-0.1	-0.4
Lawton.....	42.3	43.7	42.3	43.7	1.4	3.3
Oklahoma City.....	612.8	635.9	617.9	636.9	19.0	3.1
Tulsa.....	428.2	437.3	430.9	440.2	9.3	2.2
Oregon.....	1,787.5	1,870.4	1,805.5	1,879.5	74.0	4.1
Albany.....	42.8	45.3	43.5	46.1	2.6	6.0
Bend-Redmond.....	83.6	86.0	83.8	85.5	1.7	2.0
Corvallis.....	37.2	38.5	37.0	38.8	1.8	4.9
Eugene.....	147.3	152.4	148.0	152.5	4.5	3.0
Grants Pass.....	26.1	27.0	26.6	27.0	0.4	1.5
Medford.....	84.1	89.3	85.2	89.9	4.7	5.5
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro.....	1,115.9	1,177.0	1,126.9	1,183.8	56.9	5.0
Salem.....	162.0	170.5	163.6	170.7	7.1	4.3
Pennsylvania.....	5,484.5	5,730.8	5,530.1	5,730.7	200.6	3.6
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton.....	344.3	361.3	346.0	361.9	15.9	4.6
Altoona.....	57.4	58.2	57.6	58.0	0.4	0.7
Bloomsburg-Berwick.....	40.1	42.1	40.5	42.8	2.3	5.7
Chambersburg-Waynesboro.....	57.4	58.9	57.7	59.3	1.6	2.8
East Stroudsburg.....	53.6	55.2	54.3	55.6	1.3	2.4
Erie.....	115.5	119.1	116.9	119.4	2.5	2.1
Gettysburg.....	31.8	33.9	32.0	34.2	2.2	6.9
Harrisburg-Carlisle.....	326.7	340.8	329.6	339.8	10.2	3.1
Johnstown.....	48.2	47.3	48.4	46.8	-1.6	-3.3
Lancaster.....	238.5	249.0	241.1	248.9	7.8	3.2
Lebanon.....	49.4	50.6	49.8	50.8	1.0	2.0
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington.....	2,685.1	2,828.2	2,709.2	2,828.9	119.7	4.4
Pittsburgh.....	1,073.2	1,126.7	1,082.6	1,123.6	41.0	3.8
Reading.....	162.5	165.1	163.5	164.0	0.5	0.3
Scranton--Wilkes-Barre--Hazleton.....	238.5	246.5	240.4	246.6	6.2	2.6
State College.....	69.3	69.9	71.1	69.7	-1.4	-2.0
Williamsport.....	48.5	50.3	48.7	50.3	1.6	3.3
York-Hanover.....	173.3	180.8	174.2	180.8	6.6	3.8
Rhode Island.....	449.1	485.0	457.9	484.6	26.7	5.8
Providence-Warwick.....	531.8	576.6	542.2	576.2	34.0	6.3
South Carolina.....	2,037.7	2,137.7	2,071.0	2,138.3	67.3	3.2
Charleston-North Charleston.....	347.1	366.9	351.3	366.4	15.1	4.3
Columbia.....	380.5	388.7	383.4	389.6	6.2	1.6
Florence.....	85.3	88.8	87.7	89.5	1.8	2.1
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin.....	400.5	418.1	408.8	421.2	12.4	3.0
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort.....	79.7	86.4	80.4	84.9	4.5	5.6
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach.....	166.9	175.0	166.8	173.0	6.2	3.7
Spartanburg.....	153.2	163.1	158.0	164.1	6.1	3.9
Sumter.....	36.1	38.4	36.7	38.0	1.3	3.5
South Dakota.....	422.7	444.2	429.8	443.2	13.4	3.1
Rapid City.....	68.4	70.6	70.0	70.9	0.9	1.3
Sioux Falls.....	155.7	163.6	156.5	163.0	6.5	4.2

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA  
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted — Continued**  
[In thousands]

State and area	July		August		Change from August 2020 to August 2021 <sup>P</sup>	
	2020	2021	2020	2021 <sup>P</sup>	Number	Percent
Tennessee.....	2,918.1	3,069.6	2,967.5	3,086.9	119.4	4.0
Chattanooga.....	251.4	262.4	254.0	264.3	10.3	4.1
Clarksville.....	87.6	91.6	90.3	93.0	2.7	3.0
Cleveland.....	48.3	48.0	47.8	48.7	0.9	1.9
Jackson.....	65.6	68.6	66.9	69.4	2.5	3.7
Johnson City.....	76.0	78.4	77.6	78.8	1.2	1.5
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol.....	113.2	116.8	114.6	117.7	3.1	2.7
Knoxville.....	386.0	406.8	391.5	406.0	14.5	3.7
Memphis.....	603.4	645.5	615.3	648.7	33.4	5.4
Morristown.....	45.1	46.9	45.5	46.5	1.0	2.2
Nashville-Davidson--Murfreesboro--Franklin.....	969.1	1,033.2	990.3	1,041.3	51.0	5.1
Texas.....	11,947.4	12,678.0	12,042.7	12,722.8	680.1	5.6
Abilene.....	68.9	72.1	69.3	71.9	2.6	3.8
Amarillo.....	116.8	121.1	117.8	121.7	3.9	3.3
Austin-Round Rock.....	1,061.0	1,141.1	1,070.4	1,142.5	72.1	6.7
Beaumont-Port Arthur.....	149.0	156.8	150.2	157.6	7.4	4.9
Brownsville-Harlingen.....	136.8	141.8	139.2	141.5	2.3	1.7
College Station-Bryan.....	111.0	115.0	113.0	114.8	1.8	1.6
Corpus Christi.....	176.8	184.0	177.9	184.1	6.2	3.5
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington.....	3,582.6	3,791.9	3,618.4	3,814.9	196.5	5.4
El Paso.....	306.0	315.6	309.4	317.2	7.8	2.5
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land.....	2,903.8	3,047.5	2,912.9	3,052.3	139.4	4.8
Killeen-Temple.....	140.1	144.5	140.7	144.6	3.9	2.8
Laredo.....	98.4	101.8	98.7	102.3	3.6	3.6
Longview.....	90.2	93.8	90.9	94.7	3.8	4.2
Lubbock.....	142.9	147.8	144.6	148.3	3.7	2.6
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission.....	254.3	266.9	255.9	269.9	14.0	5.5
Midland.....	90.3	97.7	91.4	97.9	6.5	7.1
Odessa.....	66.5	67.7	67.0	67.9	0.9	1.3
San Angelo.....	46.7	47.8	46.9	47.6	0.7	1.5
San Antonio-New Braunfels.....	1,004.4	1,069.3	1,017.3	1,067.1	49.8	4.9
Sherman-Denison.....	47.6	49.6	47.8	49.3	1.5	3.1
Texarkana.....	56.6	57.6	57.1	57.5	0.4	0.7
Tyler.....	102.9	110.6	103.8	110.9	7.1	6.8
Victoria.....	36.7	37.7	37.1	37.7	0.6	1.6
Waco.....	118.9	125.7	121.3	126.0	4.7	3.9
Wichita Falls.....	56.0	58.0	56.1	58.2	2.1	3.7
Utah.....	1,506.2	1,605.6	1,529.2	1,614.8	85.6	5.6
Logan.....	61.5	66.2	62.6	66.5	3.9	6.2
Ogden-Clearfield.....	265.4	281.7	268.1	281.2	13.1	4.9
Provo-Orem.....	264.4	282.9	270.3	287.3	17.0	6.3
St. George.....	68.7	75.8	72.0	77.2	5.2	7.2
Salt Lake City.....	723.7	771.4	731.6	774.4	42.8	5.9
Vermont.....	272.7	298.6	279.1	296.1	17.0	6.1
Burlington-South Burlington.....	110.7	119.4	113.1	118.3	5.2	4.6
Virginia.....	3,765.2	3,914.0	3,823.3	3,911.7	88.4	2.3
Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford.....	70.6	73.8	73.3	76.0	2.7	3.7
Charlottesville.....	107.9	112.1	109.2	111.9	2.7	2.5
Harrisonburg.....	63.1	66.2	63.9	66.5	2.6	4.1
Lynchburg.....	98.0	101.0	99.7	99.7	0.0	0.0
Richmond.....	641.0	655.0	647.2	653.3	6.1	0.9
Roanoke.....	151.8	156.9	154.0	158.1	4.1	2.7
Staunton-Waynesboro.....	48.8	51.5	49.1	51.3	2.2	4.5
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News.....	743.0	770.9	750.5	764.7	14.2	1.9
Winchester.....	64.5	67.3	64.6	67.7	3.1	4.8
Washington.....	3,227.4	3,433.8	3,249.7	3,435.2	185.5	5.7
Bellingham.....	85.5	91.3	85.9	90.4	4.5	5.2
Bremerton-Silverdale.....	90.0	90.8	90.6	90.2	-0.4	-0.4
Kennewick-Richland.....	111.2	119.8	113.1	119.1	6.0	5.3
Longview.....	39.3	40.8	40.3	40.9	0.6	1.5

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA  
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted — Continued**  
[In thousands]

State and area	July		August		Change from August 2020 to August 2021 <sup>P</sup>	
	2020	2021	2020	2021 <sup>P</sup>	Number	Percent
Washington - Continued						
Mount Vernon-Anacortes.....	48.1	51.0	48.7	50.8	2.1	4.3
Olympia-Tumwater.....	113.2	120.1	114.3	120.2	5.9	5.2
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue.....	1,936.1	2,048.0	1,945.3	2,051.9	106.6	5.5
Spokane-Spokane Valley.....	238.7	260.8	239.6	256.6	17.0	7.1
Walla Walla.....	27.0	29.0	27.2	29.0	1.8	6.6
Wenatchee.....	44.0	46.3	44.1	45.8	1.7	3.9
Yakima.....	81.2	86.5	82.1	86.5	4.4	5.4
West Virginia.....	658.3	687.4	665.9	688.4	22.5	3.4
Beckley.....	41.3	43.0	41.8	42.8	1.0	2.4
Charleston.....	99.4	102.1	100.4	102.6	2.2	2.2
Huntington-Ashland.....	125.2	128.2	127.1	129.3	2.2	1.7
Morgantown.....	64.1	66.9	65.9	67.2	1.3	2.0
Parkersburg-Vienna.....	35.1	34.9	35.3	35.1	-0.2	-0.6
Wheeling.....	57.8	59.5	58.0	58.9	0.9	1.6
Wisconsin.....	2,800.7	2,915.3	2,830.6	2,898.2	67.6	2.4
Appleton.....	121.2	124.7	122.7	124.0	1.3	1.1
Eau Claire.....	81.7	86.1	83.4	86.8	3.4	4.1
Fond du Lac.....	46.2	48.3	46.3	47.9	1.6	3.5
Green Bay.....	170.2	176.1	172.1	176.5	4.4	2.6
Janesville-Beloit.....	66.3	69.1	66.9	68.6	1.7	2.5
La Crosse-Onalaska.....	72.1	75.2	72.6	75.0	2.4	3.3
Madison.....	385.6	398.5	387.9	398.4	10.5	2.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis.....	808.7	840.2	819.1	840.8	21.7	2.6
Oshkosh-Neenah.....	92.1	96.7	93.3	96.0	2.7	2.9
Racine.....	73.9	75.7	74.3	75.4	1.1	1.5
Sheboygan.....	60.3	63.2	60.8	63.0	2.2	3.6
Wausau.....	69.3	71.9	69.9	71.7	1.8	2.6
Wyoming.....	271.9	281.4	274.9	280.4	5.5	2.0
Casper.....	36.3	37.6	36.6	37.6	1.0	2.7
Cheyenne.....	46.4	47.3	46.7	47.3	0.6	1.3
Puerto Rico.....	808.2	850.0	818.9	854.1	35.2	4.3
Aguadilla-Isabela.....	48.1	50.8	49.0	51.5	2.5	5.1
Arecibo.....	32.4	34.5	33.0	34.7	1.7	5.2
Guayama.....	13.4	14.3	14.0	14.2	0.2	1.4
Mayaguez.....	29.6	30.1	29.9	30.5	0.6	2.0
Ponce.....	62.2	65.9	62.7	66.1	3.4	5.4
San German.....	18.1	20.5	18.7	20.5	1.8	9.6
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas.....	585.9	612.2	592.7	614.9	22.2	3.7
Virgin Islands.....	36.0	35.1	35.0	34.9	-0.1	-0.3

<sup>1</sup> For operational reasons, these interstate areas are listed under the state that accounts for the larger share of the population, which is different from the state that contains the first principal city.

<sup>2</sup> Area boundary does not reflect official OMB delineation.

p Preliminary

NOTE: Data are counts of jobs by place of work. Estimates subsequent to the current benchmark are preliminary and will be revised when new information becomes available. Area delineations are based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 18-03, dated April 10, 2018, and are available on the BLS website at <https://www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm>. Areas in the six New England states are Metropolitan New England City and Town Areas (NECTAs), while areas in other states are county-based. Some metropolitan areas lie in two or more states. They are listed under the state containing the first principal city, unless otherwise footnoted. Estimates for the latest month are subject to revision the following month.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA  
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**

**Table 4. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state, selected metropolitan area, and metropolitan division, not seasonally adjusted<sup>1</sup>**  
[In thousands]

State, area, and division	July		August		Change from August 2020 to August 2021 <sup>P</sup>	
	2020	2021	2020	2021 <sup>P</sup>	Number	Percent
California.....	15,567.9	16,432.4	15,691.7	16,580.9	889.2	5.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim.....	5,417.1	5,776.2	5,444.2	5,838.9	394.7	7.2
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine.....	1,461.4	1,583.7	1,471.5	1,590.9	119.4	8.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale.....	3,955.7	4,192.5	3,972.7	4,248.0	275.3	6.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward.....	2,190.3	2,296.4	2,201.9	2,309.2	107.3	4.9
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley.....	1,054.4	1,092.2	1,062.5	1,099.5	37.0	3.5
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco.....	1,034.5	1,094.8	1,037.1	1,100.0	62.9	6.1
San Rafael.....	101.4	109.4	102.3	109.7	7.4	7.2
District of Columbia.....	735.4	762.4	729.7	748.2	18.5	2.5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria <sup>2</sup> .....	3,077.8	3,214.5	3,103.2	3,204.9	101.7	3.3
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville <sup>3</sup> .....	550.4	576.7	553.1	578.6	25.5	4.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria <sup>2</sup> .....	2,527.4	2,637.8	2,550.1	2,626.3	76.2	3.0
Florida.....	8,252.1	8,657.0	8,347.5	8,753.2	405.7	4.9
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach.....	2,455.6	2,580.6	2,471.8	2,605.7	133.9	5.4
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach.....	783.4	817.8	793.3	823.1	29.8	3.8
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall.....	1,088.3	1,145.9	1,090.7	1,158.7	68.0	6.2
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach.....	583.9	616.9	587.8	623.9	36.1	6.1
Illinois.....	5,578.1	5,822.8	5,652.4	5,817.3	164.9	2.9
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin <sup>2</sup> .....	4,325.6	4,504.4	4,376.1	4,494.5	118.4	2.7
Chicago-Naperville-Arlington Heights.....	3,448.4	3,595.6	3,485.3	3,587.5	102.2	2.9
Elgin.....	233.1	241.4	236.9	240.5	3.6	1.5
Gary.....	250.0	257.2	256.6	257.9	1.3	0.5
Lake County-Kenosha County <sup>2</sup> .....	394.1	410.2	397.3	408.6	11.3	2.8
Massachusetts.....	3,282.1	3,553.5	3,330.3	3,540.3	210.0	6.3
Boston-Cambridge-Nashua <sup>2</sup> .....	2,493.7	2,682.1	2,529.3	2,679.2	149.9	5.9
Boston-Cambridge-Newton.....	1,687.6	1,820.3	1,709.6	1,816.5	106.9	6.3
Brockton-Bridgewater-Easton.....	71.5	77.1	73.3	77.6	4.3	5.9
Framingham.....	155.9	166.8	158.1	166.8	8.7	5.5
Haverhill-Newburyport-Amesbury Town <sup>2</sup> .....	62.3	67.0	63.6	66.8	3.2	5.0
Lawrence-Methuen Town-Salem <sup>2</sup> .....	73.9	79.0	75.1	79.2	4.1	5.5
Lowell-Billerica-Chelmsford <sup>2</sup> .....	144.8	154.1	146.7	154.9	8.2	5.6
Lynn-Saugus-Marblehead.....	38.9	42.8	39.7	42.3	2.6	6.5
Nashua <sup>2</sup> .....	120.8	127.6	122.8	128.3	5.5	4.5
Peabody-Salem-Beverly.....	81.9	86.9	83.7	86.6	2.9	3.5
Taunton-Middleborough-Norton.....	56.1	60.5	56.7	60.2	3.5	6.2
Michigan.....	3,968.0	4,169.7	4,043.8	4,185.4	141.6	3.5
Detroit-Warren-Dearborn.....	1,808.9	1,911.3	1,845.3	1,931.6	86.3	4.7
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia.....	681.3	721.9	694.5	733.1	38.6	5.6
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills.....	1,127.6	1,189.4	1,150.8	1,198.5	47.7	4.1
New York.....	8,368.6	8,963.3	8,530.6	8,958.6	428.0	5.0
New York-Newark-Jersey City <sup>2</sup> .....	8,566.1	9,164.3	8,699.5	9,163.1	463.6	5.3
Dutchess County-Putnam County.....	129.3	133.2	131.0	133.4	2.4	1.8
Nassau County-Suffolk County.....	1,178.4	1,240.7	1,198.8	1,234.8	36.0	3.0
Newark <sup>3</sup> .....	1,083.0	1,156.6	1,096.8	1,155.7	58.9	5.4
New York-Jersey City-White Plains <sup>2</sup> .....	6,175.4	6,633.8	6,272.9	6,639.2	366.3	5.8
Pennsylvania.....	5,484.5	5,730.8	5,530.1	5,730.7	200.6	3.6
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington <sup>2</sup> .....	2,685.1	2,828.2	2,709.2	2,828.9	119.7	4.4
Camden <sup>3</sup> .....	490.0	526.1	496.9	528.5	31.6	6.4
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County.....	995.7	1,049.2	1,002.7	1,047.7	45.0	4.5
Philadelphia.....	861.3	895.2	868.6	895.8	27.2	3.1
Wilmington <sup>3</sup> .....	338.1	357.7	341.0	356.9	15.9	4.7
Texas.....	11,947.4	12,678.0	12,042.7	12,722.8	680.1	5.6
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington.....	3,582.6	3,791.9	3,618.4	3,814.9	196.5	5.4
Dallas-Plano-Irving.....	2,552.7	2,723.1	2,583.9	2,736.4	152.5	5.9
Fort Worth-Arlington.....	1,029.9	1,068.8	1,034.5	1,078.5	44.0	4.3
Washington.....	3,227.4	3,433.8	3,249.7	3,435.2	185.5	5.7
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue.....	1,936.1	2,048.0	1,945.3	2,051.9	106.6	5.5
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett.....	1,628.9	1,729.6	1,637.6	1,733.0	95.4	5.8
Tacoma-Lakewood.....	307.2	318.4	307.7	318.9	11.2	3.6

<sup>1</sup> These 11 areas contain all of the 38 metropolitan divisions.

<sup>2</sup> Part of the area (or division) is in one or more adjacent states.

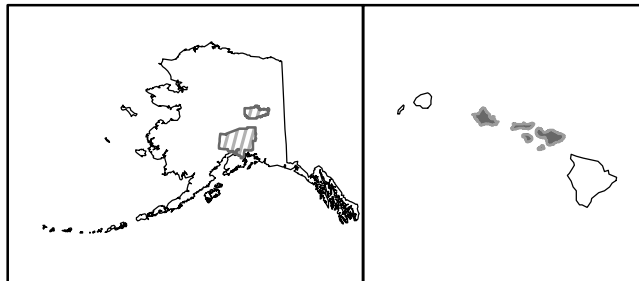
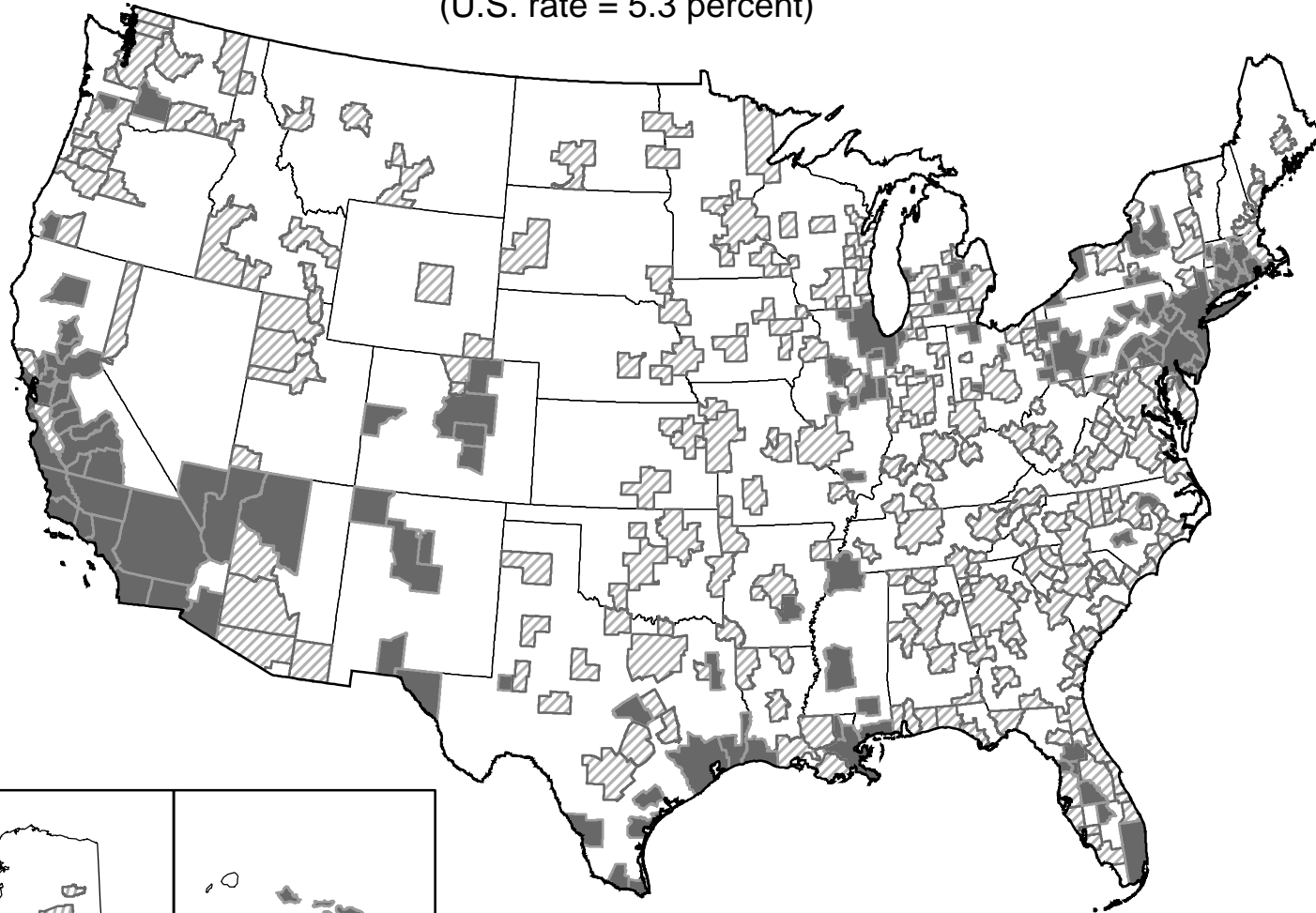
<sup>3</sup> All of the division is in one or more adjacent states.

<sup>p</sup> Preliminary

NOTE: Data are counts of jobs by place of work. Estimates subsequent to the current benchmark are preliminary and will be revised when new information becomes available. Area definitions are based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 18-03, dated April 10, 2018, and available at <https://www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm>. Areas in the six New England states are Metropolitan New England City and Town Areas (NECTAs), while areas in other states are county-based. Some metropolitan areas lie in two or more states. They are listed under the state containing the first principal city. Metropolitan divisions are listed under their metropolitan areas. Some divisions lie in more than one state, and some, like Camden, NJ, are totally outside the states under which their metropolitan areas are listed. For Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV, the metropolitan area and division titles are identical. Estimates for the latest month are subject to revision the following month.

# Map 1. Unemployment rates for metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted, August 2021

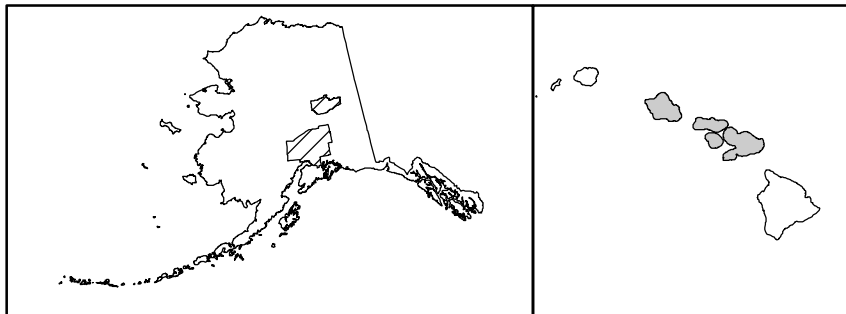
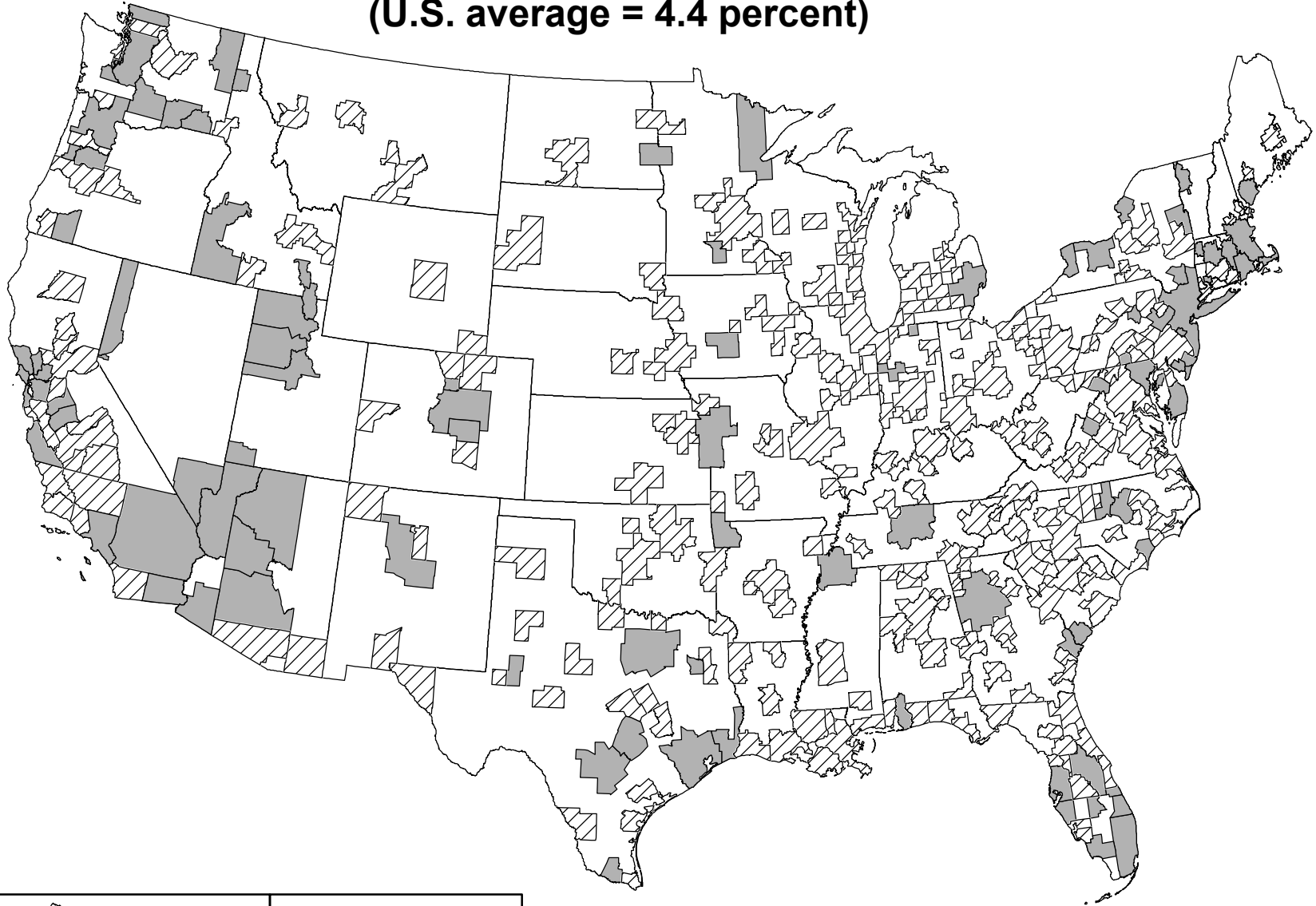
(U.S. rate = 5.3 percent)





NOTE: Map includes data for 389 metropolitan areas based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 18-03. Areas in the six New England states are Metropolitan New England City and Town areas (NECTAs), while areas in other states are county-based.

■ Above U.S. average  
▨ U.S. average or below

# Map 2. Over-the-year percentage change in employment, by metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted, August 2021 (U.S. average = 4.4 percent)



NOTE: Map includes data for 389 metropolitan areas based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 18-03. Areas in the six New England states are Metropolitan New England City and Town areas (NECTAs), while areas in other states are county based.

-  Above U.S. average
-  U.S. average or below